"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

Showers to-day; fair to-morrow; increasing south winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXII...NO. 20,155. NEW YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1913.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

10,000 DESTITUTE IN DAYTON; 2,000 HOMES ARE GONE

Stricken City Is Feeding 40,000 Persons a Day from Its Relief Depots.

FLOOD IS SWEEPING SOUTH

Kentucky Towns Along Ohio River Are Threatened with Obliteration.

RESIDENTS FLEE TO HILLS

Cairo, Ill., in Panic as Stream Rises to Level of Dikes Near City.

ILLINOIS LOWLANDS SWEPT

People Leaving in Trainloads as Flood Reaches Highest Stage in Years.

MORE LOOTERS ARE SHOT

Militia in Dayton Reported to Have Killed Ten More Men Caught Robbing.

From a Staff Correspondent of THE TIMES.

DAYTON, March 30.—For the first time since it was overwhelmed, five days ago, Dayton can be described as rising out of the flood to-day and making its first systematized efforts at rehabilitation.

The streets in the business section, where the flood wrought its greatest havoc, are fairly free of water, so that citizens passed through them dry shod and had their first view at close range of the devastation. The work of clearing away wreckage has been started under organized management. Sanitary measures are being adopted under expert direction. Water has been turned into the city mains, and both natural and artificial gas furnishes light and heat in thousands of homes which have been in darkness.

Food is on hand in ample quantities to feed all, but the variety is limited to staples, such as beans, potatoes, bread, and canned vegetables. Of fresh meat there is practically none, and butter and eggs are scarce. All the food supplies are those contributed by the outside world and distributed from the various relief depots on the requisition of householders. No stores are receiving any consignments of goods, and it will be several days before trade can be resumed.

Nothing to indicate the approach of epidemics has been reported, although the number of diphtheria cases is slightly above the normal. Typhoid fever and pneumonia are little more prevalent than usual at this time of year. Clear skies and warm sunshine contribute to the comfort of the city and make possible good progress in the work of redemption.

Death Total Placed at 200.

The belief that the death toll will fall far short of original estimates is strengthened by the fact that only 112 bodies have been received at the morgue, although all places in the city where it was expected the dead would be found in greatest numbers have been explored. Officials declare that when the roll call of the missing is concluded the total will not exceed 200.

John W. McKeny, Coroner of Montgomery County, in which Dayton is situated, said to-night that he had issued burial permits for only forty-seven bodies and had received reports from undertakers accounting for 125 to 150 bodies. Dr. McKeny's figures include the census at the Morgue.

Citizens who ventured into the streets to-day were impressed from the time they left their doors that Dayton is steadied and perhaps somewhat depressed by the absolute grip of martial law. Soldier government is rigidly maintained. Owners of business places cannot set foot on their property without the permission of the khaki-clad militiamen, standing at the curbs with loaded carbines. If a citizen finds himself some distance from his home when the curfew rings at 6 o'clock, his return is beset with much difficulty, because of the necessity of halting at the command of many sentries. A citizen fearless enough to venture from his threshold after 8 P. M. literally takes his life in his hands, because the fingers of the militia rest on hair triggers.

If apparently well-authenticated reports are to be believed, nine negroes and one white man were added yesterday to the seven suspected looters shot and killed since martial law was proclaimed three days ago. Absolute secrecy concerning the deaths is maintained by the military authorities. Citizens who heard repeated firing last night in the business centre of Dayton and near Ludlow Street, where many

Continued on Page 2.

ANOTHER SURGEON POISONED

Dr. F. H. Clark of Brooklyn the Third Recent Case in That Borough.

Dr. Frank H. Clark of 758 Putnam Avenue, chief of the surgical staff of the Bushwick Hospital, is the third Brooklyn surgeon infected with blood poisoning as the result of an operation within the last few months. Several operations have been performed on him to prevent the spread of the infection. The last was performed on Thursday at the Seney Hospital, and since then there has been a gradual improvement in his condition.

About the middle of February Dr. Clark performed an operation on a private patient, in the course of which his right arm between the wrist and elbow was cut with the instrument he was using. The wound was only a scratch, but, realizing the danger of infection, he took the usual precautions to prevent it. A few days later the arm became inflamed. He called in Dr. Arthur H. Bogart of 27 Seventh Avenue and Dr. Christopher W. Brown of 576 Halsey Street. Dr. Clark was operated upon, and his physicians succeeded in localizing the malady. Dr. Brown said yesterday that the patient was improving, and there was every indication of his recovery.

A similar wound caused the death of Dr. Algernon T. Bristow, one of the best-known surgeons in the State, on last Wednesday. Dr. A. Bion Bogart, the first of the three surgeons referred to, is convalescing in Chicago. He was critically ill for several weeks.

CIRCUS ELEPHANT DROWNS.

Frightened by Train, "Lizzie" Jumps Into the North River.

Following a week's engagement at the Fourteenth Street Theatre, John Robinson and the five elephants he uses in his act took the ferry to Hoboken just before midnight last night to take a train for Cortland, N. Y. The procession through New York's streets and across the river was uneventful, for each elephant had a trainer and they were used to such migration. It was not until the five were passing under the elevated road into the Lackawanna Station on the Jersey side that Lizzie, the largest of the troop, became suddenly intractable when a train roared by over her head.

She leaped so suddenly that her trainer was caught off his guard and knocked down. Then away she raced through several blocks of Hoboken streets, with Robinson in full pursuit and a quickly growing crowd of men and boys hooting along the sidewalks. This served only to madden her, and although Robinson three times had her almost under control she finally broke away from him and rushed down the Christopher Street slip in the ferry-house.

In the slip the ferryboat Drummond was tied up for the night, and the iron gates barred the way. They were like matchwood to the lunging Lizzie, and onto the boat she went, through it and over the bow to the waters of the river. She sank like a stone, and Robinson sat down on the deck and cried like a baby. He had had Lizzie nearly all the twenty-five years of her life.

SUMMER HOME FOR WILSON.

President Chooses Winston Churchill's Estate Near Windsor, Vt.

CORNISH, N. H., March 30.—President Woodrow Wilson has chosen the home of Winston Churchill, the novelist, to be his Summer capital, according to a telegram received here to-day from Mr. Churchill, who is now in Santa Barbara, Cal. The message was directed to E. F. Roberts, manager of the Churchill estate, and contained instructions for preparing the place for the President's occupancy.

Harlakenden House, as the Churchill property is known, is a two-story brick structure situated on a hill three miles beyond Windsor, Vt. It commands a view of the Connecticut River Valley and of the Green Mountains.

Between 600 and 700 acres of rolling farm land and fragrant pine groves give the estate the seclusion the President desires. Near-by is an artist colony, where Maxfield Parrish, Kenyon Cox, and others come for the Summer, and where the late Augustus Saint-Gaudens, the sculptor, spent many vacations.

On the estate are two seven-room cottages, where the Executive offices can be established, and where the President's attendants may live. A tennis court adjoins the mansion, and at the foot of the hill the Connecticut River offers opportunity for boating.

Windsor, Vt., is the "port of entry" to Cornish. The road to Harlakenden House lies over an old wooden toll bridge across the Connecticut.

Mr. Roberts said that two men were looking at the place a week ago to-day, but he did not know for whom they were acting until he received the telegram to-day from Mr. Churchill.

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Joseph P. Tumulty, Secretary to the President, declined to-night to affirm or deny the report from Cornish, N. H., that President Wilson had leased Winston Churchill's home there for a Summer residence. It is learned from other sources that the President has selected a Summer residence, and there is reason to believe that the statement from Cornish is correct.

Mrs. Wilson and her daughters have artistic inclinations, and the locality has probably been selected on account of the colony of painters, sculptors, and writers there.

PLAN REPUBLICAN BOYCOTT.

Unattached Progressives May Get No Assignments on House Committees

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Progressive Republican members of the House of Representatives—not those of the Bull Moose persuasion, who are to have a separate caucus and party organization of their own—will be left to shift for themselves in the matter of committee assignments and recognition, if many Republicans who will serve in the new Congress have their way. According to gossip among the latter, some Republicans who call themselves Progressives, but refuse alliance with the Bull Moosers, are planning to cast their votes for some member other than Representative James R. Mann of Illinois as minority candidate for Speaker.

Mr. Mann is the present leader of the Republican side and will be re-elected by the coming Republican caucus to continue in that capacity.

Mr. Mann is already at work on the Republican committee assignments. When it became known that a number of the so-called Progressive Republicans might not vote for Mr. Mann for their party candidate they decided to urge Mr. Mann not to recognize these recalcitrants, but to let them shift for themselves in the Republican committee reorganization.

This course will not affect the Bull Moose Progressives, who ask nothing of the Republican Party leader, but intend to have their own caucus and name Representative Victor Murdock for the Speakership, being then recognized as a separate party by the Democratic leaders and properly represented on the House committees.

BIT OF HIS OWN BOMB ENDED LIFE OF KLOTZ

L-Shaped Piece of Iron from Machine Meant to Kill Others Lodged in His Spine.

NURSES HEARD CONFESSION

That Much Is Admitted at Fordham Hospital, but They Are Not Permitted to Talk About It.

It was a jagged piece of iron pipe from one of his own bombs that caused the death of Henry J. Klotz, who confessed on Saturday afternoon that he had sent the bombs which imperiled the life of General Sessions Judge Rosalsky and killed Helen Taylor and Madeline Herrera.

The iron fragment, which was 3½ inches long, an inch wide and shaped like a capital letter L, was part of the instrument with which Klotz was experimenting on Good Friday when he blew himself up in his home at 1,332 Fulton Avenue, the Bronx. It was taken from Klotz's body at an autopsy performed by Coroner's Physician Riegelman in the morgue of Fordham Hospital yesterday.

It was found that the piece of iron had passed through Klotz's right lung after shattering the third rib, and had lodged against the spinal column. The immediate cause of death, Dr. Riegelman said, was blood poisoning. This in itself might not have proved fatal had it not been for the fact that the pressure of the iron against Klotz's spine steadily reduced his vitality and power of resistance.

The fragment of iron in Klotz's back was disclosed under an X-ray examination shortly after he was admitted to the hospital, but because of his condition the surgeons did not attempt to remove it. It was expected until Friday that Klotz would survive, but this hope was abandoned when blood poisoning set in.

One phase of the autopsy proved a surprise to Dr. Riegelman. It has been expected that an examination of Klotz's brain would reveal abnormality, but the brain proved to be in a healthy condition. It weighed fifty-four ounces, five ounces more than the average weight for men of Klotz's size and age. The body was surrendered to the family, who caused it to be removed to the private chapel of an undertaking establishment.

The assertion of Herman Klotz, father of the dead bombmaker, that his son was in a stupor at the time the police say they questioned him and that his confession therefore was not genuine, obtained no credence whatever in the Police Department. Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty pointed out that the police case was so complete against Klotz that they had no need whatever to seek a confession from him, and would have preferred, in fact, to go to trial with their evidence and obtain a straight-out conviction. Mr. Dougherty insisted that the police would not have thought of seeking a confession had Klotz not sent for them.

Commissioner Dougherty joined with Capt. Price of the Bronx Detective Bureau in a statement that they courted the fullest possible investigation of the conduct of the police at the bedside of Klotz. The only reason Herman Klotz was sent away, they insisted, was that his son requested it in order to spare the father the ordeal of hearing what Klotz felt he must tell the police before he died.

Capt. Price pointed out that time and again Klotz had halted in his confession to plead with the police officers present to spare his family as much as possible. Capt. Price insisted that in any fair investigation it would be shown on the testimony of hospital nurses that it was not the police, but Klotz himself, who requested that his father withdraw from the room.

"Had I been ruthless and pressed the matter," Capt. Price said, "I could have had a much more complete document, taking up the interesting and unsolved question of how it came about that Klotz turned to bombmaking, how he learned the art of mixing the ingredients, and when he first put together a machine for destroying human life. But considerations of humanity caused me to stop as soon as I saw Klotz had eased his mind of the things he felt he absolutely had to say. My questions were very simple, and merely intended to relieve the strain under which Klotz was suffering, between his desire to shield his family and his anxiety to ease his conscience."

At Fordham Hospital confirmation was obtained of the assertion of Capt. Price that Klotz himself sent for the police, and was not at all forced into his interview with them. It was admitted also that Miss Crowley and Miss Killough, the two nurses named as witnesses by Capt. Price, were in and about the room in which Klotz lay while his confession was being made. The hospital authorities would not permit either of the nurses to state exactly what portion of the confession she had heard, or whether she had heard all of it.

The case of John Paul Farrell, confined in the Tombs under a charge of homicide growing out of his confession that he sent the bomb which killed Mrs. Herrera, will be taken up by the District Attorney's office this morning. While the charge of homicide will be withdrawn, it is considered probable that Farrell will be held for examination as to his sanity.

DETECTIVE ARRESTED, TOO.

No Way Out, So He Gave the Signal to Take Him with Prisoners.

When two men, who afterward said they were Joseph Keller of 160 West Fortieth Street, and John Cummings of 125 West 122d Street, entered a garage in East Eighty-fourth Street yesterday morning and there offered to sell a magneto "for a song," they did not know that the somewhat soiled mechanic they were addressing was none other than James Hinan of Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty's staff, who had been disguised for ten days in a secret quest for automobile thieves. Hinan knew that on March 28, the Splitdorf Magneto Company's factory in Mott Avenue, the Bronx, had been robbed of six magnetos during the night, and so he said he would go with the men to look over the proferred article in a poolroom at Park Avenue and 116th Street.

First he said he would go inside to wash up a bit, and he used that time to telephone for help to the East 126th Street Station. Then the three went up town, and at the poolroom Hinan met one Bartholomew Murray of 325 East 163d Street. He saw that the magneto was a Splitdorf, and heard of two more for sale "uptown."

Hinan hoped to be able to gather those in, but he could not make his signals understood by the detectives assembled outside, so he gave them the tip to arrest him also. He then spent two hours in a cell at the police station with his three friends, but they had grown taciturn. The men were arraigned before Magistrate Murphy, who held them for further examination to-morrow on their plea of not guilty.

Liner's Baker a Suicide.

The Lamport & Holt liner Verdi, which arrived yesterday from South American ports, reported at Quarantine that Amibert Lafarge, the ship's baker, had jumped overboard and was lost at [illegible]

CIVIC SERVICE FOR CHILDREN.

Prof. Royal Meeker of Princeton would have it a compulsory part of their training and believes it would solve many educational problems as well as make for better citizenship. Read his interesting article in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

READS CATHOLICS OUT OF EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Dr. Cummins of Poughkeepsie Advises High Churchmen to Go Over to the Church of Rome.

THINKS THEY BELONG THERE

Predicts a Split Among Episcopalians and Invites It—Objects to Protestant "Fathers."

There was a great stir in Episcopalian circles in this city yesterday when many of the rectors received their copies of the parish paper of Christ Church, Poughkeepsie, containing an attack on the High Church element by the Rev. Dr. A. G. Cummins, rector, who predicts and invites a split in the Episcopal Church in this country and who flatly suggests that the "Catholics" among the Episcopalians betake themselves without more ado into the Church of Rome. The extent of the interest aroused by this article was due not only to its text but in no small part to the prominence of the rector in this diocese.

Dr. Cummins is not only rector of one of the most important parishes in the diocese, but he is a member of the standing committee, an authority co-ordinate with the authority of the bishopric, and his parish paper has a diocesan circulation.

The attack takes for its text the recent defection of a Benedictine community on Caldy Island from the Church of England to the Church of Rome. The Poughkeepsie rector says the Church of England is stronger without these Benedictines, and that the Protestant Episcopal Church in America would be stronger without the Order of the Holy Cross. He mentions the members of the Community of the Resurrection who preached in Lent in Trinity Church, Broadway and Wall Street, and attacks Bishop Greer's official newspaper, the Great Commission, for referring to them as "Father" so and so. He describes what he thinks to be the Episcopal Church, and also what he believes to be the Roman Catholic Church. He quotes the word "Catholic" to show that he means the High Church men in his own Church, and also, as he says, to indicate his dislike for them, not as men, but as zealots in the wrong communion. He then proposes a separation in the Episcopal Church. Here are his words:

"We have come to a critical moment. A party fight has been begun by the 'Catholics.' The era of toleration, of complacent satisfaction over the cessation of strife, has been brought to an end. Either this Church is to remain Protestant, or it is to be made 'Catholic,' the matter of a change of its name is only an entering wedge. Back of the wedge's point lie all manners of 'Catholic' doctrines and practices.

"There is and long has been less mutual sympathy between 'Catholic' and Protestant elements in the Episcopal Church than between either element and its corresponding outside church—Roman Catholic on the one hand and Presbyterian on the other. These two elements, the high and the low, we may forcibly hold together, but we cannot make them mingle. Why should they be held together at all?

"There is no place in the Protestant Episcopal Church for 'Catholics.' The present situation, now that the attack has been made, is of necessity transient. It is no longer tenable."

Dr. Cummins mentions the English "Fathers" of the Resurrection, and then formally asks "Catholics" in the Episcopal Church in America to get out.

"Follow the Caldy Islanders, dear fellow-Catholics," he advises. "We shall grieve at the loss of numbers, but rejoice in your gain. There is an acknowledged Catholic Church. That is surely where all true Catholics should be. Will you not, O 'Catholic' friends, do as Caldy has done? Resolve highly and firmly to accept with its fascinations the discipline of Rome, unpleasant though it be for those accustomed to the freedom of Protestantism. Take the bitter with the sweet. It needs only a little courage, a little consistency. Why expect to have the sweet without the bitter? Please let us Protestants alone, let us enjoy our errors in peace. We shall love you much better when you are on the other side of the gulf."

Although Dr. Cummins named very few, it was understood here that he had in mind the churches of St. Edward the Martyr in 109th Street, St. Paul in Clinton Street, Brooklyn; St. Ignatius in West End Avenue, and St. Mary the Virgin in West Forty-sixth Street. The latter is very High Church, and it was from its congregation, by the way, that Father Vaughan won one of his most distinguished converts last year in the person of Mrs. Henry W. Taft, sister-in-law of the ex-President.

The Order of the Holy Cross is a small one. It's membership includes the Rev. J. O. Huntington, son of the late Bishop Huntington of Syracuse, and the Rev. F. H. Sill, whose father was long the vicar of St. Chrysostom's Chapel.

RALPH BURNHAM ARRESTED.

Alleged American Accused in London of Passing a Bad Check.

LONDON, March 30.—Ralph Emerson Burnham, who says he is a member of a well-known American family and until recently had an income of $15,000 yearly, has been committed for trial at Bexhill. He is charged with obtaining money on a worthless check.

Cut fruits, jellies, water-ices made delicious with ANGOSTURA [illegible]

WILSON MAY WIELD CLUB ON SENATE FOES

Said to be Delaying Patronage to See Who Are His Friends on the Tariff.

CLOSE ALLIANCE WITH HOUSE

Aim to Make Its Bill an Administrative Measure and to Compel the Senate's Acceptance of It.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—It will be four weeks next Tuesday since Woodrow Wilson became President, and Washington has already made up its mind that he is doing very well. This means Washington generally and not merely Democratic Washington, for there are many Republicans who are frank to acknowledge that they are pleased over the manner in which the new President is proceeding. Of course, Mr. Wilson has not had the opportunity yet to indicate any great number of important policies, and ultimate judgment, while favorably inclined, is held in abeyance by a large proportion of men of all political faiths who are intimately connected with public affairs and who, through previous association, have a deep interest in them. But on the whole the President's attitude as indicated thus far meets with general approval here.

There is a division of sentiment over the soundness of the President's policy with respect to the withdrawal of the United States from the six-power Chinese loan group. However, only a comparatively small number of persons in Washington have interest in or knowledge of this subject, and opinion may be said to be suspended pending the outcome of the new ideas enunciated by the President in this direction. The feeling of approval concerning the first four weeks of Mr. Wilson's Administration comes mainly from observation of the course he has pursued in making appointments to Federal positions.

The President's Cabinet selections, with one or two exceptions, were approved very generally in Washington political circles, but beyond that the care that is being exercised in choosing subordinate officers of the Government has brought expressions of hearty approval. The very first nomination sent to the Senate by the President after the Cabinet nominations was that of Edgar E. Clark for another term as Inter-State Commerce Commissioner, and accompanying it was the nomination of John H. Marble to succeed Franklin K. Lane as a member of the commission. Mr. Clark's nomination, previously sent to the Senate by President Taft, was not confirmed through Democratic opposition, while Mr. Marble's nomination was a promotion and a distinct recognition of the merit system, Mr. Marble having been Secretary of the commission.

Following these came the selections of Charles P. Neill for another term as Commissioner of Labor Statistics, Mr. Neill's renomination by President Taft having also been obstructed through Democratic effort; John Bassett Moore to be counselor of the State Department; Messrs. Roper, Dockery, and Blakeslee to be Assistant Postmasters General; John Skelton Williams to be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury; Franklin D. Roosevelt to be Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and the decision of Attorney General McReynolds to retain the services of the four men who had been the principal assistants of his Republican predecessor in his trust prosecutions.

Efficiency, Not Party, His Aim.

These indications of an intention to place merit and ability above mere partisanship and the further understanding that President Taft's order placing fourth class Postmasters under the protectinon of the classified service regulations would not be revoked, created the impression here that the new President was anxious to build up an efficient administration and not make wholesale removals in order to confer political rewards.

Naturally, there is dissatisfaction among the great army of officeseekers that advanced to the front with the incoming of the new administration, but these may be left out of consideration. There has been some complaint among Democratic Senators and Representatives that the President is too slow in making his selections of party men for public offices, but few of them have shown a disposition to get ugly over it.

With this satisfactory state of affairs in the capital, a rumor circulated in both Democratic and Republican circles that the President's slowness in making appointments was due to an intention to let time disclose who his friends in Congress are, has served to cause some uneasiness. The rumor applies particularly to Democratic Senators. It is to the effect that the President will withhold most of the patronage at his disposition until the tariff bill gets into the Senate and the Democrats in that body have been forced to reveal whether they are friendly or antagonistic to its features.

This rumor is based on something the President is reported to have said to one or more Democratic Senators. According to the gossip going the rounds he made known that the tariff bill as passed by the House would be the Administration's bill, and Democratic Senators who opposed its provisions would thereby announce themselves to be enemies of the President, and not entitled to his consideration. Some Republican Senators assert that they are satisfied the President did say something to this effect. As nearly as can be ascertained the policy of the President with respect to the treatment of Democrats who oppose the tariff principles he desires enacted conforms to the gossip mentioned.

For Curbing Senate Usurpation.

There has been great dissatisfaction in the past on the part of Republicans as well as Democratic leaders in the House over the manner in which the Senate has rewritten tariff schedules. The complaint has been that in spite of the constitutional provision that revenue measures must originate in the House; tariff bills have been Senate instead of House measures when they appeared as laws on the statute books. How to overcome this usual trend in tariff making is a problem that has received much consideration by the House leaders.

In the desire to curtail the power of the Senate as a tariff revision body the House leaders have been working to make President Wilson so well satisfied with the tariff measure prepared by the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee that he will give it his hearty approval and indorse it as an Administration bill.

The idea prevailing in Democratic circles is that with this harmony of views between the President and the Ways and Means Committee, the House would put through the schedules and administrative features with little if any change. The President would then be in a position to say to the Democratic Senators that the bill had been approved by the Administration and the people's branch of the National Legislature, and any radical changes in its provisions through the efforts of Democrats in the Senate would be a betrayal of party pledges. This, it is believed, is the club which the President would swing over the heads of a recalcitrant Senate. Whether he would add to the force of the argument by withholding patronage from those Senators who declined to follow the wishes of the Administration and the House is something that probably will not be developed until after the tariff discussion is under way in the upper chamber.

NIGHT DROUGHT IN HARLEM.

Liquor Sellers in Early Morning Sunday Hours Obey Police.

It was perfectly possible to buy a drink in Harlem yesterday, but this privilege was not extended until after 6 o'clock in the morning, for during the preceding six hours every saloon was shut in accordance with the latest ukase from City Hall.

The restaurants closed promptly at midnight, following orders carried to each place by the police.

OPERATION FOR BURLEIGH.

Maine Senator a Patient of Johns Hopkins Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30.—United States Senator Edwin Chick Burleigh of Maine is a patient at the Johns Hopkins Hospital, where it is said he will undergo an operation.

Senator Burleigh first came to Baltimore on March 1 on his way to Washington for the inauguration, accompanied by Dr. R. H. Stubbs of Augusta, Me. His condition at that time was considered such that it was feared he would not be able to go on to Washington and take his oath of office as Senator, but his physician treated him, and he went to the capital, was sworn in, and also witnessed the inauguration.

Senator Burleigh then returned to Baltimore and became a patient of the Johns Hopkins Hospital. Mrs. Burleigh is at the Hotel Emerson.

WEDDED ON A RAFT.

Seventeen Hundred Persons Witness Marriage in Palm Beach Surf.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, March 30.—Palm Beach witnessed a novelty in wedding ceremonies to-day, when Frederick Kirchner of Hamburg, a life guard at the bathing grounds, climbed aboard a raft in the surf with Miss Singe Lund of Stockholm, and was married to her by O. J. Bulenin, rector at the Scientist Church of West Palm Beach.

The rector wore conventional garb, but the bride and bridegroom were in bathing suits. The bride carried a bouquet of orange blossoms and had a crown of the same about her head. Seventeen hundred persons witnessed the ceremony. Of these 700 stood in water up to their necks.

The couple leave to-night for New York.

BLAZE AT STATE CAPITOL.

Flames Burn Much Rubbish in Store Room Under Approach.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—Fire companies were called to the Capitol to-night to subdue flames in one of the storerooms under the approach.

The fire was caused by an electric light wire and burned a lot of rubbish. The rewiring of the Capitol approach has been going on for three months, and the contractor is said to be a favorite of Tammany Hall.

This was one of the contracts which was criticised by the Sulzer Investigating Committee.

STREET CAR KILLS A WOMAN.

In Dodging One Car Mrs. James Ran in Front of Another.

Mrs. Margaret James of 259 East 176th Street, the Bronx, was crossing Webster Avenue at 178th Street early last evening, and as she hurried across the tracks to avoid a south-bound trolley car she stepped directly in front of one going north. She was struck down, and before the motorman could throw on the brakes was crushed beneath the wheels. She was dead before the arrival of an ambulance from Fordham Hospital.

Her body was identified by Austin James, her husband. She was 52 years old.

LOST HIS HAND AND NEW CENT

Boy Running to Spend the Coin When Car Struck Him.

With a new cent clutched in his hand, nine-year-old Morris Rintulascu ran whooping across Second Avenue from his home at 1,893 yesterday afternoon when he and the other boys of the neighborhood saw the man with the hokey-pokey cart come around the corner. They all cleared the car tracks safely except Morris, and he ran straight into a trolley car.

The fender struck him, and one of the heavy wheels crushed his hand. It was hanging by a thread when the policeman from the corner picked him up, and as they were lifting him into the ambulance that came from Reception Hospital something dropped from the mangled fingers. It was the new cent.

ENGINE DIVES INTO FLOOD.

Fireman Lost When Locomotive and Caboose Fall Into River.

EAST PUTNEY, Vt., March 30.—One man is believed to have been drowned to-day when an engine and caboose on the Central Vermont Railroad fell into the Connecticut River two miles north of here. Willis Perritt, a fireman, whose home is in Winchendon, Mass., has been missing since the accident. An embankment, weakened by the recent floods, gave way under the pressurre of the locomotive.

Perritt, A. E. Littlefield, the engineer, and Cornelius Driscoll, another fireman, were carried under the water, but Littlefield and Driscoll swam ashore. Four men in the caboose climbed out of windows and waded to safety.

CORNELL HAS CHAMPION HEN.

She Laid 660 Eggs, Weighing 86.19 Pounds, in Three Years.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, March 30.—Prof. James E. Rice of the poultry department at Cornell is proud of the remarkable egg-laying record of Cornell Supreme, the prize hen in the poultry department at the State College of Agriculture. She has laid 660 eggs in three years—the highest sustained yield, Prof. Price says, for three years, so far as he knows. The 660 weighed 86.19 pounds, or 25.82 times the weight of the hen.

Cornell Surprise, another crack layer, produced 562 eggs in three years. The remarkable thing about this hen is that she laid more eggs each successive year, laying 180 the first, 186 the next; and 196 the third. Both hens are in perfect condition now.

This proves, says Prof. Rice, that a hen can sustain a high productiveness for three years, and leads to the hope of the development of a longer-lived race of fowls than now exists, which would be a great boon to commercial poultry raising.

THE BEST OF ALL INDIVIDUAL CUPS. The Lily Drinking Cup is the best of all sanitary cups. It is made by the Public Service Cup Co., Bush Terminal, Brooklyn. Samples free.—Adv.

MORGAN'S DOCTORS ADMIT CONDITION IS 'MOST CRITICAL

Financier Losing Strength and Very Weak, Says Physicians' Bulletin.

HE REFUSES TO TAKE FOOD

Impossible to Nourish Him Since Wednesday, and His Nervous System Is Affected.

IS TROUBLED BY INSOMNIA

So Drugs Are Being Given Him—Lies Silent and Takes No Notice of Any One.

SATTERLEE FEARS THE WORST

But Thinks the Danger Not Immediate, Owing to Mr. Morgan's Good Constitution.

POPE IS DEEPLY GRIEVED

Financial World, Warned by Banker's Illness, Has Been Preparing for Possibility of His Death.

PHYSICIANS' BULLETIN ADMITS CRISIS.

ROME, March 30.—The physicians attending J. Pierpont Morgan issued the following bulletin this evening:

"A week ago Mr. Morgan was persuaded to go to bed and remain there, to conserve his strength. Until Wednesday afternoon he did very well under this regimen; he rested and slept without the aid of drugs and took a satisfactory amount of nourishment.

"Wednesday afternoon he began to refuse food, and since then it has been impossible to nourish him. He has lost weight and strength very rapidly. His nervous system is showing this, and it has added to the strain seriously.

"Mr. Morgan has not developed any organic trouble, but is so exceedingly weak that his present condition must be considered most critical. (Signed.)

"G. BASTIANELLI,
"M. ALLEN STARR,
"G. A. DIXON."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, March 30.—At last the barrier is down that has concealed the real condition of J. Pierpont Morgan, and the physicians attending the New York financier and his son-in-law, Herbert L. Satterlee, are telling the facts, which indicate that Mr. Morgan is critically ill.

Even up to Saturday night Mr. Satterlee had insisted that Mr. Morgan was in absolutely no danger, adding that he was enjoying his food. The physicians meanwhile were non-committal.

Now even Mr. Satterlee has admitted that unless some unexpectedly favorable turn comes in his father-in-law's case, a fatal issue is to be expected.

The present condition of Mr. Morgan is almost desperate, owing to his extreme prostration, which causes those about him to fear an occurrence of heart failure. Nourishment is being injected to maintain his strength, together with drugs, which are thought necessary because he has not had any natural sleep since Wednesday.

Mr. Morgan makes no complaint and does not suffer other than from extreme weakness. It is impossible to judge whether he realizes his condition or not. It is supposed that he does not, as he takes no notice of any one.

The doctors and nurses do not leave him alone for an instant, either day or night.

The gravity of Mr. Morgan's condition is just becoming publicly known here, and has caused a great stir. A feeling of great anxiety pervades the American colony and the ranks of Roman society, where he is equally popular.

The news of Mr. Morgan's dangerous state has caused the keenest regret at the Vatican, where he is held in the highest esteem.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Monday, March 31.—According to a Rome dispatch to The

Daily Mail, the condition of J. Pierpont Morgan took a turn for the worse at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

NOT IN IMMEDIATE DANGER.

But His Pulse Is Weakening and Insomnia Is Persistent.

ROME, March 30.—Mr. Morgan was resting relatively quietly late at night. It was said that he had slept a little.

At that time Herbert L. Satterlee, his son-in-law, gave it as his belief that owing to the robustness of Mr. Morgan's constitution he was not in immediate danger. He added that the whole trouble was due to strenuous efforts during the last few months, in which Mr. Morgan had expended much energy.

The first news of Mr. Morgan's serious condition came out in the official bulletin issued in the evening by the attending physicians, Prof. Bastianelli, Dr. George A. Dixon, and Dr. M. Allen Starr.

The latter, who is a New York nerve specialist, was summoned from Naples, where he had made an examination of Mr. Morgan on the latter's return from Cairo. Reaching here Saturday night, he visited Mr. Morgan immediately, and was startled at the change in Mr. Morgan's appearance even in the short time since he saw him. He visited him again in the morning, and for a third time in the evening, and was much concerned over the change that had taken place in these later hours.

The only nourishment which the patient has been able to receive for several days has been through injections, to which the physicians had recourse, and they fear that this is not sufficient to sustain him for any length of time.

All attempts to make the patient swallow anything—even water—have been in vain. The physicians explain that this is due to the lack of functional vitality in the nerve centres, which under such conditions arrest the functioning of the organs.

Mr. Morgan's pulse, which has been very weak for the last few days, is gradually becoming weaker. The insomnia from which he suffers is with difficulty being combated by drugs, but the narcotics are having a pronounced effect on his heart.

The most distressing symptom for those surrounding him is the patient's complete silence. The last words uttered by Mr. Morgan were a request to have his limbs massaged, a treatment often given to him on former occasions when suffering from nervous disorders.

Four trained nurses from the Anglo-American Nursing Home are kept in attendance on the patient.

Mr. and Mrs. Satterlee are anxious to have Mr. Morgan removed to London, but the physicians are opposed to such a step, believing that exposure at the present time would be most dangerous.

Among the many inquirers to-day about Mr. Morgan's condition was King Victor Emmanuel. He has always remembered Mr. Morgan's generosity in returning to Italy the famous Ascoli cope when he learned that it had been stolen, and has privately asked about the financier's progress, although absent from Rome.

LESS FAVORABLE WORD TO SON.

J. P. Morgan, Jr.'s, Advices Indicate Doctors Are Much Concerned.

Discussing last night the cable advices from Rome concerning his father's condition, J. P. Morgan, Jr., said:

"I considered the cable this morning somewhat reassuring, but the one this afternoon is less favorable.

"We cannot but feel anxious, as it is clear that the doctors are much concerned by Mr. Morgan's increasing weakness and inability to take nourishment."

FINANCIAL WORLD IS CALM.

Market Has Been Adjusting Itself for Some Time Because of His Illness.

Leading bankers in this city said last night that they had no idea that Mr. Morgan's death, if it should come at this time, would have any unfavorable effect on the stock market. No steps, they said, had been taken looking to the support of the market in such an event and none was necessary.

The reason for this is that since Mr. Morgan became seriously ill several weeks ago the stock market has been adjusting itself to the possibility of his death. As usual in such cases, where those engaged in market operations have not been taken by surprise by the sudden death of a leading financier, the possible effect, it is believed, has already been discounted.

After the death of E. H. Harriman it was reported that strong financial interests had banded themselves together to prevent any unsettlement of values, but a banker in a position to know in detail the events of that time said last night that in fact no such action was taken. Mr. Harriman had been seriously ill longer than Mr. Morgan now has and the effect of his death had been overdiscounted before it took place.

The stock market, when apprehensive of an impending event, usually goes so far in preparing for it that when it occurs the market improves, on the theory that the worst that could be apprehended has happened and is known. So, after Mr. Harriman's death, the stock market actually advanced.

Much the same conditions prevail at the present time in respect to the possible death of Mr. Morgan, the bankers said. Since his illness was first reported and more particularly in the last two or three weeks it has become an open secret, generally credited by those on the inside of the financial situation, that the nature of his illness was a slight shock and a fatal termination has been rather expected, though its postponement for some months at least has been hoped for.

In spite of these hopes, however, financial interests have made their arrangements with the other possibility distinctly in view. For other reasons besides Mr. Morgan's illness the market has been going through a prolonged liquidation and it has been regarded as sold out.

Still another reason cited last night why Mr. Morgan's death would not have the effect even of Mr. Harriman's approaching demise is that he was not, like Harriman, a market operator and in recent years, especially, has been in a distinctly detached position, so far as the market was concerned.

Ten years ago, in the days of the flotation of United States Steel and International Mercantile Marine, there might have been a different story to tell, but after the collapse in those shares Mr. Morgan spent several years in drawing in his commitments and resolving his assets into liquid funds. In the boom years, before the panic of 1907, he quietly disposed of many securities of uncertain value, and there is reason to believe that since that time his attitude has been one of conservatism.

So much impressed with this view are the financial leaders that no conferences have been held or even suggested with a [illegible] to preventing a slump in stocks upon Mr. Morgan's death, should it hap- [illegible]

Relief and Rescue Work in Flooded Dayton.

HOUSE TO HOUSE RELIEF IN THE FLOOD DISTRICT.

PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

© AMERIC. PRESS ASSN.

REFUGEES WATCHING THE WATER RISE ABOUT THEIR HOMES

PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

JOHN H. PATTERSON, CHAIRMAN OF RELIEF COMMITTEE DIRECTING RESCUE WORK.

BRINGING IN A WOMAN FOUND EXHAUSTED ON A ROOF

PHOTO BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

DAYTON FEEDS 40,000; 10,000 ARE DESTITUTE

Continued from Page 1.

of the best homes are situated, talked with newspaper correspondents to-day, and the reports were confirmed in a noncommittal way by militiamen, who admitted they had fired ball cartridges as "warnings" to looters.

Stood Against Wall and Shot.

The most detailed account of the death of the white man was to the effect that he was halted near May and Third Streets shortly after 2 A. M. He had one hand behind his back, and when he was ordered to open it, two watches fell to the pavement. He was then searched, and eighteen watches were found in his pockets.

The sentry called a Corporal's squad of six militiamen and reported the loot found in the prisoner's possession. The prisoner was led to the wall of a near-by building, faced toward the wall, and the squad, under orders from an officer, fired. A white band with a red insignia, made, apparently, to simulate a Red Cross badge, was taken from the man's arm, and the body was thrown into the Miami and Erie Canal.

The nine negroes who were reported killed were discovered by sentries in various parts of the city. A dozen militiamen on duty near Main and Third Streets about 2 A. M. told THE TIMES correspondent this evening that they heard firing at the locality named, but attributed it to warning shots. One of the men said that a Sergeant in his company told of shooting and killing a negro on Friday night when the negro tried to escape in a boat on the Miami and Erie Canal.

Adjt. Gen. George H. Wood said to-day, when asked about the reports of squad firing and the deaths of ten looters:

"There was some squad firing after midnight by sentries posted in the Ludlow section, where the homes of some of Dayton's wealthiest citizens are situated, but neither there nor in other sections of the city where shots were fired was any one killed. The report that executions have followed the detection of militiamen caught looting are without foundation. There have been no drumhead court-martials, and none will take place while I am in command here in Dayton.

"We have the situation well in hand. I have 1,400 men doing sentry duty throughout the city, and I intend to guard homes and suppress all lawlessness."

Praise Work of Militia.

In spite of the rigor of his military government in Dayton, praise of Gen. Wood's administration is heard on every side. Citizens credit the stories of executions of looters and are not overinquisitive regarding details, because they believe drastic measures are imperative under the present conditions.

In accordance with suggestions made by Mr. Garrison, Secretary of War, and Major Gen. Leonard Wood, Chief of Staff, Major Thomas L. Rhoads, President Wilson's military aid, took charge of the sanitary campaign and permanent relief organization to-day. He has for his chief lieutenant Eugene T. Lies of Chicago, who is in command of the Red Cross forces here. A corps of sanitary experts is on the way to Dayton. Investigation will be made of the financial standing of every householder whose home has been damaged by the flood. In [illegible]

terials for repairs will be furnished from the Red Cross funds.

Major Rhoads is considering plans for establishing a tented camp in North Dayton to shelter residents of the flood districts. These flooded homes will be inspected, and if they are found to be unsanitary, the occupants will be invited to take up quarters in the tented camp. If the invitation is refused, recalcitrants will be escorted by a Corporal's guard to the camp and compelled to remain there until their homes are cleaned and fumigated. Major Rhoads will be supported by the militia in an effort to clean up every home in Dayton, if necessary, and thus minimize the danger from epidemics.

The dead line around Riverdale, where the water is about three feet deep, continues to be maintained in order to guard against looting while the residents are absent. It is estimated that not more than a week will be required to clean up all the homes outside of the Riverdale section, which will then be free from water and ready for cleansing.

H. E. Talbot, a contracting engineer and leading citizen of Dayton, has been appointed as the civilian member of the military staff of Gen. George H. Wood, to take charge of all sanitary work outside the domain of Major Rhoads.

Idlers Put at Work.

The determination of the authorities to proceed with all dispatch in cleaning up Dayton was demonstrated to-day when the militia began impressing citizens into service as workers. Men who had the appearance of being able bodied but idle, were questioned by officers of the National Guard. If they had no good reason for being in the streets and no duties of a mandatory nature, they were supplied with shovels or other implements and set to work.

George F. Burba, Gov. Cox's secretary, reported to the Governor to-night that there were 40,000 persons in Dayton who must be fed and sheltered for at least a week and 10,000 destitute. The latter are without either sufficient clothing or food, and until business activities are restored they must be maintained in lodgings until they can become self-supporting. Mr. Burba also declared that 10,000 houses would require cleansing and 2,000 buildings must be destroyed. The number of horses and other animals killed in the floods is placed at 1,500. The removal of the bodies of these is now well under way. There is a vast quantity of dirt and wreckage which must be removed.

Because of the city's financial condition the problem of paying the costs of rejuvenation is causing much concern. The Treasury is practically empty, and the borrowing capital will be exhausted when $900,000 is raised. It will be necessary to seek immediate relief from the Legislature.

Live from Hand to Mouth.

Citizens and visitors alike are impressed with the fact that Dayton's present condition is most distressing. A review of the streets from sunrise until the curfew bells toll furnishes a practical illustration of this. Except for the comparatively few householders who bought supplies in considerable quantities, daily sustenance is obtained by the market basket method. This is as true of the fairly well-to-do families as of the laboring class.

The head of a family makes out a requisition each morning, giving his needs for the day. This requisition is presented at any of the supply depots, and on it are issued rations consisting of potatoes, canned meats, prunes or preserves, beans, and bread. Men, women, and children with their baskets are seen in the streets throughout the day.

Most of the absolutely destitute are being cared for in one or another of the buildings comprising the huge plant of the National Cash Register Company, which is on high ground at the southern end of the city. Ten babies have been born in the company's hospital since Thursday.

On the ninth floor of the administration building, known as the Officers' Club, and where there is a dining room capable of seating 1,000, more than 5,000 destitute persons are fed daily. The menu to-day was:

Breakfast—Oatmeal and milk, coffee, and bread.

Dinner—Vegetable soup, stewed canned meat, stewed corn, coffee, and bread.

Supper—Bean soup, potatoes, coffee or tea, and bread with butter.

John F. Patterson, head of the plant, had his dinner in this general dining room to-day. The only luxuries enjoyed by him and not provided for the others were hard-boiled eggs and preserved peaches. Among the most active of the uniformed waitresses was Mr. Patterson's 19-year-old daughter. Volunteer waitresses are helping out their paid sisters during these days of hardship.

Mr. Patterson calls attention to the fact that those in the outside world who have relatives and friends in Dayton need not be alarmed because of the absence of letters or messages. The Post Office was put out of business last Tuesday, and it was not until to-day that any sort of service was attempted. Telegraph and telephone service was almost entirely crippled until last night, when even short messages were accepted only on condition that the sender consented to indefinite delays. Telegrams were relayed through Cincinnati.

The only long-distance telephone wires in service were two private wires connecting with Cincinnati. On those who succeeded in securing permission to use these wires a time limit of three minutes was imposed.

Direct railroad communication can be had to-night with Springfield, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio, and Richmond, Ind., solely. The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton lines, on which Dayton passenger traffic depends mostly, will not be opened until Wednesday. The tracks leading into the Union Station are completely blocked, and the few trains arriving discharge their passengers and freight on the outskirts of the city. Mail service is almost at a standstill.

SURVEY OF FLOOD SITUATION

Dayton's death list is officially placed at 200, of which 112 bodies have been received at the Morgue. The relief and sanitary work are thoroughly organized and food sufficient for present needs is at hand, but the city is confronted with the necessity of feeding 40,000 persons for a week and 20,000 indefinitely.

So far 59 bodies have been recovered at Columbus, Ohio.

It is believed that not more than eighty persons lost their lives at Hamilton, Ohio, where property loss is estimated at $4,000,000.

Secretary Garrison is impressed so favorably with the manner in which the flood situation is being handled that he may start for Washington to-morrow.

The worst conditions existed yesterday along the Ohio River. At Cincinnati the flood was close to the 70-foot stage and rising steadily. Huntington, W. Va., and Portsmouth, Ohio, were under water and isolated. In Huntington the flood was reported ten feet deep back to the hills. Maysville, Ky., was threatened with obliteration.

St. Louis dispatches said the Mississippi River was threatened with one of the worst floods in its history. At Commerce, Mo., the great stream was only a foot below last year's flood mark. Refugees were rushing into Memphis and other cities. Cairo, Ill., at the confluence of the Ohio and the Mississippi, was in a panic, the Weather Bureau having issued a bulletin warning the people to flee. The Ohio was only a foot below the top of the levee. Mayor Parsons issued a call for 2,000 laborers and 200,000 sandbags to save the city.

Federal and State troops were ordered into the stricken region to aid in rescue work and prevent looting and incendiarism.

It was thought the Hudson would be back in its banks to-day. Apparently all danger in this State was ended.

SIGHTSEERS PUT AT WORK.

Dayton Visitors' Cars Seized and Occupants Forced to Help Clean Up.

DAYTON, March 30.—General conditions are improving. The water works pumping station is in operation, but the distribution of water is greatly retarded by open pipes in wrecked houses. The pressure is feeble, but growing stronger as leaks are checked.

The main sanitary sewer is in operation, although many of the laterals are clogged with mud.

The flood sewers, separate from the sanitary, will be in operation to-morrow. These sewers carry off the rainfall from the gutters and are needed to remove the water pumped from basements.

Telegraph service is fast catching up with requirements.

No set of men worked more valiantly than the telegraph and telephone linemen who made possible the dissemination of news to hundreds of thousands of friends and relatives of the people of Dayton. They waded and swam icy floods and entered tottering buildings in pursuit of their duty. John H. Patterson, Chairman of the General Committee, last night found many operators who had not removed shoes or clothing since last Tuesday.

There is enough food and clothing for present needs, but relief will be required on a diminishing scale for another month. Chairman Patterson announced that W. F. Bippus would act as Treasurer for all contributions and would make a strict accounting to all contributors.

By order of Gov. Cox the reign of martial law over Dayton was extended to take in the whole county to-day. The flood did more than sweep away property, for it swept away the city administration, temporarily at least, and brought in what amounts to a commission form of government.

Immediately martial law was proclaimed, the municipal administration was eclipsed. Adjt. Gen. Wood for the moment became supreme under the Governor. On the heels of this Mr. Patterson was appointed Chairman of a committee of five to administer the affairs of the city. The militia was instructed to obey his orders, and thus became a police force.

The extension of the area under martial law developed from action taken by local dealers whose places are closed. They complained that saloons in the outskirts were sending whisky into the city, and that considerable drunkenness had been observed. Adjt. Gen. Wood reported the situation to the Governor, and his action was prompt and decisive.

The telephone system is a wreck. This is a great handicap in administering the affairs of the city. Street cars are unable to run, and automobiles are unobtainable for other than relief work.

Sightseers in motor cars felt the heavy hand of public necessity to-day when Gen. Wood began seizing automobiles. Sightseers were ordered from their cars and the latter were pressed into public service. Protests were unavailing. The more stubborn surrendered at the points of rifles and gave up their cars "until released by order of Chairman John H. Patterson," as the placards placed on them read.

Hundreds of sightseers arrived for a holiday in the city, only to be put to work by the Sanitary Department. In some instances, they were forced at the points of bayonets to assist in the removal of dead horses.

From end to end of Dayton the people are cleaning house. Those who have no houses to clean are cheerfully assisting those who have.

There are 15,000 dwellings which must be plastered and papered before they can be occupied. There are 4,500 houses which will require new foundations, roofs, doors, windows or chimneys. There are 2,000 houses which it will be necessary to raze. Engineers say this reconstruction work will require four months. So far as the business and industrial buildings are concerned, architects say eight months will be required to complete the repair work and rebuilding.

H. E. Talbott, designated by Gov. Cox as Chief Engineer of the military zone, completed his plans for beginning the rehabilitation. He announced that four departments had been created, with an assistant engineer in charge of each. One will have charge of rebuilding the streets and alleys, another the levees along the rivers, another the sewer system, and still another the bridges.

Thousands of men will be employed and the work will be pushed to the utmost. Cursory surveys of the damage have been made and large quantities of material ordered by telegraph.

TO REFUSE FOREIGN AID.

Gov. Cox Says America Is Able to Take Care of the Situation.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 30.—Gov. Cox said to-day that the situation in this State was well in hand. Secretary Garrison will confer with Gov. Cox at the Capitol to-morrow.

Gen. John C. Speaks, in charge of the National Guard, received an official message from Portsmouth to-day which said that fire had not broken out in that city, as was reported, and that but one life had been lost in the flood. The message said that the river was at record height and was slowly rising.

Following the precedent set by President Roosevelt during the San Francisco earthquake, Gov. Cox said to-day that no contribution for Ohio flood sufferers would be accepted from foreign countries, except from Americans who may happen to be abroad temporarily.

"America is able and willing to provide for all exigencies of the situation and that being the case, the acceptance of donations should be confined to people our ow ncountry," said Gov. Cox. "Theodore Roosevelt set that precedent at the time of the San Francisco earthquake, and in that matter I think he was right."

GEN. WOOD STOPS SUPPLIES.

May Be Needed, He Says, at Points in South—Austria Gives $5,000.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Gen. Leonard Wood, now in Ohio, in a dispatch to the War Department to-day said:

"Do not send any more Government supplies unless the department's representatives on the ground request it. Any supplies available should be held for possible needs further down the river. Major Normoyle has received the great bulk of the supplies sent to Columbus, and is busily engaged in shipping them out to points where required."

Relief funds received by the Red Cross now amount to nearly $400,000. A cable dispatch to the Austrian Embassy to-night said that the Austrian Government had cabled to its Consul at Cleveland $5,000 to be added to the general fund for the relief of flood sufferers in Ohio and Indiana.

From Columbus, Ohio, Ernest P. Bicknell, National Director of the American Red Cross, reported that he had established headquarters in the State House, and that he would work in harmony with the State Flood Relief Committee.

Supt. Kimball of the Life Saving Service to-day ordered the life saving crew from Lorain, Ohio, which had returned from Delaware, Ohio, to proceed at once to Covington, Ky., to render whatever aid could be given flood sufferers in that vicinity.

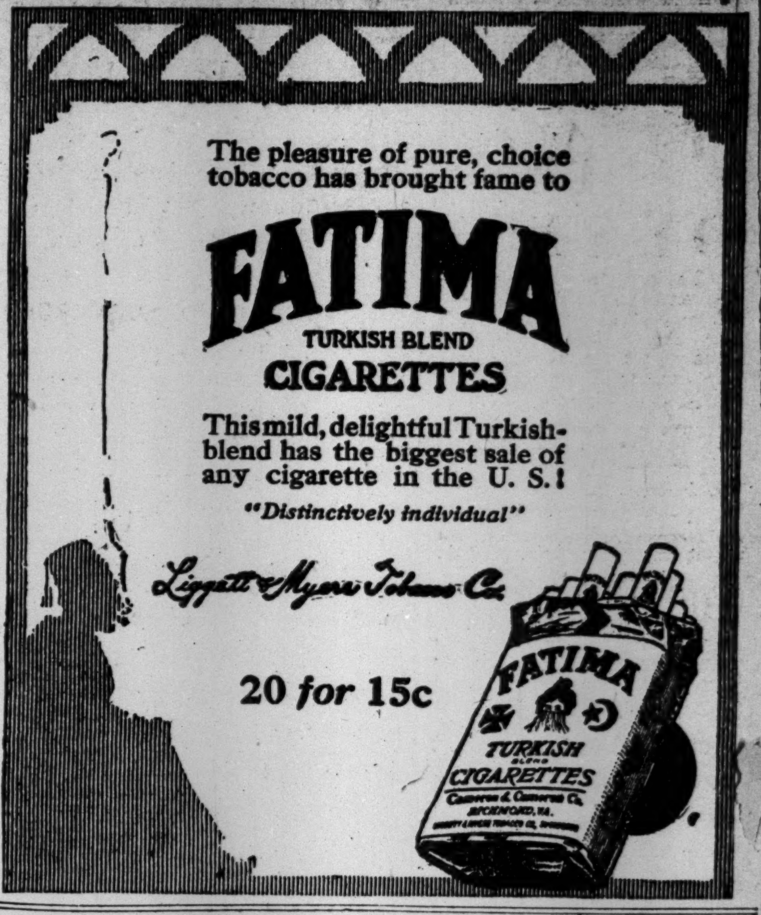
Churches Work Sunday for Sufferers

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEFONTAINE, Ohio, March 30.—In every church here to-day pastors urged their congregations to contribute bread which is to be sent to Dayton early on Monday. A carload of biscuits baked on Sunday by order of the preachers will be shipped to Dayton.

Americans in London Send $1,000.

LONDON, March 30.—The American Luncheon Club, of which Consul General John L. Griffiths is President, has decided to send $1,000 to the flood sufferers in the United States.



The pleasure of pure, choice tobacco has brought fame to

FATIMA
TURKISH BLEND
CIGARETTES

This mild, delightful Turkish-blend has the biggest sale of any cigarette in the U. S.!

"Distinctively individual"

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

20 for 15c

NEW NETHERLAND BANK
of New York.
41 West 34th Street.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS
OFFICERS:
J. ADAMS BROWN...President
JOHN P. MUNN.......Vice-Pres.
U. M. FLEISCHMANN..Vice-Pres.
C. J. BEARD.............Cashier
H. I. STEVENS. Assistant Cashier

Milo
The EGYPTIAN CIGARETTE of QUALITY

To put it mildly—Milo is the mildest of them all.

At your club and all dealers. Plain or Cork Tip. 25c. in U. S. A.
THE SURBRUG CO., N. Y.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AVE. BUILDING,
Entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.
6 to 9 P. M.
THE "DOLLAR DINNER"
Large Orchestra
BANQUETS A SPECIALTY

DESKS

The fact that this house has enjoyed the confidence of the business men of this city for eighty years is pretty good reason why we are entitled to yours.

Wide variety of styles and prices

SELLEW

111 Fulton St., New York
Established in 1832

CLEANING ALBANY AS FLOOD RECEDES

Authorities Flush the Streets When the Hudson Slowly Relinquishes Them.

EASTERN DISTRICT IS DARK

Health Department Supplies Pure Water to Citizens—River Probably in Its Banks To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—As the Hudson freshet subsides, the city authorities follow the receding waters with street-flushing wagons to prevent pestilence coming in the wake of the flood. They also are looking to cleaning basements and cellars of the thick deposit from the river water. The greatest menace is in the drinking water of the eastern section, into which the flood got by overflowing the filtration plant. The health authorities sent out a warning to boil all drinking water, and followed that by supplying distilled, filtered, and spring waters in the flooded district. Despite the warning and other precautions there is much illness as a result of drinking the germ-laden water.

Mayor McEwan obtained from the breweries permission for persons to get water from their artesian springs, and arranged for bringing in from the country water in barrels. The hospitals were cared for first.

There is much suffering in the district that was flooded. Food, medicines, and fuel are being supplied to the needy.

As the flood subsides many streets are found to be in bad condition from cave-ins. Part of the flooded district is in darkness because the wires in the conduits were made useless by water penetrating the insulation.

The swollen waters continue their course to the sea in a swift current. Each hour sees a fall of an inch in the flood. Gradually the quay along the river front is appearing at the higher points. Everything indicates that Weather Forecaster Todd's prediction of yesterday that the Hudson would be in its banks by to-morrow will be fulfilled.

The carload of lumber that disappeared from the yard of Arnold & Co. on Thursday was found to-day on a flat twelve miles south of here. A two-story frame building which stood on the river pier at Watervliet for many years was floated from its foundation last night and brought up 1,500 feet away, seemingly not damaged.

CATHOLIC FUND OF $10,000.

Knights of Columbus to Carry On Special Relief Work in Ohio.

Announcement was made last night at the dinner of the Knights of Columbus, held at the Hotel Astor, following the grand exemplification of the fourth degree of that order in the afternoon when 135 candidates were initiated, that the organization had appropriated $10,000 to be used as a relief fund for members of the order among the flood sufferers in Ohio and neighboring States. The announcement was made by Toastmaster William P. Myhan, who explained that the absence of Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty, first on the list of speakers, had been caused by his departure for the flood territory to look after the dispensation of the fund.

Public Service Commissioner Edward F. McCall was one of the candidates received into the fourth degree, and he responded to one of the toasts. Other speakers were the Rev. Owen Hill, S. J., of Fordham University; William P. Larkin, formerly Chairman of the New York Chapter of the Knights of Columbus, and William H. Sullivan.

IRONTON IN FIRE PERIL.

Dynamite Employed to Check Spread of the Flames.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 30.—The train dispatcher of the Norfolk & Western Railroad received a telegram this afternoon saying that fire had broken out in Ironton, and a block and a half of the business portion of the city had been consumed. Several buildings were blown up by dynamite to check the flames. No loss of life has been reported.

EMERGENCY RIVER BEDS.

Swiss Engineers Say They Would Have Prevented Ohio Disasters.

GENEVA, March 30.—Swiss engineers, who have large and constant experience in coping with sudden and extensive floods, express the opinion that the damage in Ohio could have been in large measure prevented by the adoption of their methods of constructing a second artificial river bed.

This holds back unexpected inrushes of water, which experience has shown to be responsible for most of flood destruction.

BENEFITS FOR SUFFERERS.

No lists of donations made to the Red Cross, to Mayor Gaynor's committee or to any of the other organizations and committees that are collecting funds for the relief of the flood sufferers were made public yesterday. The letters containing contributions received yesterday will not be opened until this morning

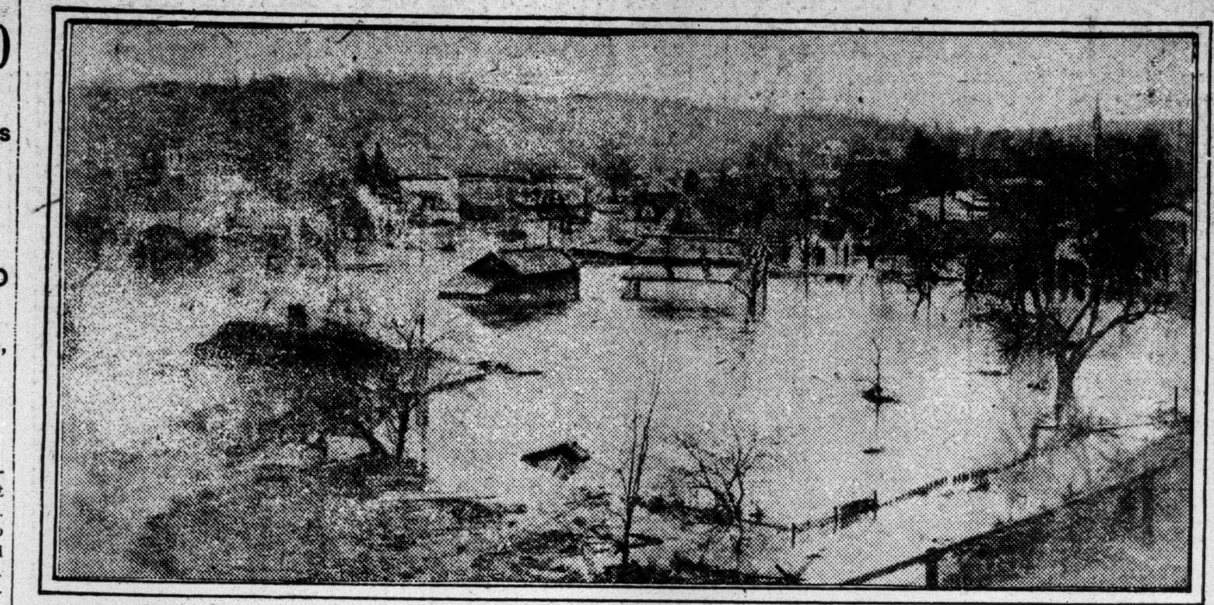
The National Cash Register Company kept its office at 1,172 Broadway open yesterday for the receipt of funds and clothing and food for the Dayton sufferers, and in the day the company started a carload of supplies for the sufferers on its way to Dayton. Other cars will follow to-day.

Mrs. Sophia Kremer, President of the Suffrage Pure Food Store, at 2,540 Broadway, announced yesterday that 10 per cent. of the receipts of the store for this week will be given to the flood sufferers in Ohio.

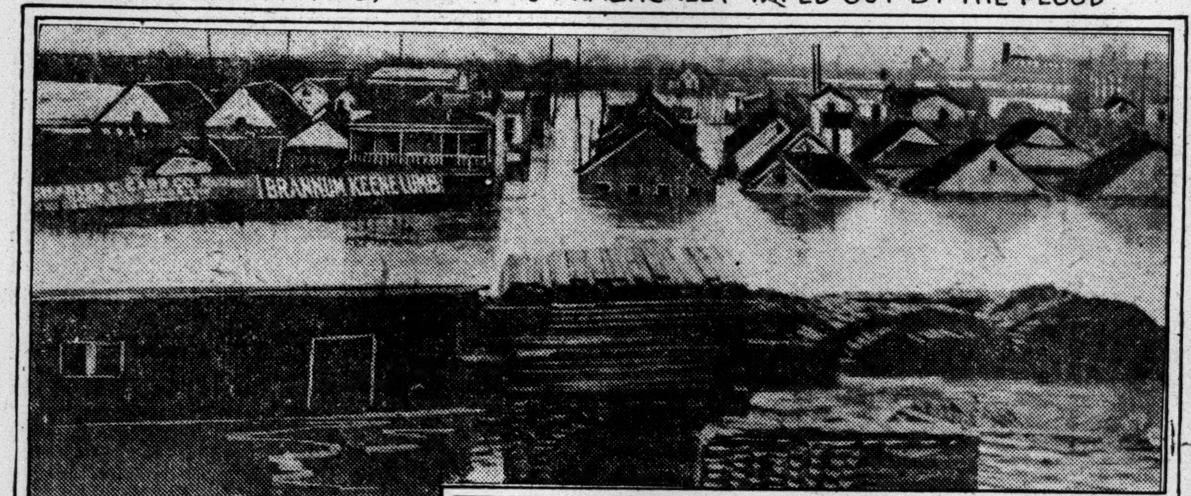
Columbia University students will give the first presentation of their annual 'Varsity show, "The Brigands," this evening at the Hotel Astor. The show will be a benefit for the flood sufferers in the Middle West, and the gross proceeds of the performance will be sent to the Chamber of Commerce. The net proceeds of the other performances this week will go to the fund. It is more than forty years since "The Brigands," one of the most popular of Jacques Offenbach's light operas, was last presented in New York.

Joseph Weinstock, owner of the Claremont Theatre at 174th Street and Third Avenue, the Bronx, announced yesterday that 50 per cent. of the receipts of that theatre to-day, to-morrow, Wednesday, and Thursday will be given to the relief of the flood sufferers.

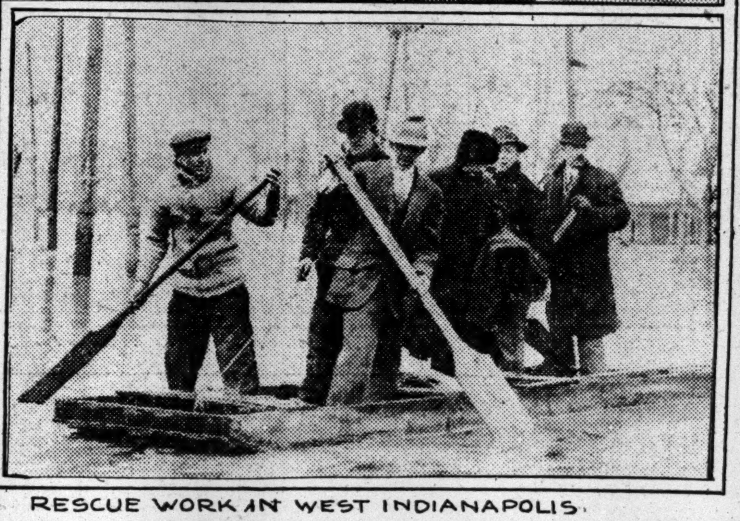
Scenes of Devastation in Indiana Cities.



BROOKVILLE, IND; WHICH WAS PRACTICALLY WIPED OUT BY THE FLOOD



FLOOD AT PERU, IND. WHERE A SCORE OF LIVES WERE LOST.



RESCUE WORK IN WEST INDIANAPOLIS

PANIC SIEZES CAIRO, MENACED BY FLOOD

Weather Bureau Warning Sends Thousands Fleeing—Wire Breaks as Mayor Asks Aid.

SEVERAL TOWNS SUBMERGED

Huntington, West Va., Portsmouth, Ohio, and Others Along the Ohio River Cut Off.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 30.—Startling messages have been received to-night by Gov. Dunne and Adj. Gen. Dickson, indicating that Shawneetown and Cairo are in imminent danger of being washed off the map. Other towns are in distress. Shortly before midnight Gov. Dunne received word that the wire out of Cairo was severed, cutting off telephonic communication. Desperate efforts are being made to establish telegraphic communication.

Messages received by the Governor from Sheriff Frazer and Mayor Parsons of Cairo describe conditions there as extremely alarming. Fears were expressed that the levee might break at any minute, with heavy loss of life and immense property damage.

The entire Seventh Regiment, Illinois National Guard, under command of Col. Daniel Moriarty of Chicago, was ordered out by Gov. Dunne. Prior to taking that action, the Governor had ordered five down-State companies to Cairo.

In talking over the telephone with Gov. Dunne, Mayor Parsons stated that, despite flood warnings advising residents to move to higher ground, the number of those who had taken that advice had been offset several times over by thousands of refugees from all along the river who were rushing into Cairo.

Adjt. Gen. Dickson and Gov. Dunne remained in the State House all evening. They were in constant communication with Mayor Parsons and Sheriff Frazer in Cairo until the wire broke, and with Assistant Adjt. Gen. Shand, who arrived to-day in Shawneetown and assumed direct control of the relief work in that place.

The levee at Cairo for a distance of twenty miles is said to be in a weakened condition, and is likely to give way at any one of a score of points. The river is rising steadily to-night, with no indication that the crest of the flood will be reached soon.

Mayor Parsons of Cairo in telephonic communication with Gov. Dunne late tonight said alarming reports just had been received from the smaller towns up the Ohio River. The information was that the crest of the flood had not yet reached Cairo and that the wall of water rushing down on the peninsula formed by the confluence of the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers, on top of which rests Cairo, would push the river gauge far above the danger line.

New York has offered relief to Illinois. Gov. Dunne, when communicating with Cairo shortly before midnight, received a message from J. W. Stevens, Assistant Secretary of the Citizens' Relief Association of New York, asking if he would accept funds for unprotected points and requesting him to address Alton B. Parker, Chairman of the committee. The Governor replied that he would accept.

Adjt. Gen. Dickson arranged to start sixty engineers of the Naval Reserve, who will take six power boats to Cairo.

Women Warned to Flee Cairo.

CAIRO, Ill., March 30.—Trainloads of persons left this city to-day, following receipt of news that the Ohio River was expected to reach a higher stage than in the disastrous flood of last Spring. R. T. Lindley, weather forecaster, issued this statement:

> With weather conditions becoming somewhat unsettled in this river district and rapid rises continuing in the Ohio and Wabash Rivers, a fifty-four-foot stage is regarded as certain at Cairo if the levees below hold. Fifty-six feet is regarded as a strong possibility here. As a prudential measure it is advisable that women, children, and the infirm seek more secure refuge.

The Ohio to-night reported 51.3 feet. Every attention is being given to the levees here. Labor is scarce, and an appeal was sent to-day to Gov. Dunne for help. He responded that he would send 1,000 men, 200 National Guardsmen, 10,000 rounds of rations, and 200,000 sacks.

On the Missouri side of the Mississippi River rises are reported everywhere. Hundreds of refugees have come into Cairo. Conditions in this entire district are very serious.

Bulletin Throws Cairo Into Panic.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, March 30.—With the Ohio River within a foot of the top of the levee at 9:30 to-night, there is a panic among the almost crazed population of Cairo, Ill., caused by the issuance of a special bulletin by the Weather Bureau this afternoon, warning the people to flee the city.

Following telegraphic instructions from Gov. Dunne, the Seventh Regiment, Illinois National Guard, Chicago's crack infantry regiment, and the Chicago Naval Reserve are entraining and will leave for Cairo at 2 o'clock to-morrow morning. The militiamen are not going on their 300-mile trip solely as soldiers. On their arrival at Cairo they will be put to work filling bags of sand in an effort to strengthen the levee.

Meagre information received here is that the fear which seized the people of Cairo extended to the workers on the levees and that in great numbers the laborers are rushing to the bluffs and other points of safety from the flood.

Mayor Parsons of Cairo appealed for 2,000 laborers and 200,000 sandbags to be hurried to the imperiled city without a moment's delay.

An order for 50,000 sandbags was placed with a St. Louis firm by telephone this afternoon by Gov. Dunne and Gen. Dickson, and an option on all the bags the largest firms in the Missouri city has left was closed by the Governor late to-night. They will be shipped to Cairo in the night.

Property Loss Heavy.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—The Ohio River at 6 o'clock to-night was at 68.7 feet and rising steadily a tenth of an inch an hour. The crest was above the city, but not in sight. The river was at its highest mark since 1884.

Martial law has been put in force in Newport and Covington, Ky., just across the river. The loss here has been mostly in property. Places never before touched have been inundated. Many persons are believed to be dead in villages along the river from Pittsburgh to Louisville. Kentucky, from one end to the other of its Ohio River border, has suffered severely.

The greatest flood danger now is along the Ohio River, both above and below Cincinnati. Orders have been issued calling out Federal troops for duty along the Ohio River and in Portsmouth, Ohio. Twenty-five thousand persons are isolated. A heavy loss of life is feared. Huntington, West Va., is entirely under water to a depth of ten feet back to the hills. Fifty towns and hamlets along the river, between Cincinnati and Gallipolis, are in danger of being wiped out.

That information came to the Weather Bureau over a gas company's private telephone wires from West Virginia. There is no other means of communication.

Maysville, Ky., where the river makes a wide bend, is threatened with extinction.

Government relief boats started along the Ohio to-day, but failed to make progress in the flood. The flood at Zanesville is fifteen feet above all records. Food supplies are exhausted in most of the Ohio River towns.

This flood is the worst since that of 1832, when the Government started taking records. Looting is feared to-night. The difficulty in getting Federal troops into the stricken sections adds to the gravity of the situation.

Surgeon General Rupert Blue, expecting bad flood conditions west of here, has wired commanding officers in charge of United States marine hospitals in Evansville, Ind.; Memphis, Tenn., and Cairo, Ill., to open the hospitals for flood victims. The Surgeon General and his assistant, Dr. W. S. Rucker, will remain here to direct sanitation measures. Dr. Blue has available $200,000 of Federal funds for work in the flooded district.

Telephone reports from towns near Huntington and Portsmouth are that both cities are deep under water. In Portsmouth two lives are said to have been lost. The report that a serious fire had occurred there is denied. Both towns are said to have sufficient food to last three or four days.

River Rising at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, March 30—The crest of the Ohio River flood to-night between Huntington, West Va., and Maysville, Ky., is expected to reach this city Tuesday afternoon or night with a stage of about 45 feet. The stage here to-night at 7 o'clock was 43.2 feet, a rise of six inches in the last twelve hours. The rate of rise to-night was half an inch an hour. A stage of 43.7 is predicted for Louisville by morning. Advices from Madison tonight indicated that point had a rise of eight inches in the last twelve hours and at 7 o'clock the gauge showed 61.7 feet. From western points reports are that the river is rising rapidly, inundating lowlands, driving their occupants to higher ground, and interrupting railroad service.

At Owensboro the river is within four inches of the high mark of the January flood and is rising an inch an hour. The tracks of the Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis Railroad are under water at Hawesville and Griffith, eight miles west of Owensboro.

Henderson, Ky., practically is isolated by the suspension of all railroad service. Damage to the lowlands in that section, according to reports, will mount into the thousands. The river to-night had reached a stage of 43.5 at that point, and still was rising.

The railroad situation in Louisville has become acute. The Louisville, Henderson & St. Louis has suspended traffic entirely. The Louisville & Nashville from Cincinnati can reach the city only by detouring through Jeffersonville, Ind., crossing the swollen Ohio on the Big Four Bridge, and returning via the Pennsylvania Bridge to reach the Louisville & Nashville station.

The Louisville, Indianapolis & Chicago has established service only as far as West Baden.

The Chesapeake & Ohio can get only as far as Ashland, Ky. Incoming trains are forced to stop at the eastern extremity of the city. The Illinois Central schedules are undisturbed, but incoming trains use the station at the western end of the city, the Union Station at Seventh and River Streets being flooded by one foot of water. The Pennsylvania lines have established regular service to Indianapolis, and by to-morrow will have through trains to Chicago, according to announcement to-night.

At noon, the stage of the Ohio River here was 43 feet and rising at the rate of a fifth of a foot in three hours. The Weather Bureau put out a special bulletin shortly before 1 o'clock saying the river would continue to rise here at about the same rate until Tuesday, and that conditions still indicated a stage of 45 feet at the crest.

No authentic report was received by the bureau from points between Pittsburgh and Maysville, Ky. Unofficial reports said the river still was rising at Huntington, West Va., at six inches hourly, and that the stage was above all previous high-water marks. At Maysville, Ky., the stage at 7 A. M. was 65.2 feet, and the river was rising half an inch an hour.

Disease Follows the Flood.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 30.—Central Indiana is summoning its medical forces to fight disease which is following in the wake of the devastating flood that swept that section last week. Sanitary experts expect hundreds of cases of typhoid, diphtheria, pneumonia, and measles to develop. A member of the State Board of Health asserted to-day that the flood's toll of 61 lives in this State probably would be exceeded. Scores of persons in all walks of life have been huddled in small halls and buildings for days. They have been forced to live like sheep, and a pestilence is feared.

Thousands of persons will continue to be homeless until their residences have been cleaned of the deposit left by the receding waters and have been fumigated. Most of those refugees have no clothing, except what they wore when the flood came.

While the residents of the river towns in the centre of the State are facing a problem of sanitation, the cities along the Ohio River are preparing for the worst flood of their existence. Thousands of persons have been driven from the bottom lands, and the property damage runs into the millions. The water still is rising and the crest of the flood is four days away. Railroad communication with those cities has been cut off from the north.

Lawrenceburg, where the levee broke on Saturday, is under seven feet of water. In the Dearborn National and German-American Banks only the tops of the safety deposit vaults are visible. Water covers the first floors of the High School and Court House, where 400 persons are marooned. Ex-Judge G. S. Given, who narrowly escaped being overtaken by the rushing waters, was among those who slept on the floor in the Court House last night.

The whistle at the Lawrenceburg Roller Mills warned the residents of the town that the levee had broken. In a few minutes a wall of water thirty feet high swept through the town. Sixty houses near the break were crushed and carried away. That no lives were lost seems a miracle.

National Guardsmen, in command of Major Gikmer, are in charge of the relief work in Logansport. To-day they were driving persons from their water-soaked homes, to which the refugees will not be permitted to return until the houses have been made sanitary. There are three known cases of typhoid and one of diphtheria on the south side. There is an epidemic of measles among the refugees in the Christian Church. Thirty-eight hundred persons are homeless in Logansport, and the military medical corps says the danger of a pestilence is greater there than at any other point in the State.

Of the forty-two persons reported missing this morning, twenty-one had been reported safe to-night. The property damage is $1,000,000 there, and a call for more aid has been issued. A porter was found drowned in the rear of a saloon to-day, making the second death in Logansport.

In response to an appeal from Mayor McDowell of Vincennes, Gov. Ralston today ordered 200 tents and supplies sent to that city. Several hundred families living in the valley around Mount Carmel, Ill., near which the White and Wabash Rivers meet, have been forced to flee to high ground, where they are without shelter. Relief will be sent immediately.

Another dispatch to the Governor stated one hundred families were homeless and needed aid in Shoals, Ind. The river there exceeded former high water marks by four feet.

A telegraph operator named Compton is reported to have drowned in a washout on the Big Four Railroad, near Allendale, Ill.

About $5,000 for flood sufferers was raised in Indianapolis churches to-day. Plans are under way to refurnish homes which were badly damaged in West Indianapolis.

James J. Hill wired a $5,000 contribution to the relief fund to-day.

Flood Deaths in Huntington.

HUNTINGTON, West Va., March 29, Via Charleston, West Va., March 30.—All records were broken here to-night when the Ohio River passed the flood stage of 1884. At 9 o'clock the river had reached a height of 65.1 feet, and it continued to rise slowly. It is said a stage of 66 feet will be reached Sunday.

Several lives have been reported lost. Hundreds of persons are homeless and the property damage will be large. Churches and schools have been thrown open to refugees. The relief commission headed by Mayor Chapman has been distributing food to the hundreds who have been marooned.

William Sullivan committed suicide tonight when rescuers had taken his wife and children from the second floor of their home. It was because Sullivan ascertained that the rescuers could not save him that he killed himself.

All public utilies are out of commission. The city is almost desolated.

According to reports received here, similar conditions prevail in Point Pleasant, West Va.; Catlettsburg, Ky., and Ironton, Ohio. The militia have been ordered into service. Gov. Hatfield has been asked to aid in the rescue work.

River Falls at Parkersburg.

PARKERSBURG, West Va., March 30.—The crest of the Ohio River flood reached here late to-day with a stage of 58.9 feet, six feet higher than the record of 1884. The river is receding slowly. Two companies of militia are guarding the town.

In Belpre, Ohio, across the river from here, a large crack has appeared in a dam. Most of the Belpre residents have sought safety here. Belleville, eighteen miles away, practically is wiped out. The people are camping on a hill above the town. It is reported several lives have been lost there, but it is impossible to verify the reports to-night. A relief party started for Belleville late to-day.

Two lives made the toll of the flood in Parkersburg. The damage is enormous. Fully 5,000 persons are homeless here and in Belpre and Belleville. It is said all the houses on Blennerhasset Island have been swept away. The residents of the island were rescued in small boats.

The food supply here is plentiful, but a water famine is threatened.

Word was received here from Marietta, Ohio, to-day. It is reported no life has been lost there, but thousands of persons are homeless and heavy damage has been inflicted. An appeal from Marietta has been sent to the War Department for provisions and tents. The entire business section of that town is inundated.

Relief Train for Huntington.

CHARLESTON, West Va., March 30.—Gov. H. D. Hatfield, in response to a request from Mayor Chapman, left here on a special train for Huntington to-night. On the train are provisions, clothing, motor boats, and skiffs. Another train with provisions will start late to-night for the flooded territory.

Clarksburg has sent food to Parkersburg. Wheeling, at the request of the Governor, is preparing to send supplies to Marietta, Ohio, and other points along the Ohio River.

Crest at Cincinnati To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The United States Weather Bureau issued the following special flood bulletin to-night:

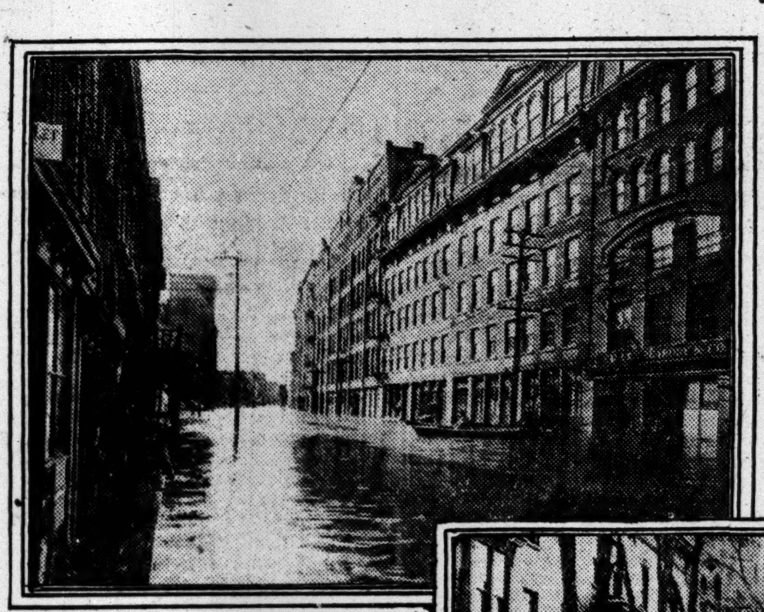
"The crest of the Ohio flood wave Sunday morning appears to have been in the neighborhood of Huntington, West Va. As heretofore forecast, it will probably reach Cincinnati some time Monday. The river below Cincinnati continues to rise slowly. The stages at 7 P. M. Sunday were as follows:

Cincinnati, 68.7, rising; flood stage 50 feet.
Louisville, 43.2, rising; flood stage 28 feet.
Evansville, 45, rising; flood stage 35 feet.
Cairo, 51.3, rising; flood stage 45 feet.
Memphis, 35.8, rising; flood stage 35 feet.

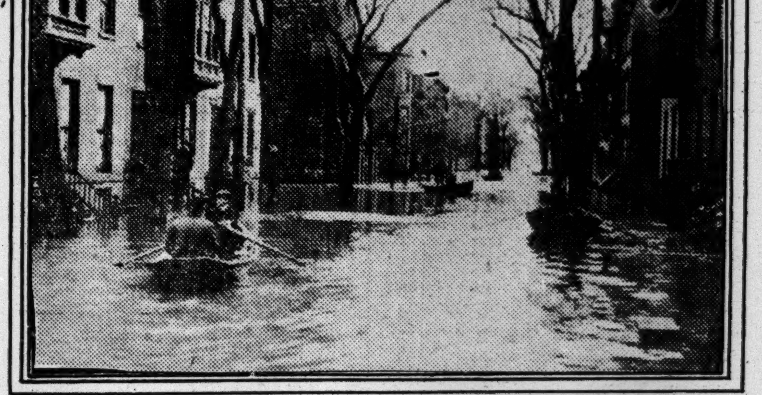
"The Tennessee at Chattanooga Sunday morning was at a stage of 33.1 feet; flood stage, 33 feet. The Cumberland, at Nashville, was 43.5 feet; flood stage, 40 feet. Both rivers were slowly rising. The Mississippi is below the flood stage at St. Louis, and to the northward; also from Vicksburg to the Passes.

"No material change from previously forecast stages is announced."

Flood's Rise in the Streets of Troy.



IN THE BUSINESS SECTION, WHERE FLOOD CLOSED THE COLLAR FACTORIES



FIRST STREET, CENTRE OF THE RESIDENTIAL SECTION

PHOTOS BY UNDERWOOD & UNDERWOOD

Carstairs Rye

Established 1788

Some men prefer Carstairs Rye because of its absolute purity; others because of its remarkable flavor; others because their father, grandfather and great-grandfather preferred it, others because all their friends prefer it; but *all* praise it.

A blend of the finest ryes. Aged in wood.

Numbered Label shows our bottling.

CARSTAIRS WHISKEY
STEWART DISTILLING CO.
PHILADELPHIA

WOOLWORTH BUILDING

BROADWAY, Park Place to Barclay St.

Open May 1st

The centre of the greatest commercial and financial districts, and the greatest shipping district of the world. When completed, 176 miles of new subways and elevated lines from New York City's five boroughs will land tenants either at the door or within a block of the Woolworth Building.

Now the entire street service of Manhattan and Brooklyn, all the elevated lines, tubes, subways of New York and the great railroad systems are within 2 to 5 minutes of the Woolworth Building.

EDWARD J. HOGAN, Agent
WOOLWORTH BUILDING
Telephone Barclay 5524

I am a

BUYER

I was *born* a buyer. I know my way from "asking" to "bottom" price by instinct. My eyes, ears, fingers, are trained to judge values. I have an inquiring mind that takes nothing for granted. Twelve years' experience as purchasing agent—still a young man. Some concern needs me between their bank account and the "man with something to sell." Telephone 5511 John or write "Buyer," Box E 21 Times Downtown.

SHANLEY'S

Broadway—43rd—44th Streets

Desire to announce that, despite the seemingly prevalent opinion of the decline of Restaurant Entertainment after APRIL 1st, that their Unexcelled CABARET composed of twenty-five artists, equal to the best VAUDEVILLE HEADLINERS, will present a continuous performance from SEVEN O'CLOCK to ONE A. M. every evening, consisting of unequalled DANCING, SINGING AND ENSEMBLE NUMBERS.

Beginning today our annual

Sale of Men's 4.00 and 4.50 Low Shoes at $2.95

Act now while the day and the assortments are yet young!

¶ We reckon this to be about the best opportunity in Spring footwear that a man can have, considering *quality and style* in conjunction with price. We make this statement the more confidently because we know all about this particular make of shoes, the workmanship that goes into it, and the style and individuality of the models. In fact they are our regular $4 and $4.50 shoes, and that means the best shoes in America at these prices! But because this is an introductory offering of Spring footwear styles, both the maker and ourselves have substituted concessions for profit!

¶ In all, there are 1500 pairs. The assortment includes Blucher and straight lace Oxfords, in patent leather, vici kid, gun metal and tan Russia calf. The models are the newest Oxford lasts, and the smartest. And at $2.95 per pair they are shoe values deserving of your prompt attention.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

If Saks Can't Satisfy You Nobody Can!

¶ You think that heading a little strong?

¶ When was the truth strong enough? When was it ever too strong?

¶ And shall not the worker extol the work of his hands?

¶ Don't you suppose that the great Shakespeare himself sat back in his chair every so often and contemplated some mighty line, with the Elizabethan equivalent for "I guess that'll hold 'em for a while!"?

¶ You bet that just one-half the joy of doing a thing extraordinarily well is in knowing it, in appreciating it, and in publishing it for the good of one's soul!

¶ We repeat: If we cannot satisfy you, then positively nobody can.

¶ If Saks clothes do not satisfy you in workmanship, in fit, in style, then there is nothing for you but the hope which springs eternal!

¶ But Saks clothes will satisfy you, and there are no ifs about it—they will lend individuality to your appearance and be a source of satisfaction to you in all those respects which make clothes worth while.

Men's Suits $17.50 to $45

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

OHIO TOWNS RECOVER, GARRISON TO RETURN

Hamilton and Other Places Seriously Affected Have Found Themselves, He Says.

HE WILL VISIT COLUMBUS

Government Ready to Extend Relief at Southern Points—Stocking Boat with Provisions.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—Secretary Lindley M. Garrison of the War Department was so well pleased with the handling of the flood situation by those in charge of Dayton and Hamilton, that to-night he decided to leave early to-morrow morning for Columbus. If his present plans are not changed he will return here to-morrow night and leave for Washington by daylight on Tuesday morning. Besides congratulating Gov. Cox and the citizens of Ohio upon the manner in which "with courage and resourcefulness" they met an appalling situation, the head of the War Department in a long report to the President to-night assured Mr. Wilson that he was able to say that Hamilton and Dayton as well as all other places seriously affected by the flood had "found themselves" and were rapidly restoring normal conditions.

Gen. Wood, in notifying his assistant, Major Gen. Wotherspoon, in Washington, of the generally improved situation in Ohio, said that the policy now will be gradually to withdraw the army's assistance from the towns to the north and send necessary supplies to towns further south. In furtherance of this plan Major Logan will be sent to Louisville and Major Normoyle brought here from Dayton before Gen. Wood returns to Washington.

Secretary Garrison made public the substance of his report to President Wilson in a formal statement which was in part as follows:

"The force of the water at Hamilton was very great. The flood area was wide and the destruction to property very large. Forty-five bodies of drowned have been so far recovered. The débris has not all been searched as yet, but I think it is safe to estimate that seventy to eighty will be the outside limit of the number of the dead.

"The public spirit displayed here is of the highest and most commendable quality, and the citizens are enthusiastically co-operating with the National Guard officers in command of the situation. Our officers are working in concert, we having medical officers, hospital corps men, non-commissioned officers of the line, and engineer officers here.

"There is an abundance of food, shelter, medical supplies, physicians, and clothin. Nothing needed for the existing emergency is lacking. Col. Charles F. Hake, Jr., retired, of the Ohio National Guard, came in at the beginning and took charge, doing excellent work until Col. Zimmerman, Ohio National Guard, was sent in to command. He at once established martial law and was handling the whole situation with skill, courage, and resourcefulness. He has placed the sanitary situatio nunder the control of Major Hendley and he has districted the city and is utilizing our medical men and hospital corps men and the commissioned men we sent in as aids to his own men, and the local people who volunteered in the most cheerful spirit.

"They have met and are prepared to meet the whole situation efficiently and completely. We have placed at their disposal all resources in the way of supplies they may need. The water system has been re-established and will be normal by night. The lighting system will then again be put in operation.

"The citizens as a whole have shown such a fine spirit that I have no doubt the matter of restoration, rehabilitation, and repair will proceed under the best of auspices, although they may need and may avail themselves of the services of the Red Cross in this connection. I think it proper for you to announce, if you desire to do so, that Hamilton, as well as all other places seriously affected by the flood, have found themselves and are tending toward normal conditions rapidly.

"Temporary bridges and ferries are being established between Hamilton and West Hamilton, where many of the business men live. I saw Miss Boardman and her aid this morning, and they will take care of the situation after the emergency has passed and our men are withdrawn.

"The report from Zanesville, Ohio, is that matters are well in hand there, and such also is the case at Chillicothe. At the latter the loss of life was 25. As a preventive measure officers have been sent from here to Louisville, Ky., and to Evansville. One large boat is being stocked with provisions, and an officer and aid will be placed on it to go to Portsmouth, Ohio, and from there to Point Pleasant, Ky., visiting the places on both sides of the river and giving relief where needed.

"We have here experienced men in sufficient numbers who have thorough knowledge of that country and the way to deal with the situation, together with boats and means of transporting supplies."

MAROONED ARE ALL REACHED.

Considering Plans to Prevent Recurrence of Columbus Disaster.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, March 30.—All of the marooned inhabitants of the flooded west side of this city have been reached, and those who were willing to leave their homes were brought to the east side and cared for in hospitals, private homes, or temporary places of refuge. Boats have been used to carry provisions and fuel to those who could not leave their homes. Searchers recovered twelve more bodies to-day. Many of the rescued ones were hardly able to stand, and others were thinly clad and benumbed by the cold, and trembled as they were lifted into the boats. The hospitals are crowded with patients dangerously ill from exposure.

It will be some time before the number of dead will be known. A conservative estimate places the death list at 100. The bodies of 59 men, women, and children have been recovered thus far. Not until the water recedes sufficiently to permit of explorations in the Glenwood Avenue district can any accurate estimate be made.

The morgues and hospitals and places of refuge are constantly besieged by people looking for lost relatives. Nearly one hundred babies have been born in the flood districts and in the refugee camps since Tuesday morning. In most cases neither the mothers nor the babies received any medical attention. Many of the babies have died from exposure and hunger. The General Relief Committee has opened a maternity hospital at Memorial Hall. A staff of physicians and nurses has been organized to care for mothers and babies.

By working day and night, squads of men furnished by the city and by railroad companies, have succeeded in patching the break in the levee which caused the disaster on the west side. A second smaller break also is being repaired.

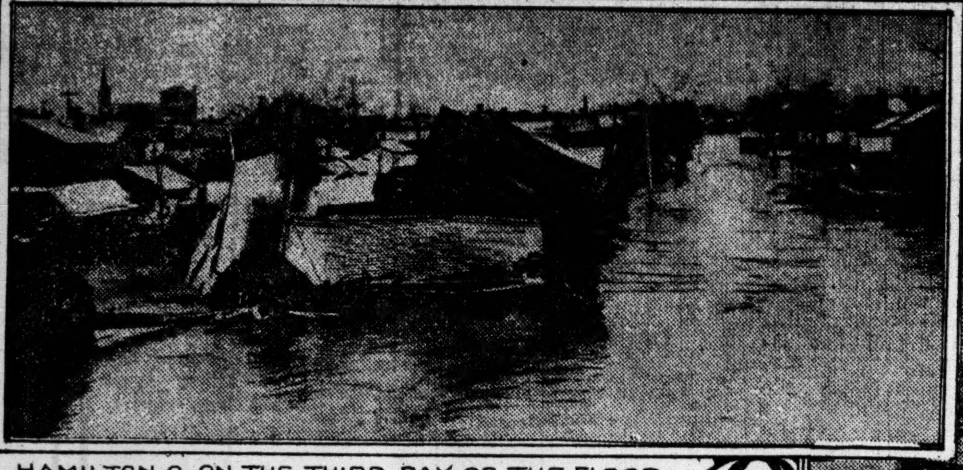
While householders to-day were busy cleaning the wreckage from their homes and militiamen were clearing the principal streets, plans were being made to prevent recurrence of the floods.

Various plans were suggested. Those which met with the greatest approval provided for the construction of an extra artificial river bed through the city for the Scioto River, and building immense concrete retaining levees along the banks of the present river bed.

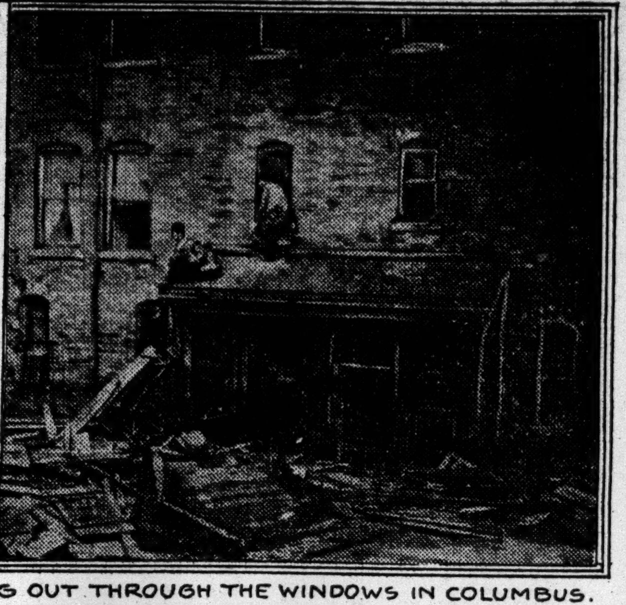
A mass meeting of citizens was held this afternoon at Memorial Hall, and there latest reports were read and future conditions discussed.

The flooded west side still remains under martial law, no persons being allowed to pass through the military lines unless they own property.

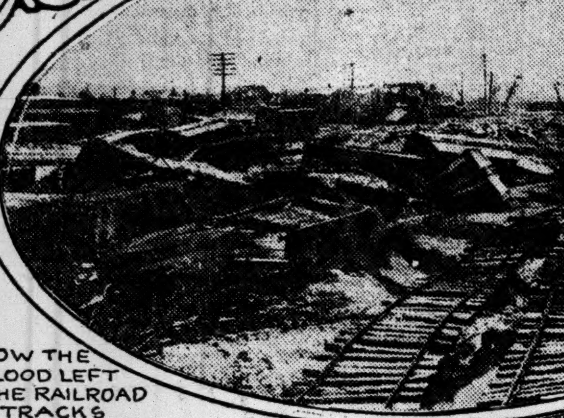
How the Flood Spread Destruction in Hamilton and Columbus.



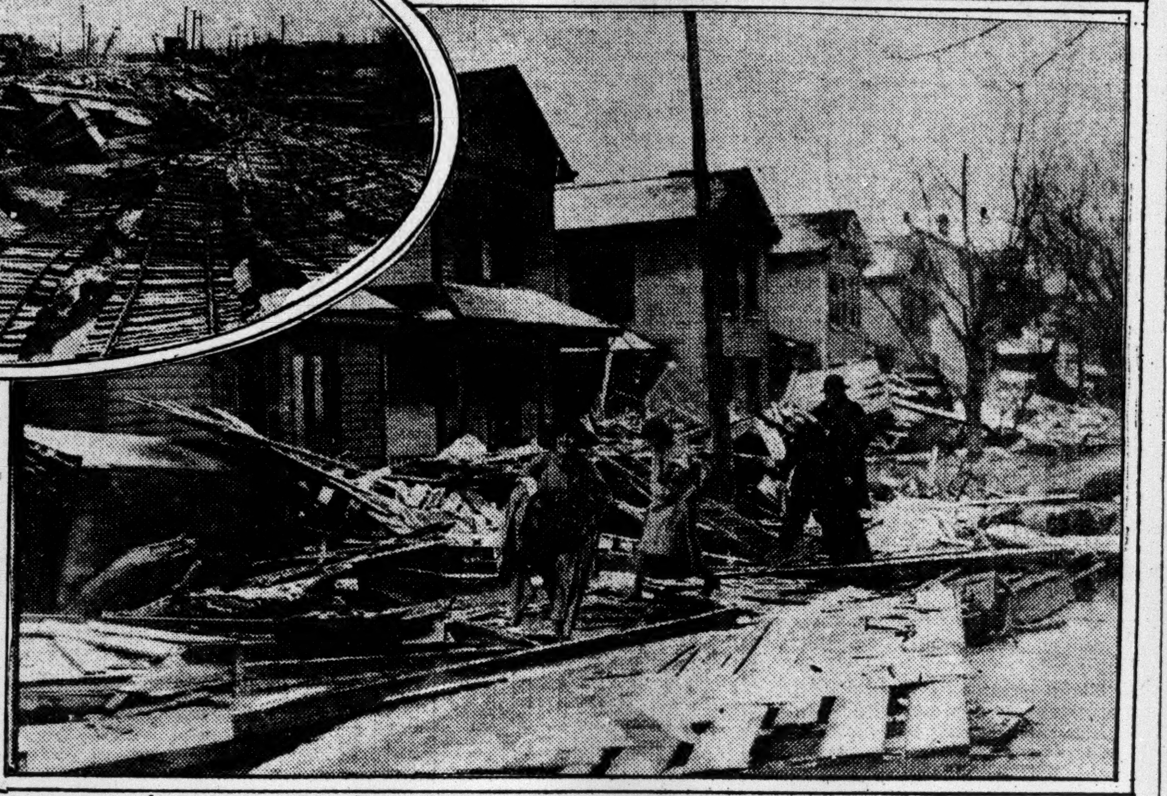
HAMILTON, O, ON THE THIRD DAY OF THE FLOOD



GETTING OUT THROUGH THE WINDOWS IN COLUMBUS.



HOW THE FLOOD LEFT THE RAILROAD TRACKS



A HAMILTON, O, STREET, AS THE WATERS SUBSIDED

HAMILTON'S SCENE OF RUIN.

Street Lines Almost Obliterated—Miami's Odd Course.

HAMILTON, Ohio, March 30.—The Secretary of War, Lindley M. Garrison, visited Hamilton to-day, coming from Cincinnati by automobile. The Secretary was impressed so favorably with the manner in which the situation here is being handled by the citizens and by the Ohio National Guard that he said he would telegraph to President Wilson that nothing needed for the present emergency was lacking. The Secretary was told by the authorities that the death list here would not contain more than eighty names. The property loss is estimated at $4,000,000. Secretary Garrison found that the work of rehabilitation was going on under martial law.

With Secretary Garrison were Major General Wood, Chief of Staff of the Army, and Major McCoy. They made a thorough investigation of conditions. They saw block after block in both the residential and business parts of the city where street lines practically were eliminated by overturned houses, jammed against each other and against the buildings, which withstood the shock. Sidewalks were torn up, telegraph poles broken off at their bases, and large trees uprooted and imbedded in the masses of ruin. It was noticed that the Miami in flood had left its regular course, and gouged out for long distances what was virtually a new river bed. This discovery greatly interested Secretary Garrison's party.

Gen. Wood, who went over part of the ground twice, thought the railroad bridge above the city, which remained fast, might have been responsible for the diversion of the river so far from its regular course. He went into this phase of the situation with Lieut. Finch of the Engineer Corps, and asked for a full investigation and report.

As Secretary Garrison's car approached High Street, the desolation was apparent, and by the time Second Street had been reached the full effect of the flood was apparent. Near the Y. M. C. A. Building the car was stopped to permit the passage of a vanload of dead animals. A pile of coffins running for half a block stood in front of the Court House. The basement of the Court House has been turned into a morgue. A long line of men, women, and children was moving slowly through the Court House yard past two open coffins. One contained the body of a woman and the other that of a baby girl.

When Secretary Garrison's party left for Cincinnati both of these coffins were marked "unidentified." As fast as the bodies were identified they were taken from the Court House yard to the cemetery.

Secretary Garrison was told that forty-five bodies had been recovered. Fear was expressed that the mud and débris along the river bank still held many who had perished, as most of the bodies already recovered were found in that district.

The whole situation was laid before Secretary Garrison and Gen. Wood at the Chamber of Commerce Building, the headquarters for relief work. Major Hendley of the Ohio militia said the city had been divided into five sanitary districts, which in turn had been subdivided into some forty smaller districts, in which the Militia Hospital Corps and the men of the United States Army Medical Corps, under Capt. Whaley of Fort Monroe, were working in the utmost harmony.

Col. Zimmerman of the Ohio National Guard, at the head of the military administration of affairs in Hamilton, and Ben Straus, Chairman of the Citizens' Committee, received words of commendation from Secretary Garrison and Gen. Wood.

RAILROAD CONDITIONS IMPROVE

All Lines Report That Repairs Are Progressing Rapidly.

It was announced at the Grand Central terminal last night that by noon to-day the New York Central Railroad expected to have all of its trains operating on schedule time over its own tracks, except through trains to Cincinnati. The first through train to Indianapolis since the flood left the Grand Central terminal last night, and the first through Pullman to St. Louis since the flood is scheduled to depart this morning.

The damage to roadbeds in this State, it was said, was mostly repaired. All long-distance trains arriving at the Grand Central yesterday were from three to five hours late. On many of the trains were persons from the flood districts who told thrilling stories of their experiences when the floods were at their height.

On the New York and New England express from Chicago came Max Whyle of Brooklyn, who was marooned in Piqua, Ohio, from Monday until last Friday. When he left Friday morning he said the entire city appeared to be flooded, and small frame houses, unable to withstand the stream, were torn loose from their foundations. On the roof of one of these, Mr. Whyle said, was the father and mother of Luther McCarthy, the heavyweight pugilist, with a greyhound. The house swung into the river and was smashed against a bridge. The man and woman were thrown into the water, and, presumably, drowned. The dog jumped to the bridge, and afterward made its way to the Palace Hotel, where Mr. Whyle was stopping.

The food allowance served to the guests of the hotel and others who had taken shelter there, Mr. Whyle said last night, was cut down to two small meals a day, at it was feared that the supply would run out, and the drinking water was barely fit for use. Candles were the only means of illumination after dark.

The other roads entering New York reported improved conditions on their roads in the flood zones.

FLOOD RELIEF WORK REDUCED TO SYSTEM

Sage Foundation Issues Directions for the Benefit of Afflicted Districts.

LESSONS OF SAN FRANCISCO

Big Charity Organizations Co-operate with Red Cross—Bicknell and Devine in Charge.

For the first time in the history of relief work on a large scale the men and women who are engaged in the tremendous task of bringing aid to the sufferers from the Middle Western floods will have for their guidance a scientific and practical "what to do" manual based upon experience gained in another great disaster. By a remarkable coincidence the Russell Sage Foundation's study of the organization and methods of relief adopted in the period immediately following the San Francisco earthquake and fire was going to press when the news of the flood horrors of Ohio and Indiana was given to the world. For the assistance of those upon whom heavy relief responsibilities have suddenly come the foundation has sent advance sheets of portions of the book to charity organizations in and near the stricken regions.

The relief survey is divided into six parts: Organization and emergency period, rehabilitation, business rehabilitation, housing rehabilitation, after care, the aged and infirm. Some of the prime points emphasized under organization and emergency period are:

1. The recognition of the American National Red Cross, with its permanent organization, its Governmental status, and its direct accountability to Congress for all expenditures, as the proper National agency through which relief funds for great disasters should be collected and administered; thus securing unity of effort, certainty of policy, and a centre about which all local relief agencies may rally.

2. The importance of postponing the appointment of sub-committees until a strong central committee has been able to determine general policies and methods of procedure. The hasty organization of sub-committees at San Francisco resulted in much overlapping, some committees getting in each others' way so that unnecessary confusion arose. The relief forces were not united until a whole week after the disaster, and after unfortunate difficulty and bitterness.

3. The desirability of contributions, especially those in kind, being sent without restrictions, as only the local organization is able to measure relative needs at different periods of the work. At San Francisco much pitifully needless suffering was caused through the unwise restrictions imposed by those who sent funds or supplies from distant States. The delays in securing authority for the wise use of these contributions were well nigh intolerable. The only safe course lies in placing implicit trust in an efficient and recognized director of relief such as the Red Cross is in a position to furnish.

4. The value of utilizing for emergency administration a body so highly organized and so efficient as the United States Army, to take charge of camps, and to bring to points of distribution the supplies required for those in need of food and clothing.

5. The wisdom of reducing the bread line and the camp population as quickly as possible after this disaster so that the relief sources may be conserved to meet the primary need of rehabilitation. The care used in emergency expenditures means much in husbanding resources so that permanent rehabilitation may be efficient and thorough.

6. The need of establishing a central bureau of information to serve from the beginning of the relief work as a clearing house, to prevent confusion and waste through duplication of effort.

7. The necessity of utilizing the centres of emergency distribution for the later rehabilitation work of district committees and corps of visitors.

8. The necessity of incorporation for any relief organization that has to deal with so large a disaster.

9. The possibility of a strict audit of all relief in cash sent to a relief organization. The impossibility of an equally strict accounting for relief in kind, because of the many leaks and the difficulties attendant upon hurried distribution. Care in this direction is assured if the Red Cross is fully utilized.

Realizing from the experience gained in San Francisco that the most important factors in relief work are the spirit and devotion of local committees and the employment of a trained staff, the largest and most efficient charity organizations throughout the country, after the earthquake agreed to co-operate as "institutional members" of the Red Cross. When a disaster comes in any part of the country the nearest of these organizations at once dispatches trained members of its staff to the scene. Each organization has an "emergency box" containing, in convenient carrying form, an equipment including instructions, record cards, Red Cross flags, &c.

In the present disaster Director Bicknell went from the Washington headquarters to the scene of the worst conditions in Ohio.

PASTORS APPEAL FOR FLOOD FUNDS

Collections Taken Up in Most of the Churches Here to Aid the Sufferers.

Y.M.C.A. STARTS RELIEF PLANS

Both Men's and Women's Organizations Arrange to Send Special Trains with Supplies.

References to the floods in Ohio and other States were made in most of the churches in this city yesterday. In every Protestant Episcopal church in the Diocese of New York a special prayer, authorized by Bishop Greer, was offered, while in churches of other denominations the pastors spoke with feeling of the plight of the flood sufferers and prayed for Divine protection for them and those dependent upon them. This was the prayer sent out by Bishop Greer:

> Merciful God and Heavenly Father, who hast taught in Thy holy Word that Thou dost not willingly afflict or grieve the children of men, give ear to the prayers which we humbly offer to Thee in behalf of our brethren who are suffering from the great water floods,
>
> Cause them in their sorrow to experience the comfort of Thy presence and in their bewilderment the guidance of Thy wisdom. Stir up, we beseech Thee, the wills of Thy people to minister with generous aid to their present needs, and so overrule in Thy providence this great and sore calamity that we may be brought nearer to Thee and be knit more closely one to another in sympathy and love.
>
> All of which we humbly ask through Jesus Christ, our Lord. Amen.

In every Roman Catholic Church this letter was read from Cardinal Farley calling on the congregations to do all in their power to aid in the alleviation of the sufferings due to the floods:

> Cardinal's Residence,
> New York, March 27, 1913.
>
> Reverend and Dear Father: The appalling disasters which have befallen Nebraska and Ohio during the past few days have touched every heart with a sense of Christian sympathy for the sufferers from the awful visitation of tornado and flood. According to press reports, thousands are dead, hundreds of thousands are homeless, and threatened with starvation and disease. It is hardly necessary to urge that we must immediately do our share to alleviate the affliction, as far as possible, arising from this terrible calamity.
>
> I, therefore, feel that an appeal should be made to the charity of the faithful, and I hereby direct that a collection should be taken up in all the churches of this diocese at all the masses on Sunday, March 30, for the benefit of the sufferers.
>
> Praying Almighty God in His mercy to look down with compassion on the stricken and to console those that mourn for their dead, a prayer in which you will please ask your flock to join, I am, Faithfully yours in Christ. JOHN CARDINAL FARLEY,
> Archbishop of New York.

The amount of the collections taken up in the Catholic churches will be made public some time this week.

From the pulpit of the Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Avenue and Ninety-first Street, the Rev. Dr. Edgar W. Work, the pastor, who before coming to New York was pastor of the Third Street Presbyterian Church in Dayton, read this telegram which he had received from Gov. Cox of Ohio:

> The Rev. Edgar W. Work, Fourth Presbyterian Church, New York City:
>
> Replying to your message, food situation is pretty well provided for until Monday. Government is assuming charge of sanitary rehabilitation of the city of Dayton. Great suffering and distress. It is estimated that we will be compelled to feed from 200,000 to 500,000 persons for two or three weeks in Ohio. JAMES M. COX, Governor.

The collection that followed the reading of the telegram was given to the relief fund for the flood sufferers.

The Rev. Malcolm James McLeod of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, in the course of the services in that church yesterday, called attention to printed slips that were put in all of the pews. Each slip was an appeal for aid for those in the flood zone. The work is in charge of the women of the church and contributions of money, clothing or food should be sent to Mrs. A. L. White, the President of the Church Sewing Circle, at 1 West Forty-eighth Street.

In his sermon at Grace Methodist Episcopal Church the Rev. Dr. Christian F. Reisner referred to the floods in the Middle West and asked the congregation to be generous in their response to the appeal for the relief of the sufferers.

Miss Tatham's office is at 600 Lexington Avenue. Mr. Orne's is at 215 West Twenty-third Street.

It was announced yesterday that all members of the Young Men's and the Young Women's Christian Associations in this city were collecting clothing to be sent to flood sufferers in Dayton, Columbus, and Cincinnati and other parts of Ohio. Henry W. Orne, General Secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and Miss Cora L. Tatham, General Secretary for metropolitan work of the Y. W. C. A., sent to the New York City branches yesterday letters calling for emergency work in behalf of the Ohio sufferers. They requested that the garments be made ready for quick shipment in relief trains. As Miss Tatham has charge of eight Y. W. C. A. branches and institutions and Mr. Orne directs the activities of fifteen Y. M. C. A. branches, it is thought a large quantity of clothing will be ready for shipment soon. The two General Secretaries asked that cash contributions from their respective associations be sent to the Red Cross Society for relief work in the flood zone.

At a meeting of the Citizens' Committee for the quick relief of the tornado and flood sufferers, of which Alton B. Parker is the Chairman, yesterday it was voted to increase the membership of the Advisory Board from twenty to one hundred members. Subsequently it was announced that prominent men had joined the committee and given subscriptions.

Among those who accepted membership were George B. Cortelyou, James B. Duke, V. Everett Macy, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University; Dr. D. Hunter McAlpin, Gordon W. Burnham, Benjamin B. McAlpin, Murray Guggenheim, and Adolph Lewisohn.

The committee announced that owing to the suspension of Post Office activities the full subscription list for yesterday could not be given out until to-day. A few subscriptions were made by telephone. They were:

V. Everitt Macy	$1,000
George B. Cortelyou	100
Gordon W. Burnham	100
Dr. D. Hunter McAlpin	250
Benjamin B. McAlpin	100

MEXICO COMPLAINS OF AID TO REBELS

Informs Washington Arms and Ammunition Are Passing Across the Border.

ASKS UNITED STATES TO ACT

Huerta's Capital Anxious Because of Rumors That Street Fighting Is to be Renewed.

MEXICO CITY, March 30.—The Mexican Government has made a formal protest to the American Government against the shipping of arms and ammunition from the United States to the rebels, and has requested that greater vigilance be exercised in guarding the frontier. Mexican officials understand that many consignments of war material, including large numbers of machine guns, have been sent across the border, in some cases even at the regular ports of entry, and are in the hands of the rebels.

It is pointed out by the same officials that since the rebels are in control of a large part of the frontier, this country is dependent absolutely for the time being on the efforts of the United States to prevent the rebels from obtaining supplies. That the rebels are procuring quantities of ammunition appears to be a fact.

No notable improvement in the revolutionary situation is apparent. Most of the successes in recent days are credited to the rebels, although severe punishment in minor engagements has been inflicted on the adherents of Col. Carranza, rebel Governor of Coahuila, near Monterey. The report that Carranza and his chief lieutenant, Major Carfias, had been captured has not been confirmed.

The followers of Carranza appear to be less organized than those of Maytorena in Sonora, but many bands are harassing a wide area throughout Coahuila and in part of Nuevo Leon, and the new organization of rebels in the States of Durango and San Luis Potosi are greatly hampering the progress of the Federals.

The Government seems to regard the situation in the Northwest as more delicate than that in Coahuila. Gen. José Mier is on his way to take command of the campaign in that territory. The slow mobilization of forces along the Chihuahua-Sonora line continues. These are to be supplemented by troops sent in transports to the west coast ports of Guaymas and Mazatlan. The Government asserts that it soon will have 10,000 men in that region, including many of Orózco's army, commanded by old officers. Thus far few of the former rebels are engaged in the campaign.

The residents of the capital are nervous because of the continued rumors of friction between President Huerta and Gen. Felix Diaz and of plots and intrigues, even to the fixing of dates when a new battle may be expected in the streets, or the assassination of one or the other of the principals may be perpetrated. On Saturday so keen was the excitement that the President called the newspaper men to the palace after midnight and issued a formal statement that he and Felix Diaz still were friends, and were working in harmony. Huerta's statement was duplicated by Diaz.

Gen. Geronimo Trevino, who resigned recently as Governor of Nuevo Leon because of his lack of sympathy with the Huerta Administration, arrived in the capital to-day. He was greeted by officials and escorted by troops, and was received in audience by the President, but no statement has been made as to the object in bringing him here.

A dispatch from Cuernavaca says it is reported that Pascual Orozco, Sr., has been executed by Zapata's soldiers, but the report is not confirmed.

That Emiliano Zapata does not intend to recognize the Huerta Government seems to be certain from the fact that he is holding as his prisoners Pascual Orozco, Sr., and four others who accompanied him into the South to negotiate a peace pact with the rebels.

Zapata's terms include the withdrawal of all Federals from the State of Morelos, but these have been sent informally, instead of by means of the Orozco commission, who have been disarmed and are under guard near Cuautla. The reported execution of two of the Commissioners, who were former leaders under Zapata, is not true.

It is understood that the Government will resume its campaign of extermination, and in case his father is held or killed it is likely that Gen. Pascual Orozco and his men will have an important rôle in the campaign. The Commissioners were taken to Zapata, who, according to dispatches from Cuautla, was inclined to liberate them, but was prevented from doing so by his own men. The death of Francisco Madero is regarded in Zapata's camp, these dispatches say, as a treasonable act. Orators among the Zapata forces are making speeches to the rebels in which they characterize a surrender as cowardly.

DURANGO, Mexico, March 30.—Six hundred Federals were defeated recently by a band of rebels 1,000 strong near San Gabriel, thirty-five miles northeast of here. The rebels, according to Federals who are arriving here on foot, captured a trainload of supplies and ammunition. Both sides are said to have suffered heavy losses.

Building Opinion

When an opinion is general it is fair to assume that it is correct.

Representative owners from coast to coast will tell you that you can employ no more efficient organization to conduct a building operation than ours, nor one that can build more economically.

A book, describing the Hoggson Single Contract Method of Building, on request.

Owner
Architecture Engineering
Construction Hoggson Brothers Decoration
Equipment Furnishing

HOGGSON BROTHERS
7 EAST 44th ST., NEW YORK CITY
BOSTON NEW HAVEN CHICAGO

STATE WATER BILLS TIMELY IN ALBANY

Flood Experiences Expected to Make Legislators Consider Conservation Seriously.

TWO MEASURES SCHEDULED

Development of Electric Energy from Barge Canal Surplus Proposed in One of Them.

ALBANY, March 30.—Flood waters having just receded from the very doors of their hotels and boarding houses, and still greatly interfering with the ordinary comforts of life undoubtedly will serve to give State legislators a keen personal interest in considering propositions to conserve and utilize the surplus waters of the State when those measures are brought up in the Assembly to-morrow night. The State Conservation Commission has asserted that the construction of storage reservoirs to impound the waste waters of the streams would have averted, in a large measure, the great property damage throughout the State incident to the recent flood conditions.

To-morrow night, it is expected, the Assembly will be called on to consider two measures designed for the conservation and utilization of the State's undeveloped water powers. Both measures passed the Senate last week before flooded conditions became acute in this State. One is the Murtaugh-Patrie bill, which, if enacted into law, will commit the State to a policy of developing electrical energy from the surplus waters of the barge canal. This measure makes provision for the erection of a power plant at Vischer's Ferry, on the Mohawk River, as a sort of experiment. If the Vischer's Ferry project proves successful, it is the idea for the State, under the supervision of the Conservation Commission, to erect similar plants throughout the State wherever power is available.

The other measure is the Walters bill, which would permit the construction by quasi-public corporations of storage reservoirs along the head waters of the streams, the water thus stored to be sold to the supply power for private enterprises. A clause in this measure makes provision for a partial monetary return to the State yearly for the use of its waters, and also is designed to give the State, if it desires, complete ownership over the reservoirs after fifty years.

The Legislature may be asked this week to appropriate money to repair the damage to the canal system wrought by the recent high waters. Although the extent of the damage has not been estimated with accuracy, it is the opinion of several of the department heads that the damage is not materially greater than that caused yearly by the Spring freshets. Although they concede that this year's floods were worse than in former years, they say that the canalization of parts of the river system, the straightening out of sharp bends and the erection of locks and dams were great factors in preventing more widespread and disastrous consequences.

It is known that Gov. Sulzer is considering sending a special message requesting the Legislature to appropriate funds to aid the flood sufferers of the Middle West. It is thought, however, that he will procure definite information concerning the extent of property loss and human privation in his own State before taking action.

FLOOD FIRE BURNS DEPOT.

Connecticut River Wets Lime, Setting Building Ablaze.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., March 30.—The rising waters of the Connecticut River reached the freight depot of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company in Water Street to-day and, slaking lime, which was in storage there, set the building on fire. The building was destroyed, firemen being powerless to check the flames, as the only means of getting in reach of the building was by rowboats. The damage was $15,000.

The flood reached its height here to-day, cutting off communication with the southern part of the city, except by boat. The property loss will be small, as most of the houses are on high ground.

Sends Smelt to Feed Flood Victims.

KELSO, Wash., March 30.—Twenty thousand pounds of fresh Columbia River smelt were shipped to the flood victims yesterday by fishermen of this little community.

GMC
TRUCKS

REPUTATION may be just as vital to a small producer as a large one.

It must be agreed however, that the big organization, in hazarding reputation, hazards millions. And with millions at stake it is not profitable to make mistakes in service rendered or product delivered.

GENERAL MOTORS TRUCK CO.
PONTIAC, MICHIGAN
Makers of Gasoline and Electric Trucks of all capacities.
NEW YORK BRANCH—236 W. 58th STREET

J. M. Gidding & Co.
New York Paris

Special Sale of Smart Afternoon Dresses at $45

Reproductions of three new French models for Spring—of satin de soie, with bodice of cream net over camisole effect. Colors—bronze, squadron blue, peony rose, navy, black and white. *Exceptional values.*

Fifth Avenue, 46th & 47th Streets

A High Reputation in a Great American Art

WE OWN a reputation second to none in the art of Tailoring ready-to-wear clothes.

The Smith Gray label is a part of New York's fame. We add to this label's value each day by adopting suggestions and ideas that will produce betterment. To-day we are ahead of yesterday.

Our Springtime clothes of 1913—this Springtime—are better clothes than we have ever made before. You are doomed to a long journey if you search for better ones, or fairer prices:

$15 to $45.

Smith Gray & Co.
UNDER SAME CONTROL & OWNERSHIP SINCE 1845
BROADWAY AT WARREN ST.—NEW YORK—5th AV., BET. 27th & 28th STS
FULTON ST. AT FLATBUSH AV.—BROOKLYN—BROADWAY AT BEDFORD AV.

THE TIMES'S DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

GERMAN ARMY TOTAL WILL BE $321,000,000

Gold for the War Chest Is Not Included in $261,250,000 Estimate.

"THE EMPIRE IS IN PERIL"

Kaiser Ready to Go to the Country on That Issue if Socialists Defeat the Bills.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, March 30.—The German people are dazed by the magnitude of the sacrifices they are asked to make for the purpose of strengthening the army and navy, not only by land and sea, but also by air.

Following the revelation of the increase of the military establishment at a cost of $261,250,000 and the heaping up of the contents of the Spandau war chest to $90,000,000, comes the announcement that $19,750,000 of the army increase will be spent in extending the aerial branch of the military establishment alone. In addition the Admiralty intends to spend $12,500,000 on airships and aeroplanes for the navy.

Including the separate supplementary aerial estimates for the Admiralty of $750,000, the $1,750,000 subscribed for the national flying fund; the aerial programme, hich is now engaging the attention of the Kaiser's Government, is based upon the enormous total of $34,750,000, which will cover the period of five years between now and 1918. With maintenance and other costs, it is estimated that the annual expenditures for the combined army and navy air fleet under the new scheme will amount to $7,500,000, or a total of $37,500,000, during the next five years.

The Tägliche Rundschau, the Pan-German military naval organ, which first announced the coming of the aerial navy law, says to-day that the huge estimates are due to the direct intervention of the Kaiser, after urgent repeated representations by the Chief of the General Staff.

No details are as yet supplied regarding the manner in which the army's $19,750,000 is to be spent, but THE TIMES correspondent understands, from a well-informed quarter, that the General Staff's programme contemplates the creation of a fleet of twenty Zeppelin airships, with ten revolving sheds, each to accommodate two vessels, and a complementary fleet of at least 200 aeroplanes. The army air fleet will be distributed along the French and Russian frontiers, with reserve stations at strategic inland points.

Although public opinion had to a degree discounted the immensity of the army increase, nevertheless it is staggered by the sight of the actual numerical details. By 1914 a total of 176,000 men will have been added to the army. In four years the sum of $60,000,000 in gold will have been added to the war chest. This will not, of course, be taken from the $261,250,000 to be spent on the army, but will be provided for by a special new issue of silver and paper currency of small denominations.

Commercial quarters are filled with fresh anxiety over this additional unexpected drain on the none-too-adequate supply of gold in the empire. The German people now have to pay a tax of $5 in $1,000 on fortunes, a premium of from 25 cents to $5 in $1,000 on all life insurance over $500, and an additional $40 in $1,000 on incomes over $12,500; a new stamp tax on the transfer of property, and a property increment tax of 30 cents per capita in the Federal States.

Herr von Gwinner of the Deutsche Bank estimates the aggergate German national fortune at $75,000,000,000, which at $5 in the $1,000 will produce $375,000,000. He calculates the total income at $10,000,000,000. He does not think there will be any serious attempt on the part of the propertied classes to evade the new taxation. "Germans," he says, "are not only rich, but also honest." He says there is hardly any doubt that the Kaiser's Government is prepared to dissolve Parliament and appeal to the country on the issue that "the empire is in peril."

If the Socialists, with their 110 votes, can find 89 supporters in the House to provide the necessary majority to defeat the Government's bill, the Liberal and Radical Parties, which are hotly opposing the various features of the taxation scheme, may welcome the opportunity to join hands with the Socialists.

Pope Resumes His Audiences.

ROME, March 30.—The Pope resumed his audiences to-day, which indicates that he has practically recovered from his recent illness. The Pontiff appeared to be in excellent spirits. Those received in audience included two German Bishops, the Apostolic Vicar of Manchuria, and the Apostolic Vicar of the Solomon Islands.

CELESTINS
VICHY
(FRENCH REPUBLIC PROPERTY)
Natural Alkaline Water
For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Uric Acid.
ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN
Bottled at the Springs

NEW VELASQUEZ'S HISTORY.

"Annunciation" Was Given to Louis Philippe by English Amateur.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 30.—Further details of the history of the newly discovered Velasquez, "The Annunciation to the Shepherds," show that it was bequeathed to Louis Philippe by Frank Hall Standish of Duxbury Hall, Lincolnshire, "as testimony of my esteem for a generous land which is always ready to welcome travelers and which I have always visited with pleasure and quitted with regret." It was No. 153 in the catalogue of the Standish collection, which filled no fewer than sixteen rooms.

When the picture was sold at auction at Christie's, immediately after its removal from the Louvre, it was sold to the Rev. Davenport Bromley for $1,995, although it had suffered comparatively little in transit, whereas others sent with it had been considerably damaged, owing to bad packing.

Dr. Waagen, who then saw the "Annunciation," described it as "bold and realistic in the heads and forms and the contrast between the garish lights and black shadows very strong, but admirably painted in solid impasto."

After a second sale at Christie's, in 1863, the history of the picture is not clear. In Redford's "Art Sales" Lord Bath is given as the purchaser, while an art journal mentions Lord Ashburton.

The present Marquis of Bath is not aware that the picture was ever in his family. No light has been thrown upon the question by Lord Ashburton, but in Christie's original catalogue the entry is "Bathouse." Since the same name is entered against several other pictures which subsequently found their way to Melchet Court, the residence of the late Louisa, Lady Ashburton, it is reasonable to assume that "Bathouse" stands for "Bath House," at that time Lord Ashburton's town residence.

From that day the travels of the "Annunciation" are a mystery. It is known that certain pictures of the Ashburton collection were sold privately, and the Velasquez was no doubt among them.

DIVORCES DOROTHY GRIMSTON

R. A. Meyer Accused Mrs. Kendal's Daughter of Misconduct.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 30.—The Australian mail brings news of a divorce suit, brought in Melbourne by R. A. Meyer, a theatrical agent, against his wife, well known here as Dorothy Grimston, the daughter of Mrs. Kendal, on the ground of misconduct with Dr. Oswald Shields. Meyer obtained a decree nisi.

Meyer told the court that his wife's extravagance burdened him with debts which he was unable to pay. He also said she had signed valueless checks once without authority and in the name of a friend.

HORSE TRAINERS FINED.

French Steeplechase Society Inflicts Penalties for "Doping."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 30.—Penalties varying from $100 to $1,000, with the power to withdraw the guilty trainers' licenses in the court of last resort, were imposed for "doping" horses, by resolutions adopted to-day at the annual meeting of the French Steeplechase Society. Responsiblity is thrown on the trainer in every case where it was proved a horse ran under the influence of a stimulant illegally administered to horses with the aid of respiratory tubes. These trainers will be hereafter debarred from all race courses controlled by the society.

NO ATTACKS ON MILITANTS.

London Suffragettes Are Jeered, but Do Not Suffer Violence.

LONDON, March 30.—The suffragettes resumed their meetings at Hyde Park and Hampstead Heath this afternoon, and, while they were subjected to continuous interruptions, the crowds were good-tempered, and there was no repetition of the scenes of violence which occurred a fortnight ago.

In Hyde Park a strong force of police was present to protect the women, who also had an escort of stalwart dockers.

All the speakers were greeted with the monotonous chant of "Sit down! Enough of you!" and when one of the women announced that one of the delegates to the international conference to be held at Budapest in June would be a woman member of the Chinese Parliament, there were continued shouts of "Ching Ching" which broke up the meeting.

At Hampstead Heath, besides the police, the women had an escort of residents of the district, who, although not favoring militancy, were determined to uphold the right of free speech.

In attempting to forward their cause by setting fire to new and unoccupied houses, the suffragettes have again struck friend instead of foe. The house at Walton which they damaged with bombs, while it was being built for the occupancy of David Lloyd-George, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is really owned by Sir George Riddell, proprietor of one of the two papers which support votes for women.

It is now learned that the house at Hampstead which they attempted to burn last week is owned by the daughter of H. W. Nevinson, an ardent worker for woman's suffrage. Miss Nevinson and her mother also are among the most active supporters of the cause and give much of their time to it.

WRITE BOOKS TO GET JOBS.

Some Applications to McAdoo Are 500 Pages Long.

WASHINGTON, March 29. —Secretary McAdoo's game of hide and seek with job hunters has not deterred them. Following his escape, the office seekers to-day swamped the Treasury Department with applications by mail. Hundreds of pleas, each accompanied by other hundreds of indorsements, arrived. Six extra clerks were employed in the Appointment Division to open applications and refer them to the proper officials.

Acting Secretary Williams was buried under an avalanche of enveloped appeals. Some of the applications and indorsements were bound in leather making books of 500 pages.

ADRIANOPLE CARNAGE WORST OF THE WAR

Allies Lost 30 Per Cent. of the Troops Engaged in the Final Assault.

POWERS TO ENFORCE DEMAND

Plan Naval Demonstration if Servia Does Not Yield Albania—Montenegro Defiant.

BELGRADE, March 30.—The first trainload of wounded Servians arrived here to-day from Adrianople. The story told by the men shows that the fighting which preceded the capture of the city was the most terrible of the war. The Turks fought with the courage of despair, but the perseverance of the Servians and the excellent leadership of the commanders resulted in their gaining the day. Some of the men were severely wounded, but the majority are suffering only from slight bullet wounds.

One of the wounded officers said: "The siege of Adrianople was an unbroken chain of suffering for the besiegers, which reached its highest degree during the bitter cold of January and February. The snow lay six feet deep, and the sentries died at their posts. The skin of every soldier was parched by the intense frost, while in the trenches the men had their feet cut by the sharp ice breaking every morning under their steps. They slept in mud and water, covered only by canvas, which was often blown away.

"Some days dozens of men were frozen to death. There were snow plains for twenty miles around. No wood could be found, and even when it was brought fires were forbidden, so as not to betray our positions to the enemy."

All the officers agree regarding the terrible losses sustained during the final attack. The Fourth Battalion of the Ninth Infantry lost 30 per cent. of its men, which was about the average for those regiments which attacked the important forts. The Turkish guns kept up a terrific fire, and the Servians made three attempts against Papa Stepe before they succeeded in taking that position, and then did so only at a tremendous cost of life from the fire of the Turkish machine guns

Fort Topyolu was another hard nut to crack. When within 500 yards the Servians, who were accompanied by a Bulgarian regiment, met such a terrible fire, with mines exploding and men falling, that the Bulgars retired, leaving the Servians alone in the position.

Regiment Lost All Officers.

The Servians again advanced at night, creeping like cats and preceded by hand-bomb throwers. The Turks did not discover them until the bomb throwers were upon the trenches. The Bulgarians then came up under command of a Sergeant, having lost all their commissioned officers, but again retired.

After the fort had been taken the Turks repeatedly made counter-attacks, and with their machine guns inflicted heavy losses upon the invading forces.

The press unfavorably discusses Russia's action in joining with the other powers in presenting a note to Servia and Montenegro with regard to Scutari and Albania. It was hoped until the last that Russia would withhold her support of the note.

SOFIA, March 30.—Shukri Pasha, the Turkish commander at Adrianople, said to one of the officials accompanied him to Sofia: "I waited for the assault when we were at the end of our food. On the reduced rations we could have held out for twenty days at the most, according to the number of rations we distributed. I estimate the number of the garrison toward the end at 60,000."

The transportation of the troops from Adrianople to the Tchatalja lines has begun.

LONDON, March 31.—The correspondent of The Times who went to Adrianople after the fall of that city sends the following dispatch:

"Complete order has been restored save in a few spasmodic cases, where fanatics have taken refuge in the house and fire upon the Bulgarians.

"The bombardment, according to an eyewitness, was truly terrific, but the gunners remained at their posts until daylight Wednesday. The sustained and accurate fire forced the Turks to retire, and the fighting became general as soon as the Bulgarians came into the town, owing to the fact that the white flag was not hoisted on Shukri Pasha's headquarters, and the allies entered as captors of the town.

"It is officially stated that 30,000 prisoners were taken and immense stores captured. The Turkish losses are estimated at 10,000. The Bulgarians lost 7,000, of whom 1,000 were killed."

Austria Is Losing Patience.

The stubbornness of Montenegro in continuing the bombardment of Scutari, contrary to the wishes of the powers, and the dilatoriness of Servia in withdrawing her troops beyond the line decided upon as the frontier of the future Albania, will, if not overcome by more peaceful measures, lead to a demonstration and blockade of the Montenegrin coast and the ports of Albania occupied by Servia.

Austria-Hungary is losing patience with her little neighbors, and is urging the powers to take action to enforce the demands contained in their notes to Servia and Montenegro. When the naval measures are taken, it is expected that this duty will be allotted to Great Britain, Italy, and Austria. Russia, although she joined in the collective diplomatic action, will not participate in the coercive steps.

Servia has expressed her intention of complying with the powers' demand to evacuate Albania, but has made no movement in that direction, and the Austrian Government complains that instead of doing so she is sending more war material to that territory, probably under the idea that she will not be forced to leave until peace had been concluded.

Austria, however, insists upon the immediate withdrawal of the Servians from the country which, under the powers' decision, cannot be Servia's, no matter what the result of the fighting is.

The powers presented another note to the administration at Cettinje to-day notifying Montenegro of Turkey's consent to the departure of the civilian population from Scutari and announcing that a representative of the powers would take the news to Essad Pasha, the Turkish commander there. The Minister who received the note said that he would have to submit it to the Cabinet, but it is learned from an authoritative source that Montenegro will not agree to the proposal.

A Vienna dispatch to The Daily Mail says: "Austria has three army corps on the Herzegovinan frontier ready to enter Montenegro should the pressure from the powers, which it is intended to repeat and intensify, be ineffectual."

Bulgars Suffer a Repulse.

A Hademkeui dispatch to The Daily Chronicle, describing the fight at Biyuk Chekmedye, says that the Bulgarians hurled 20,000 men against the Turkish advanced position, and during the darkness carried it with the bayonet, the Turks retiring upon their main position.

At daylight the Turks bombarded the captured position and prevented the Bulgarians from entrenching. Subsequently the Turks delivered a counter attack, 6,000 infantry storming the position with the bayonet.

After toiling up the muddy slopes the Turks flung themselves upon the Bulgarians and a desperate bayonet fight ensued. The Bulgarians were driven out of the position down the slope on the opposite side.

The Bulgar attack on the west wing near Tchatalja was also repulsed.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 30.—The fall of Adrianople has created a feeling of the deepest dejection in all sections, which has tended to increase the unpopularity of the Government.

The fall of Adrianople has created a feeling of the deepest dejection in all sections, which has tended to increase the unpopularity of the Government.

The British Vice Consul at Adrianople sends a message that all the Consuls and foreign communities are safe and well. His report says that the Bulgarians took only 15,000 prisoners, the rest of the garrison being in hiding.

Montenegrins Press the Attack.

CETTINJE, March 30.—Since yesterday the Montenegrin artillery on the main front before Scutari has been developing great activity. The Turkish positions in the plain before the town have been heavily bombarded, and the Turks have been driven from their intrenchments near the River Kir by the persistent fire.

ATHENS, March 30.—Immediately after the funeral of the late King George, which will take place on Wednesday, King Constantine will go to Salonika and remain there until peace has been declared. As in the case of King George, King Constantine's presence may be taken as a notification to Bulgaria that Greece intends to hold Salonika as part of her spoils of war.

NAPLES, March 30.—The Count of Turin left here this afternoon for Athens on board the armored cruiser Vettor Pisani. He will represent King Victor Emmanuel at the funeral of King George of Greece.

CUBA FEARS TOBACCO DUTY.

Suspects Us of Intention of Raising It as a Measure of Revenge.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, March 30.—The Cuban press expresses great alarm over reports from Washington to the effect that the House Ways and Means Committee intends to recommend the raising of the duties on tobacco. The Conservative organs lay the blame on the Cuban sensational papers, asserting that such a measure may be intended as taking revenge for their recent attacks upon the United States and the Platt amendment.

As tobacco is second in importance among Cuba's products, the Government is swamped with petitions from growers and others interested in the tobacco business, asking that an effort be made to persuade the United States not to take such action as would greatly affect the prosperity of Pinar del Rio Province, which is practically dependent upon the tobacco industry.

PREPARES FOR CANAL TRAFFIC

Hamburg-American Line Makes a Deal for Ships of Liverpool Firm.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 30.—It is officially announced that the Hamburg-American Line and the Liverpool shipping firm of J. H. Welsford & Co. have concluded an arrangement whereby several of the latter's steamers are transferred to a new company, which is to be called the Gulf Transport Company, in management of which the Hamburg-American Company will participate.

The steamers of the company vary in size from 4,000 to 7,000 tons.

It is understood that the arrangement was made partly in anticipation of the opening of the Panama Canal.

QUEER BURIAL REQUESTS.

American-Born Marchioness Wanted Husband's Blanket for a Robe.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

ROME, March 30.—The will of Florence, daughter of the late William Ogle Hunt, and widow of Luigi, Marquis of Rocca Gradara, who died recently, directed that she should be buried in her nightgown and a white blanket with a red border which her husband used to have.

If the blanket was moth-eaten, her body was to be wrapped in a green plush table cover with embroidered stripes.

LOSES $475,000 IF SHE WEDS.

Widow Gets Husband's Fortune on Condition That She Does Not Remarry

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 30.—The will of William Smith puts a penalty of $475,000 on his wife should she remarry. He left her $500,000 in a trust during her widowhood, but if she remarries she receives only $25,000.

Destroy Chinese Opium Poppies.

AMOY, March 30.—Local officials report that the destruction of opium poppies is proceeding at Tungan without disorder. Troops were recently sent from Amoy to Tungan, where the farmers had been resisting the efforts of the authorities to destroy the poppy plants.

Lorraine's Boiler Tube Explodes.

HAVRE, March 30.—A boiler tube exploded soon after the departure of the French liner La Lorraine yesterday, seriously injuring two firemen. The men were landed, and the steamship continued her voyage at 3:30 o'clock this morning.

Panama's Envoy May Not Return.

PANAMA, March 30.—It is rumored that Dr. Ramon Valdez, Panamanian Minister to the United States, will not return to his post at Washington.

Christ and Bergson
The Rev. GEORGE WILLIAM DOUGLAS, D.D.
Canon of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine
Our Wool Duties
THOMAS W. PAGE
Former Member of the Tariff Board
The Commerce Court
JAMES A. FOWLER
Assistant to the Attorney-General
IN THE
NORTH AMERICAN REVIEW
For April
OTHER ARTICLES BY
Mrs. Bellamy Storer
Chester Lloyd Jones
Sydney Brooks
William Dean Howells
Frederick S. Dickson
Helen Sard Hughes
A. Maurice Low
On all news-stands to-day

Baltimore and Ohio Railroad
IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

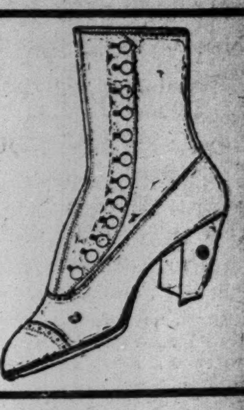
Commencing Monday, March 31st, the line to Chicago via Pittsburg will be open for traffic via its own rails, and through trains via that route will resume their regular schedules.

In addition thereto a new train to Chicago, running solid via Pittsburg with modern electric lighted equipment of coaches, drawing room, sleeping cars and dining cars, will be established on the following schedule:

Leave New York, 23rd Street - - - 1:50 P. M.
Leave New York, Liberty St. - - - 2:00 P. M.
Arrive Pittsburg - - - - 4:50 A. M.
Arrive Chicago - - - - 5:00 P. M.

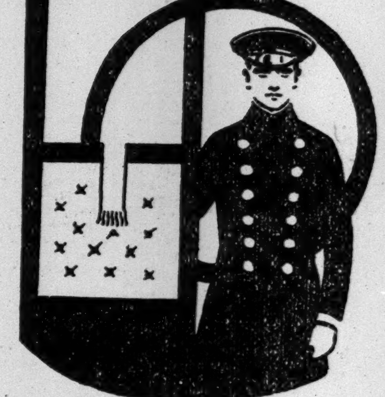
While Wheeling has been reached by way of Pittsburg, it is expected by Monday afternoon the regular route via Grafton will be open.

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY
THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK
MANHATTAN
Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Ave., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Ave., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.
BRONX
Courtlandt Ave., cor. 148th St.
BROOKLYN
Graham Ave., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Ave., cor. Rockaway Ave.
1/2 PER CENT. CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.



Andrew Alexander
New Tan Boots
A widely inclusive stock of new and regulation models in weights suitable for the uncertain weather of early Spring. Button and lace styles with narrow or medium toes, low or Cuban heels.
$5 to $10
Sixth Avenue
At Nineteenth St.
548 Fifth Avenue
Above Forty-fifth Street

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.
Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.
SUITS for CHAUFFEURS
—That have a quality, durability and appearance justifying prices considerably higher than those here quoted. Instances here of Macy's undisputed claim to lowest-in-the-city prices.
In the new and much enlarged quarters of the Department of Automobile Supplies, on the Fifth Floor, 34th St. side.



Macy's is, to the best of our knowledge, the only Store in the City featuring Automobile Clothing and Accessories that does not give either discounts or commissions to chauffeurs. All the other stores do one or the other.
The savings made possible by Macy's one-price-to-all system to go straight to you.

Norfolk Models at $18.74
No. 1. Either with full belt, or with stitched pleats and half-belt. Of a hard finished, strong-wearing, dark gray fabric, in a fine ribbed serge effect. Sizes 36 to 44. Some Knickers, some long trousers.
No. 2. Full Norfolk in "Oxford" gray, smooth-finish cravenetted material. Well tailored and finished and of unusual durability. Sizes 36 to 44. Most with long trousers, but a few with Knickers.

Norfolk Whipcord Suits, $19.74
Two pairs of long trousers with these. Full or half Norfolk models, in strong harsh finished whipcord of dark "Oxford" gray. All sizes from 38 to 44.

Norfolk Suits at $24.74
No. 1. Full or half-belted models, in dark gray whipcord effect, heavy and strong. Long trousers. All sizes from 36 to 44.
No. 2. Full belted Norfolks or Norfolks with stitched pleats and half belt. Harsh finished, narrow ribbed serge effects. Long trousers. Sizes 36 to 44.

Full Norfolk Whipcord Suits Special at $29.74
Very fine quality, narrow ribbed, light-weight fabric, of great durability. With long trousers. Sizes 36 to 44.

Chauffeurs' Regulation Caps
——To match the Suits mentioned above. Fitted with visor of patent leather.
Caps at $1.89
To match the Suits at $18.74, $19.74, $24.74.
Caps at $2.49
To match the Suit at $29.74.

Goggles in 36 Different Styles
Macy's stock of Goggles consists of almost 3,000 pairs. White and Amber and Smoked lenses to be had in almost every style.
Most of the models come in materials of several different colors, so that you have a choice of over a hundred distinct types of Goggles in Macy's Department, a selection probably not excelled in the city.
There are eight different styles at $1.24.
There are five different styles at 89c.
Children's and Misses' Goggles in a wide selection of styles and colors at 69c.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED by the Lure of the *unreasonably* low price. The cheaper Pianos are necessarily of the cheap construction and materials, and possess neither tone nor durability—only superficial finish.

THE Behning UPRIGHT PIANO
"With the tone you can't forget"

has a musical quality that cannot be measured by price. Durability, quality, tone and the name-plate have been built in Behnings every working day for over 51 years.

Convenient Terms. Booklet on Request. 425 FIFTH AVENUE Ent. 38th St., N. Y.

The Coward Shoe
"REG. U.S. PAT. OFF."

THE RIGHT HELP Where It's Needed

The firm, gentle support of the Coward Arch Support Shoe takes the ache and strain from the sagging ligaments and restores them to their proper position. The one shoe that furnishes correct mechanical assistance for falling arch and "flat-foot."

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel, have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

SOLD NOWHERE ELSE
JAMES S. COWARD
264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(NEAR WARREN STREET)
Mail Orders Filled | Send for Catalogue

Wichert TRADE SHOE MARK

WALKING IS HEALTHY, provided you walk in comfort.

In order to be comfortable, you must have proper-fitting shoes.

Every pair of Wichert's shoes is thoroughly tested on model feet before being offered for sale.

A perfect-fitting style for your foot is here awaiting your call.

High Shoes, $5.00 up
Low Shoes, $3.50 up

Mahlers
6th Avenue at 31st Street.

Safety and 6%

This attractive investment combination may be found in first mortgage bonds directly secured by absolutely first liens on the highest class of improved, income-producing, centrally located real estate.

Investors, whether large or small, will find safety and an attractive income in these bonds which mature serially in two to fifteen years.

Denominations: $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000.

Call or write for Circular No. 600

S. W. STRAUS & CO.
Incorporated. Estab. 1882.
Mortgage & Bond Bankers
Straus Building CHICAGO
One Wall Street NEW YORK
Telephone Rector 4765

UNEQUALLED
for Cleaning and Polishing Gold, Silver, Nickel, Aluminum, and all metals. Harmless, Effective, Economical.

SILVER ELECTRO-SILICON POLISH

Over forty years the standard.
Send address for FREE SAMPLE.
The Electro Silicon Co., 30 Cliff St., New York.
Sold by Grocers and Druggists.
Use Electro-Silicon Polishing Cream if preferred to a Powder.

FINDS SUNDAY LAWS NOT WANTED HERE

Wagner Committee Reports Graft Comes Through Non-enforcement of Unpopular Orders.

WOULD ABOLISH INSPECTORS

Policemen Have Too Much Discretion —Recommends New Department to Deal with Social Evil.

Radical methods to remedy existing police evils in New York City are recommended in the report of the Wagner Joint Committee on Remedial Police Legislation, which will be submitted to the Legislature to-night. The recommendations are:

> That the City of New York be permitted to determine for itself the question of the sale of liquor on Sunday.
>
> That the responsibility for the enforcement of laws relating to gambling and the social evil be taken from the Police Department and be placed in a department of public welfare, to be composed of seven members appointed by the Mayor from nominations made by civic, charitable, and philanthropic bodies familiar with existing conditions, the board to have the power to appoint its own Commissioner and assistants and to remove at will any of its appointees.
>
> That the greatest possible latitude in the matter of home rule be allowed the city in its management, administration, and control of the Police Department.

Other recommendations are that the grade of Inspector be abolished; that there be no limitation of the number of Deputy Commissioners; that the administration of the finances of the Police Department be segregated, and that the inspection of boilers be removed from the department.

The report recommends the most extreme step yet taken in the matter of home rule. It gives the local authorities absolute control, even in the mater of changing existing laws. It says:

> The logic of the situation, as well as the unanimity of opinion of the witnesses who appeared before us, leads us to the conclusion that the local authorities of the City of New York are better qualified to determine the details of police administration, regulation, and management than is the Legislature.

The committee finds the cause for existing graft in the Police Department to be the discretionary power now reposed in the policeman as to the extent to which laws shall be enforced, particularly the laws relating to excise, gambling, and the social evil.

Laws That Are Not Popular.

After stating that the hearings were attended by Mayors, city officials, Police Commissioners, District Attorneys, police officers, foremen of Grand Juries, clergymen, settlement workers, legislators, and other eminent students of the civic problems of the day, the report says:

> The testimony was such as to leave no doubt in our minds as to the cause of most lamentable conditions. It is found in the obligation of a police officer to treat as a crime that which neither he nor the majority of his fellow-citizens consider to be criminal, and to enforce laws which are not in substantial accord with his or their beliefs and habits of life.
>
> In the desire of the extremists to enforce ideal conditions relating to the sale of liquor, they have been too ready to write general rules of conduct into the criminal code. Laws to be respected must be enforced and to be enforced they must represet the body of public opinion. It is impossible to enforce laws relating to personal conduct against the wish of a large part of the citizens.

It is found that the 10,000 policemen in the city have full employment in looking after the city's 5,000,000 inhabitants and its hundreds of millions of property, but when the policeman is called upon to enforce laws which do not meet with the approbation of the community, he is placed in a perilous position and "becomes the victim of rules of personal conduct enacted into criminal laws, which he is not expected to enforce." The report says:

> The violator of these laws knows that if the police do not observe nobody will complain, and he will escape the notoriety of arrest and consequent loss of business. The police, having a discretion as to what they will or will not observe, have an opportunity for profit. They first suggest a gratuity and then demand it as a right. The gratuity becomes a bribe, he uses his right—more than that, his obligation—of access to saloons, gambling halls, and disorderly houses to collect protection money. If the keeper refuses to pay he uses his right of arrest or the complaint of a friend as the basis to haul the offender who has dared to refuse him money, before the court, which either perceiving or fearing that it is an act of blackmail hesitates to take the word of the policeman and frees the offender, oftentimes with the concurrence of the District Attorney.

Regarding the enforcement of the excise laws, the report points out that the city has a large foreign population which sees no crime in the sale of liquor on Sunday, and it deduces the following:

> The excise laws have never been enforced in the City of New York, save spasmodically, in limited areas. So well is this recognized that the candidates for public office announce in advance their proposed policy in regard to the enforcement of the excise laws.
>
> It is wrong in principle that there should be any policy as to the enforcement of the law. Laws must be enforced to be respected. Laws which cannot be enforced should be wiped from the statute books. Policy as to enforcement of laws means policy as to non-enforcement. What is necessary is, first, laws or ordinances in accordance with the sentiment of the community, and then rigid enforcement. One law that cannot be enforced discredits and affects the enforcement of the entire body of law.

Sunday Laws Not Wanted.

It is outrageous that an officer of the city, the Mayor, or the head of the police force should be put in a position where he must adopt a policy as to the extent to which the law will be enforced, but it is criminal to place upon the policeman a discretion as to what extent he will enforce the law. The natural result is brike-taking, extortion, general demoralization of the police force, and contempt for law.

We deem it worthy of especial note that among all the witnesses appearing before us there was practical unanimity in the recommendation that the laws relating to the sale of liquor on Sunday should be changed so as to permit its sale during a portion of the day.

In placing upon the police force the responsibility for enforcing the laws relating to gambling and the social evil, the committee sees another source of demoralization and disorganization. The policeman's judgment, it says, becomes a subject of barter and sale and his discretion attains a commercial value, with the result that he becomes "not a conservator of public peace but in many instances a prosecutor of him who fails to pay protection money." For the report observes:

> The discretion thus reposed in the police gives them an opportunity to extort money and brings them into general disrepute. The whole police force is exposed to temptation and is permeated with the contaminating influence of graft. The discretion reposed in the police as to the extent to which they will enforce the law must be removed. It is idle to believe that 10,000 men can devote their attention to the protection of your life and property and the peace of society when the opportunity for personal profit is presented to them on every hand.

After discussing the existence of the social evil and the necessity of remedying conditions the report says:

> We believe that this result can be accomplished by entrusting the whole subject to a commission, drawn from the various philanthropic societies and semi-public bodies of the City of New York, and to insure its entire removal from the realm of politics members of this commission should be drawn from nominations made to the Mayor by these organizations, who are now exhibiting such unselfish devotion to bettering the living conditions. We would suggest that the commission be composed of seven members, and be empowered to employ a Commissioner of Public Welfare, with such salary and such assistants as may be required and approved by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment.

A Means of Reform.

Regarding this commission, it is suggested that there be created a Department of Public Welfare, the head of which shall be the Board of Public Welfare; that the members serve without salary and have a tenure of office of seven years, so arranged that one Commissioner shall retire and be appointed each year, and that they have "the jurisdiction of and responsibility for the enforcement of laws relating to gambling, disorderly houses, and kindred vices and to have power to remove the Commissioner, or any of its or his appointees at will."

Coming to the subject of home rule, the committee finds that conditions here in the largest city on the continent are far different from those existing in the remainder of the State. The language, habits, and customs present in many sections of the city cast a wide influence. It is therefore deemed idle to expect the same law to apply equally to the country and city. Taking up the liquor question, it is therefore considered "reasonable that the local authorities of a city are better qualified to determine the hours during which liquor can be sold within its limits, and can best deal with problems arising regarding its own police force, the term of the Commissioner, the raising of salaries, the number of policemen, the different grades, the thousand and one details of organization and administration."

This brings the committee back to the vice situation, and it finds:

> The police problem of the City of New York is one to some extet forced upon it by the Legislature. The police are expected to enforce excise laws passed by the Legislature which would not have been passed by and do not meet with the approval of the local authorities or the people of the city. The police are appointed by one authority and their duties are prescribed by another. It is not reasonable to expect that the Legislature, drawn for the larger part fom a people unfamiliar with conditions prevailing in a city, having no pecuniary interest therein, and possibly influenced by political bias, will legislate wisely on subjects relating to the intricate problems of police administration and management.

The committee pays this tribute to the police force:

> It would be unjust for any committee dealing with questions relating to this great army of men not to record its appreciation of the force in general, their honesty of purpose, their courage in time of danger, and their absolute devotedness to public duty. We would not desire to have it appear from the language we have used that we believe that any considerable percentage of the policemen are dishonest or even derelict.

The committee was appointed by concurrent resolution of the Legislature on Feb. 20, 1913, and consisted of Senators Robert F. Wagner, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Henry P. Velte, Walter R. Herrick, George F. Argetsinger, and Assemblymen Ralph R. McKee, Mark Goldberg, Ernst E. L. Hammer, Howard Sutphin, John J. McKeon, and Lester D. Volk.

In connection with the meeting in the Broadway Tabernacle another was held at the same time in the Hanson Place Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn. At the Brooklyn meeting ex-Public Service Commissioner William McCarroll presided, and the speakers were the Rev. William Sheafe Chase, the Rev. Dr. Curtis Lee Laws, the Rev. Dr. S. Edward Young, the Rev. Robert M. Moore, and Mrs. Ella A. Boole, State President of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

It was resolved to protest to the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment and to the Assembly Excise Committee against the reporting out of any bill legalizing the opening of saloons on Sunday.

SCRUTINIZING GRAFT JURORS.

District Attorney and Burns Agency at Work on Each One.

District Attorney Whitman laid plans yesterday for making a careful scrutiny of the jurors who will be called to try ex-Inspector Murtha. A special panel of 200 jurors will be asked for to-morrow by Mr. Whitman, and the trial will probably begin within ten days.

Thirty detectives from his own office and from the Burns agency will be used by the District Attorney in studying the antecedents and connections of the prospective jurors. When an ex-Inspector goes to trial it is anticipated that the organized grafters of the Police Department will stop at nothing to prevent a conviction. Rumors have already reached the office of the District Attorney that the accused Inspectors and men involved with them in the present scandal are now engaged in raising a jack-pot which will total six figures, to be paid out where it will do the most good in saving the pillars of the "system" from punishment.

In the panel from which the Hartigan jurors were selected detectives employed by the District Attorney discovered a gambler who had acted as negotiator for grafting Inspectors in adjusting the price of protection which should be paid by several gambling houses. One of the reasons why this man was promptly detected and challenged was that the District Attorney had been seeking him for some time past in order to question him upon his relations with two ex-Inspectors who had been indicted. It now appears that this man will turn into a valuable witness for the State.

District Attorney Whitman has learned that, because of the fact that perjury charges had seldom been successfully prosecuted, the police officials who stood behind Policeman Hartigan believed that an acquittal in his case was a foregone conclusion, and consequently did not make much effort in his behalf. The test of the full power of the "system" will come, it is believed, when an Inspector is placed on trial.

The path for the District Attorney in prosecuting the indicted Inspectors, however, promises to be easier than it had hitherto appeared. Although Policeman Hartigan stood like a rock in defense of the police officials whom he could have given up, it was learned yesterday that at least one of the other indicted policemen does not intend to act in a similar manner. The policeman who is now weakening collected graft from several places in Harlem under the direction of more than one Inspector. A confession from him now appears to be certain.

District Attorney Whitman yesterday had several visitors who talked to him regarding the graft cases soon to be tried. One of his persistent callers has been a man who stands in imminent danger of indictment, and from him Mr. Whitman can have a confession whenever he wants it.

On Wednesday Justice Seabury will call at the home of Capt. Walsh as Commissioner to take testimony against ex-Inspector Sweeney. Sweeney will be represented at this hearing by Alfred J. Talley and George Gordon Battle.

The Grand Jury will to-day or to-morrow begin taking testimony in the case of Jacob Rouss, attorney for Policeman Fox. Mr. Rouss is accused of receiving from Policeman Fox the bribe money which was later transmitted through Edward J. Newell to George A. Sipp, the witness whom the police grafters were particularly anxious to get out of the way.

CONDEMN LIQUOR BILLS.

Civic League Fathers' Mass Meeting in Broadway Tabernacle.

A mass meeting attended by 500 persons was held yesterday afternoon in the Broadway Tabernacle under the auspices of the New York Civic League to protest against the passage of the Walker and Duhamel bills in Albany, legalizing the Sunday opening of saloons. Charles T. Terry, a Director of the league, presided, and introduced as speakers the Rev. D. J. Burrell, pastor of the Marble Collegiate Church; the Rev. C. A. Eaton, pastor of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church; the Rev. Allan McRossie, Superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Rev. J. E. Price, pastor of the Washington Heights Methodist Episcopal Church.

"Two classes of people favor the passage of these bills," Mr. Terry said. "One is composed of self-interested saloonkeepers and the other of well-meaning people driven by sentimentalism to an illogical conclusion. Both classes assert that since restrictions on saloons furnish chances for police graft, part of these restrictions should be removed. None is so brazen as to ask that all restraint be taken away. They ask for only a part of the Sabbath, as if grasping saloon men would be satisfied with a part of the loaf when by paying graft money they could obtain all. Call opposition to the bill puritanical and impractical if you will. We are thankful then that there are some Puritans left, and also that kind of 'impractical people.'"

"If the saloons are open on Sunday," said Dr. Burrell, "it will be the fault not of the gin mill owners, but of the Marble Collegiate Church, of the Broadway Tabernacle, and of all God-fearing people who have the power to abolish anything on the face of the earth when they are united in a good cause. Albany politicians are your servants, and if they act against your wishes discharge them, one and all."

The Rev. C. A. Eaton asserted that laboring people as he knew them were neither in need nor in favor of the saloon.

Schiff Re-elected Jewish Aid Head.

Mortimer L. Schiff was re-elected President at the annual meeting of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society yesterday afternoon at Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street. The other officers were chosen for another term.

TOMKINS PROTESTS AGAINST WALKER BILL

Under It Dock Commissioner Becomes a Mere Employe of the Board of Estimate, He Says.

MAKES EXPLOITATION EASY

Amendments to Terminal Act Would Open the Port Opportunities to Private Gain, He Asserts.

Dock Commissioner Tomkins will send an open letter to Mayor Gaynor to-day protesting against the Walker bill now before the Legislature, which has the approval of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, on the ground that it will deprive the city of control over terminal facilities on the waterfront, and will take away the powers of the Commissioner of Docks as a direct representative of the Mayor and make him "a mere employe of the Board of Estimate." The Commissioner says:

"The question is not of the ultimate power of the board, which is fully guarded both by the Charter and the act of 1911, but of the position of the Commissioner of Docks; whether, as heretofore, he is to be a representative of the Mayor, who appoints him, or a mere employe of the board, and whether the board should now assume such primary responsibility for comparative detail, as distinguished from general direction, as to constitute it a special department of terminal facilities.

"The departure is serious for the Commissioner of Docks, but more so for the Mayor, for the full development of the principle involved would leave all department heads, and through them in a manner the Mayor himself, the mere servants of the board."

Commissioner Tomkins said the Walker bill, which contained an amendment to Chapter 776 of the laws of 1911, entitled "An act to improve the waterfront facilities of the City of New York in relation to the receipt, delivery, and shipment of freight," was introduced before he had had an opportunity to express his views upon it.

"My only notification," he says in his letter, "was a brief letter from the Chairman of your Terminal Committee advising me that the bill had been presented to the Board of Estimate, with the recommendation that it be enacted into law, and the suggestion: 'If you find on looking over the bill that there are any amendments which you would like to suggest, I have no doubt that we can agree upon them, and amendment could be made after the introduction of the bill.'"

The Commissioner says some of the changes the bill provides for, which may not have serious results, are of too little importance to risk imperiling the provisions of the present law, which have so well stood the tests of practical experience. The most serious effect of the proposed law, he asserts, would be to allow exploitation for private gain.

"Now that the dock fund has been reduced from $65,395,000 to $15,000,000," the Commissioner asserts, "I doubt not that the urgent necessity for long-deferred port improvements will be marked by attempts to extort from the city privileges to exploit the commerce of the world which passes through its terminals. The principal effect of these amendments to the Terminal act will be to create artificial conditions by which it shall be made easy to exploit the unparalleled port opportunities of New York for public and private gain.

"From now on the danger which menaces the port is the temptation to secure immediate results by abandoning public control and a policy of minimum charges, and substituting therefor a system which shall permit of gainful exploitation palliated by a public and private division of the traffic tribute exacted. Such a policy dare not be contrasted with that of our rivals."

One of the amendments proposed, the Commissioner points out, would permit the city to undertake a general warehousing business, either on its own behalf or through an operator with whom it might contract, and without regard to any proximity to of connection with any freight terminal system.

"While this service may be one of those that should be ultimately classed as public," Commissioner Tomkins asserts, "it has not been so in this State, and the step is one that should not be taken except after full consideration, and without reference to any mere local or temporary convenience for the use of such power.

"Another branch of the amendment now proposed, and apparently considered most vital by the draftsmen, as witnessed by the care with which the details are wrought into every part of the bill, is the relegation to the board for its specific action of details, even the right and duty of initiative as to current leases, contracts for use, &c., which under long established practice, and the policy of the Charter, would be left to the Commissioner of Docks."

Shearing the Commissioner of Docks of practically all his power, says Mr. Tomkins, is nothing compared with the "most startling of these proposals for amendment, which repudiates the city policy in aid of commerce, a policy adopted early in this administration and approved by the Legislature." In this connection he quotes this statement from President Mitchel of the Aldermen:

"It has always seemed to me that the limitation placed upon the action of the Commissioner of Docks and of the Board of Estimate by the present statute is too strict, and that it provides in effect that rates fixed by the Commissioner and approved by the Board of Estimate must be limited to a sum sufficient to bring to the city interest and sinking fund on its bonds, without any margin of profit. It also appears to prevent private operation of such terminal facilities by forbidding private operators to establish rates suffcient to bring them any margin of profits."

In reply to this Commissioner Tomkins writes the Mayor:

"It certainly was the object of such section to prevent rates being fixed higher than such as might be 'ample' to meet the expenses of operation and repair, renewal, depreciation, interest on cost and amortiization within not less than fifty years of any debt incurred therefor. This would leave room for permitting to an operator such reasonable and definite margin as would compensate him for his risk, but it would not permit the commerce of this port to be put at the mercy of public or private operators interested to get the greatest practicable returns, as distinguished from giving commerce the best facilities the city can afford.

"I must, therefore, urge that the repeal of these clauses in the Terminal Act by the proposed amendments would be such a step backward as, of all cities in the world, New York should be the last to take."

ORGANIZED IN 1887

ECONOMICAL and efficient management is assured when you call upon this Company to administer your estate—

The average individual trustee is not familiar with his office and when problems arise is obliged to consult counsel or engage accountants where our experience and facilities would save the estate this expense.

The individual may be absent or busy with important private affairs just when the estate has urgent need of his services—

This Company is never absent, of course, and our Trust Officers and assistants devote their entire attention to the management of estates.

Our commissions are the same as those of the individual and are fixed by law.

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY
CAPITAL & SURPLUS 9,500,000
160 Broadway, New York—188 Montague St., Brooklyn
BRANCH OFFICES
1425 St. Nicholas Ave., New York—383 East 149th St., Bronx,
1354 Broadway, Brooklyn—367 Fulton St., Jamaica.
120 Railroad Ave., White Plains, N.Y.

DREICER & Co
Jewels
FIFTH AVENUE, AT FORTY-SIXTH
NEW YORK

IN THE DREICER collection of Rare Pearls and Jewels are individual stones—rubies, sapphires, diamonds and emeralds in settings of great distinction and in quality—supreme.

John Daniell Sons & Sons

Very Latest Novelties Received Daily.

Wedding Stationery

Wedding Invitations and Announcements, correct form and style, highest class engraving, best quality paper, newest shapes; per hundred sets, from $6.95, including inside and outside envelopes; additional sets, per hundred. 2.95

Plate, engraved, script, with 50 Cards; special............ .85

Broadway, 8th and 9th Sts.

FOUND THROUGH THE TIMES.

Owner and Finder of Pet Dog Both Advertised.

A small black Pomeranian dog owned by Mrs. George P. Slade of 49 East Seventy-fifth Street strayed away Friday night. When Mrs. Slade failed to find any trace of her pet after a thorough search of the neighborhood, she inserted an advertisement in THE TIMES Lost and Found column offering a liberal reward for its return.

It turned out that the dog wandered down the street and found a comfortable home with another family. This advertisement also appeared in THE TIMES yesterday:

> Found—Pomeranian dog. Owner can claim by applying at 35 East Seventy-fifth Street.

Mrs. Slade said last evening that she had recovered the dog.

TO AID NASSAU COUNTY POOR.

Association Organized with Mrs. C. C. Rumsey as President.

In the cause of good citizenship the Nassau County Association has been organized and incorporated with a board of managers that includes Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. J. Sergeant Cram, Frank N. Doubleday, Clarence H. Mackay, Mr. and Mrs. Willard D. Straight, and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Mrs. Charles C. Rumsey is President.

The association is the outgrowth of a movement started early in the Winter to assist the town and county officials in caring for and helping dependent mothers and children and other deserving poor who had become public charges. The work of the association, as at present mapped out, falls into the divisions of committees on dependent children and outdoor relief, health and eugenics, good roads and public utilities, and county research.

TO-NIGHT AT 8.15
and Tomorrow (Tuesday) and
Wednesday night at the same hour
In the Grand Ball Room of the Plaza
Fifth Avenue, 58th to 59th Street,
(Admission by card to be had free of the managers.)
The Notable Collection of
American Paintings
Formed by the widely known Amateur
William T. Evans, Esq.
ON FREE VIEW 9 A. M. UNTIL 2 P. M.
At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York
The Sales will be conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, of
THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
6 East 23d Street, Madison Sq. South, New York.

"The Rita Lydig Collection"
The American Art Association
Announces that it has received instructions
to dispose of at unrestricted Public Sale
The Notable Collection of
Paintings, Tapestries, Rugs, Bronzes
and other Art Treasures
of the Gothic and Renaissance Periods,
Contained in the Residence of
Mrs. Philip M. Lydig,
No. 38 East 52nd Street, New York City.
Prospective Purchasers will be admitted to the residence *by card only*
TOMORROW (TUESDAY), WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY
April 1st, 2d, and 3d from 10 A. M. until 4 P. M.

These cards of admission, each of which will admit one person only, and will not be transferable, may be obtained of the Managers *upon written application only*, which application must specify the day the card is to be used as *the admissions on each day will be strictly limited to the capacity of the premises.*

The Unrestricted Public Sale
will begin
At the American Art Galleries
Madison Square South, New York,
This Friday Afternoon, April 4th, at 3 o'clock
and conclude
In the Grand Ball Room of The Plaza
Fifth Avenue, 58th to 59th St.
This Friday Evening, April 4th, at 8:45 o'clock
Where prospective buyers will be admitted by card,
which may be had upon written application to the Managers.
AN ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE,

The introduction and descriptions in which are reprinted from the Catalogue prepared for private circulation by Dr. Wilhelm R. Valentiner with the assistance of Durr Friedley, will be mailed postpaid on receipt of $2.00.

The Sales will be conducted by
MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, of
THE AMERICAN ART ASSOCIATION, Managers
6 East 23d St., Madison Square South, New York.

Revillon Frères
FOUNDED 1723
Skilled Furriers for Storage Work

The superior safety and convenience of our storage service costs no more than ordinary methods.

Our storage staff is made up of experienced furriers who see that every piece is stored in proper condition. The skill acquired in the care of our own valuable stock of dressed skins is at the disposal of every patron of the Storage Department.

Remodeling orders may be placed now very advantageously.

Call 3761 Greeley
19 West 34th Street, New York
PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

PUSHCART MARKETS URGED FOR THE CITY

Mayor's Committee Would Shelter Small Vendors and Keep Them Off the Streets.

STALLS UNDER THE BRIDGES

Another Plan Calls for Shelters the Roofs of Which Could Be Used as Recreation Centres.

The prohibition of pushcart peddling in the streets of the city and the establishment of permanent shelter markets on city-owned property under the Williamsburg and Manhattan Bridges and in certain of the smaller-sized parks, is recommended in a report by the committee appointed by Mayor Gaynor last December to study the pushcart problem.

The committee is composed of R. A. C. Smith, Louis E. Miller, Morris D. Waldman, Michael Furst, and William A. Cokeley.

Regarding Williamsburg Bridge, it is recommended that the 232,000 square feet of space beneath the structure now occupied by pushcarts, a fish market, comfort stations, and playgrounds, be rearranged so as to provide for shelter markets from Ridge to Sheriff Street, with a capacity of 1,200 stalls, using 71,000 square feet; a comfort station, 5,000 square feet; a fish market from Sheriff to Columbia Street, 26,000 square feet, and 130,000 square feet of space for the Board of Education, playgrounds, and the Street Cleaning Department.

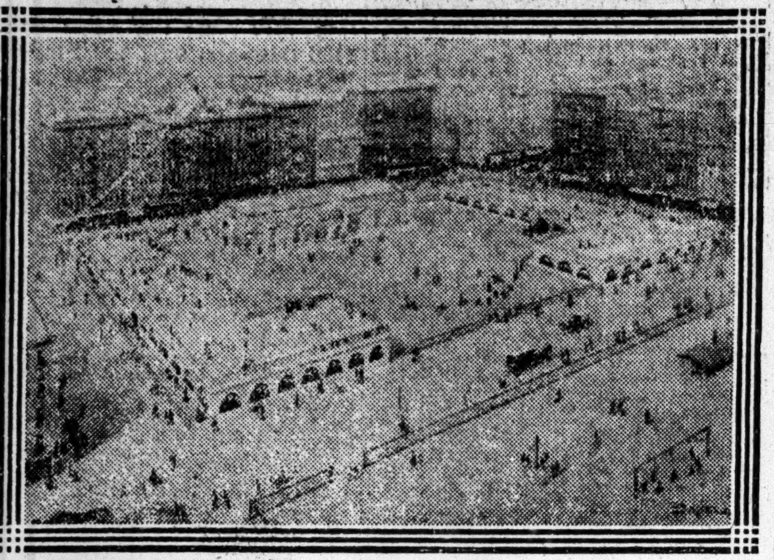
As for the space beneath the Manhattan Bridge, it is estimated that the approach and space beneath East Broadway and Henry Street would provide for 800 stalls, while from Henry to Water Street some 65,000 square feet could be used as a children's playground.

Other spaces suggested are the old market building on Grand between Essex and Ludlow Streets, and the adjacent unoccupied school building and the alley between the two; a portion of Hamilton Fish Park, a limited space in Tomkins Park, a limited space in Mulberry Bend Park, and the narrow strip between the sidewalk and park walk in Thomas Jefferson Park, from 111th and 116th Streets. It is also suggested that provision, if necessary, could be made for open shelters or markets in the neighborhood of First Avenue, between East Houston and East Twelfth Streets.

Sheltered Market Plan.

The spaces mentioned were selected, according to the committee, "for the reason that the people who use these markets prefer to trade with the peddlers, where they are concentrated rather than when scattered." It is considered doubtful that the city has the right to use the waste space under the New York Central tracks between 111th and 125th Street, on Park Avenue.

Proposed Plan For a Pushcart Market.



In addition, the committee submitted a plan drawn by Warren & Wetmore, for a sheltered space which will serve for most any part of the city where pushcart peddling prevails. Regarding this plan the committee said:

> This plan provides shelter for a large number of peddlers in well-ventilated and wholesome space, accessible from every quarter. It adds to the park space. The breathing space which provides a roof for the shelter of the peddlers is planned for ten feet above the street level and is reached by an easy approach on a ramp. The level space would provide an attractive and well-protected recreation ground for a great number of women and children of the neighborhood. The population of eight blocks surrounding Hamilton Fish Park is more than 22,000. Recreation piers are now provided by the city and serve certain localities, but in some of the congested districts this form of recreation space above the street level will care for those unable to reach the piers.
>
> The location selected to show the type of sheltered space for the sale of merchandise such as is now carried on pushcarts has been planned for the accommodation of 300 peddlers. This in itself will relieve at least fifteen of the most congested blocks.

Would Restrict Number of Pushcarts.

Regarding the necessity of restricting the number of pushcarts, the committee said:

> Pushcarts have multiplied to serious proportions in numbers. In certain localities they occupy so much space on the streets that they form congestion on the highways, and are a menace to the safety of citizens; a menace to the health of the persons living in the locality where the congestion exists as well as to the entire community. They impede the use of the streets and sidewalks. They are an obstacle to the work of the Fire Department when fires occur in the neighborhood where they are congregated, and they are always an impediment to the progress of the apparatus of the Fire Department, and are thus a menace to life.
>
> Storekeepers, whether they be property owners or not, presume to have proprietary rights to the use of the streets, and do a profitable business in renting space in front of their shops to those vending from pushcarts. In many cases storekeepers maintain pushcarts of their own on the street in front of their shops for the additional profit to be gained thereby. Other storekeepers in these congested districts ordinarily would not countenance this practice, but the example set by others, by which they profit and increase competition without any apparent hindrance, is easily followed. This is a conspicuous feature that adds rapidly to the growing pushcart nuisance and unlawful use of the streets.
>
> Satisfactory control of pushcarts and regulations by which they may be restrained has been found impracticable. The city's ordinances are frequently violated where pushcarts make congestion. Peddlers who confess these and other infractions of orderly government, which have developed in connection with the pushcart industry, are foremost in requesting remedies.

About Half Have Licenses.

It is set forth in the report that the number of pushcarts in operation in 1912, according to the police figures, were 5,534, while the number licensed were 2,800. The greatest congestion exists in the districts bounded on the north by Fourteenth Street, on the west by the Bowery and Fourth Avenue, on the east by the East River, and on the south by East Broadway and Grand Street. Within this district there were 2,450 pushcarts in operation during the present month. As for those who peddle without a license the committee said:

> Peddling without license increases notwithstanding the restriction your bureau has placed upon the number of licenses. Nearly all those peddling without a license are widows, deserted women, the aged, and those of physical defect, all of whom are unable to earn a livelihood at ordinary labor or at a trade. Many of these unlicensed peddlers would fall a charge upon the public and private charities of the city if they were not permitted to ply their trade. Nevertheless they are continuously in the position of violating the city ordinances, and they are particularly subject to the exploitation of self-seeking persons, who, for their own gain, often extort payment from them under the pretense of protection.
>
> About one-third of the licenses granted are sold or rented for pay. These violations of city ordinances, made by well-intending men and women because they cannot find other means of earning a livelihood—trifling as it seems—must have a demoralizing effect, in so far as it weakens respect for the law and leads to the impression that laws may be evaded through undue influence. The legal status of the pushcart operator is that of a commercial outcast and his social condition is deplorable.
>
> It has been found that the foodstuff sold by the peddlers is nearly uniformly wholesome. These and other commodities are sold at a considerably less cost than obtains in stores. For this reason the peddlers have become an important economic factor to the people of the localities in which they congregate.

The committee recommended that the care and control of the shelters be placed in the hands of the Controller, through his Market Bureau, who shall establish such rules and regulations as may be necessary, excepting when built on any space controlled by the Park Department.

The committee added that "the sooner work is begun the sooner a vexing municipal problem will have been solved."

BURGLAR ESCAPES ON ANOTHER'S NAME

Poses as Man Held for Intoxication and Is Set Free After Two Days in Raymond St. Jail.

INNOCENT MAN IS INDICTED

Then District Attorney Discovers the Mistake and Police Now Seek the Real Culprit.

Assuming the name of another prisoner brought in at the same time he was, John Gaslofsky, charged with burglary, after serving only two days in the Raymond Street Jail in Brooklyn, walked forth from there and is now somewhere beyond the ken of the police, as his trick was not discovered until the man whose name he took had spent three weeks behind the bars. Because of Gaslofsky's escape, the jail authorities are thinking out a new method of identifying prisoners received there from the police courts. They fear that Gaslofsky's easy method of getting out after a brief stay may be adopted by others and make the Brooklyn lock-up as popular with crooks as the one at Riverhead, in Suffolk County.

Gaslofsky, who gave many addresses, was arrested on March 4 by Patrolman Balling of the Bedford Avenue Station, charged with unlawfully entering the cellar of the home of Joseph Renzer, at 300 Wythe Avenue. On the same night John Kalwalsky, who said he lived in North First Street, was arrested by Patrolman Briody of the same precinct, charged with intoxication. The next morning both Gaslofsky and Kalwalsky were arraigned before Chief Magistrate Kempner, in the Manhattan Avenue Court. Gaslofsky was held to await the action of the Grand Jury. Kalwalsky was fined $2, but, having no money, was sent to jail for two days.

Gaslofsky, it is supposed, listened while the other man was before the Magistrate and thus learned his name. When the two, with other prisoners, were lined up later in the Raymond Street Jail Kalwalsky was unable to give his name, as he spoke but little English and was still intoxicated. He was sent to the foot of the line while the others were questioned. When Gaslofsky's turn came he answered readily that his name was Kalwalsky. He was, therefore, sent to a cell for two days. As all the other prisoners seemed to be accounted for it was supposed that the real Kalwalsky was Gaslofsky, and he was locked up as an alleged burglar to await action by the Grand Jury. The next day Gaslofsky, posing as Kalwalsky, was set free, having served his term for intoxication.

On the day that Gaslofsky walked out of the jail a free man the District Attorney's office presented the charge of burglary against him to the Grand Jury. Later an indictment charging burglary in the second degree was found. On March 13 Kalwalsky, supposed to be Gaslofsky, was taken to the County Court to plead to the indictment. He was told what the charge was, but he said that he was innocent and that his name was not Gaslofsky. A plea of not guilty was entered, as it was thought at first that his declaration of innocence was the usual pose assumed by criminals when arraigned in court.

Something about the case, though, struck District Attorney Cropsey as peculiar. After Kalwalsky had been remanded to jail to await trial, Mr. Cropsey began an investigation. Renzer, the chief witness in the case, and Patrolman Balling, who arrested the real Gaslofsky, were sent to the jail to look at the prisoner. They reported that a mistake had been made, as the man in jail was not the one Balling had arrested for burglary. The Department of Corrections, which has charge of the jail, then continued the investigation. It resulted in the District Attorney going before County Judge Dike and asking for the discharge of Kalwalsky, who was freed after having spent three weeks in jail.

When the mistake was discovered, the explanation of it offered at the jail was that there had been a mixup in the commitment papers received with the prisoners. At the Manhattan Avenue Court it was said that these papers had been made out correctly.

URGES AERIAL LICENSES.

Aviators' Deaths Due to Lack of Supervision, Says Mitchell May.

ALBANY, March 30.—The great number of deaths in aviation is due in a large measure to a lack of supervision, said Secretary of State Mitchell May in a statement made to-day, advocating the licensing of all persons who operate aeroplanes.

He suggested that, inasmuch as drivers of automobiles are compelled to be licensed, "there is no difference between the driving of a motor vehicle and an aeroplane as an adjunct to the revenue to the State."

A bill designed to require the licensing of aeronauts will be introduced, he says, before the close of the legislative session.

B. Altman & Co.

desire to direct attention to their specially selected assortments of

Women's and Misses' Dancing Dresses, Bloomers, etc.

comprising Dresses and Separate Skirts of Soft Black Satin (duplicated in colors to special order), suitable for private or class practice; Crepe de Chine Blouses; Bloomers in Satin, Italian Silk or China Silk; supple, light-weight Dancing Corsets; Dancing Slippers; and Silk Hosiery in regular or opera length.

Also WOMEN'S AND MISSES' EVENING DRESSES in styles adapted to the present mode of dancing.

DANCING FROCKS FOR CHILDREN

Women's Imported Coats and Wraps

are ready for inspection in the Spring assortments, comprising the latest models and showing the rich materials and color schemes now in vogue. Included are handsome Wraps of Beaded and Embroidered Chiffons, Brocaded Silks and Satins, Eolienne, Charmeuse, Faille, etc., the prices of which range from $110.00, $125.00, 165.00 to 450.00.

Smart Coats for Walking, Traveling and Motoring are also shown in the new styles and fabrics.

"PUT CAUSE BACK 50 YEARS."

Sir Robert Perks Comments on English Suffrage Riots.

Owing to the strong tide in the North River yesterday morning, the White Star liner Celtic was jammed at the end of the pier, with 1,292 passengers from Liverpool and Queenstown, for more than two hours. Steel hawsers were snapped and nine tugs churned up the water, but did not budge the big liner.

Among the passengers was Sir Robert Perks, Bart., the English financier and railroad magnate, who is on his way to Ottawa. He said business in London was good and that the traffic on the underground systems had increased enormously. The work on the Channel tunnel between Dover and Calais had not been begun, he said, because the English military authorities thought it would weaken the defenses of England. He did not think so himself, and said he hoped to live to see trains running from Charing Cross to Paris without change.

Regarding the suffragette question, Sir Robert said the women who had destroyed property had put the movement back fifty years.

Miss Lilly Standon of Llandfirth, North Wales, a second cabin passenger, came on the Celtic to marry John Dennett, who is working in Tacoma, Wash. She was sent to Ellis Island to wait until the immigration officials locate the bridegroom-elect and ascertain if he can afford to support a wife.

$20,000 IN FLOWER PRIZES.

International Show Opens on Saturday at Grand Central Palace.

Twenty thousand dollars in prizes for plants and flowers is the item which catches the eye in the announcement of the third International Flower Show, scheduled to open at the Grand Central Palace on Saturday. Horticulturalists all over the country are making their final plans for competition with the more than two score exhibitors from the other side of the Atlantic. Every foot of floor space on the three exhibition floors of the building has been taken.

The European flower growers are bringing over some absolutely new tulips, narcissi, and daffodils, and the American growers are pinning their faith to the new rose, the Mrs. Charles Russell, cuts from which were sent to London recently and shown with much success at the Royal Horticultural Society's exhibition.

Among the backers and contributors to the coming exhibition are George F. Baker, Adolph Lewisohn, Samuel Untermyer, Mrs. Seth Low, and Mrs. D. Willis James.

SNORES DISTURBED THE GOAT

His Protests to Watchman Aroused Willet Street.

All Willet Street got out of bed at 2 o'clock yesterday morning on hearing through unmistakable sounds that the Willet Street goat had gone on a rampage.

Ruzie, mascot of the thoroughfare, which lives in Hirsch's undertaking and livery stable, was making the most deafening clatter inside the building, and as it sounded warlike Willet Street approached cautiously, taking good care to enter the stable from the floor above, which could be reached by a little flight of outside stairs.

Once in the stable, the aroused community found Ruzie joyously butting a carriage, within which cowered Stanislau Dombefsky, night watchman. Previous to Stanislau's gaining this fortress Ruzie had been butting him. A brief inquiry brought from Stanislau the shy admission that he had been snoring on a bed of hay and that Ruzie had been displeased. How Ruzie had escaped from the post to which he was tied by a piece of stout rope was not explained until an examination showed that he had eaten the piece of stout rope.

METHODIST PASTORS MOVE.

Many in This City Go to New Churches This Week.

Some of the largest Methodist churches in this city change pastors this week. These include the Rev. Dr. C. L. Goodell of Calvary, in Harlem; the Rev. Dr. Wallace MacMullen of the Madison Avenue Church, and the Rev. Dr. F. W. Hannan at the New York Avenue Church, Brooklyn. At Calvary Church, after the pastor's farewell sermon, resolutions were adopted praising his work in Harlem and wishing him success. Dr. Goodell goes to St. Paul's Church, Amsterdam Avenue and Eighty-sixth Street. The new pastor of Calvary Church, the Rev. Dr. W. H. Morgan of Newark, will arrive on April 13.

In the Rev. Dr. Goodell's nine years in Harlem a mission has been established at Seventh Avenue and 147th Street, which has a large Sunday school, a dispensary at 211 West 129th Street, and a building at [illegible] West 128th Street devoted to men and boys.

PREACHES COURAGE TO POLICE

Sermon by the Rev. Edward Walsh at Memorial Service.

More than 700 uniformed members of the Police Department attended the police memorial services yesterday in St. Joseph's Roman Catholic Church, Pacific Street, near Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn. With Deputy Police Commissioners McKay, Dougherty, and Dillon at the head of the procession, the policemen marched from the Bergen Street Station to the church.

The Rev. William T. McGuirl, pastor of St. Joseph's and one of the Chaplains of the Police Department, officiated at the services, and the sermon was preached by the Rev. Edward Walsh, C. M., formerly President of Niagara University. He spoke on "The Higher Courage—Moral and Physical."

Spring Neckwear

Jabots and rabats of exclusive design and very rich materials to accompany Spring Costumes.

Collar and Cuff sets in Maltese, Italian Filet, Irish Crochet, Carrickmacross and other real laces.

Dutch Collars, with and without bows to match in sheer French embroidery.

The exquisite workmanship of our neckwear appeals to the most exacting purchasers.

Illustrated List post free

Walpole Bros.

PURE FLAX TRADE MARK

Irish Linen Manufacturers

Branches: London, Dublin, Belfast, Melbourne.
Factories: Belfast and Waringstown, Co. Down, Ireland.
Established 1766.

373 Fifth Avenue
Corner 35th Street

W. & J. SLOANE

ESTABLISHED 1843

A Genuine Sale of Selected Qualities of

ORIENTAL RUGS

At Real Reductions in Price

In this Sale we offer Persian, Turkish and India Rugs in great numbers. Of the more popular small Rugs, such as Daghestan, Guendjis, Mossoul, Kazak, Beloochistan, etc., there are hundreds of specimens in charming, soft colorings and attractive designs.

These Rugs have the superior quality, color and design, such as you would naturally expect in goods stocked by specialists having world-wide business connections and seventy years' experience in merchandising Floor Coverings.

We keep silent as to the romantic and largely fictitious tales sometimes used to exploit Oriental Rugs and simply ask your interest in our goods upon a common-sense, commercial basis. We offer these Rugs at *genuine* reductions that cannot be excelled in any establishment in this country.

Your Inspection is Cordially Invited

PRICES RANGE FROM $8 UPWARD

No Discount to Dealers.

FIFTH AVENUE AND 47TH STREET, NEW YORK

B. Altman & Co.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Silk Dresses for Misses and Small Women

will be Made to Order at the following prices:
DANCING FROCKS . . . . at $37.00
AFTERNOON AND EVENING DRESSES at $48.00 & 57.00

Models and Materials shown on the Seventh Floor. Thirty-fifth Street Elevators.

The Silk Department

is showing an interesting selection of dainty Dress Silks, especially adapted for Misses' and Young Women's Afternoon and Evening wear.

Special Sales will be held this day (Monday) of Silk Eponge and Women's Trimmed Hats.

To-morrow (Tuesday), April 1st, there will be Special Sales of Women's Afternoon and Evening Gowns and Imported House Gowns.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

A MORTGAGE THAT HELPS TO PAY OFF ITSELF

Do you want to pay off $100 on your mortgage whenever you can save that much? It is wonderful how soon you will pay off your mortgage under those conditions. It seems to melt away.

You can make such payments on our ten year mortgages on every interest day if you wish. It is ten years before you must pay any renewal fees or before the rate of interest can be increased.

Send to any office for our ten year mortgage pamphlet.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co
Capital . . $ 5,000,000
Surplus(all earned) 11,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

"THE COURT OF LAST RESORT"

If you have never had a satisfactory photo portrait go to

Curtis Bell
PHOTOGRAPHER
588 Fifth Ave.

"Eat them for Goodness Sake"

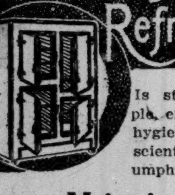
EPICURE
BRAND
Pure Canned FOODS

Look for Grocers' Epicure window display during this week.

EPICURE PEACHES will be a "special" for the week.

John S. Sills & Sons.

BOHN Syphon Refrigerator



Is strong, simple, efficient and hygienic—a real scientific triumph.

Maintains Lowest Temperature With a Saving of Ice

This makes it a constant dividend payer. Come in and see how the famous Syphon System insures a constant circulation of cold, dry air. Many styles and sizes.

Booklet upon request.

WHITE ENAMEL REF. CO. OF N.Y.
59 West 42nd St. N.Y.

"A HEALTHY MOUTH" is a stamp of "QUALITY" and "GOOD BREEDING"

The World Famous Prophylactic Mouth Wash

Odol
Mouth Purity

Odol

Scientifically Protects the Mouth and Throat and Preserves the Teeth.

Six to eight drops in warm water morning and night. Pleasant to the taste and delightfully refreshing.

Price 50 Cents. All Druggists.

There is Nothing "Just As Good."

GEO. BORGFELDT & CO.
NEW YORK CHICAGO SAN FRANCISCO

Try One More Good Dinner Sipping a Glass or Two of

MAN-A-CEA WATER

Prevents Fermentation, Acidity, Gases, Distress After Eating.

FOR SALE BY
PARK & TILFORD
Grocers & Druggists.

Climax

"Efficiency" That Is What We Are All Trying For

When you find the concern who can do your Office Forms and Books—and have them when you want them—stick to them.

! ! Try Us ! !

[illegible]

CRIPPLE VAINLY TRIES TO GET A LIVELIHOOD

Thinks of Suicide of Himself and Wife Because No One Will Hire a Deformed Man.

HAD AN OFFICE JOB ONCE

But Typewriting Was Too Difficult—Bookkeeping More in His Line—He Wrote Scenarios.

With his resources exhausted and facing absolute privation, Harry M. Graves, a cripple of 247 West 123d Street, sent a letter on Saturday to all of the New York morning newspapers for publication today, in which he threatened the double suicide of himself and his wife unless some altrustic employer furnished him with a means of earning a livelihood. The letter was that of a well-educated man, and although despondent in tone, was so worded as to attract general attention.

When interviewed last night in his sparsely furnished room on the top floor of the lodging house which he gives as his address, Graves was inclined to regret his epistle, which he declared was written in a fit of discouragement after six months unavailing search for employment. At the same time he revealed circumstances which were trying in the extreme. Graves is a dwarf, 4 feet 8 inches in height, and is suffering from hip disease and curvature of the spine. His wife is a chronic invalid and is physically unable to earn a livelihood.

"I was born in Omro, Wis., twelve miles from Oshkosh," said he. "I am now thirty years old and was graduated from the Oshkosh High School. I later attended Lawrence College at Appleton, Wis., but was compelled to leave before graduation, owing to physical infirmities. While in college I paid my way by acting as secretary to President Plantz. Later I got a position as bookkeeper for a dry goods store in Appleton. I also handled advertising for the firm by which I was employed and I conceived the idea of entering the advertising field.

"I finally succeeded in obtaining employment in Chicago with the Jefferson Theatre Programme Advertising Company. I placed advertising outside the city, checked up accounts, billed advertisers and acted as general manager. I found that my spine prevented my bending over a typewriter for a long period of time, and that the labor of transcribing stenographic notes was too arduous, and I attempted to shift this part of my work to more capable shoulders. This led to my loss of employment.

"I had spent a vacation at Post Lake, Wis., and had there met my wife for the first time. She was there seeking to recuperate from a prolonged illness, and our mutual misfortunes attracted us to each other.

"We were married three months later in Chicago on Nov. 4, 1910. The loss of my position with the Jefferson Company came about seven months ago, and a few weeks later I came with my wife to this city in search of employment. I have advertised extensively since, but as soon as an employer sees my misshapen figure and my crutches he tells me that the position which he had in mind is already filled. The only job which I succeeded in getting was with a film manufacturing company as a writer of scenarios. It developed that the company was a new one and could more easily get ready-written scenarios from some of the other companies than employ a man to do the work. This job lasted just three weeks."

Mrs. Graves confirmed the story told by her husband. She said that she was a native of Wausau, Wis., and that her maiden name was Elliot Smart.

"My husband does not want charity nor do I," she observed. "He is fully capable of supporting both of us if he has a chance. Any clerical job will suit him, providing it does not consist entirely of stenography. Bookkeeping, where he will have a chance to sit upright on a high stool would be an ideal occupation for him, and one for which he is fully equipped. A gentleman who gave his name as Walter Gillis of 150 Fifth Avenue called this afternoon and offered us financial assistance, but neither of us desires to become objects of charity."

"The whole trouble," interrupted her crippled husband, "is due to the fact that people seem to feel that a deformed body contains a deformed mind. My misfortune is due to a fall which I had when three years of age. My left hip was dislocated, and at 9 years as a result I developed curvature of the spine. It is hard for me to convince employers that I am spry and nimble, and yet I have ridden downtown in the Subway day after day and climbed innumerable stairs in search of employment. As a youngster in Wisconsin I was able to 'flip' street cars and climb lumber piles."

FOUND GLORY IN FORGERY.

$23,900 Swindler Didn't Need the Money, but Liked the Risk.

Special to The New York Times.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., March 30.—Frederick Marks, who is under arrest in Boston, charged with forgery and larceny, confessed to-day that it was the risk he took and the pleasure he derived from reading the newspaper stories of his daring, not the actual need of money, that induced him to swindle the Red Hook National Bank in this county out of $8,900 and a Boston broker out of $15,000 by means of forged drafts.

Marks was arrested in Jacksonville, Fla., a few days ago by detectives who trailed him from Boston. He had $7,000 in cash in his possession. The forged draft which Marks deposited in the Red Hook Bank was for $12,000, and he averted suspicion by not asking for the full amount of the draft.

At Red Hook he posed as a retired farmer and easily won the confidence of the bankers. From here he went to Boston and engaged a suite of rooms in a fashionable hotel there. He said he did this because he knew the police would not look for him there. He spent money lavishly, changed his name to Frank Lamoyne, and grew a moustache. He said it was easy to evade the police and deceive bankers by a sufficient display of prosperity, having bought $15,000 worth of negotiable bonds from the Boston broker and turning the paper into cash at a bank half a block away.

ARREST MAN IN HOSPITAL.

John Yates Charged with Having Tried to Kill Himself.

John Yates of 490 West 136th Street, a salesman for Park & Tilford, was arrested at the J. Hood Wright Hospital last night, charged with having attempted suicide by swallowing three bichloride of mercury tablets.

Dr. F. S. Curtis of 522 West 136th Street told the police he had been called to the Yates home shortly after 4 o'clock in the afternoon and found Yates in a serious condition. According to the story obtained by the physician, Yates went to the bathroom after eating his dinner at 3:30 o'clock, and a few minutes later his wife heard him groaning. Yates was so weak that the physician decided to have him removed to the hospital. Yates asserted that he had taken the poison by mistake, Dr. Curtis said. At the hospital last night it was said Yates would recover.

HITS 2 AUTOS IN SUCCESSION.

Trolley Car Just Out of One Accident Goes Into Another.

Motorman Eiseman of the Madison Avenue Line ran down two automobiles crossing Forty-fourth Street yesterday.

The first machine, one for hire, had a woman passenger, who was thrown out by the force of the collision and taken away in a taxicab. After the badly damaged machine had been cleared off the tracks and the trolley had proceeded twenty feet further uptown a car belonging to the Morris Park Estates of 25 Broad Street was struck with enough force to throw the chauffeur, Charles [illegible]

A GREEK-RUMANIAN WAR.

It Breaks Out in a Clubhouse and the Casualties Are Heavy.

The dispute between Bulgaria and Rumania over the question of the location of the border line dividing those two countries was the indirect cause last night of a Greek-Rumanian war in the Rumanian club, the Lupoaica Benefit Society, at 124 West Forty-first Street, near Broadway. It took six patrolmen to end the battle, after which several physicians from the New York Hospital patched up the wounded, mostly Rumanians.

Thirty members were in the clubrooms at 11 o'clock when eight Greeks forced their way in. When the Rumanians arose to resent the intrusion the leader of the Greeks, Demetria Papajwsi, a waiter of 265 West Thirty-ninth Street, assured them that they were on a friendly visit, and thereupon the invaders were invited to refreshments. But a moment later, when the Rumanians started singing their national airs, the Greeks taunted them with favoring Turkey and opposing the Christians by the dispute with Bulgaria.

Some one drew a revolver and fired two shots, which were heard by Sergt. Sheridan and six patrolmen in the vicinity, and when they reached the door of the club every man in the place appeared to be fighting, or throwing bottles, chairs, and other movable articles at the foe. Six wounded men were unconscious on the floor, and near by was a revolver with two empty cartridges in it, but no one had been hit apparently by the bullets, for all the injuries were cuts and bruises. Demetria, leader of the Greeks, accused a Rumanian, who described himself as John Collins, 230 West Forty-fifth Street, as the one who had fired the weapon. He was locked up on the charge of assault, after he had charged his accuser with hitting him on the head with a bottle.

The club manager, Stora Vrana, said they never before had any trouble with the Greeks.

BILLIE BURKE IN BOY'S GARB.

Actress to be Seen Here in Revival of "The Amazons."

Charles Frohman has completed arrangements for the appearance this season of Billie Burke in another Pinero comedy. She is now in the West in "The 'Mind the Paint' Girl," and early in May, at the conclusion of this engagement, will return to New York, where she will be seen at the Empire Theatre in a revival of "The Amazons," in which she will play a girl masquerading as a boy.

It is said that this will be her first appearance on the stage in boy's clothes, and it is promised that when she first steps upon the stage a new fashion will be set for men's outing costume this season. Her part is that of one of three girls being brought up as boys by their mother, an eccentric Marchioness. The rôle is a pure comedy one, in contrast to that of Lilly Parradell in "The 'Mind the Paint' Girl," which she is now playing. Her original plans called for a trip to Europe immediately after she had finished in her present play, but this will be postponed in order to allow her to appear in "The Amazons" for four weeks.

Actors Appear for Charity.

Under the direction of Lew Fields, a benefit in aid of the Sanitarium for Hebrew Children at Rockaway Park was held last night at Weber & Fields's Forty-fourth Street Theatre. Many prominent actors and actresses appeared, among them Lew Fields himself. It is estimated that the benefit cleared between $4,500 and $5,000 for the charity.

NAPOLEON LIBRARY IN AUCTION MARKET

Sale of Fine William J. Latta Collection Starts at Anderson's on April 21.

3,000 BONAPARTE PORTRAITS

Grim Check List of Guillotine Victims — Josephine's Bills — Nine Richelieu Autograph Letters.

The first part of the fine Napoleana library of William J. Latta of Philadelphia will be sold at the Anderson Auction Company's rooms in six sessions from April 21 to April 26. This first part consists of more than 1,000 volumes relating to the famous French Emperor, his family, his Marshals, and other persons who figured prominently during the Napoleonic period. In the collection there is also a large number of portraits, more than 3,000 being portraits of Bonaparte himself. There are likewise more than 2,000 caricatures of him, forming one of the most extensive collections of this kind in the world. In addition, there are many interesting and valuable autograph letters and documents.

Among the earlier Napoleon documents are some signed by Bonaparte when he was only a Lieutenant in the French Army. There are also documents or letters signed by Louis XVI. and Marie Antoinette, by Marat, a few days before his death, and by Charlotte Corday, in which she seeks to mislead her father by telling of a proposed trip to England after her arrest. There are other documents signed by Danton and Robespierre, by Desmoulins, Barras, and other members of the "Mountain," and by the unfortunate Lavoisier and Mme. Roland.

A forcible reminder of the horrors of the French Revolution is the check list of victims used by Fouquier-Tinville at the guillotine, the name of each having been scored through by him after the victim's beheading.

One of the most interesting of the Napoleon items is the original draft of his farewell address to his Old Guard at Fontainebleau on his abdication in 1814. Another valuable historic document is the civil certificate of the marriage of Napoleon and Josephine, the ages of the contracting parties being given. A three-page letter relating to the war with Austria has a signed Napoleon indorsement of four lines. An important Napoleon letter is the one he wrote to his brother Joseph announcing the marriage to Marie Louise.

Bills From Shopkeepers.

There are many autographs relating to Josephine. Included in them are bills from shopkeepers. There is also Pauline Bonaparte's salary list for valet, porter, and other servants. Among the autographs of other celebrities and notorieties are those of Lord Nelson, of Lady Hamilton to Nelson, of the Duke of Wellington, of Peel and Pitt, of Blucher, Bernadotte, and Alexander I. of Russia.

The portraits of Napoleon include the fictitious ones made before his features became well known to the public. There are also fine lithographs of him by Charlet, Raffet, and others. Rowlandson, Gillray, and Cruikshank are well represented in the caricatures of Napoleon. There are other caricatures by natives of France, Germany, and Italy.

There are also medals, snuffboxes, miniatures, more than a hundred original drawings and setches, and a collection of bronzes of Napoleon, including examples by Jullien, Barye, and Boizot. It is said that it took Mr. Latta a quarter of a century to make this great Napoleana collection.

There are besides important and interesting items of French celebrities of other eventful periods. Among them figure a letter written by Anne de Montmorency, the famous Constable of France in the sixteenth century; a letter of Admiral Gaspard de Coligny, and a letter signed "Chatillion." Other letters are by Charles, second Cardinal of Lorraine, who wielded unlimited power throughout the reign of Francis II.; by Charles IX., by Louis II., and by the "Great Condé."

Richelieu is represented by no less than nine autograph letters. There are also letters of the Marquis de Loucois, Minister to Louis IX., and of the Duchesse de Nemours. Other famous personages whose autographs are found here are Voltaire and Rousseau, Count Cagliostro, the notorious adventurer, who was implicated in the famous case of the Queen's necklace; Louis de Lorraine, and the Duc de Rohan.

Among the women prominent in French history whose autographs are included in this collection are Mme. de Pompadour, Mme. de Stael, Theoigne de Mericourt, the Duchesse d'Angouleme, and Mme. Therese.

Interesting Revolutionary Item.

One of the minor items in the Edward N. Crane sale last week was an interesting Revolutionary play bill, for which George D. Smith paid $50. It is a one-page folio and reads in part as follows:

> Theatre Royal—To the Public: While the most liberal contributions are bestowed in almost every part of Great Britain in behalf of Misfortune and Distress, the Manager of the Theatre Royal of Edinburgh hopes his conduct will be approved of by the humane and benevolent Public if he presumes it his duty to render the Theatre subservient to the laudible purpose of the following meritorious and laudible charity. Therefore for the benefit of the Fund for the relief of his Majesty's sick and wounded troops and the widows and children of the slain in America, on Thursday the 7th of March (1776) will be presented the "Tragedy of Cato."

An interesting memento of one of the earliest private libraries brought to New England was knocked down for only $30. It was the younger John Winthrop's copy of the Bodleian Library Catalogue of 1620, with Winthrop's signature, dated 1631, the year in which he arrived in New England. The journal of John Winthrop, the elder, speaks of his son, the younger John, as possessing at that time in Boston a library of more than 1,000 volumes. Some of these books are still preserved, and bear testimony to the learning and deep intellectual tastes of their original owner. Half a century ago this particular volume was owned by Prof. Charles Anthon of Columbia, and during recent years it was in the library of Wilberforce Eames of the New York Public Library.

CARTON MOORE-CLARK HERE.

English Painter Returning from Commission in Bermuda.

Among the passengers who arrived yesterday on the Royal Mail steam packet Orotava from Bermuda, was Carton Moore-Park, the English painter, who has made fifty-one paintings of the coral caves on the island and fishes for the Royal Geographical and Royal Zoological Societies of England. Mr. Moore-Park already has done a series of paintings of animal life for the Board of Education in England, which are being used in the public school books. The paintings he brought back with him from Bermuda will be sent to England on the Cunard liner Mauretania on Wednesday.

UNINFLUENCED BY NELSON.

Associated Press Reports of Editor's Trial Unbiased, Says Local Manager.

KANSAS CITY, March 30.—An attempt to prove that W. R. Nelson, owner and editor of The Kansas City Star, was able to influence the character of reports sent out by The Associated Press concerning the trial of Mr. Nelson when he was cited to appear before Circuit Judge Joseph A. Guthrie for alleged contempt, was made by attorneys for Judge Guthrie at the hearing before Commissioner C. C. Crow yesterday. It was charged that Mr. Nelson could exert such influence because he was a Director of The Associated Press.

Edgar T. Cutter, chief of the Kansas City bureau of The Associated Press, testified as to the manner in which that association handled the different phases of the case. In reply to questions by O. H. Dean, Judge Guthrie's attorney, Mr. Cutter said the story was written by an Associated Press staff man without suggestions from any outside source.

"Did any member of the staff of The Star or The Times suggest or direct in any manner at any time how these articles should be written?" asked James P. Aylward, an attorney for Mr. Nelson.

"They did not," was the reply.

"Did Mr. Nelson have anything to do with the policy of any article sent out by The Associated Press, or did he have anything to do with the writing of any article concerning this case?"

"Absolutely no."

This ended the hearing, and Commissioner Crow will now present the evidence to the State Supreme Court. He said he construed his appointment as Commissioner to empower him to report to the court whether in his opinion Mr. Nelson was guilty or not guilty of contempt.

Judge Guthrie's attorneys contended that the Commissioner should submit the evidence to the Supreme Court without comment. Willard P. Hall, one of the attorneys, said he would probably make a motion before the Supreme Court to restrict the power of the Commissioner.

ROEBER'S CAR HITS A WOMAN.

Former Wrestler Takes Her to Flushing Hospital for Treatment.

After his automobile had run down Miss Zella Cohen, 23 years old, of 112 Broadway, Flushing, while she was crossing a street near her home yesterday afternoon, Ernest Roeber, the former champion wrestelr, lifted her into his car and hurried with her to the Flushing Hospital, where it was found that her injuries were not serious.

The machine was driven by Mr. Roeber's son Frank. Miss Cohen started to cross the street and then turned back, and young Roeber could not stop the car in time to avoid striking her. Mrs. Roeber was in the car with her husband. The Roebers life in Auburndale, and were on their way to Brooklyn to visit friends when the accident happened. Mrs. Roeber was so affected by the accident that the trip had to be postponed.

Little Six Roadster

We have just received the Franklin Little Six "30" roadster with Entz electric starter.

A small six roadster! Who has not looked for a car of this type? As usual, the Franklin Company is first.

The Entz starter gives a control similar to an electric. The starter switch is left "on" while driving, so that the engine, like an electric motor, is always under perfect control. The engine cannot stall.

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR CO.
GLENN A. TISDALE, Manager.
73rd Street & Amsterdam Ave.

$55.00 to Pacific Coast

Lackawanna Railroad

From March 14th to April 14th, inc.
Ticket Offices,
Broadway, at 42d, 28th,
Howard & Wall Sts.
Bkln., 505 Fulton St.

$1,000 to $50,000 will be invested in your business at 5 per cent. by one of the strongest corporations in America, in the form of credit insurance. Write for further information, without any obligation whatever. N. H. CASPERFIELD, Special Agent, 1547 Broadway, cor 46th St. Phone 114 Bryant.

RAZOR BLADES RESHARPENED.
Quality Work. Prompt Service. Mail Orders. Gillettes, 35c; Gems, &c., 25c doz.
50 Church St. (window Standard Drug Co.)
156 E. 23d St., near Lexington Av.
Grant Sales Co., 253 Broadway, N. Y. City.

$3,500 for J. G. Eddy Benefit.

Jerome G. Eddy, dean of the press agents, was the object of a benefit last night at the Liberty Theatre in which many prominent theatrical managers were interested. There was a long programme for the occasion. Ethel Barrymore, who was to have appeared, sent a telegram saying that the flood conditions detained her in Pittsburgh, but that she was forwarding a check to take her place. It is estimated that the sale of seats and subscriptions netted about $3,500.

When you see in a Grocery Store a display of

QUEEN CANNED FOOD PRODUCTS

you may unhesitatingly enter and buy.

The general excellence and purity of QUEEN goods is recognized by discriminating consumers.

Thousands of Grocers in Greater New York handle this celebrated brand. Ask for QUEEN goods and secure the best obtainable.

KOENIG & SCHUSTER,
Proprietors & Distributors.

The Highest Authorities

I had written for perhaps ten years warning American women against canned foods. I said, put them up at home or go without them. I beg them now to use canned foods. We are proud to have them on our table.
MARION HARLAND.

For seasons of natural shortage, for periods, places and times when fresh goods are not available, the canned goods fill a most important place in the modern dietary, and the wholesomeness, palatability and convenience of the products are in most instances unquestionable and under modern conditions of life they are filling a larger and larger need.
DR. HARVEY W. WILEY.

These canned goods were essential to the subsistence of the troops in the Philippines who were scattered through the Islands and subjected to unsanitary conditions and surroundings. But the general good health of the army there, especially during cholera and plague epidemics, when canned goods were principally used, was primarily due to the variety and wholesomeness of the canned foods.
BRIG.-GEN. HENRY G. SHARPE,
Commissary Department, U. S. A.

Canning is the art of preserving a food product in a hermetically sealed container, the preservation being accomplished through sterilization by means of heat. In its highest sense the object is to retain the food in as nearly a fresh condition as possible as to appearance, palatability and nutritive quality, or in the condition in which it is usually consumed. It affords the means of having wholesome, succulent vegetables or other products at all times and in places where otherwise the cost or the labor of preparation would be prohibitive.
DR. A. W. BITTING, Food Technologist, U. S. Bureau of Chemistry.

There can be little doubt in the mind of anyone who has visited a modern canning factory where fruits and vegetables are being prepared for the market, that the product is actually cleaner than when prepared in the ordinary home kitchen.
MRS. NELLE D. CHENOWETH,
Formerly of Household Science Dept.,
University of Illinois.

The discovery of canning by heat and development of the canning industry enables Nature to constantly empty her horn of plenty into the periods and places of destitution, and puts the June garden into the January pantry.
JOHN A. LEE.

And Now, Madam, Comes National Canned Foods Week!

Millions of women in millions of homes will participate. Hundreds of thousands of retailers, grocers, jobbers and manufacturers in almost every city and town are making canned fruit, vegetables, fish, milk and meats their sales features from March 31st to April 5th.

A Week of Pure Food the Country Over

Thousands of women who now use Canned Foods will buy their supplies this week. Thousands who've tired of canning their own foods will take advantage of it. This week is a climax of the great modern demand for pure food and economy. In Canned Foods today is the realization of this nation-wide demand. In Canned Foods Week is the proof of purity. And the proof that the cost of the best of these foods is within every housewife's reach.

What Dr. Wiley Says

Dr. Wiley, Marion Harland, and others are printing their ideas in the newspapers in regard to Canned Foods and their benefits—their cleanliness, purity, and food value. See what they say. Look for recipes by University Instructors in Domestic Science. See what the Food Technologist of the United States Bureau of Chemistry says about Canned Foods, of which there are sold in this country $80,000,000 worth yearly. Get these people's ideas on the goodness of Canned Foods, the flavor, the methods of preparation and their health-giving qualities. See, then, if you don't want to USE MORE CANNED FOODS THAN YOU EVER HAVE USED BEFORE.

These are the world's finest low-cost foods. Food can't be prepared any better today.

Cooked in the Containers at 250 Degrees

Foods sold in cans are picked or procured close to the canneries. Usually not more than four or five hours pass from the time these foods are taken from their natural surroundings until they are sealed in the cans, sterilized at 250 degrees and ready for the market. They retain all their flavor, their natural freshness, their purity and food value intact. You open them in your kitchen as good as the day the containers were filled at the canneries.

And most of these foods are canned by machinery kept immaculately clean. These canneries are like modern kitchens in the great hotels. Even the walls and ceilings are washed and thousands of gallons of hot water are daily used to scour and clean every part of the factory. They are spotless and white and inviting.

You will serve Canned Foods daily, as millions now do, when you fully realize these facts.

See Your Dealer This Week

See what he has—fruits, vegetables, fish, milk and meats of the most tempting kinds and varieties. From the solid foods to the fanciest dainties at prices anyone can pay—at prices that keep down the cost of living.

Get an assortment and try Canned Foods. Learn how many different and delicious dishes can be prepared with Canned Foods. You don't know what economies can be effected until you have used them regularly.

Take advantage of National Canned Foods Week. Then serve them in some form every day. Keep account of your bills at the end of each week and see what this saving is. Go to your dealer. See what he has in Canned Foods now.

Try Canned Foods
Pure Food
Economy
Convenience

THE NATIONAL CANNED FOODS WEEK COMMITTEE

(28)

Leggett's Premier Canned Foods

Premier Pure Food Creed is formulated after Dr. Wiley's standards and scrupulously followed in the preparation of every article bearing the Premier label. Under this label and over the signature of Francis H. Leggett & Co. no article of food is packed which violates in any way the most exacting standards of purity and quality.

Leggett's Premier Pure Foods

YOU WILL FIND PREMIER PURE FOODS AT ANY STORE WHICH DISPLAYS THE PREMIER STAR.

White Asparagus
Small Lima Beans
Stringless Beans
Fancy Maine Corn
Sliced Bacon
Extra Spinach
Whole Tomatoes
Apricots
White Cherries
Smoked Beef
Plum Pudding
Ox Tongue
Tunny Fish
Maine Blueberries in Sugar
Preserved Red Raspberries
Hawaiian Pineapple
California Bartlett Pears
Run of the Garden Peas
Columbia River Salmon
English Channel Mackerel
Pitted Red Cherries
Lemon Cling Peaches
Green Gage Plums
Fancy Shrimp
Clam Juice
Pumpkin and Squash

TAMMANY BRAVES TURNING ON MURPHY

Hungry Office Seekers Say They Begin to Believe the "Chief Can't Deliver."

POINT TO KENNEDY CASE

Also Dubious as to Where O'Gorman Stands and Begin to Talk About New Leader.

Dissatisfaction with Murphy rule is rife in Tammany circles throughout the city, according to statements made yesterday by braves in the Fourteenth Street Wigwam. The dubious relations of Charles F. Murphy, Gov. Sulzer, and United States Senator James A. O'Gorman have convinced the hungry hordes of State and Federal patronage seekers that the "Chief can't deliver," as one office seeker expressed himself yesterday.

The same man said that the secret of Tammany's fight against the confirmation of Gov. Sulzer's appointee for State Superintendent of Prisons was due not only to the fact that the removal of Col. Scott was obnoxious to the local organization, but that Warden Kennedy of Sing Sing Prison, who was officially O. K.'d by Murphy, had been absolutely ignored by the Governor when it came to naming Scott's successor.

"Joe Mulqueen is the price of Riley," said a prominent Tammany county official last night, talking about the opposition of Tammany Senators to the confirmation of the new appointee to the office of State Superintendent of Prisons. "There are three judicial appointments open, and the organization has got to have something to say about them. We are not going to sit back and let Sulzer make capital out of his independence."

It was learned later that Justice Joseph F. Mulqueen of the Court of General Sessions, a Murphy candidate for the Supreme Court bench, had been compelled to appeal to Sheriff Julius Harburger for intervention with Gov. Sulzer in his behalf.

"That shows how strong Murphy is," asserted a Tammany leader yesterday. "We all have been sitting back to see whether or not this Sulzer fight was a 'frame-up' or was 'on the level.' No one knows yet where we get off. When Scott was removed as State Superintendent of Prisons Warden Kennedy had the backing of the organization to succeed him. He didn't get a look-in, and was compelled to resort to some of the Governor' friends in the Tenth Assembly District for consideration. If it has come to a point where the only influence which the organization exerts must emanate from the Governor's personal friends it is high time to get a new leader.

"The same situation prevails so far as Senator O'Gorman is concerned. The so-called open convention last Fall which nominated Sulzer was a simple 'frame-up.' Murphy could not afford to risk a fight on Dix, and it was a question of shelving him with due regard to his personal feelings. O'Gorman had been nominated as the result of a fight by the up-State farmers in the Legislature against William F. Sheehan. He appeared to have been forced on Murphy.

"He has been posing ever since as an anti-Tammany force in the United States Senate and in Democratic politics. At Baltimore, in every caucus of the New York delegation, he appeared as a Wilson delegate, because Murphy knew it was ultimately a question of choice between Clark and President Wilson. He could not have been named as a delegate at large from this State without Murphy's consent. Everybody knows that. He was destined to be the go-between for Fourteenth Street and the White House in the case of Wilson's nomination and election.

"What has been the result? O'Gorman has become infatuated with his rôle. He has posed so long as an independent that he is unwilling to serve the organization to which he owes his political being. Murphy doesn't know where O'Gorman stands, and neither does any one else. He did his best to place his son-in-law, Dudley Field Malone, as Collector of the Port of New York, and was foiled simply because Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo would not stand for it. O'Gorman since has felt that Murphy was the instigator of McAdoo's position.

"The proof of the pudding is in the eating, and Tammany has not as yet secured a single job from the Federal or State Government. With the present outlook for the municipal election next November it is time that a careful estimate was made as to the chances of holding the local Democratic organization intact."

EXPLOSION INJURES FAMILY.

Sheepshead Bay House Calls a Plumber and His Light Does Damage.

Two men, a woman, and a 6-year-old boy were badly injured last night by an explosion of gas in the home of Charles Barnett, at Avenue U and Nineteenth Street, Sheepshead Bay. The injured are Charles Barnett, 47 years old, badly burned about the face and body; his wife, Clara, 39 years old, badly burned about the face and head; their only child, Charles, 7 years old, who was burned about the body and legs, and Arthur Joyce, 26 years old, 1,907 Coney Island Avenue, burned about the body and hands.

Joyce, a plumber, had been notified that gas was escaping, and he traced it to the dining room, where the family were sitting. With a lighted candle in his hand he opened a closet door, and as he did so the accumulated gas that had been escaping from a pipe exploded.

The force of the explosion was sufficient to knock every one to the floor, and at the same time the tapestries in the room caught fire. The two men first carried the woman and boy to another room and then, though suffering from their injuries, attacked the fire with pails of water and extinguished the flames.

All will recover from their injuries.

Auto Kills Sunday School Boy.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., March 30.—Edgar Olsen, 10 years of age, was struck and instantly killed here to-day by an automobile owned and driven by L. G. Quick, a local dealer. The boy was leaving Sunday school and ran directly in front of the car. Quick surrendered himself to the police, but was later allowed to go. Mr. Quick came here from Syracuse two years ago, and is the son-in-law of former Mayor Jacob Kline of Syracuse.

MAYOR HELPS A DEBATER.

Tells Him Why He Opposes Recall of Judicial Decisions.

Mayor Gaynor, in a letter to an admirer who asked for advice, reasserted yesterday that he was opposed to the recall of judicial decisions. In his letter he said:

> I am not able to favor such a method. I do not think it should be adopted. We already have a method of nullifying or recalling such decisions. We have practiced it all over this country since the beginning of our government. When the courts declare an act of the Legislature void for being unconstitutional, the method is to submit a constitutional amendment to a vote of the people to change the law so as to make the law as the people want it, instead of leaving it as the court decided it. This is and has always been a common thing among us. In this State we pass such constitutional amendments freely. Only a few years ago we passed five.
>
> There is one up to be voted on this year, namely, with regard to the Employers' Liability statute, which our highest court declared unconstitutional and void. No doubt the people will overrule that decision, or recall it, if you prefer that word. In a similar way, when the courts make a decision which does not involve any constitutional point, but only some ordinary legal question, if the people are not satisfied with the decision, the Legislature may change the law to conform to the enlightened will of the community. I think these ways of overruling or recalling decisions, by changing the law as declared by such decisions, to conform to the enlightened judgment of the community, are much better than to submit each obnoxious decision to a vote of the people for approval or reversal. Indeed, I doubt if that method would be practical. In most cases something more would need to be done by way of legislation than the mere upsetting of the decision. If it be thought that it is now too difficult to get constitutional amendments submitted to a vote of the people, the method ought to be made easier.

The letter was written to Robert Hubbard of Georgetown, Ky., who wanted the Mayor to assist him in a debate on the question.

FATHER GETS ACTRESS'S BODY

Miss Leslie's Parent Further Convinced She Died a Natural Death.

The body of the American actress, Frances Leslie, who died on the White Star liner Oceanic on March 15, arrived here yesterday on the American liner St. Paul from Southampton. Henry N. Schmitz of 178 West Ninety-seventh Street, Miss Leslie's father, was at the pier to take charge of the body, which was taken to the rooms of Cahill Brothers, undertakers of 743 Amsterdam Avenue.

Mr. Schmitz said the verdict of the Coroner's inquest held in Southampton would be given out on April 15, but that he had no doubt his daughter died from natural causes. The letter she wrote to him the night before she died, and which he had just received, showed that she was happy and looking forward to her visit to London.

"Dear papa," it read, "this is the last day aboard, and we are to arrive at 8 o'clock in the morning, (March 15.) I have had no sign of seasickness, and had no necessity to use the lemons you placed in my bag. We took the southerly route, and the weather was quite warm, and I wore only a sweater.

"There were a number of professional people aboard, and we gave a concert for the benefit of the widows and orphans of seamen. I sold programmes and collected $57.50. That is very good."

KEEP ON PELLAGRA WORK.

Col. Thompson and J. H. MacFadden Will Continue to Pay Expenses.

Col. Robert M. Thompson of New York and John H. MacFadden of Philadelphia, who together contributed last year $15,000 to find out the cause of pellagra and a remedy for the disease, have instructed the Pellagra Commission, whose headquarters are in the New York Post-Graduate Hospital, to continue the work of investigation, and have agreed to supply funds to meet the expenses.

The Thompson-MacFadden Pellagra Commission will leave New York this week and take up its field headquarters in Spartanburg, S. C., where its members worked last Spring and Summer. Pellagra is more prevalent through the Southern States, and for this reason the commission thinks it is best to be in the South during the Summer months.

The personnel of the commission is the same as last year: Capt. Joseph F. Siler, Medical Corps, U. S. A.; Dr. Philip E. Garrison, Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. N.; Dr. Ward J. MacNeal, Assistant Director Department of Laboratories of the New York Post-Graduate Hospital and Medical School; Allan H. Jennings and M. V. King, entomologists of the Bureau of Entomology of the Department of Agriculture.

SUICIDE IS 80 YEARS OLD.

Samuel Sullivan Jumps from Window at Home for the Aged.

Samuel Sullivan, 80 years old, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from a window on the fourth floor of the Home for the Aged of the Little Sisters of the Poor, 135 West 106th Street. His neck was broken and death was instantaneous.

Sullivan entered the institution three weeks ago. Yesterday morning he was in a fourth-floor room with a nurse. He was looking out of one window and she out of another. Before the nurse could stop him Sullivan threw open the window and jumped. He fell fifty feet, striking a grass plot.

BURNED IN BAKESHOP FIRE.

Brooklyn Man Killed and Another Badly Injured at Winsted, Conn.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., March 30.—John Richard Greene, 35 years old, a baker of Brooklyn, N. Y., was burned to death, and Frank Roul, also a baker, was seriously burned in a fire which destroyed the bakery of A. A. King in Torrington at 4:20 this morning.

The men were asleep on the second floor, when Roul was awakened by crackling flames in his room. He shouted to Greene, who occupied a room next to him, and then jumped through a window, not having time to open it. To reach the window he had to pass through flames which ignited his night clothes. He was badly burned in addition to receiving several ugly cuts when he plunged through the glass. He was brought to the County Hospital here, and his recovery is expected.

Firemen found Greene's body, burned beyond recognition, in the ruins. He has two sisters in Brooklyn, and a telegram was sent to the Rev. Dr. Farrar in that city asking him to inform them of their brother's death.

PROGRESSIVES PLAN CURB ON FRANCHISES

Bill in the Legislature To-day Regulates Their Issue to Utility Corporations.

HITS AT SPECIAL PRIVILEGE

Bars Perpetual Franchises and Provides for Forfeiture of Existing Rights by Service Board.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—In compliance with their party's platform pledges, the Progressives will introduce in the Legislature to-morrow evening a bill to regulate the issue of public service franchises. The platform contained a plank recommending "the elimination of special privilege in any form," a prohibition against the granting of perpetual franchises, and it specifically demanded legislation for "the repeal or definite forfeiture of unused or abandoned franchises and recovery or control of the unlimited, perpetual, or practically perpetual franchises, heretofore alienated by improvident public servants." All these things the bill seeks to accomplish in one fell swoop.

It is contended for the bill that it was drafted by public utility experts of the first order, and it is one of the most thoroughgoing and advanced franchise measures submitted to the Legislature of any State. It will be introduced by Senator Palmer of Ulster and Assemblyman Sufrin of New York.

It authorizes franchises for a fixed period of not more than twenty-five years or indeterminate franchises with a time limit of not more than fifty years. The bill also provides that in all litigation involving the rights of corporations now claiming franchises in perpetuity or for a longer period than twenty-five years the burden of proof as to the validity of the franchise shall rest upon the corporation.

New inquisitorial powers are vested in the Public Service Commissions by the bill. These bodies are required to investigate all outstanding franchises in the State for the purpose of ascertaning whether all the conditions of such franchises have been complied with by the corporations holding them. Such corporations are required to file with the commissions a copy of all their franchises, and failure to file such copies is to be regarded as prima facie evidence that the franchises do not exist.

The findings of the Public Service Commissions are to be made public, and if it is found that the rights of any company have been forfeited or rendered forfeitable, the commissions must report to the Attorney General, who must forthwith begin proper proceedings to have the company's franchises declared void by the courts. Where a company operates a public utility, however, the bill charges the commission to appraise the company's property and prepare a new franchise to be given to the company with the approval of the local authorities, in return for the surrender of the franchise against which action had been begun by the Attorney General. Some provisions are contained in the bill to safeguard legitimate investment in physical property and to insure the enjoyment of a reasonable return on capital invested in public utilities.

All municipalities are authorized through the bill to own and operate public utilities. One section of the bill is directed against a practice which has grown in New York City under which some companies have been able to obtain "easements" virtually amounting to perpetual franchises in streets and thoroughfares not yet dedicated to the public use, but on the city map.

Under the bill the Public Service Commissions are required to report to the Legislature at next year's session a complete list of all companies organized to operate public utilities, and the extent to which they have actually constructed their routes or plants. The Public Service Commissions are also required to report at the same time a thorough revision of the railroad and transportation corporation laws, in order to bring them into harmony with the Progressive bill.

TO FIGHT FOR ARSON BILL.

Fire Commissioner Johnson Will Take Delegation to Albany Hearing.

Fire Commissioner Johnson and a committee of 150 merchants, manufacturers, bankers, brokers, lawyers, and insurance men will go to Albany on Wednesday to attend the public hearing on the Commissioner's Arson bill before the Assembly Insurance Committee at 2:30 o'clock. The delegation will depart from the Grand Central Station at 8:30 o'clock in the morning on a train which will be known as the "Arson Special." They will arrive in Albany at 11:40 o'clock, and will be received by Gov. Sulzer before going to the Assembly Chambers.

In Albany the committee will be entertained by State Fire Marshal Thomas F. Ahearn and the Chief of the Albany Fire Department. Each member of the delegation will wear a badge bearing the inscription, "Against Arson, N. Y. F. D." There will be a short parade through the streets to the Ten Eyck Hotel when the delegates arrive.

Commissioner Johnson and the other advocates of the bill plan to present a strong case in favor of the proposed legislation. They will be opposed, it is understood, by several of the fire insurance companies. As one of his demonstrations the Commissioner has arranged to have the "arson exhibit," which was shown at 61 Chambers Street in January, put in the centre of the Assembly Chamber just in front of the Speaker's rostrum. It will include the 135 insurance policies representing $127,500 which the Commissioner and his men obtained on household goods worth only $3.96. The furniture used to obtain the insurance will also be exhibited.

A number of letters indorsing the proposed legislation were made public by the Commissioner yesterday. These advocates include Judges Otto A. Rosalsky, Thomas C. T. Crain, Warren W. Foster, and Joseph F. Mulqueen of the Court of General Sessions; Chief Justice Isaac Franklin Russell of the Court of Special Sessions; Chief Magistrate William McAdoo, City Magistrates Peter T. Barlow, Paul Krotel, Robert C. Cornell, and Frederic Kernochan, Judge Norman S. Dike of the Kings County Court, Chief Justice Edward F. O'Dwyer of the City Court, and Justice Edward B. La Fetra of the City Court.

KILLED ON NEW MOTOR CYCLE

Father Who Bought It as a Present a Few Days Ago Collapses at Sight.

August Hamberger, 17 years old, son of Henry Hamberger, a well-to-do butcher of 361 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City, while out on his motor cycle yesterday morning ran into a Flushing trolley car of the New York & Queens County Electric Railway, bound to Manhattan, and was instantly killed. The accident occurred on the Long Island City Plaza of the Queensboro Bridge.

Just a few minutes before Isadore Dickstein, 13 years old, of 359 Jackson Avenue, who had been riding around with young Hamberger seated on the rear of the motor cycle, got off to go home.

Motorman Alexander Hamilton and Conductor Henry Lowe were running the trolley car. They say the accident was unavoidable.

The accident occurred within a few blocks of the Hamberger home, and hearing of it, the elder Mr. Hamberger ran to the scene. Breaking through the crowd he caught a glimpse of the shattered motor cycle, which he had given to his son as a present only a few days before, and recognizing the mangled form under the trolley wheels, he collapsed and had to be assisted back to his home.

PROTEST AGAINST STATE CUT.

Meeting Called to Protect Appropriations for Charitable Works.

A meeting of protest against the cutting of State appropriations for charitable and correctional institutions will be held at 4 o'clock Thursday at the Assemly Hall, United Charities Building. It has been called as a protest against the recent recommendation of the Committee of Inquiry at Albany that the State Industrial Farm Colony be abolished and that no additional appropriations be granted for the Letchworth Village Colony for the Feeble Minded and the Yorktown Heights Training School for Boys, and also that work on the State Farm for Women cease and that all appropriations beyond a minimum for repairs and maintenance be not granted.

SOUGHT TO AVENGE MURDER.

Dead Tailor's Friends Were Mauling a Suspect When Police Came.

Friends of Carl Yentowitz, a tailor, of 164 East Fourth Street, Manhattan, who died after a stabbing affray in Williamsburg on March 3, attempted yesterday to avenge his death when Alphonse Farronyoke of 150 Wythe Avenue, Williamsburg, returned to his home from Shamokin, Penn. Farronyoke is accused by the police of having inflicted the fatal wound. Detective Kavanaugh of the Bedford Avenue Station was passing Farronyoke's home on Wythe Avenue yesterday morning when he saw a crowd of men dragging him down the steps.

The detective drew his gun and fired in the air for assistance. The men who had Farronyoke fought him, and he was unable to protect the prisoner from their blows until other policemen arrived. They took Farronyoke to the station, where he admitted his identity and was arrested charged with homicide.

Yentowitz's friends stood around outside the station, and when the prisoner was taken in the patrol wagon to the Manhattan Avenue Police Court they followed and entered the court room. Magistrate Dodd was informed by the prisoners lawyer that threats had been made to his witnesses and that the life of his client was not safe. The Magistrate ordered the court room cleared, and then held the prisoner without bail for a hearing.

The stabbing, according to the police, was the result of a feud begun a year ago, when Farronyoke was arrested on a charge of assault made by Yentowitz. Four men were implicated in it, and Alphonse Farronyoke was accused of having inflicted the fatal wound. Joseph Farronyoke, a brother of Alphonse, and Michael Lopartz of 156 Wythe Avenue, were arrested immediately after the death of the tailor. The police are still looking for Charles Farronyoke, another brother.

This monogram on the radiator stands for all you can ask in a motor car

20,000 Miles

What car will carry you that distance in greater comfort and safety, and with less trouble and expense than a Chalmers?

It's a pretty poor car indeed that won't make a good showing in a salesman's demonstration.

But it takes a pretty good car to travel 20,000 miles and please you as well at the end as it did in the beginning.

Chalmers cars stand this test. Hundreds are driven this far every year. Some have been driven as high as 140,000 miles, and are still in daily service.

You can pay almost any price for a motor car, but even the highest priced won't carry you 20,000 miles in more comfort with greater economy, or with less mechanical attention than the Chalmers.

No lower priced car will give you equal comfort, economy and reliability.

Long stroke motor, four-forward speed transmission, nickel steel axles, extra large brakes—these and many other features of design secure the mechanical excellence of the Chalmers.

Large valves, new style Chalmers piston rings, improved carburetor, Timken bearings throughout the running gear — these are some of the Chalmers features which make for economy.

Turkish cushions, 11-inch upholstery, long wheel base, large wheels and tires, long, flexible springs — these are the things which make your Chalmers comfortable. None more so.

Try the Chalmers for 20,000 miles. By that time you will be agreed with us that no car at any price offers as much real automobile value for the money.

Let us give you your first Chalmers ride at your convenience.

Carl H. Page & Company, Broadway at 50th St.
Brooklyn: Carl H. Page & Company, Bedford Ave. & Fulton St.

Compare the Maxwell Six-50—price and all

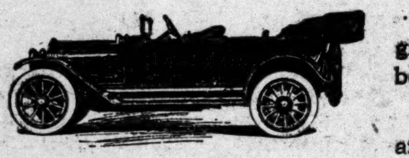
Come and look at the long, graceful lines. Couldn't be more beautiful.

Ride in it. Greater comfort and safety couldn't be devised.

Note the equipment. Gray & Davis electric starter and lighting, Warner speedometer, Jiffy curtains, carburetor adjustment on steering post, etc. Nothing lacking.

Then compare the big six-cylinder MAXWELL (formerly Flanders) with any other Six, regardless of price.

Seven-passenger, $2350 f. o. b. Detroit. Four-passenger, $2200 f. o. b. Detroit. Complete equipment.



HOLT-CHANDLER night and day service for MAXWELL owners.

Our service department comprises 20,000 square feet in the Galvin Building, 13th St. and East Ave., Long Island City, and is perfectly equipped and organized. This insures prompt and reasonable priced service to all Maxwell owners.

The Holt-Chandler Company
1808 Broadway, New York
Col. 7181

T. J. Colyer & Co., Newark. Tanner Motor Co., Brooklyn.
C. F. Redden, Eastern District Manager, Maxwell Motor Co.

Delivering the Goods

THE small merchant ceases to be small as soon as he realizes that prompt deliveries amount to delicate courtesies in the retail business. He equips with a delivery car—and grows. We are doing lots of business with growing merchants—and they are mighty proud of their Chase Trucks.

6 Efficient Models—Every style of body.
Capacities 500 to 4,000 lbs.
Prices $500 up.

In the language of delivery-costs, Chase Motor Trucks sound best.

Chase Motor Truck Company
142 West 50th St. New York

CHASE

Re-newed Fiat Cars

Where We Get Them

Every Re-newed FIAT car here offered has come directly from its owner, who has purchased a new FIAT.

Each one has given satisfaction that has prompted its owner to purchase another FIAT.

Each one is sold in confidence that its sale adds permanently a new owner to the FIAT clientele.

(GUARANTEED BY US)

1912	20	LIMOUSINE TOWN CAR (Foreign)	$2,500
1912	35	LANDAULET	3,100
1912	35	TOURING CAR	2,650
1911	35	GUNBOAT	2,500
1911	35	CHASSIS	2,250
1911	35	TOURING CAR	2,250
1910	6-45	FOUR PASSENGER, chain drive (Foreign)	1,750
1910	45	GUNBOAT (Foreign)	2,000
1910	15	LANDAULET (Foreign)	1,750
1910	45	LANDAULET (Foreign)	2,000
1909	15	LANDAULET (Foreign)	1,500
1909	15	LANDAULET (Foreign)	1,200
1909	25	FIVE PASSENGER (Foreign)	1,500
1907	35	RUNABOUT, chain drive (Foreign)	1,000

Used Cars—Other High-Grade Makes

	Condition.	
1907—35 PANHARD LIMOUSINE	Good	$750
1907—35 PANHARD CHASSIS	Good	750
1911—46 LOZIER LAKEWOOD BODY	Excellent	1,750
1911—40 PEERLESS TOURING	Good	1,700
1911—40 PEERLESS LIMOUSINE	Good	2,000
1911—30 PACKARD TOURING	Good	1,900

16th Year The Master Car

FIAT

Phone for Demonstration Appointment

MOTOR SALES CO.

Broadway, at 57th Street New York

Locomobile

SIXES

Appeal to Women

Appeal to Men

Because: Ten-Inch Upholstery gives easier riding. Easy step, clear running board, and wide doors make it easy to get in and out. Low lines give more graceful appearance.

Because: Have best built, best installed electric motor starter and lighting system. More rugged chassis. Stand up under hardest service. Four Speed Transmission, Disc Clutch, Seven Bearing Crank Shaft, and many other advanced mechanical features.

"Fours and Sixes" $3600 to $5100

The Locomobile Company of America, Broadway and 76th St., New York

Brooklyn Dealers:—
The I. S. REMSON MFG. CO.,
1410 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Northern New Jersey Dealers:—
GREEN MOTOR CAR CO.,
88 Washington St., Newark, N. J.

DEMAND 8-HOUR DAY FOR NEW SUBWAYS

Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Also Calls for a Contract Which Recognizes the Union.

TO UNIONIZE LOCAL LINES

Motormen of the Interborough and Other City Roads Preparing to Fight for Concessions.

Representatives of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers from cities east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers, met yesterday afternoon at the Amsterdam Opera House, Forty-fourth Street, near Eighth Avenue, and discussed the status of engineers throughout the East, the growth of the brotherhood and other matters. At the end of the meeting a resolution was passed, containing a demand that all the new subways should be constructed and operated by the city, and that the contract for operation should include an eight-hour work day for the motormen and the recognition of the union.

The Chairman of the meeting was Thomas Brisset, Chief of Local 783 of Harlem, and some of the speakers were Alexander Law, President of the Eight-Hour League of America, and Timothy Healy, President of the International Brotherhood of Stationary Firemen. Here is the resolution adopted by the meeting:

> Resolved, We demand that all new subways be constructed, owned, and operated by the municipality, and that no contract for operation be signed that does not include an eight-hour workday for all employes and the recognition of their organization as the proper authority to regulate hours, wages, and working conditions; and, further be it
>
> Resolved, That we will support no candidate for Mayor or other office to be voted for at the coming election who is not unequivocally on record for the eight-hour workday, the recognition of the union as the proper authority to regulate hours, wages, and working conditions, and for municipal ownership, conduct, and operation of all public utilities.

In the morning a secret meeting was held, which more than 300 members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers attended. Those present discussed a plan to organize the motormen on the Interborough, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and New York, Westchester & Boston Railroad, for a movement for shorter working hours, higher pay, and better working conditions on electric trains in and around New York. Some of those present were Assistant Grand Chief F. A. Burgess, Frank Evans of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, Hubert Kelly of the Erie, and representatives of the Harlem Railroad, Jersey Central, and other lines touching this city.

After the meeting Assistant Grand Chief Burgess explained that the demands would be for eight or nine hour days for the motormen on the Subway, elevated, and New York, Westchester & Boston Railroads, who, he said, were working on an average of ten hours, or running 180 miles a day, with 300 stops; 50 cents an hour instead of 37½ cents; recognition of the union, and better relay conditions, giving the motormen at least fifteen minutes between trips.

It was said that the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers had organized some 57 per cent. of the motormen on the Subway, 51 per cent. on the elevated roads, 62½ per cent. on the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, and 79 per cent. on the New York, Westchester & Boston. The union expects that 80 per cent. of the men can be brought into the brotherhood, and then the demands will be made.

CARTER SEES GENERAL UNION.

Head of Locomotive Firemen Expects Railroad Brotherhoods to Combine.

A meeting was held last night in Bryant Hall, Sixth Avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second Streets, under the auspices of the Order of Railroad Conductors, the Britherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, and the Order of Railroad Trainmen. One of the speakers was Chairman Edward E. McCall of the Public Service Commission. In his address he said:

"I am sure that I am speaking for my colleagues as well as for mysself when I say that it is our greatest desire in conducting the Public Service Commission to make it a haven for any one to come to who suffers from any wrong which it is in our power to right. Such questions as those of wages and hours of work will come up. It is only our desire to act justly under proper legal procedure to the satisfaction, so far as possible, of all persons interested.

"But it won't do at all to have people come to us representing themselves as from organizations when they are not authorized representatives. We have had some such since I have been in office. Be assured that the Public Service Commission offices are open at all times to any citizen who wishes to question any procedure going on in those offices. We wish to do justice so far as our judgment goes."

The Chairman of the meeting was Joseph Hughese of Philadelphia, a member of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, and the speakers, besides Commissioner McCall, were W. S. Carter, President of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen; R. Albert Phillips, second Vice President of the same brotherhood and its representative on the Arbitration Board now sitting; E. A. Ball, first Vice President of the Brotherhood of Firemen and Enginemen, and L. A. Shephered, first Vice President of the Order of Railroad Conductors. W. S. Carter said:

"I predict that we shall soon see the day when all railroad employes shall unite in one strong organization. I remember the day when a member of one railroad men's organization would hardly walk in the same street with a member of another. But we see the organizations friendly now, and in my opinion the rank and file of the organizations would unite to-day if they were permitted to do so by certain of their leaders. If these leaders prevent the union much longer new leaders will arise under whom all differences will be settled."

THREE DEAD FROM GAS.

Two Children Also Have Narrow Escape from Asphyxiation.

Charles Frostler, 8 years old, was left in the care of his sister, Mildred, 12 years old, at 155 East Eighty-fifth Street, on Saturday night. When their mother and father returned they stumbled against Mildred lying against the floor, and found the place filled with gas. Charles was unconscious on a bed. An ambulance surgeon revived the girl and a pulmoter saved Charles.

Mamie Moran, a laundress, and William Brennan, a laborer, were asphyxiated by gas yesterday at 340 West Forty-second Street. A tube connecting a gas fixture and a small stove had been disconnected.

Ada Case committed suicide yesterday in a furnished room at 31 West Sixty-fifth Street by inhaling gas. She left no letters, and the motive could not be learned.

Put Your Savings
To Work at Liberal Pay
Transplant that savings bank account into Guaranteed First Mortgages, which pay interest of 5% without risk of Principal.
Our booklet "E" goes into convincing detail. Write for it to-day.
FIRST MORTGAGE GUARANTEE CO.
Bridge Plaza N., L. I. City, N. Y.

DISCORD OVER MRS. WILSON.

Democratic Women's Club Will Not Attend Breakfast in Her Honor.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—A question which is puzzling a good many women in this city is whether or not social standing shall be placed above party loyalty in selecting the participants in a breakfast to be given in honor of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson and Mrs. Thomas R. Marshall. The women mostly interested are members of the District of Columbia branch of the Southern League, Women's Wilson and Marshall Organization. The members of the District of Columbia branch are angry because only a limited number of them have places at the breakfast, and the Executive Board has decided that the branch shall take no part in the affair. There are to be 350 persons at the breakfast, which is to take place on Monday, April 7.

Mrs. Stephen B. Ayres, wife of Representative Ayres of New York and President of the Congressional Club, has charge and is to preside. In addition to Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Marshall the guests will include the wives of the married members of the Cabinet and Mrs. Champ Clark, wife of the Speaker of the House. Mrs. John W. Kern, wife of the Senator from Indiana, will be toastmaster.

One cause of complaint is that a number of Republican and Progressive women have been invited to the exclusion of an equal number of Democratic women.

Among those who have tables at which they will entertain friends are Mrs. John Hays Hammond, wife of the President of the National League of Republican Clubs; Mrs. James W. Pinchot, mother of Gifford Pinchot; Miss Mabel Boardman, an intimate friend of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Taft, and contributor to the Taft campaign fund; Mrs. Martin Knapp, wife of the Chief Judge of the United States Commerce Court, who is a Republican; Mrs. Albert B. Cummins, wife of the Republican Senator from Iowa, and Mrs. Henry A. Cooper, wife of the Republican Representative from Wisconsin.

In addition to these, some of whom are regarded as social leaders in Washington, tables have been obtained by others prominent socially, including Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, and Mrs. Philip Andrews.

The Democratic women who have been left out want to know why they should be excluded from a Democratic breakfast in order to make room for women who not only have Republican or Progressive affiliations but were asked to participate principally because of their social standing.

The Executive Board of the District of Columbia branch, has issued the following notice:

> It has been decided that the District Branch of the Southern League, Wilson and Marshall organization, will take no part as a body at the breakfast to be given April 7. Being limited by the Chairman to one table, and as this is a large organization, the board finds this totally inadequate to accommodate even a fair representation of its membership.

The original idea seems to have been to give a breakfast in celebration of the return of the Democratic Party to power. It is said that there was no real demand for seats until it became known that Mrs. Wilson had accepted an invitation to attend, and that some of those who are now complaining of having been slighted are themselves at fault, because they did not take advantage of the "first come, first served" rule.

One of those who objects to the breakfast is Miss Katherine M. Dabney, founder of the Women's Democratic League. Her opposition is based on the ground that the whole affair is out of place at this time, when the country is mourning the loss of life and the distress prevailing in Ohio and Indiana.

"Instead of a National breakfast it would be more appropriate to have a National prayer meeting or send the funds to the sufferers," said Miss Dabney.

WILSON NOT AT CHURCH.

Wife and Daughter Attend While He Stays in White House.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—For the first time since he has been in the White House, President Wilson did not attend morning church service to-day. He remained at the White House. Mrs. Wilson and Miss Eleanor Wilson went to the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, where they entered without being recognized by many of the congregation. This is the church which President Wilson was expected to attend the first Sunday after his inauguration, and where a great crowd was disappointed because the President, desirous of avoiding the throng, went to a different church.

The following Sunday the President went to another church, and last Sunday to still another. The three churches where he has worshipped since entering the White House are all of the Presbyterian faith. Washington was wondering whether it was the intention of the President to go to a different church every Sunday, and where he would go to-day. Here again the President did the unexpected by remaining within the White House.

Mr. Wilson adhered to his rule not to transact business or do any work on Sundays. No audiences were granted by him at the White House to-day.

WIN PRIZES AT CORNELL.

Harper of College Point for English, Bishop of Yonkers for Poetry.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., March 30.—The James B. Guilford essay prize of $150, awarded annually to a Cornell student for the best piece of English prose composition submitted in competition, has been awarded by the Faculty to Francis Harper of College Point, a junior in the Arts College. Harper's subject was "A Sojourn in the Primeval." His experiences and observations in the Okefinokee Swamp, which he explored in company with others last Summer, formed the basis of his essay.

The Morrison Prize for the best original poem was won by Morris G. Bishop of Yonkers, a senior in the College of Arts and Sciences. This prize is worth $100.

WOMAN KILLED BY A CAR.

Struck at 178th Street and Webster Avenue—Unidentified.

An unidentified woman about 50 years old, dressed entirely in black, was knocked down and dragged by a 180th Street crosstown car in Webster Avenue, near 178th Street, last night. She was unconscious when picked up and died before the arrival of Dr. Wark of Fordham Hospital.

The accident was witnessed by a number of people who were going into a moving-picture theatre opposite, and a large number gathered around the car. There was no demonstration against the motorman, who did his best to stop.

The body was removed to the Tremont Station. The woman weighed about 120 pounds and wore diamond earrings and a wedding ring. In her pocketbook was found a newspaper clipping of a poem by Ella Wheeler Wilcox, entitled "Not To-day, but Sometime." She had only ten cents with her.

EXTRA THUMB SERVES HIM.

Sister Finds Lost Boy Through Unusual Formation of His Hand.

"Has a little boy, 5 years old, been brought here?" asked Mary Rosen of 1,581 East New York Avenue, Brooklyn, in the Alexander Avenue Station last night.

"Can you describe him?" asked the Lieutenant in charge.

"Oh, yes," she replied. "He has two thumbs on his right hand."

"All right," said the Lieutenant. "We've got him."

The child, Harry Rosen, a brother of the young woman, was brought in from the back room and quit the station with his sister. She said they had been visiting friends in the Bronx and that she had missed the boy at 138th Street and Willis Avenue. Harry Brown of 454 East 137th Street found the youngster at the place where his sister had lost him. Brown took him to the station, where it was noticed that he had two perfect thumbs on his right hand. This made identification easy.

Shall the Railroads of New York State be compelled by Law to waste $2,000,000 annually?

A Letter to Governor Sulzer

To the Public:

Firmly believing that the enactment into law of the "Extra Crew" Bill now before the Governor would be a very serious economic mistake, the Presidents of the railroads comprising substantially all of the mileage in the State of New York joined in submitting to Governor Sulzer the following proposition:

NEW YORK, N. Y., March 29th, 1913.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
The Capitol, Albany, N. Y.

DEAR SIR:

Feeling that the brief hearing today did not clearly indicate the position of our several companies with reference to the "Full Crew" Bill now before you for approval, we respectfully submit the following as a solution of the matter:

The following railroad companies, representing substantially all the mileage of the State, who oppose the said Bill because it arbitrarily fixes by statute the number of employes on each train, without considering actual operating conditions, believing that the decision of this important question should be left to the Public Service Commissions (who, as we are advised by counsel, now have the power to make this decision, and have exercised that power) very respectfully request you to veto the Bill. In lieu of its enactment we will join you in requesting said Commissions to institute an inquiry as to the number of trainmen necessary in their judgment to insure safe and efficient operation of all trains.

We hereby agree to comply with the orders of the Commissions in respect thereto, and to facilitate the work of the Commissions will promptly file a roster of the present employes on the trains of the respective companies.

If those who favor the "Full Crew" Bill feel that the Public Service Commissions have not sufficient authority to issue orders specifying the number of employes on trains, we will co-operate in securing the passage of an Act for that purpose.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES and RUTLAND RAILROAD CO.
W. C. Brown, President

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.
Samuel Rea, President

ERIE RAILROAD COMPANY
F. D. Underwood, President

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA and WESTERN R. R. CO.
W. H. Truesdale, President

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD CO.
E. B. Thomas, President

NEW ENGLAND LINES and NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN RY.
C. S. Mellen, President

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD CO.
Ralph Peters, President

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER and PITTSBURGH RAILWAY CO.
William T. Noonan, President

THE DELAWARE & HUDSON CO.
L. F. Loree, President

This proposition, if accepted by the Governor, will leave the matter for investigation by the Public Service Commissions, and will result in the Railroads putting on additional men on every train where the necessity for them is found to exist.

Legislation of this kind is such a menace to the interests, not only of the railroads, but of the industrial and agricultural interests of the State, that the presidents of the railroads of this State have asked the opinions of the presidents of railroads in other States where experience with similar legislation has made it possible to speak advisedly on this subject.

Mr. Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, replies as follows:

"I desire to urge most respectfully that this bill ought not to become a law. It is unnecessary either in the interests of the employes or of the public. If passed it will add a large burden to the already overtaxed transportation interests and there are many other ways in which the money so spent can be used with much better results for all concerned. The Baltimore & Ohio Company's mileage in the State of New York is small, but we are not unmindful of the great influence which legislative action by the State of New York will undoubtedly have in other directions. I desire further to urge that the whole question is one which may wisely and properly be left in the hands of the Public Utility Commissions for such adjustments as may be found necessary or desirable after full hearing of all parties in interest."

Mr. J. W. Thomas, Jr., President and General Manager of Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway Company, replies as follows:

"From my experience, covering many years in the transportation department, I am clearly of the opinion additional men required by proposed law are entirely unnecessary. If there is going to be any regulation of this detail of operation it should be through the Public Service Commission and not by any hard and fast law. Both the House and Senate of the Legislature of Tennessee have reported bill for rejection."

Mr. Darius Miller, President of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company, replies as follows:

"Statement having been made that railroad officers have expressed the opinion that so-called "Full Crew" laws have been of benefit to railroads in the few States where same have been enacted, I take the liberty of urging you to fully investigate all such reports before relying upon same and of expressing universal opinion of railroad officers, which to my knowledge has never been qualified, that the additional man required by such bills is unnecessary and imposes upon the carriers of the country heavy expense without any benefit, public or otherwise, resulting therefrom. The facts show that whenever special conditions require an additional man the railroads have anticipated the necessity, or upon investigation and order from the Public Service Commission have complied with same, but experience shows that such conditions are exceptional and the question is one that should be left to the Public Service Commissions rather than made the subject of hard and fast legislation. At no time have the railroads been more under necessity of economy than now, and this measure imposing large and burdensome expense without public necessity ought not to become a law."

Mr. Joseph Wood, First Vice-President, Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburgh, replies as follows:

"Understand it is claimed that railroad officers in States where "Full Crew" laws are in effect have advised that the law is beneficial to the railroads and is favored by them. As the Chief Executive of the Pennsylvania Lines West of Pittsburgh, operating five thousand two hundred miles of road, a large part of which is through States where full crew laws are in effect, I respectfully protest that such statements do not represent the views of railroad officers and respectfully urge that there is no business or economic necessity for such legislation. Our experience in States having Full Crew laws shows additional brakemen are not needed either to promote safety or to facilitate operations and that employment of men on trains when not needed for service is a menace to safety of operation. The equipping of all trains with automatic couplers and brakes has eliminated the former principal duties of brakemen, and improved signalling and methods of operation have reduced not only the duties of trainmen but also the hazards of the occupation. Any money paid out in employing additional men, as contemplated by the law, would be uselessly expended when it is much needed for expenditures that will facilitate operations and increase their safety. In my judgment, the number of brakemen to be used on a train should be determined solely by the operating officers of the railroads. It is in my opinion unwise, as well as uneconomic, to attempt by legislation to determine such questions. If it is felt there should be some supervision of the matter, it should, in my opinion, be left to the determination of the Public Service Commission, who will act after full knowledge of the conditions."

GIANTS HIT BALL HARD AT MOBILE

Batsmen Reap Harvest of 16 Hits in Easy Victory Over Gulls.

Special to The New York Times.

MOBILE, Ala., March 30.—With regular baseball weather the Giants this afternoon played the most aggressive game they have put up since leaving Marlin. They smothered the Mobile boys by a score of 10 to 1, and during the mêlée reaped a harvest of sixteen hits. It was clean, hard hitting they did, with Murray and Herzog pummeling the leather with the most severity. Murray singled three times, and Herzog knocked out a two-bagger and a homer over the right field fence. The latter also featured himself with a fine stop of a sizzling grass cutter and collared his man at first.

Al Demaree and Jake "Baby Doll" Jacobsen, former Mobile players, were put in to show the home rooters how they could perform as Giants. Both did well. Demaree's pitching was too much for his erstwhile companions, and he jolted out a double and a single. Jacobsen gave the Gulls their only run when he muffed a fly, but he made two hits and drove in two runs.

After Demaree had shut out the Gulls for five innings Marquard was put through his paces. It was the Rube's second appearance on the peak since reporting, and he was entirely equal to the situation. A base on balls which he gave resulted in a run, but the Rube disposed of two batters after issuing a pass and would not have been scored on but for Jacobsen's muff.

By the time four innings had been played every one of the first nine Giants in the game had made a hit. Doyle's hot three-bagger started the Giants on the way to runs. Merkle, Herzog, Meyers, Snodgrass, and Jacobsen did the hitting which created the tallies in the fourth. Herzog and Meyers with a double steal, and Meyers and Demaree with hits, were the participants in the scoring in the fifth. Murray and Herzog were the active batting agents in the tally outbreak in the ninth. The New York pummeling was done off two former big leaguers, Campbell, late of the Reds, and Berger, once upon a time with the Clevelands.

The base running of the Giants was both good and bad, but their playing on the whole was strong and spirited.

The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
S'grass, cf.	3	1	2	1	0
Burns, lf.	2	0	0	2	0
Shafer, ss.	5	2	1	3	3
J'b'e'n, lf. cf.	4	1	2	1	0
Doyle, 2b.	5	2	1	1	4
Murray, rf.	5	1	3	1	0
Merkle, 1b.	4	1	1	12	0
Herzog, 3b.	4	2	2	0	2
Meyers, c.	3	0	2	2	1
Wilson, c.	1	0	0	4	0
Demaree, p.	3	0	2	0	2
M'quard, p.	0	0	0	0	1
Total	39	10	16	27	13

MOBILE.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Maloney, cf.	3	1	1	3	1
Starr, 2b.	4	0	0	2	4
Odell, 3b.	4	0	1	[illegible]	3
Clark, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Schmidt, 1b.	4	0	1	7	0
McGill, rf.	1	0	0	1	1
Corbett, ss.	4	0	1	4	2
Brown, c.	4	0	1	3	5
C'pbell, p.	1	0	0	0	1
Berger, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Total	31	1	5	27	19

Errors—Jacobson, Starr, Corbett, Campbell.

New York	3	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	2	—10
Mobile	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

First base on errors—New York, 1; Mobile, 1. Left on bases—New York, 6; Mobile, 7. First base on balls—Off Demaree, 2; off Marquard, 2; off Berger, 3. Struck out—By Demaree, 2; by Marquard, 4; by Campbell, 1; by Berger, 1. Home run—Herzog. Three-base hit—Doyle. Two-base hits—Herzog, Demaree. Sacrifice hit—Merkle. Stolen bases—Shafer, 3; Herzog, Meyers. Hits—Off Demaree, 3 in five innings; off Marquard, 2 in four innings; off Campbell, 11 in four innings; off Berger, 5 in five innings. Umpire—Mr. Wright. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

SKEETERS IN FINE SHAPE.

Jersey City Team Home from Bermuda After Month's Training.

The Jersey City baseball team, headed by Vice President Thomas J. Fogarty and Business Manager F. J. De Wan, reached New York yesterday on the Royal Mail steamship Oratava after almost a month of training at Hamilton, Bermuda. The squad was made up of Pitchers Doescher, Vebahn, Mains, and Schenke; Catchers Crisp and Tee; Infielders Bradley, Knight, Schafley, and Purtell, and Outfielders Henline, McHale, Wells, Kelly, and King. They left New York for the island on March 4, arriving there two days later, and they remained at Hamilton until March 28.

The series of games with the New York Americans, who are still at Hamilton, was the feature of the Skeeters' training, and it served to put the team in excellent condition. The squad was perhaps the smallest that made a long trip for training purposes, but Manager Schafley is very enthusiastic over the prospects. Both the Skeeter manager and Vice President Fogarty were loud in their praises of Bermuda as a training place. During the twenty-two days that the team remained on the island they were forced to forego practice only twice because of the weather conditions.

"The men are now trained up to midseason form," declared Mr. Fogarty shortly after the team's arrival, "and unless we encounter extremely cold weather between now and the opening of the International League season I expect that the Skeeters will get away with a jump over the other teams. They are in far better condition than at the start of last season, when we also trained at Bermuda, and I will be greatly disappointed if they do not make a strong start."

A large crowd of friends and baseball fans met the players at the pier. The entire crowd quickly crossed the river by ferry to their homes in Jersey City. Their first scheduled game will be an exhibition contest with Brooklyn.

Phillies Whitewash Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 30.—The Philadelphia Nationals shut out Baltimore at Back River to-day 6 to 0. Baltimore's two hits were made in the first and second innings. The score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	2	1	1	0	1	—6	11	0
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	2	1

Batteries—Marshall, Mayer, and Hawley; Roth, Vickers, Shawkey, and Bergen.

Dodgers to Play at Richmond.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 30.—Manager Dahlen and that part of his team that remained behind to pay the Newarks while the other players went to Charleston for a game there left late this afternoon for Richmond, Va., where they will play Monday and Tuesday. The players that went to Charleston will be picked up en route to Richmond some time to-night. Dahlen is greatly pleased at the exhibition given by Rucker yesterday. The big Georgia southpaw had to pitch his best game to beat Young Enzman. During the game Rucker was hit on the leg by a batted ball. At the time he paid no attention to it, but last night it gave him a little trouble. All the other players are in good condition, and will be better if the weather holds out by the time they reach Washington Wednesday next, where they play two games.

Cornell Team to Go South.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, March 30.—Coach Albert H. Sharpe of the Cornell baseball team has selected eighteen men to make the annual Southern trip, which begins Tuesday. The following are the players who will take part in the games on the trip: Pitchers, Buckhart, O'Connor, Acheson, Edlund, and Johnson; catchers, Schirick and Cook; infielders, Clute, (Captain,) Fane, Keller, Adair, Donovan, Jones, and Taber; outfielders, Butler, Kobusch, H. C. Halsted, and Watson.

Keuka College Baseball Schedule.

The Keuka College baseball schedule is nearing completion. There are still a few changes to be made, and arrangements are being made to add a few more strong games in some of the open dates. A fast team is being sought for Memorial Day, which is at present vacant. The schedule:

April 26, Hobart College at Keuka Park; 30, Niagara University at Keuka Park.

May 3, Cazenovia Seminary at Keuka Park; 7, Pennsylvania State Normal at Mansfield; 8, Alfred University at Alfred; 9, St. Bonaventure's College at Allegheny; 10, Niagara University at Niagara Falls; 14, Alfred University at Keuka Park; 17, Pennsylvania State Normal at Keuka Park; 20, St. Lawrence University, pending; 23, Clarkson Technical at Keuka Park; 24, Hobart College at Geneva; 28, St. Bonaventure's College at Keuka Park; 30, open.

June 3, Cazenovia Seminary at Cazenovia; 4, St. John's Military Academy at Manlius; 5, St. Lawrence University at Canton; 6, Clarkson Technical at Potsdam; 11, open; 14, State Hospital at Willard; 24, Alumni at Keuka Park.

Scores of Other Games.

At Montgomery, Ala.—Philadelphia Americans, 6; Montgomery, 0.

At Memphis, Tenn.—Detroit Americans, 10; Memphis, 0.

At Dallas, Texas—New York Nationals, recruits, 11; Dallas, 7.

At New Orleans—New Orleans, 3; Cleveland Americans, 2.

BAN LIFTED ON PIE.

Yankees Enjoy Forbidden Sweets When Manager Chance Gives Word.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 30.—A new and permanent training grounds for the New York Americans may be decided upon in the near future, according to an announcement made here to-day by Business Manager Arthur Irwin, who was instrumental in securing the Hamilton cricket grounds for this year's training. The park under consideration is at Somerset, twelve miles across the bay, and Irwin has just returned to Hamilton after a thorough inspection of the field. There is a possibility that the Hamilton cricket field cannot be secured for the Yankees next year, so Irwin is on the hunt for new quarters. The climatic conditions here have strongly impressed both Owner Frank J. Farrell and Manager Chance, so Bermuda is first choice for the camp if a good field can be secured.

As has been the case since the Yankees arrived here a few weeks ago, Sunday was a day of rest for most of the players. But the battery men did not have the easy time that they have had on previous Sundays. They were unable to do any work yesterday, so Manager Chance gave orders to-day for light practice for the pitchers and catchers. A light rain was falling, but the men got out for a short workout, despite the law here which forbids any such activity on Sunday. The work was done secretly, and the players were not molested.

The ban on pie and cake which Manager Chance has insisted upon since the players arrived here was lifted to-day, and the Yankees accepted the opportunity to test the long forbidden "sweets."

The training season here will end to-morrow with a game between the Regulars and the Yannigans, and Manager Chance said to-night that McConnell and Caldwell would be called upon to pitch the game. Both will be expected to go the full nine innings. Both Chance and Chase will be in the game for the Regulars. At the close of the game the players will begin to pack their goods for the homeward trip. They will leave here Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock on the Arcadian and will arrive in New York early Thursday morning. If the weather permits they will probably have a practice game at the Polo Grounds on Thursday afternoon.

Special Correspondence THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, March 28.—Wolter will be given plenty of time to work his ankle into shape. There is no doubt that the speedy outfielder will have entirely recovered before the season has progressed very far. For the last ten days he has been exercising without a brace. If it were absolutely necessary Wolter might be played in the opening game with reasonable safety. But the other three outfielders should be able to cover the territory quite well enough. Chance is determined to take no risks with Wolter until the weather settles in the North.

Chase's ankle is almost as strong as ever, though he will play with it taped for a few weeks. The light bandage does not appear to affect Hal's speed in the least. Fortunately for him, Derrick is an excellent man to handle throws, and will make most of the plays at the midway. Chase, of course, will figure in them enough to keep rival batsmen and base runners guessing at all times. When he has had sufficient practice at his new station to protect himself against base runners, Chase will do his full share of that sort of work.

Just how the Peerless Leader will arrange his batting order is a matter which he is keeping to himself. It is very likely, however, that the array, as shown in the exhibition games here, will be maintained. Chance was always the clean-up hitter with the Cubs, and may usurp that right with his new associates as a matter of custom. However, he has given Cree the honor in most of the games played here. Cree is one of the fastest men in the league, and might be handicapped by following the Peerless Leader.

AMATEUR CUEISTS BUSY.

Many Tournaments Scheduled for the Closing of the Season.

Amateur billiard players will be kept busy during the next few weeks. Several tournaments are scheduled in different billiard rooms throughout the city, and the close of the season promises to more than bear out the prediction that 1912-13 would be the most successful in the history of the pastime.

The National amateur pocket billiard championship will be continued this week at the Amateur Billiard Club. The preliminary rounds have been held at Doyle's and Paul's Academies. Grey and Reynolds will play off their tie at Paul's this afternoon, and the winner will play Hyman to-morrow afternoon at the Amateur Billiard Club. The other matches scheduled at the club are Shoemaker and McKenzie to-night, and the loser versus Tilt to-morrow night.

Six amateur 18.2 balk line players will compete in the handicap tournament commencing to-night at the Morningside Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue. The players are Hal Coleman, winner of the National 18.2 Class B championship; G. P. B. Clarke, the runner-up to Coleman; William Gershell, a former title holder; Ledyard Blake, Mark Muldaur, and C. B. Terry, Class C National champion. Terry will play 190 points and the other players 250. To-night Gershell and Blake will cross cues. Coleman and Terry are scheduled for to-morrow night, and Clarke plays Muldaur Wednesday.

To-night at Doyle's Forty-second Street Academy George Avery and Nat Collins will play the opening game in a balk line 18.2 tournament which comprises a field of twelve starters. The other entries are N. F. McKenzie, Dr. V. G. Hamill, S. Cortelyou, N. Mayo, G. Dickerson, C. Minzesheimer, H. Franzen, C. Byers, Dr. F. J. Birs, and Waki Manguko. The latter is a protégé of Koji Yamada, having played with his countryman while the latter was in New York last Fall.

TIGER FOOTBALL PRACTICE.

Capt. Hobey Baker to Drill Men in Fundamental Tactics.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCTON, N. J., March 30.—Spring football practice for the Tigers will begin to-morrow on University Field, after nearly a month of indoor work at handling the ball. Capt. "Hobey" Baker has issued an urgent call to all possible candidates to report regularly for this outdoor work, emphasizing the need of getting an early start, for several vacancies will be filled from among the most promising of this Spring's men for the early games next season, at least.

Under Capt. Baker it is expected that more will be made of the Spring, for he plans a thorough drill in all the more fundamental tricks of the game, and the practice will be brought to a finish with an open contest in kicking, passing, and handing the ball, with prizes awarded to the best men.

Bluthenthal, who has played a game at centre on the 'Varsity for three years, will be on hand to coach the line men, and more particularly the centres, for he will graduate in June. "Tom" Wilson, who coached the team last Fall, will also take a prominent part in the training of the men who report to-morrow.

Jim Thorpe's Case Up Again.

GENEVA, Switzerland, March 30.—The case of James Thorpe, the Carlisle Indian athlete who confessed to professionalism after winning prizes at the Olympic games, will be considered by a special international jury at the Olympic Congress to be held in May at Lausanne. It is understood that the Amateur Athletic Association will make a supplementary statement and that Thorpe's prizes will be handed over to the Swedish delegates. The proceedings, it is announced, will be private.

National Trapshooting Tournament.

Amateur trapshooters from every section of the United States will gather at Travers Island this week to take part in the eighth annual amateur championship of America at clay birds, which will be decided under the auspices of the New York Athletic Club on Thursday. The contest will be decided in a 200 "bird" shoot in customary strings of 25 "birds" a man. The shoot will be over expert traps, 16-yard rise, and a 50-yard flight. Ten prizes have been offered by the Winged Foot Club, the first being a diamond championship medal. In anticipation of the title event, the New York Athletic Club has arranged a preliminary shoot at 100 targets to be decided on Wednesday afternoon. An intercity team championship also will be held on Wednesday. Ten men will represent each city, and each member of the winning team will receive a gold medal. It is the first time that such an event has been attempted, and the contest is exciting unusual interest among the different gunners. In all events, ties are to be shot off at 25 targets.

REAL POLO WORK BEGINS THIS WEEK

International Four and Highest Handicapped Players to Start at Lakewood.

Polo practice games, which will have as their objective the putting on of the finishing touches to the work of the men who are to uphold the supremacy of America in the renewal of the struggles for the Westchester Polo Club (Newport) Cup, emblematic of the world's championship, will begin to-morrow on the fields at Georgian Court, Lakewood, the country seat of George Gould.

Following this, matches will be played every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday until well into May, with the events called at 4:30 P. M. each day.

With upward of 100 ponies quartered at Lakewood, it is anticipated that there will be no dearth of mounts for the use of the American team with the possibility of probably twoscore finally being "rounded up" as international "timber." As against such prospects by the Americans it is known that the English team will be in possession of about forty ponies, the pick of "all England," and these mounts, in combination with such exponents of the game as will make the invasion in quest of the cup are expected to accomplish the task set for them by the Duke of Westminster, the financial sponsor for the visit of the Hurlingham players.

With the throwing in of the first ball to-morrow will begin the preparations for a series which, on both sides, will mark more concentration toward competitive perfection and the training of mounts for which no pace will be too fast than has probably ever before obtained. The English are said to be quietly confident of success, this condition being based upon the knowledge that the invaders will be mounted on the best ponies obtainable, while it is anticipated that the mounts used by the American team in 1911 have outlived their usefulness as far as international polo is concerned.

The acceptance by nearly a score of the highest handicapped men in the United States, which bespeaks their desire to take part in the preliminary practice, has been the means of instilling real life into the coming weeding out series. That the men finally to be chosen as the quartet upon whom the hopes of their countrymen will be set will have to be "fit" in order to make the team is an open secret, although it is conceded that the international four of 1909 and 1911 will have first lien upon the places if their form is anything like that of those periods.

Among those who will be seen in the "prep" events as made known by the acceptances, are Harry Payne Whitney, James M. Waterbury, Jr., Lawrence Waterbury, and Devereux Milburn, the team which brought the trophy back to America after it had been in possession of the Hurlingham Club since 1886; Joshua Crane, Foxhall Keene, R. L. Agassiz, Louis E. Stoddard, Maxwell Stevenson, H. W. Harrison, J. S. Phipps, H. C. Phipps, C. C. Rumsey, C. Perry Beadleston, Rene LaMontagne, and F. S. Von Stade.

It is anticipated that in to-morrow's matches, all of the men named will be seen in action. Most of them have been keeping fit by work at polo, racquets, or court tennis, and that from the outset the play will be of championship calibre is the idea of close followers of the fortunes of the different men.

The English forces will probably be made up of W. S. Buckmaster, the Captain, who played in the 1902 matches in which America was unsuccessful, and who is said to be the best player on the team from an all around standpoint; F. W. Freake, a contestant in 1902 and 1909; Lord Wodehouse, who played in the first match in 1909; Captain George Belleville, Captain Leslie St. C. Cheape, who will be remembered for his sterling work in 1911 at Meadow Brook; Captain R. G. Ritson, accounted one of the best exponents of the game abroad, and Major Mathew-Lannows, another sterling player.

GARDNER AND CONKLIN TIED.

New Yorker Has Won Three Games in Amateur Billiard Tournament.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—B. W. Gardner of the Arion Club, New York, and Charles F. Conklin, Chicago, are tied for first place in the 18.2 balkline billiard tournament for the amateur championship of America, being played at the Union League under the auspices of the National Association of Billiard Players.

Eleven games, nearly every one of which was closely contested, have already been played. Ten matches to be played during the present week will bring the tournament to a close.

The following table shows the standing of the contestants:

Player.	W.	L.	H. R.	H. A.
Gardner	3	0	89	15 10-26
Conklin	3	0	59	11 4-36
Mayer	2	0	51	11 26-34
Morton	1	2	72	8 26-41
Collins	1	2	51	7 36-52
Duniway	1	3	81	11 11-33
Uffenheimer	0	4	59	8 32-33

To-morrow afternoon Joseph Mayer, formerly of this city, but now of Brooklyn, plays Percy Collins of Chicago, and the night game will be between Charles F. Conklin of Chicago and J. E. Cope Morton of Philadelphia. Gardner has games to play with Conklin, Collins, and Mayer. Conklin plays Morton, Gardner, and Mayer, and Mayer has yet to meet Conklin, Uffenheimer, Gardner, and Collins. Morton has to meet Uffenheimer and Duniway. Collins's remaining games are with Gardner, Duniway, and Mayer. Duniway still has to meet Morton and Collins and Uffenheimer.

EVENTS FOR GUARDSMEN.

Fourteenth Regiment Men to Hold Long "Hike" and Other Contests.

In a series of events which promised to be distinctly novel to the average follower of athletics and which have been scheduled for the purpose of aiding in the military instruction of the enlisted men, the Fourteenth Regiment will hold next Saturday night what is designated as "a drill in athletic instruction."

That it will afford an opportunity to men who have no pronounced athletic ability to win prizes for the combination of work, both athletic and military, is conceded by the sponsors for the scheme, which will probably be taken up by all organizations in the National Guard in anticipation of the military carnival to be held in Syracuse, the forerunner of which last year proved a great success.

By an order of Col. John H. Foote of the regiment there will be squads from each company for each event to be contested, consisting of eight men—one non-commissioned officer and seven privates. The events will embrace a "hike" around Prospect Park, loading and unloading wagon trains for neatness and dispatch, and a contest in putting up and folding conical and shelter tents.

American Regatta on May 24.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—The American regatta, scheduled to be held on the Schuylkill River May 31, will be rowed on May 24, provided the crews from the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis can arrange to come to this city on the earlier date. Assurances to this effect were given here to-night to a committee from the Harlem Rowing Association. The New Yorkers had a conference here to-day with the representatives of the American Rowing Association and National Association of Amateur Oarsmen in an effort to avoid the conflict of dates between the Harlem regatta, which will be held on Memorial Day, and the American regatta, scheduled to be held the following day. Three crews from the Naval Academy are entered for the regatta here, and efforts will be made to obtain their consent to the change in dates.

Metropolitan Bowling Championships

The metropolitan bowling championships will be held at Thum's White Elephant alleys commencing April 28. The tournament will be held under the auspices of the New York Bowling Association and cash prizes to the value of $2,000 will be offered for competition. Only registered bowlers who hold membership cards in the New York Bowling Association will be allowed to compete, but new or unattached members may form teams for all the events. Entries close April 18 with Joseph Thum, 2,241 Broadway.

MORGAN LEADS CYCLISTS.

New Winner Turns Up in Century Road Club Races.

The sixth of the series of club races of the New York Division, Century Road Club Association, was held yesterday on the Eastern Boulevard, Pelham Park, and resulted in a victory for Arthur Morgan, who started froam scratch. The winner is a newcomer in the ranks of the season's successful club riders, and his victory makes the result of the series uncertain.

With a good field of starters, A. Brady and M. Sneller, the long-mark men, were sent off with a two-minute handicap. The three scratch riders, A. Morgan, S. Segal, and P. Siatta, gradually overhauled the field. J. Newman was leading as the riders approached the final half mile, and he was finally passed a couple of hundred yards from the tape. In the final sprint six cyclists joined in the issue. It was a hard struggle, Morgan securing the verdict by a few inches from Segal, while Siatta was the same distance behind Segal. The remaining riders were close up.

The course was longer than usual, as it was found the one previously used had been short. A strong breeze from the east prevented fast time being made. The race was a good workout for the cyclists who will take part in the fifteen-mile handicap to be held at Floral Park, L. I., April 20, for which thirty prizes are offered for competition. The order of finish:

Arthur Morgan, (scratch,) 13:44 3-5; Sylvain Segal, (scratch,) 13:44 4-5; Peter Siatta, (scratch,) 13:45; Edward Jensen, (1 minute,) 14:46; A. Piantedosi, (1 minute 30 seconds,) 15:28; Joseph Neumann, (1 minute,) 14:59; W. F. Thompson, (30 seconds,) 14:36; Edward Fanning, (1 minute,) 15:07; Morris Sneller, (2 minutes,) 15:52; Joseph Costa, (1 minute 30 seconds,) 15:23; W. Brady, (2 minutes,) 15:55, and Adolph Wiener, (30 seconds,) 16:30.

JORDAN WINS ROAD RUN.

Xavier A. A. Distance Runner Leads Good-Sized Field Over 5-Mile Route.

Eddie Jordan of the Xavier Athletic Association was the winner yesterday of the five-mile road run of the Morningside A. C., held over the club course from 126th Street and Morningside Avenue to 181st Street and Broadway and return. His time was 29:23, concededly fast under the conditions which prevailed, as the roadways were slippery and dangerous to stride out freely on. J. Maier, Morningside A. C., finished twenty-four seconds in his wake, while Billy Galvin, Irish-American A. C., was eight seconds still further back.

Fifty runners engaged in the running, but a dozen defections along the route caused the need of taking the finish of only thirty-eight. R. Rigby of the Putnam A. C. was the first away, and he set a splendid clip for two miles and a half, where Maier challenged, and the pair had a hammer-and-tongs battle for the honor of making pace for a half mile, at which stage Jordan and Galvin got into the competitive argument.

The summary:

Eddie Jordan, Xavier A. A., 29:23; Jake Maier, Morningside A. C., 29:47; Billy Galvin, Irish-American A. C., 29:55; R. Rigby, Putnam A. C.; H. Lucas, Morningside A. C.; J. McGill, Putnam A. C.; H. McKay, Mohawk A. C.; O. Nelson, Morningside A. C.; E. Erichson, Pastime A. C.; F. Wilson, Mohawk A. C.; J. Ott, Mohawk A. C.; H. Jacobson, Irish-American A. C.; J. Klatt, Bronxdale A. C.; A. Forshay, Mohawk A. C.; R. Nickerson, Yonkers A. C.; C. Stein, Morningside A. C.; G. Muzzuca, Glencoe A. C.; F. McCollough, unattached; J. Manning, Morningside A. C.; P. Hulsebach, Paulist A. C.; F. Faley, Xavier A. A.

SMITH LEADS DISTANCE MEN.

Champion Shows to Advantage in Preliminary Fifteen-Mile Contest.

In an event yesterday under the auspices of the Bradhurst Field Club for the purpose of brushing up local runners who are entered in the Boston Athletic Association "marathon" to be held on Patriots Day, Harry Smith, the National champion ten-miler, led a field of ten runners over a fifteen-mile course and won by two minutes after giving the field a handicap of three minutes.

The course led from 126th Street and Eighth Avenue to Seventh Avenue, to 155th Street viaduct, to Jerome Avenue, to Mosholu Parkway, across Van Cortlandt Park, to Broadway, and back to the starting point. With their allotment of three minutes Hugh Honahan, unattached, and H. Nye, Mohawk A. C., soon outstripped the other men on the limit, and set such a clip that Smith failed to catch them until eight miles had been run.

Benny Mann, the former champion walker, was one of the contestants, but found himself compelled to quit at 150th Street and Seventh Avenue on the way home, being brought back to the clubhouse in an automobile which followed the runners over the route. The actual times of those who finished inside of two hours were as follows: Harry Smith, unattached, 1:28; H. Honahan, unattached, 1:33; H. Nye, Mohawk A. C., 1:33:30; H. Canasara, Bronx Church House, 1:35; G. Crosby, Bronx Church House, 1:36; A. J. Kyrometis, Bronx Church House, 1:52; A. T. Kyrometis, Greek-American A. C., 1:53.

Burke First in Pennant Run.

William Burke of the Union Settlement Athletic Club was returned as the winner of the Pennant Athletic Club road run yesterday, the distance of which was about four and a half miles. His margin of victory was slight, however, as he only defeated F. Griswold of the home club about two yards in 27 minutes 3 seconds. Michael Taub, a former Pastime Athletic Club runner, finished third, twenty-five yards further back. The summary: W. Burke, Union Settlement A. C.; F. Griswold, Pennant A. C.; M. Taub, unattached; J. Cerino, Italian-American G. A.; L. Martin, Long Island A. C.; H. Frick, Bronx Church House; F. Travalena, unattached; A. Cannarsa, unattached; J. Anthony, unattached; F. Collman, Stuyvesant A. C.; J. W. Wagner, Stuyvesant A. C.; J. Wanamaker, Union Settlement A. C.; H. Green, Bronx Church House; E. Kearns, Pennant A. C.; G. Sokolower, unattached; R. Gillings, unattached.

Greek-American Lad a Winner.

In the weekly road run of St. Anselm's A. C. in the Bronx, over a five-mile ruote, V. Voteretsas of the Greek-American A. C. was the first man home from a fairly representative field of fifteen runners. He succeeded in beating the former schoolboy champion, Frank Ruggiero of the Bronx Church House, nearly fifty yards in 28 minutes 43 seconds, with such well-known athletes as Willie Rozette, Irish-American A. C., back in the ruck. The summary:

V. Voteretsas, Greek-American A. C.; F. Ruggiero, Bronx Church House; S. Rosenbaum, Glencoe A. C.; H. Darby, St. Anselm's A. C.; W. Rozette, Irish-American A. C.; R. Newport, St. Anselm's A. C.; R. Conboy, St. Anselm's A. C.; W. Hannon, St. Anselm's A. C.; S. Minkoff, unattached; H. Vigdor, Glencoe A. C.; G. Ditmar, St. Anselm's A. C.; L. Levy, St. Anselm's A. C.; M. Levy, Bronx A. C.; H. Seymour, Tinton A. C.; J. Doyle, St. Anselm's A. C.

Will Divide Spring Century Run.

The sixteenth annual Spring century run of the New York Division of the Century Road Club Association will be held Sunday, April 27. The run will be divided into two sections. The pleasure division will leave Columbus Circle, Prospect Park, and the City Hall, Jersey City, at 7 A. M., and maintain a uniform pace of twelve miles an hour. The Olympic division will leave Columbus Circle at 8:30 A. M., and maintain a pace of seventeen miles an hour. The route will be to Hicksville, L. I., and return, a distance of 105 miles. The Olympic division will arrive at Columbus Circle at 5 P. M., and the pleasure division one hour later. A short distance road race will be held at some point along the course, for which the Olympic Division Trophy has been offered. Entries close with R. W. Zarr, 2,202 Seventh Avenue, New York City.

Silverstein's Weekly Victory.

S. Silverstein won the run of the Sheridan A. C. yesterday in rather slow time, owing to the rain, which started just as the runners got the starting signal. He went into the lead after going a quarter of a mile. The first ten to finish:

S. Silverstein, Sheridan A. C., 23:20; R. Jacobson, Sheridan A. C.; B. Cooper, Sheridan A. C.; S. Goldberg, unattached; A. Knoll, Sheridan A. C.; H. Barish, Sheridan A. C.; J. Denmark, Bronx Y. M. H. A.; J. Cohen, E. R. C. 188; J. Milkman, Starfish A. C.; M. Glazer, Ses-a-Me A. C.

Fox High Gun at Knollwood.

Edward T. Fox was high gun at the Knollwood Country Club yesterday, capturing the Lindsay prize with a score of 85 out of a possible 100. The shoot was a handicap affair, and Fox received twenty targets. F. Crampton, with 81, secured the second prize and was the highest point winner shooting from scratch. M. McVoy was third with 79 and a handicap of 25. The other scores were: F. M. Wilson, 56—20, 76; W. H. Sykes, Jr., 71—0, 71; W. C. Teagle, 59—10, 69; F. C. Mackay, 40—19, 59; A. Bole, 52—0, 52.

PLENTY OF BOXING BUT NO BIG BOUT

Coming Week the Busiest in Several Months at Local Clubs.

More boxing shows than have been crowded into any one week for the past several months are on the card for the coming week at the various boxing clubs in Greater New York, but quantity stands out on the bill far more prominently than does quality. At least two clubs will be in operation every night this week, with three as the rule. The week will be closed with a carnival of fistic sport on Saturday night, when about sixty bouts will be put on at nine different clubs in the city.

With his recent sensational victory over Bombardier Wells, making him the most talked of boxer in the country, Gunboat Smith's effort at the Fairmont A. C. on Wednesday night holds the principal place of interest on this week's programme. Gunboat sets out next Thursday for the Pacific Coast on the trail of Luther McCarty, whom he hopes to force into a battle over the twenty-round route, and this week's bout here may be the last chance for New Yorkers to see Jim Buckley's big heavyweight in action before he figures in a battle for championship honors. Smith's opponent at the Fairmont A. C. will be Fred McKay, the Winnipeg Giant, the biggest man actively engaged in the ring game to-day. But size seems to be McKay's only recommendation, and on the form he has displayed in his recent encounters at local clubs, he is not expected to give the Gunboat any great trouble. In fact, it will be surprising if he is able to go the full route without running into the path of one of Smith's soporific swats. As a preliminary to this bout, the club has signed up George Kirkwood of St. Louis and Teddy Hubbs of Pittsburgh. The same pair came together at the Sharkey A. C. some weeks ago—just before Kirkwood took the sleep punch from Johnny Kilbane—and Hubbs gained the popular decision. Kirkwood has been retrograding fast, and is out to begin over again.

On Thursday night at the Forty-fourth Street Sporting Club Abe Attell, the former featherweight champion, will make another attempt to prove that he is a qualified come-back. Attell's opponent will be Jimmy Walsh of Boston, who has been a prominent contender for bantamweight and featherweight honors for almost a decade. The pair figured in a twelve-round bout at Boston last October, and it ended in a draw. Both are old-timers at the game, their records dating back to 1901. Abe will have to display more boxing skill against the Bostonian than he showed against Ollie Kirke if he hopes to gain the honors. Walsh has not fought here since last April, when Referee Dan Tone ordered him and Joe Coster from the ring at a show in the Empire A. C.

On Friday night a boxing carnival will be conducted at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory, the proceeds to be devoted to the fund for the flood sufferers in the Ohio Valley. All the prominent boxers in the East have been invited to take part, as well as many old-time boxing stars. It is possible that one or two real bouts will be staged in connection with the benefit.

The Atlantic Gardens A. C., at Canal Street and the Bowery, will put on its second special show Thursday night, featuring with four ten-round bouts. The full card has not been decided upon, but it is planned to put in boxers of four different classes—featherweights, lightweights, middleweights, and heavyweights.

Another new club will throw its doors open this week and this will also be on the lower east side. The new club will be known as the Paddock A. C. and will stage its bouts in the Manhattan Lyceum on East Fourth Street, near the Bowery. Two ten-round bouts will feature the opening show to-night, the first bringing together Willie Beecher and Danny Ridge, east side lightweights, and the semi-final will show Al McCoy of Brooklyn against Jimmy Carter, a pair of aggressive welterweights. The new club will be under the direction of Jack Dougherty, a prominent handler of boxers for a quarter of a century, and the referee will be Patsy Haley.

At the Olympic A. C., 125th Street, near Amsterdam Avenue, the usual three ten-round bouts will be put on to-night. In the main event the contestants will be Eddie Kelly of Harlem and Johnny Martin, and the principals in the other ten-round bouts will be Willie Moore of Philadelphia vs. Harvey Kelly and Joe Allen vs. Billy Myers of Harlem.

The Queensboro A. C. of Long Island City will also be busy to-night with another of the all-star cards of three ten-round bouts, in the nature of a bantamweight elimination tournament. The bouts will bring together Battling Reddy vs. the Kahoma Kid, Mickey Brown of Boston vs. Jimmy Murray of New York, and Young Sieger of New Jersey vs. Young Taylor.

At the Irving A. C. of Brooklyn to-morrow night three ten-round bouts will be put on, the main event featuring the appearance of Jack Twin Sullivan of Boston, one of the oldest active boxers in the game to-day. Sullivan, who has not appeared at a New York club in more than a year, will test his skill against the strength and hitting ability of Soldier Kearns. Johnny Dohan and Willie Schaefer of Brooklyn will come together in the ten-round semi-final, and the opening ten-round bout will show Eddie Wallace of Brooklyn vs. Jimmy Blute.

The Brooklyn Beach A. C. of South Brooklyn will also stage three ten-round bouts to-morrow night. The bouts will bring together Harry Lortz vs. Bobby Moore, Willie Rothwell vs. Walter Mohr, and Dutch Brandt vs. K. O. Egers of the west side.

The New Polo A. A. of Harlem will put on its regular weekly show on Friday night, and the East New York A. C. will stage an all-star show on the same night. On Saturday night the usual week-end shows will be put on at the Fairmont, Sharkey, and Atlantic Garden A. C. of New York, the National, Gowanus, and Irving A. C. of Brooklyn, the Liberal A. C. of Staten Island, and the Queensboro A. C. of Long Island City.

Adler Wins Snow Birds Cup.

Special to The New York Times.

MOUNT VERNON, March 30.—Paul Adler won the Winter golf classic for the Snowbirds Cup at the Siwanoy Country Club, Mount Vernon, to-day. He defeated Percival Schmuck by a score of 2 up and 1 to play in a very close contest over thirty-six holes. Schmuck was 1 up at the close of the morning's play, which was at eighteen holes, and Schmuck was all even at the close of play at the twenty-seventh hole, Adler winning on the thirty-fourth by 4 to 5. This is the cup presented each year by George Semler of New York City. The Siwanoy course closes to-morrow for two weeks to be prepared for the Summer season, which opens April 15.

OREGON WOLF OUT OF IT.

Fast Pacific Motor Boat Will Not Compete in International Race.

PORTLAND, Ore., March 30.—Portland will not be represented in the world's championship motor boat race in England next year. This announcement was made by George S. Shepherd, one of the stockholders of the Oregon Speedboat Association, owner of the Oregon Wolf, the champion motor boat of the Pacific Coast.

After the record-breaking performance of the Oregon Wolf in the local harbor last Summer a movement was started to have a boat built to race for the Harmsworth Trophy, emblematic of the world's championship. After inquiring into the conditions and the cost to race, it was decided not to build the boat.

One of the main reasons for abandoning the plan is that if the Oregon boat should win the championship it would become the holder of the Harmsworth Trophy for one year, and then it would have to defend the cup in a race in New York the following year.

"There are several prominent men of Portland who were willing to buy stock in the company and help us with our plans," said Mr. Shepherd, "but when they found out what the conditions were they balked. It would cost us nearly $25,000 to build a boat and go to England and race. That is a very large sum of money to spend, and it would not benefit this city any if we should win the championship and then be compelled to travel to New York the following year to defend it.

"One of the prominent members of the Motor Boat Club of America wrote me that the Oregon Wolf would have won at least one heat in last year's race. Our boat made considerably better than forty miles per hour last year, and the new boat, which will be completed in the near future, will cover close to forty-five miles per hour consistently.

"Our company, however, is planning on building a third boat, which we will race in the races at the San Francisco Fair in 1915, and in this race we hope to win the United States National championship. It is planned to install an engine twice the size of the present one and build a boat longer and wider than the present Oregon Wolf."

INNIESFAILS TIE BLUES.

St. Louis Soccer Team in Fast Drawn Battle at Paterson.

The fourth drawn game was sustained by the Innisfails of St. Lopis in their final match against the Paterson Blues at Paterson yesterday afternoon. In all the St. Louis aggregation played five contests, one of which they lost and the other four were ties. Yesterday's game was one of the best played on the tour, and it was not until the last five minutes of play that the Jerseyites tied the score for the last time.

The visitors won the toss. A steady rain was falling. The half was full of action, and when the smoke of battle had cleared the score at half time was four goals to three in favor of the St. Louis squad. Easton was responsible for two of the points, and Peters and Haggerty one each. For the Paterson Blues Lynch, Neilson and Ford each found the visitors' net after long runs.

As the second half was called the sun came out. Both teams played hard, and the St. Louis boys were tiring. The Paterson contingent looked fresher and had most of the play. A singular point of this half was the number of "corner" kicks. The Blues were given no less than a dozen, while the visitors were only allotted one. Lynch scored the tying goal as a result of one of the "corner" kicks.

By scoring a goal in the last minute of play St. George's soccer eleven defeated the team of Clan McDonald by 2 goals to 1 in a New York State League contest at Marquette Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon.

Winding up their schedule of the second division of the New York State League, the Columbia Oval eleven defeated the Spanish-American F. C. by six goals to one. By the victory the Columbias step into first place and are now leading the Greenpoint Rovers by two points.

⁂

The tailenders of the New York State League, the Clan McKenzie eleven, gave soccer enthusiasts another jolt yesterday afternoon when they held the Brooklyn Celtics, the Amateur Association cupholders, to a tie game of three goals.

Notes of the Golfers.

In the course of another month the new links of the Cranford Golf Club will be so far advanced that nine holes will be ready for use. The new clubhouse by that time also will be sufficiently completed to be used on the first floor, where there are lockers, showers, and dining room. It is planned to hold a formal opening on July 4, provided the progress on the house and links has been up to the expected mark.

The property is situated on the shore of Echo Lake, about two miles from the Cranford Station. An automobile bus line will be established for the out-of-town members. Joe Ianson, for many years the club's professional, will have charge of the new plant. Something like $80,000 has been spent in all. The old nine-hole circuit will be abandoned. An admirable location was chosen for the new clubhouse, being situated on a knoll from which an excellent view of the lake, more than a mile long, is obtained.

William Stark, who has served the Morris County Golf Club in the capacity of greenkeeper for the last sixteen years, has been retired on a pension. R. C. Anderson of Glasgow, Scotland, succeeds the veteran, who has passed his seventieth birthday. Dave Ogilvie, the Morris County professional, who has been spending the Winter in the South, will take up his duties again some time this week.

The Columbia Golf Club of Washington, D. C., where Fred McLeod, former National champion, will take up his duties as professional in the course of a short while, is completely overhauling its links. Some of the old holes have been abandoned and new ones built, while the clubhouse has been entirely remodeled.

Arrangements have been made for the establishment of one more country club in Westchester County. Already there are the Knollwood, Century, Scarsdale, and Fairview Clubs within a short distance of White Plains. Recently the Siwanoy Country Club closed options for a tract of land for a new eighteen-hole course between Bronxville and Tuckahoe. Now comes the Gedney Farm Country Club, not far from Scarsdale, with plans for a full eighteen-hole circuit. Jack Dowling, the Scarsdale professional, has been assigned the task of laying out the new course. There are more than a hundred acres available for the enterprise, and with most of the tract free from trees and of an undulating nature, conditions are readily adaptable to golf. The old Safford house on a hill overlooking a fine view with Long Island Sound in the distance will be converted into a clubhouse. It is expected that the course will be ready for use some time next Fall.

Gen. Bethune complains that the attractions of golf are keeping men from joining the territorial British forces, which is a case of history repeating itself, for nearly 500 years ago the Scottish Parliament found it necessary to forbid the game altogether. It was interfering with the practice of archery, so important for opposing the enemy in those days. Apparently, however, the prohibition had little effect, for James IV. had to issue a new edict against golf with severe penalties, despite the fact that the King himself indulged in the forbidden pastime.

There seems to be a general movement among the larger cities of the country for the establishment of golf courses by the municipality, which will be for the use of the public at little or no cost. Among the cities where such agitations are now going on are Boston, Washington, Philadelphia, Newark, and Des Moines. There are two in the last-named city, but there has been proposed a plan to tax the players, which plan is meeting with determined opposition.

OLD CROW

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

RYE

OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

ASK FOR AND SEE THAT YOU GET IT

THERE IS ONLY ONE RYE

AND THAT ONE IS SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLES AS PUT UP BY US. NEVER SOLD IN BULK. LOOK FOR THE WORD "RYE" IN RED REFUSE ALL OTHERS.

OLD CROW
RYE
H. B. Kirk & Co.

WE ARE THE LARGEST BOTTLERS OF OLD-FASHIONED HAND-MADE SOUR MASH STRAIGHT PURE RYE WHISKEY IN THE WORLD

H. B. KIRK & CO., New York, N. Y.

KING WILLIAM IV.
V·O·P
SCOTCH
WHISKY

Quality Never Varies

GYMKHANA AT AIKEN.

Novel Events Attract Society Entries to Whitney Polo Field.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 30.—In the annual gymkhana games at the Whitney polo field yesterday afternoon, for prizes offered by the Aiken Polo Club, winners and events were as follows:

Tandem Race.—Finals—Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., won from Rumsey.

Second Hand-in-hand Race.—Finals—Mrs. Hitchcock and E. W. Hopping won from Miss Helen Hitchcock and George Eustis.

Third, Bending Race for Juniors Under 16 Years.—Miss Helen Hitchcock won in the finals from Tommy Hitchcock and Miss Alex Dolan.

For Those Over 16.—E. W. Hopping won from Walter L. Goodwin.

Fourth, Apple and Bucket Race.—Walter Phelps won from Master Tommy Hitchcock in the finals.

Fifth, Egg and Spoon Race Over Hurdles, Under 16.—Finals—Master Tommy Hitchcock won from R. E. Strawbridge, Jr.

Over 16.—Finals—Miss Hitchcock won from W. L. Goodwin.

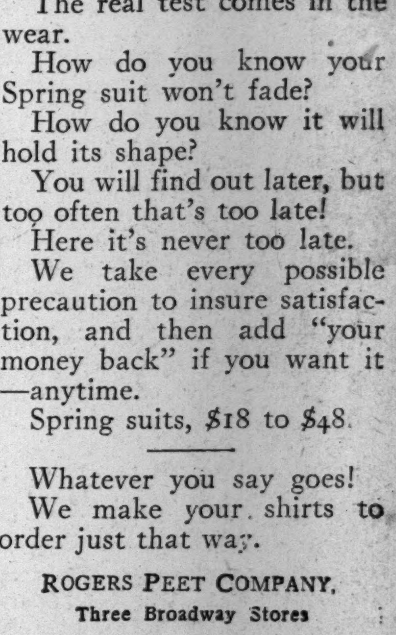
Sixth, Cigar and Table Race.—Won by Miss Jessie Mann and E. W. Hopping.

Seventh, Exchange Race.—Won by Miss Alex Dolan and Bobby Strawbridge.

Eighth, Special Exchange Race Between Mrs. Hitchcock and E. W. Hopping, W. L. Goodwin and Helen Hitchcock, and L. Jones and L. Rumsey.—Won by L. Jones and L. Rumsey.

German Soccer Team Wins Again.

In the second division of the New York State League Association football championship competition the German Football Club yesterday defeated the Eureka Football Club at Columbia Oval by the score of 3 goals to 2. The Eureka forwards played a strong game, and carried the score to 2-2 in the first half. The second period of the game was well contested, the Germans scoring the only goal made. The goals were scored by Mannborg, (2,) Reichenwargen, Lord, and Rimmers. The German F. C. has not lost a game on its own grounds this season.



The real test comes in the wear.

How do you know your Spring suit won't fade?

How do you know it will hold its shape?

You will find out later, but too often that's too late!

Here it's never too late.

We take every possible precaution to insure satisfaction, and then add "your money back" if you want it—anytime.

Spring suits, $18 to $48.

Whatever you say goes! We make your shirts to order just that way.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

Ask Any Good Chauffeur

what is the best course of auto instruction in this city. "West Side Y. M. C. A." will invariably be the answer. Come in and see for yourself, or get booklet for "reasons why and how." 4 and 8 week guaranteed courses for owners and chauffeurs. Start now.

West Side Y. M. C. A.

302 West 57th St. Tel. 7920 Col.

USED MOTOR TRUCKS

At our Second-Hand Department, 427 West 42nd Street, we have a sale of Used Motor Trucks, recently taken in trade for new Garfords, which include Saurers, Packards, Macks, Averys, G. M. Cs., etc., of various tonnages, at low prices. All in good condition. Call at 427 West 42nd Street, or The R. & L. Co., Eastern Garford Distributors, Broadway at 62d Street, New York.

EASY PAYMENTS IF DESIRED.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

Used cars of all makes—at all prices are advertised in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times, next to last page. The Times rejects all misleading automobile advertising.

Rates for Automobile Exchange: 30c. per line one insertion. 75c. per line three insertions. 40c. per line one insertion on Sunday. $1.40 per line seven consecutive insertions.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office	Times Square
Times Annex	43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown	15 Beekman Street
Wall Street	2 Rector Street
Harlem	263 West 125th Street
Bronx	149th St. and Bergen Av.
Staten Island	8 Richmond Tce., St. George
Jersey City	538 Jersey Avenue
Hoboken	94 Hudson Street
Newark	810 Broad Street
Paterson	159 Main Street
WASHINGTON	Post Building
PHILADELPHIA	Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO	1,202 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS	409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT	826 Ford Building
LONDON	2 Pall Mall East, S.W.
PARIS	32 Rue Louis le Grand
BERLIN	60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by Mail, Postage Paid.	
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week	$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month	0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year	8.50
DAILY, per Week	0.12
DAILY, per Month	0.50
DAILY, per Year	6.00
SUNDAY, with Pictorial Section and Review of Books, per Year	2.50
THE NEW YORK TIMES ANNALIST, per Year	4.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per Year, (to Canada $1.50)	1.00

To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $2.00 per month; Daily, $1.30 per month.
To Canadian Addresses—Daily only, 50c. per month; Daily and Sunday, 95c. per month.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, MARCH 31, 1913.

THE ILLNESS OF MR. MORGAN.

The bulletin issued by the physicians of Mr. J. PIERPONT MORGAN in Rome yesterday leaves no room for doubt that his illness has taken a serious turn. His situation is described as critical, a word that when used by physicians in the case of such a patient as Mr. MORGAN is of grave import.

Mr. MORGAN is 76 years old, and his life has been one of arduous toil and great responsibilities. He has been occupied with large affairs, the largest affairs, and oftentimes the strain put upon him has been intense and prolonged. His rugged constitution and his wise habit of devoting some part of each year to recreation have until recently sustained him in good health with an undiminished capacity for the enjoyment of life and of those pursuits in which he found so keen a pleasure. The reports from Cairo were disquieting, and since he reached Rome it is evident that he has failed in strength and power of resistance. It appears that he suffers from no organic malady, but from a progressive nervous weakness. The wonderful vital force that has borne him up through his long life now fails him, and it cannot be denied that there is reason for apprehension.

Mr. MORGAN has been the most massive and conspicuous figure in the world of finance for a generation. In that field he has been the greatest figure of the past and the present century, and in the comparison we include Europe as well as America. His services to this country in times of stress and peril have been heroic and of priceless value. Sometimes it has seemed that on him, on his strength, his courage, his power of command, and his foresight all depended. He is, indeed, a man of foresight and notable among his associates for that quality. It may be assumed, therefore, that with wise prevision he has made full preparation for the day when his responsibilities must be transferred to other hands. A few years ago the sudden withdrawal of Mr. MORGAN from financial affairs would have been a very disturbing event. But more and more of late the great financier has shifted the burdens of responsibility from his own shoulders. He has repeatedly said, and he testified at Washington, that he had left all details of his business to his partners; that he had retired. It will so prove, in the event that he should not be restored to health. It will be found, we do not doubt, that his preparations have been so forethoughtful and complete that in his broad and important sphere of banking and financial relations no disturbance will ensue, no cause of anxiety will be developed. We may be sure that he has made ready, and in no way with greater care and wisdom than in the choice of the partners of his house.

IS THE POLICY OF THE CLOSED SHOP ABANDONED?

We have received from Mr. JULIUS HENRY COHEN, who helped to bring about the settlement in the strike of the waistmakers which established the "open union"—that is, a union that permits the employer to select his own workmen and receives these into its membership—a copy of his recent address on this subject before the Efficiency Society. This makes public for the first time the fact that SAMUEL GOMPERS, President of the American Federation of Labor, guaranteed the "protocol" in the waist industry which makes the "open-union" policy effective. Signed Jan. 18, 1913, this agreement closes with the following statement:

> The American Federation of Labor will stand back of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union in the faithful performance of the foregoing protocol.
>
> SAMUEL GOMPERS,
> President, American Federation of Labor.
>
> HUGH FRAYNE,
> General Organizer, American Federation of Labor.

Between the "open union" and the "closed shop" is a great gulf fixed. That there was opposition to Mr. GOMPERS's action in this strike as head of the great American federation of unions is to be inferred from the fact that, when the agreement was made public, his name as signer was not given to the press. A similar inference may be drawn from the fact that the address on Friday of Vice President JAMES O'CONNELL of the American Federation of Labor before the New York University Forum was thus reported:

> The protocol which ended the garment strike in this city was held up to ridicule by Mr. O'CONNELL. He said that it meant simply a preferential agreement looking toward a closed shop or a union shop.

But an open union will never create a closed shop. It prefers union men, and, by the terms of its existence, it will enroll in its membership outsiders whom the employer engages. If the recent action of Mr. GOMPERS means anything it means that, so far as lies in his power, the policy of the open union will hereafter prevail in dealings between employers and the American Federation of Labor. This policy is opposed to the narrow and anarchistic methods of the labor unions affiliated with the Industrial Workers of the World, an organization which still adheres to the closed shop principle.

THE KLOTZ CONFESSION.

If suspicion of police methods had not been aroused by the shocking revelations since the murder of ROSENTHAL and the attitude of the department toward the various public investigations into the relations of the force, or members of it, with organized vice and crime, nobody would have thought of doubting the report of the deathbed confession of KLOTZ. The statement of Capt. PRICE is perfectly straightforward, and the stenographic report of the confession does not read like invention. The confession is astounding, of course, the man to whom it is attributed has passed beyond human questioning, and the Police Department claims to have solved a series of mysteries which have long worried the public. Acceptance of the claim must do much to quiet apprehension.

There is, thus far, no reasonable evidence that the claim is not perfectly justified. The statement of the lawyer retained by KLOTZ's father that the dying man had been delirious an hour before he made the confession has not been verified at the hospital. The two nurses who were at the dying man's bedside have not spoken; unless the report of the confession is false there is nothing for them to say. The police seem to have accumulated ample corroborative evidence of KLOTZ's connection with the murder of GRACE WALKER and MADELINE HERRARA and the attempted murder of Judge ROSALSKY. There is, therefore, no real foundation for the doubts that have been expressed.

Yet the fact that there are doubts is shamefully significant. People are willing to suspect that the police of New York have become so hardened and corrupt that they might conspire to accuse a dead man of crimes so as to relieve themselves of the charge of incompetence in hunting down criminals. We do not believe that this is true, we are willing to accept the Klotz confession as genuine, but the need of a thorough reform of the Police Department before it can regain the confidence of the public for whose protection it exists was never more clearly indicated.

MINIMUM WAGE—AND AFTER.

There are a few fairly certain effects that will follow a minimum wage which are not generally recognized by the advocates of that humanely intended measure, and which deserve careful attention.

For one thing, a law forbidding the payment of a wage below a fixed amount is necessarily a law forbidding any one to work for such lower wage. If it be made illegal to give less than $8 a week, then it must equally be illegal to take less than $8 a week. The obvious mode of evading the law by increasing the hours of work will, of course, be included in the law. The theory of the supporters of the measure is that a certain sum is needed to meet decent living expenses; that this should be paid for a kind and amount of work which can be performed without injury to the worker, and that the law, on careful inquiry into the facts, should regulate both work and pay. No employer is to be allowed to give less pay or exact more labor than the law sanctions; no worker is to be allowed to take less pay or to give more work. This leaves and must leave a certain number of workers, now employed, without employment; a certain number who now receive an inadequate wage and with it secure an inadequate subsistence without any income and without any subsistence whatever. This number, moreover, embraces, roughly, two classes, those who cannot earn the minimum wage and those who will not. One class includes the incompetent—using that word not necessarily in any harsh sense—and the other the shiftless, the lazy, the shirks.

It is plain that if the State intervenes to forbid these classes to work for a wage lower than the proposed minimum, the State must care for them in some way. They cannot be left to starve. If their case is bad now, when they do not get enough for a decent living, it would clearly be worse if they were prevented by law from getting anything whatever. It would not be safe to assume that all who now get less than the proposed minimum could not earn, or could not get, more. A good many employers would doubtless pay more, with the conviction that they would get more value in better work. But there would still remain a large body of workers without the strength, the skill, or, perhaps, the will to render service worth to their employers the proposed wage. As we have said, they would have to be cared for, and any law which forbade them to work for the wage their work is really worth would be a cruel measure unless provision were in some way made for them. Not only is the stubborn material aspect of the question to be considered. There is a moral aspect of the deepest importance. Provision for workers who can not, or will not, earn a fixed wage would be a terrible temptation to shirk. If any considerable number of men are to be relieved of the spur of stern need which urges them to provide for themselves and for their families, that number will tend to increase, not merely at a growing cost to society, but to its serious and increasing injury.

On the other hand, if the State is to forbid its citizens to work for less than a fixed wage it is plainly the duty of the State to do all it can to train the children of its citizens for work that will be worth at least that wage. And this must be done not in the loose, haphazard, ineffectual way in which what is now called education is given, but in a careful, practical, comprehensive, and efficient way. Indeed, our whole system of schooling would have to be re-formed; its main aim would have to be changed; its methods, its teaching force, its ideas, and ideals would have substantially to be revolutionized. An adequate and elastic system would have to be developed and organized for the intimate co-operation of the schools and the business interests of the country, or of any State adopting the minimum wage. There could be retained of the present schooling only so much as is indispensable to industrial training, for the task of fitting the great body of children for earning their own support would be dominating and imperative. It would be a tremendous task, beset with difficulties and exposed to great mistakes, but it would have to be taken up. No minimum wage law could be enforced without incalculable damage to the community unless industrial training to fit the mass of workers to earn that wage were established and developed.

These are facts involved in the new movement which must be faced and worked out. They seem to demand at least the postponement of legislation until some means of meeting them has been devised, including and based upon education.

THE FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

New York has responded nobly to the appeal for aid for the flood sufferers, and we have no doubt that its fund will grow. Relief has been extended, too, as liberally from other cities, in fact from the whole country. Late dispatches indicate that while the urgent necessities of many of the sick and homeless have been supplied, much more money will be needed. Gifts of clothing are in less demand. It seems a needless expense to pay for transportation of articles to the flooded districts, when everything that is required can be purchased near at hand.

Money should be sent through the Mayor's office or the agencies of the Red Cross, and the lists published in THE TIMES indicate that small contributions are gratefully received and promptly acknowledged. Many large sums of money have been given, of course, but the small contributions swell the fund and serve best to express the sympathy of the whole community with the afflicted.

THE EMBASSIES.

The opinion of foreign journalists that the United States should pay higher salaries to its Ambassadors and Ministers is interesting but not important. Discussions of our policies and economies by outsiders always interest us, but in this case we must protest that our foreign critics are not competent to judge. The higher "cost of living" is not to be considered when yearly salaries ranging from $17,500 to $10,000 are in question. It is not unlikely that the wages of some of our higher diplomats may be increased in course of time, but never sufficiently to enable one to vie with European potentates in the luxury of his surroundings and the extravagance of his entertainments. Nor is it likely that the Ambassador to the Court of St. James's will ever be paid as much as $50,000 a year, so that if it is "impossible" for our Government's representative in Great Britain to live on less, we must try to get along without an Ambassador. But this will never be necessary.

The new Administration is bothered by the influence of the bad example set by certain rich men who have been sent abroad to fill high posts. They have expended their large incomes to make a huge show of wealth, to stimulate the mistaken foreign idea of the habitual extravagance of the American people. That influence must be overcome one way or another. The best way would be by the establishment of a permanent American Diplomatic Corps, the beginning of which was made under the Executive Orders of President TAFT and President ROOSEVELT by which appointments to the lower diplomatic posts were made only after examination for fitness. A bill introduced by Gov. SULZER while he was in Congress to provide for this mode of appointment by law has never been acted upon. With the prospect of a tenure of office for life, on good behavior, the right men for diplomatic work would easily be secured, but to establish this system thoroughly it would be necessary to make the higher posts open to promotions for efficiency. Politics would be entirely eliminated and the diplomatic work of the Nation would be in the hands of men thoroughly trained to perform it. With the formation of a permanent service the subject of the building of embassies in foreign capitals would become vital. It seems to be merely a theme of idle talk now.

Meanwhile, the President must do the best he can in filling the foreign Ministries, and we do not doubt that he will do quite as well as his predecessors.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Don't Do the Work of Officials.

New York and many of its suburbs are to have special "clean up" days or weeks this Spring in a most praiseworthy effort to remove before Summer comes the accumulated rubbish and detritus of Winter. To do this is almost as desirable aesthetically as hygienically, and, however accomplished, important benefits will be the result. But some ways of doing good things are better than others, and any way except the best involves waste of valuable intention and energy.

A common mistake of people who see the need of action on any municipal evil or abuse is to undertake themselves work which it is the duty of local officers, elected or appointed, to perform. Official negligence, incompetence, and corruption are common enough fully to explain the frequency with which this course is followed, yet, except in very desperate cases, when the constituted authorities can be influenced by neither fear nor persuasion, the proper task of the private citizen is not to assume the actual carrying of municipal burdens, but to see to it that the carrying is done by those who have accepted that responsibility—a responsibility not at all less for unpaid or ill-paid officials than for those with big salaries. The Medical Journal put the situation very well the other day when it said editorially:

> One uncleanly householder may keep a whole district flyridden and perhaps pestilent, no matter how well all others have done their duty; wherefore, especially in villages, the problem becomes a neighborhood problem, and the neighbors of that untidy delinquent have to be disagreeable to him until he sees the error of his ways and acts accordingly. Any nuisance in the neighborhood should be at once reported to the authorities, who should (if the occasion warrant) be made uncomfortable until they act; maintaining a nuisance has been held to be a misdemeanor, to be punished as such.

The private citizen's right to be "disagreeable" to a careless or ignorant neighbor depends a good deal upon the nature of the selected method, but there is no doubt at all about the right, which is also the duty, of the private citizen to make officials who are for any reason inefficient as "uncomfortable" as constant prodding can make them. And prodding, if well done and accompanied with convincing threats of prosecution, can make them very uncomfortable indeed.

Criminals, but Not Ordinary.

FLOYD ALLEN and his son CLAUDE met death with the stoic calmness to be expected from men of their habits and training. In the electric chair, as out of it, they observed the traditional requirements of their clan, and its other members will doubtless cherish their memories as martyr victims of a legal system alien and therefore wrong.

Their last statements, carefully written at the very edge of the grave, were full of pious phrases. The sincerity of these need not be doubted, in spite of the fact that accompanying them were obviously false protestations that the Court House killings were not murder, but self-defense, and in spite, too, of the other crimes, an almost endless list, that had marked their lives. The explanation of this sincerity lies in the difference between Allen standards, which were those of another age, and the standards of the civilization which had invaded their hills at a rate exceeding their capacity for adaptation to new requirements.

It is much more than possible—it is highly probable—that they died without that "conviction of sin" so often discussed by their preachers, for that comes only from the consciousness of having violated moral and legal codes of recognized legitimacy. They had lived as their fathers lived, making what seemed to them the natural uses of their mental and physical superiorities to the neighbors over whom they tyrannized.

They were not peculiar in hating, and to the extent of their power resisting, when they could not ignore, laws that they more or less honestly considered unjustifiable infringements of their individual rights and liberties. Everybody does that with a determination proportioned to his courage and the degree to which his sense of personal dignity has been developed.

It would not be correct to call the ALLENS and their like cowards merely because shooting down from ambush was one of their methods of putting enemies out of the way. That is an unreprehended device in regular as well as irregular warfare, and, when circumstances compelled, the ALLENS were quite as ready for open fighting against odds as for what others call assassination.

Having proved themselves unchangeable, of course they were intolerable from the social standpoint, and, while cordially commending Gov. MANN's firmness in executing the law, one can yet feel regret that for the qualities of their defects a better use could not be found.

Proposing a Fine Innovation.

More hopeful than some other Washington officials, the Secretary of the Interior asserts the possibility, and even the practicability, of guarding the whole country with some approach to completeness from the recurrence of such disasters as have just overwhelmed the cities of Ohio and Indiana. His suggestions, naturally, are rather vague, but they need not necessarily remain so, and in theory, at least, all will admit the truth of his contentions.

"Reclamation work," he says, "is a "phrase that ought to mean more than "the bringing of water to arid land, and "safety from floods will never be attained "while river improvement, so called, is "conducted on the present, or 'pork bar-"rel' basis."

It is a sad fact, however, that all over the country the wise Congressman desirous of re-election tells of how much public money he was able to secure at the last session for spending in his district, not of his success in promoting plans to benefit the country at large. He knows well enough what he ought to do in regard to river and harbor appropriations, but he knows still better what the majority of his constituents want him to do and what they will reward him for doing. He shares the loot, indeed, but at least it can be said for him that his share is usually immaterial, while that of the men who control his political destiny is in hard dollars and cents.

Perhaps Secretary LANE can change all this, with President WILSON's help. At any rate, if he continues to talk as he does now he will have to try real hard, for consistency's sake, and that will be something.

VOCATIONAL MISFITS.

Unsuccessful Secretary Urges Use of Prof. Muensterberg's Tests.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

For the last few days I have been looking through a file of THE TIMES. In your issue of Feb. 9 I noticed an article on the secretary—the new career for women—and was struck by one thing about this unnamed school. It reserved the right to reject any pupil at the end of the month if unfit for secretarial work, thus applying practically Prof. Muensterberg's psychology in choosing a vocation.

I wish some one had analyzed me at the end of one month. But a year ago my money was good as long as I paid it, and I came out a full-fledged "secretary." A year of bitter experience has proved that I never was, nor ever will be, fit for secretarial duties. I have neither diplomacy nor tact nor that quickness of mind which lends itself to an employer's every interest.

My first position was with a professor of zoology. His wife liked my appearance very much (though really I am not so ugly as that might indicate) and I was engaged. I had the misfortune not to understand the Mendelian theory. I could not spell the long Latin names. I had also the bad taste to buy some becoming clothes in honor of my position.

For one or for all of these reasons I was free to look for another position. There is a demand for secretaries, and I was soon engaged by Mrs. ——, a suffragette. She completed my disillusion. I possessed neither the "savoir faire" to represent her when necessary, nor the flexibility or training to compose her speeches and arguments for a cause against which everything in me revolts. Even a little of the tact so essential for a secretary would have saved me from our rather unkind parting when I would not volunteer to "hike" to Washington through snow and slush as a part of my duties. Two painful years were needed to discover that I was hopelessly disqualified when an honest business man or an honest school Principal could have pointed it out to me in so many weeks.

I have suffered from unfit doctors hurdled through a "Regents" school and then through some pseudo medical school, which, thanks to Mr. Flexner, are now disappearing. I have paid dearly for placing my faith in a lawyer who got his education in one of the fly-by-night colleges when lectures are delivered between a yawn and a snore. All hail to the new spirit! Thanks to men like Prof. Muensterberg and Mr. Flexner, vocational unfitness will soon disappear.

As for myself, I am at last content. I file the rejection slips of unfit applicants for a large public service corporation. I do it well and with joy, for I know I am saving them from my own unhappy experience.

A. E. B.

Passaic, N. J., March 25, 1913.

"THE BOROBORYGMA."

Directions for Capturing New Animal Carefully Stated.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The orgy of nature-faking which has been going on regarding the hodag or side-walloper is intolerable. I trust that the word of one who has been familiar with the facts since childhood will put an end to it. The correct name of the animal is the boroborygma, "hodag" and "side-walloper" being popular names among the country folk. The gyascutus (also gyasticutus) is quite another animal.

The description of the animal's limbs given by a correspondent is, in the main, correct. The nature of its tail, however, is quite otherwise, being shaped like a corkscrew. The fact that the animal possesses large and bushy whiskers has not been mentioned, yet this plays an important part in the method of capture ordinarily employed, which is as follows:

The apparatus consists of a spade, a pair of powerful bellows, and a bucket of tar. The hunter first digs a hole at a suitable point in one of the narrow paths made by the animal. The hole is filled with tar and then lightly covered with dust and twigs. The hunter then conceals himself behind the bushes close by the hole full of tar, holding the bellows in readiness. As soon as the animal has crossed the tar, the hunter blows a powerful blast from the bellows squarely into the whiskers of the beast. The result is invariably the same: the boroborygma, in order to save himself from being blown off the hillside, instantly bores his tail into what he supposes to be terra firma, and is held fast by the tar.

It may be of interest to your readers to know that the Government was at one time engaged in an endeavor to cross the boroborygma with the ox and the mule in the hope of obtaining a hybrid which would be useful for side-hill plowing. So far as I know, the attempt was a failure.

A. M. S.

New York, March 25, 1913.

CAT LICENSE UPHELD.

Would Benefit Farmer by Protecting Valuable Birds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Would it not be a kindness to the cat if every owner were compelled to procure a license, as is the owner of a dog? Certainly if there are as many homeless, half-starved, and semi-wild cats in the State of New York as there are in Connecticut or New Hampshire, such a law would be merciful. From a humane point of view it is often hard to understand the cat lover, whose pets are left uncared for while the house is closed during the Summer, or who leaves them at the close of a season at the shore or mountains to shift for themselves. If reports of hunters, bird lovers, botanists, and others much afield can be relied upon, there are many stray cats, and some hunters say that they make a practice of killing them because they are so destructive to the birds.

It may be accepted that a good cat has its value, and it is probable that every farmer could well afford to pay a license fee for services rendered, but that a good "mouser" is of more value to the farmer as a destroyer of harmful mammals than a barn owl, a short-eared owl, a red-shouldered hawk, or a marsh hawk may be doubted.

A few years ago while I was sitting on the steps of a farmhouse one July afternoon the family cat came along with a flicker it had killed, and deposited it at the feet of its mistress. "That is his sixth to-day, and he has killed over fifty this Summer!" she exclaimed, and added, "During the bird season the rats and mice thrive, but I can't kill him. It is his nature to hunt and kill." It is his nature to hunt and kill, and many close observers are of the opinion that the assumption of Mr. Forbush—"if the average cat on the farm kills but ten birds a year," &c.—is well within the facts. Many cats kill few birds, possibly some cats kill none, but it may be accepted that cats are so destructive to birds valuable to the farmer that his interests would be best served by the passage of a bill to license them.

ARTHUR W. SUGDEN.

Hartford, Conn., March 23, 1913.

An Appreciative Reader.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to say that I have read your paper ever since I was 12 years of age, and after reading every important paper both here and abroad it is my firm conviction that THE TIMES is as good as the best.

Especially fine is the magazine in your Sunday paper. This section meets the same requirements for me as any twenty-five-cent magazine, and it has always aided me to a clear comprehension of modern activities. The special features, too, have disclosed a sympathetic insight in regard to your readers' requirements, but I doubt if they at any time have received the full benefits of your enterprise.

I would like to suggest, however, that THE TIMES print its picture supplements half the size of the present ones, so that they may be more cheaply and easily framed, thereby really helping to beautify the homes of its readers.

HAROLD J. BEHL.

New York, March 25, 1913.

THE "SOCIAL CENTRE."

Settlement Worker Urges Careful Selection of Supervisors.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your editorial article commenting on Miss Margaret Woodrow Wilson's letter about "Social Centres," you refer to them as "centres of family recreation and amusement, and of better acquaintanceship between parents and teachers." Many of our local public schools are forming, or have formed, parents' associations, which are practically a part of the school work, the principal of the school either directly or indirectly organizing or maintaining the association. They are formed in different schools for different purposes, but they are in their essence mainly formed on the basis of the parents of the children attending the school, as their name would imply. They should be encouraged, and the more of them the better.

The social centre, however, in the accepted sense of that term, differs from the parents' association, and offers to the neighborhood, irrespective of school affiliation, "family recreation and amusement." The young men and young women come together for wholesome social intercourse, and for dancing and literary and athletic purposes. At the present important stage in the development of the social centre idea may I be permitted to sound a note of constructive, and not destructive, warning? It goes without saying that such activities as mixed dancing and club work, whether it be social or trade club work, must be properly supervised. In my opinion the success or failure (and if failure it will be a hideous one) of this whole idea depends on the character and personality of the supervisors. If, therefore, paid leaders of social centres are to be chosen by Civil Service examinations, and selected from an eligible list, the choice being compulsory from the highest three on the list, I greatly fear for the outcome as an upbuilding force of the social centre idea. I advocate, while the movement is still young—in its infancy—a new method of selecting social centre leaders. The pay envelope at the end of the week, or month, must not be the impelling motive for taking up such work any more than salary is the controlling consideration in tempting any one to go into settlement work. There is much similarity between the two—the social centre and the settlement. The social centre is in fact but the municipalizing of what has been up to the present a privately maintained enterprise. To secure the right persons for leadership, whether in social or trade club, I suggest a volunteer committee of social workers—not in the employ of the municipality—to pass upon the personality and character qualifications of all applicants for social centres, such volunteer committee to be appointed by the person who appoints the Civil Service Commissioners; the law to be so amended, if necessary, as to give him power to make such appointments, and also to make the approval of such appointees necessary before any one can be placed on the eligible list.

In social work, whether undertaken publicly or privately, the character and personality of the workers are of first importance in measuring the probability of the success of the work.

ROBBINS GILMAN,
Head Worker, University Settlement.

New York, March 28, 1913.

"BLUE SKY" LEGISLATION.

Investment Bankers' Association Has Protested Its Enactment.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to express my appreciation of your splendid editorial on the New York "Blue Sky" bill, and for the earlier comment on the same subject which I have seen in THE TIMES.

Answering in part your question in the last paragraph, "What can the various associations of business men be thinking about that they allow this bill to make progress without protest?" I would say that I have always appeared before the Judiciary Committee of the Assembly and protested vigorously against the measure, and pointed out some of the results that would follow enacting it into a statute. Other people in New York City also appeared and protested. The Investment Bankers' Association, for whom I am acting in this matter, is prepared to appear and protest on every opportunity given.

The folly of unconsidered "Blue Sky" legislation has swept all over the country. Out of the forty-two States which have legislative sessions this year, "Blue Sky" bills to the number of 119 have been introduced in the Legislatures of thirty-four States. I may say that the New York Assembly has given less heed to the objections of the interests vitally affected than the Legislature of any other of a number of States in which I am familiar with the matter.

W. H. LYON.

New York, March 27, 1913.

"UGLINESS OF MEN."

"Surpassed Only by Their Conceit," Says a Feminine Critic.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest the letter of "Nonplused," for it confirms a suspicion I have long had, namely, that the physical ugliness of men is surpassed only by their conceit.

That, in some instances, members of the masculine sex have beauty under the age of twenty or thereabout I gladly admit, but as age increases beauty diminishes. Many a fine, handsome youth I have seen decline into a dull, sallow manhood, the clear skin darkened by that bluish undertone produced either by too little or too much shaving, the slim figure succeeded by a pitiable emaciation or a disgusting and flabby superfluity of flesh, the smooth, boyish face marred by lines of selfishness, greed, and other ungentle passions. Among the Greek gods there may have been manly beauty, but on the streets of New York there is very little of it.

As for clothes, could any cubist invent a thing sillier or uglier than the boxlike contraptions in which men incase their bodies, and the little, hard, round things they wear on their heads, which nature, in her wise providence, delights to hurl off with the first playful breeze? If they are as sensible as they think they are, at least they should have strings to their hats and tie them under their chins.

JANE RAIN.

Chatham, N. J., March 28, 1913.

THE NUMBER OF CATHOLICS.

Catholic Directory's Largest Estimate Includes American Possessions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A short item appeared in your issue of Thursday, March 20, giving the Catholic population figures of the United States, Austria, Germany, Spain, the British Empire, and Italy, and ascribing them to advance sheets of The Official Catholic Directory for 1913. From these figures the reader may be led to believe that there are 23,329,000 Catholics in the United States. This is incorrect. According to The Official Catholic Directory, the Catholic population of the United States proper is 15,154,158. This figure is not exaggerated nor overestimated, but is, in fact, very conservative. The items are supplied to us by the diocesan Chancery officials of every Catholic diocese in the United States, and they are the figures collected by those Chancery officials from every parish and every mission under their jurisdiction. What THE TIMES meant by the Catholic population of 23,329,000 was that there were that many Catholics under the protection of the United States flag; the 23,000,000 figure included the United States proper, the Philippines, Porto Rico, Alaska, the Hawaiian Islands, and the Canal Zone.

JOSEPH H. MEIER,
Editor The Official Catholic Directory.

New York, March 25, 1913.

SHE TURNED SERVANT.

Young Woman Who Met Reverses Says Store Work Is Easier.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Do you realize what it means to come of nice parents, perhaps to have had a servant to wait at table for you, to enjoy eating with a family, and to be able to converse with that family on equal terms, to go and come as you please for a number of years, and then suddenly to be placed as servant in someone's else house, to eat your meals in silence and alone, to be at everyone's beck and call—in short, to be ostracized? That has been my lot.

To have done only such housework as would keep the hands smooth, the limbs well exercised, and the mental condition alert, and then to be plunged to work that made the hands bleed from the heat of iron and acid in the various substances used for cleaning, that made the feet swell so that one's shoes could not be placed on one's feet in the morning, that made one's mind seem a veritable purgatory of despondency because of the lack of fit associates—that were an experience of the housewife who would study the servant problem.

One of your correspondents describes a position out of the ordinary. Her girls have gotten married, it seems, and that is why she has not been able to keep "hired help." Well, that is all very well, and her description of the kitchen and its surroundings is very enticing. But she must know that a girl whose ambitions are for an educated husband, with the refinement that the word implies, will not probably secure such a man while she is working in the kitchen. Of course we know that a working girl makes the best wife, but most men do not go to the kitchen door to find their wives, unless it is the kitchen door of the parents' home. It will also be said that a girl ought to be glad to get an honest grocery clerk for a husband, or an iceman, or a gas meter inspector, and I say, yes, a girl ought to, but her ambition will not allow this, for the sake of the prospective children. We women want the best for our offspring, if we have any, and the best mentality is the first equipment for a parent of bright children. By this I do not mean that some grocery clerks and other tradesmen are not mentally as fit as some professional men, but the professional man is usually a student, and a student is usually mentally more efficient than the tradesman.

Your correspondent mentions the girl who fitted herself to become a home nurse. That is one case in a hundred. A girl can rise, but usually when she has dropped to the servant stage she is without ambition. If she had been ambitious she would have done anything rather than take such a position. While I was "living out" I took up a correspondence course in shorthand, but the school got my money and I got nothing. I was too depressed to get ahead in this way. Since then, by dint of great perseverance, I have become a shorthand writer.

Girls need companions, they want life and pleasure and excitement, gossip, to a certain extent, and all the little diversions which make life livable. Work, at its best, is not alluring to the young, but when there is nothing but work in a girl's life, when the only proper persons for her to talk to are her employer and the fellow servants, or if there are no other servants employed with her, then only her mistress, surely she will not relish the good home and wholesome food she is getting.

Another correspondent, a man, intimates that housework is easier than store work. Has he ever done either? Does he think that if housework were the easier all the girls would apply for store work? Does he suppose that girls are looking for the hardest work to do? On the contrary, they are looking for the easiest, and they take store work. The hours are less. A girl gets to the store at 8 in the morning; at 8 the servant has usually been doing two hours' hard work. The store worker gets off at 6; at 6 the servant is usually putting her master's dinner on the table, and she has two good hours of work after that. Four hours' more work a day for the servant than for the "saleslady."

The servant is allowed out once a week and every other Sunday. The saleswoman is through at 6 to do as she likes—free, at liberty to go and come as suits her fancy. She has every Sunday from early morn until late at night—in fact from Saturday evening until Monday morning. No one to ask her won't she please do this little thing before she goes out, or does she mind coming home this one evening and serving tea, as guests are expected. The servant eats her meals alone or with her fellow-servants; the saleswoman goes to a restaurant—no doubt a cheap one—and sees human beings who laugh and talk as real human beings should. In the store she sees new faces all day long, or has become acquainted with customers, who sometimes exchange a pleasant word with her. Her associates become either friends or enemies, and she at least comes in contact with life.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

New York, March 29, 1913.

Automobile Noises.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is against the law to use the muffler cut-out while driving cars in the City of New York. This law or ordinance is a good one, but, unfortunately, it is not enforced, and the muffler cut-out is used almost constantly by many drivers, particularly at night, when the noise is most objectionable.

A certain amount of noise seems necessary in the operation of the average automobile, a fact generally recognized and accepted because of its many advantages, but nothing can justify the constantly increasing nuisance of willful and unnecessary noises occasioned by multitudes of careless, lazy, and vicious chauffeurs, who dominate our thoroughfares unrestrained and who take special delight in their power to afflict the public as indicated.

W. W. HALLOCK.

New York, March 25, 1913.

The State Experiment Station.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

For a number of years past the State Experiment Station at Geneva has been endeavoring to secure an administration, demonstration, and library building. A bill has been introduced to secure an appropriation for this building, and the project merits the support of everybody interested in the agricultural development of this State. The New York State Grange and agricultural interests generally are in favor of this appropriation.

I think it would be of great benefit to the agricultural organizations throughout the State in helping to bring the knowledge collected at the State Experiment Station to the attention of farmers. At present meetings held at the Experiment Station have to be held in the open, as there is no auditorium.

H. V. BRUCE.

New York, March 26, 1913.

HIS NAME.

She ransacked every novel,
  And the dictionary, too,
But nothing ever printed
  For her baby's name would do;
She hunted appellations
  From the present and the past,
And this is what she named him
  When they christened him at last:

Julian Harold Egbert
  Ulysses Victor Paul
Algernon Marcus Cecil
  Sylvester George McFall.
But after all the trouble
  She'd taken for his sake,
His father called him Fatty,
  And his schoolmates called him Jake.

MINNA IRVING.

SUFFRAGIST HORSE REWARDED FOR HIKE

Lausanne Is Now Quietly Rusticating on Mrs. Jones's Long Island Estate.

HIS FONDNESS FOR SUNSETS

Always Loitered During Capital March to Watch the Flaming West —Slept Facing the East.

Lausanne, the brown horse that pulled the little yellow wagon all the way from Newark to Washington when Gen. Rosalie Jones and her suffragist army hiked all the way to the National Capital, looks out to-day over Syosset Road, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I. The horse that assisted the suffragist cause is quietly rusticating upon the country place of Mrs. Oliver Livingston Jones. Ever since the march to Washington Gen. Jones has received many inquiries as to the fate of Lausanne.

The animal drew the suffragist cart, decorated with many inscriptions telling of the advantages of equal suffrage, and Miss Elizabeth Freeman, who was the official speaker of the Army of the Hudson. The horse was a last-minute purchase. Gen. Jones, after persuading her mother to part with the wagon, had it shipped to Newark. Just before the army arrived there it was discovered that there was no steed to pull the wagon. Edward Van Wyck, a cousin, was sent out to purchase a horse, and the result was Lausanne. Some of the unitiated attempted to name the animal Suffragette, but that was too obvious, and did not meet with the favor of Gen. Jones or Miss Freeman. The latter named the horse Lausanne, after the capital of the Canton of Vaud, Switzerland, a place associated in her mind with many pleasant associations in Europe. Lausanne the horse was called, and so he remains to this day.

It was Miss Freeman who first discovered that Lausanne had a soul and an artistic temperament. Lausanne was known as the bargain horse, because he was purchased for $59.98, reduced from $60. Gen. Jones told Mr. Van Wyck that the Army Treasury contained just that amount of money for the purchase of a horse.

Oats Diet Woke Him Up.

It is admitted by all who knew Lausane during the first two days of the hike that the animal did not amount to much. It was only after receiving an unaccustomed diet of oats that Lausanne began to take an interest in the country through which he was hiking. It was then that it was noted that he was artistically inclined.

Yellow is the color of the suffragists. It was the third day out that Miss Freeman noticed that Lausanne had entered into the spirit of the joke, and had adopted yellow as his favorite color. Driving in a New Jersey road, and anxious to catch up with the main army, Miss Freeman noticed that Lausanne loitered at every yellow painted barn along the road, and there were many. In vain were her attempts to urge Lausanne past anything painted yellow.

"This horse is not color blind," confided Miss Freeman to the General, and after that Milton Wend, the bugler, made a study of Lausanne. He corroborated Miss Freeman's opinion that Lausanne had a decided fondness for yellow.

Lausanne also showed a very marked admiration for sunsets. Often there were days during the hike when night had fallen before the army of the Hudson reached its destination. On every such occasion the yellow gospel wagon was the last to reach the night's halt. Miss Freeman could not understand it. Many a time the faithful horse would stop at the road, despite Miss Freeman's efforts to bring him up to his best endeavor. Lausanne was fond of observing the beauties of the flaming West, and to satisfy his desire for the wonders of nature would linger along the road as long as the Western sky was filled with the brilliance of the setting sun.

Slept Facing the East.

Another thing noted by Miss Freeman was that Lausanne rested easier at night if his head was turned toward the east. To Gen. Jones, who inquired for her opinion as to this, Miss Freeman explained that it was simply a state of mind. It came to Lausanne through ancestry, and was simply a demonstration of that feeling that makes all good Mohammedans turn their faces toward Mecca.

"I will not go into this phase of the question," said Miss Freeman yesterday. "It simply opens up an avenue of an argument that will take one into the realms of reincarnation and far away from that of the right of women to have the vote. Lausanne—and please call him Lausanne and not Suffragette—has many traits that convince me that he is a horse with an artistic temperament, and for that reason I am glad we rescued him from ending his days between the shafts of an express wagon. He is now very happy, and has every chance of ending his days upon the Jones farm on Long Island. If his services are needed to draw the little yellow wagon I am sure he will respond, as I will, to the call of duty."

There were others who noticed the peculiarities of Lausanne. For example, Miss Bess Couch, who marched a part of the way, observed that Lausanne had a proper dignity which would not let him march behind Jerry, a recruit and the pet of Miss Margaret Geist, who is riding across the continent behind the burro, and who was a suffragist for the occasion.

So Lausanne, having impressed an entire army with his good merits and his artistic temperament, is to spend his remaining days on the Jones farm, lost in the admiration of each sunset. This story will answer the question asked by 150,000 suffragists since the hike ended, "What has become of Lausanne?"

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Passengers on Four Incoming Transatlantic Liners.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday, and some of their passengers were:

ST. PAUL (Southampton)—Mrs. J. Maxwell, Mrs. C. Cleaver, J. L. Bernard, N. F. Nanjo, R. H. Wilder, H. J. Knapp, C. A. Benton, and Capt. Henry Pettican.

CELTIC (Liverpool)—A. L. Austin, Capt. O. L. Beck, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Brett, J. M. Campbell, S. T. Cobbett, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Fraser, Miss Marjorie Galt, H. J. B. Hamilton, Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Lincoln, the Rev. L. Oscar Moon, Sir Robert Perks, Bart.; C. R. Carter Pettey, P. A. Price, H. S. Ridings, H. G. Saunders, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Taylor, C. H. Dudley Ward, and Walter Wynn.

PATRICIA (Hamburg)—Mrs. Sophie Albright, Miss Marjorie Burnham, Miss Dora Berking, and Miss A. Loren.

HAMBURG (Naples)—Miss A. S. Arnold, J. P. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Cox, Mrs. E. M. Cushier, Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Darlington, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Dickenson, Mrs. Mary H. Dundy, Mrs. H. Houghton, Mr. and Mrs. T. Jefferson, Mrs. W. H. Phillips, Miss M. H. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Stratton, and Mrs. S. W. Welles.

Philharmonic in Wagner Concert.

The Philharmonic Society closed its season with a Wagner concert in Carnegie Hall yesterday afternoon. Mr. Stranksy included in the programme selections from most of the music dramas, including the overtures to "Rienzi," the overture to "The Flying Dutchman," Tannhäuser's Pilgrimage from "Tannhäuser," the prelude to Act III. of "Lohengrin," the prelude and Liebestod from "Tristan und Isolde," the prelude to "Die Meistersinger," the ride of the valkyries, from "Die Walküre," the Waldweben from "Siegfried," Siegfried's Rhine Journey from "Götterdämmerung," the Good Friday Spell from "Parsifal," and the Kaiser March.

ROBERT GRAVES AS HOST.

Another Entertainment Given at His Novel Mineola Garage.

Robert Graves gave another of his Sunday entertainments yesterday at his unique garage at Mineola. It was a luncheon of sixty covers with music and Mr. and Mrs. Vernon Castles danced, as also did Maurice and Miss Florence Walton. Al Jolson of the Winter Garden, also entertained the guests.

Mr. Graves's garage, in the heart of the Long Island automobile course, is of gray concrete with red tile here and there. It is in Spanish Colonial style, and has two three-story wings. The car room of the garage, as the place is named, may be used for dancing or roller skating.

Mr. Graves's guests yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. Bourke Cockran, Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. James Kernochan, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Newhouse, Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Oelrichs, Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Lloyd Bowers, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Carroll, Dr. Preston Satterwhite and Mrs. Satterwhite, Mr. and Mrs. W. Horace Duval, Mrs. Alexander Brown, Mrs. Frederic Neilson, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortwright, Mrs. Edward N. Breitung, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Coogan, Justice Gerard and Mrs. Gerard, ex-Judge and Mrs. Gary, Mr. and Mrs. E. Reeves Merritt, Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg, Mme. Gatti-Casazza, Mrs. William H. Sands, Mrs. Frederick Pearson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman, Miss Luisita Leland, Mrs. Eustis, Mrs. Janis, Miss Elsie Janis, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw, Mrs. Keane, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Courtland Penfield, Mrs. John J. Mason, Mrs. William Roelker, Poultney Bigelow, De Lancey Coster, G. A. Thompson, William Rhinelander Stewart, Jr., T. Sanford Beatty, Horace C. Stebbins, Frederic Middlebrook, Gen. J. Frederick Pierson, Count Albert Monteglas, Samuel Willits, Curtis Moffat, Antonio Scotti, Señor de Segurola, Prince Sapieha, Henri Martin, Moncure Robinson and Broderick Bishop.

NEWPORT PLANS FOR SUMMER.

Movement for a New Reading Room —Naval War College Opening May 31

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 30.—Once more the movement for a new home for the Newport Reading Room is under way. It is certain that during the Summer some definite action will be taken, for most of the stockholders and members desire a larger and more modern clubhouse. Some of them advocate buying the Griswold estate in Bellevue Avenue, and there erecting a handsome building.

The Summer conference of the Naval War College, which is to be attended by a larger class of officers than heretofore, will begin on May 31, the officers reporting to Capt. William L. Rodgers, President. The following Monday morning the formal opening will take place. It is hoped that the Secretary of the Navy will make the address on that occasion.

The Rev. E. Edmund Seyzinger of the Community of the Resurrection of England, who is the guest of Mrs. Harold Brown, preached before large congregations at Saint John's and Emmanuel Churches this morning and evening. He came to Newport at the request of Bishop Perry of Rhode Island.

Stuart Duncan, who arrived on Saturday, with John Russell Pope, the architect, to look over his new residence and other improvements, has returned to New York.

The Misses Phinney are planning to erect a pretty cottage in the vicinity of Gibbs Avenue. They will soon sail for Europe.

Dr. H. J. Knapp is expected home from Europe in a few days.

Officers on duty at Fort Adams are contemplating a series of dances at the post in the near future.

Heyward Cutting and his mother, Mrs. Lorimer Worden, have returned to New York.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schroeder and Miss Schroeder of Washington will open their cottage in Jamestown for the Summer late in May.

Many families of the officers of the Atlantic Fleet have taken apartments at Jamestown for the Summer.

Dr. Charles D. Easton has returned from a week-end visit in New York.

Capt. William L. Rodgers, U. S. N., President of the Naval War College, has gone to New York on a few days' leave.

Mr. and Mrs. Pembroke Jones are expected during the week to look over their residence to arrange improvements before opening their Newport season in June.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew C. Moreland of Pittsburgh, who have been looking over some of the larger cottages for rental, one of which they will occupy next Summer, have concluded their visit.

Mrs. Walter S. Andrews departed for a visit to Washington to-night.

Mrs. Frederick P. Sands, Mrs. Harry E. Yarnell, and Miss Ruth Thomas have returned from Elizabeth, N. J., where they attended the marriage of Miss Margaret Edwards and Sterrett Provost.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig Biddle of Philadelphia and Newport will spend the Summer in Europe.

Since the Rev. Stanley C. Hughes, rector of Trinity Church, made his appeal for the flood sufferers last week he has received $402.51. On Saturday $192.58 was forwarded to the National Red Cross at Washington, and $144.95 has been given since, in addition to the collection of $64.98 taken at the morning service in Trinity this morning.

MANY PERSONS AT TUXEDO.

Society Folk Look Over Their Cottages for Early Season.

Special to The New York Times.

TUXEDO PARK, March 30.—Although the weather conditions were unfavorable there was a large number of society persons here to-day. Mr. and Mrs. Francis D. FitzGibbon, who will go abroad this week, had a luncheon in the clubhouse. Mr. and Mrs. Francis B. Griffin motored out from town and entertained a large party.

Many of those who will open their villas early in the Spring passed the day here. Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Alexander and the Misses Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. F. Kingsbury Curtis, Mrs. John Murray Mitchell, Mrs. Amory S. Carhart, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Morgan Tilford, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer, and Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Claibourn Pell were here looking over their residences.

The Spring attraction this year will be the Horse Show, which is scheduled for Memorial Day and the following Saturday. Reservations are being made. The show promises to surpass those of other years. Pierre Lorillard, Jr., is Secretary. There also will be the annual golf tournament.

Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker passed the day here. Other arrivals were Mr. and Mrs. Rathbone Bacon of Scotland, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Greenough, Miss Constance Folsom, Mrs. R. W. Folsom, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Spencer Morris, Col. Charles Hayden, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Tukerman, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Weld, and Mr. and Mrs. Forsyth Wickes.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Grafton Mortimer have opened the Chester Davis cottage for the Spring, and Mr. and Mrs. Kenelm Winslow have returned from Bermuda to the Waldo house.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Delafield will return to their Tuxedo house in April, and Mr. and Mrs. William V. Hoffman will open Paxhurst.

NOTES FROM PALM BEACH.

Mr. and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes on Their Way to New York.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes and Mrs. Anson Phelps Stokes, Jr., left here to-night for New York, and will soon go to Switzerland for the Summer. Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet, Thomas Addis Emmet, Jr., and Miss Margaret Harris, who have been here since early January, also left to-day. Dr. Emmet is not in good health, and has been confined to his apartments at the Breakers most of the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles I. Cragin, who will remain here until the middle of April, were at home this afternoon at Revedette to many callers. From here they will go directly to the Virginia Hot Springs, then will visit in Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Hobart Chatfield Taylor gave an informal luncheon at their villa to-day for Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Coleman and Oden Chatfield Taylor.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Graves Ely of Morristown, N. J., arrived at the Breakers this morning with Mr. and Mrs. James Negley Cooke of Pittsburgh and I. D. Porter of Washington.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Burgess of Boston, who have been on a Cuban tour, are here. Miss Elizabeth Burgess, Thomas P. Burgess, Jr., and William P. Burgess are with them.

ICELANDER DOWNS JIU JITSU WRESTLER

Jealous Rivals for Circus Championship "Fight It Out" Atop Madison Square Garden.

JAPANESE BEATEN EASILY

All the Freaks Were on Hand, and "Prof." Tamarki Obliged by Suspending His Animation.

Some 200 enthusiasts gathered by invitation on the roof of Madison Square Garden yesterday afternoon to watch an international wrestling bout. Johannes Josefsson, an Icelandic wrestler, went on the mat with Otagawa, an exponent of jiu jitsu, there. The Icelander was strong and fair-haired. Otagawa was shorter and heavier of build, with long, wiry black hair which was knotted on his head. He gazed calmly at his opponent.

The referee was Norman Selby, who as "Kid McCoy" was once noted as a prize-fighter. While Selby gave no decision, it was easy to see that he considered the Icelandic wrestler the better man, and the crowd evidently shared this opinion.

Josefsson and Otagawa are appearing with the Barnum & Bailey Circus at Madison Square Garden, but the circus press agents gave the reporters their solemn assurance that they had nothing to do with arranging the contest. It grew out of the jealousy between the Icelander and the Japanese, they said.

It was an interesting company that assembled atop the Garden at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon. There were many Japanese on hand, there were silk-hatted folk innumerable, and there were freaks from the circus side show, for the midgets especially did not propose to miss the match, and the elder Barnett swaggered around with a miniature fur coat on his arm and a whisp of a cane swinging jauntily. The sympathies of this assemblage were quite neutral, and, if anything, they leaned toward the Japanese, particularly after a little Japanese girl, one Ai Naruska, had offered to throw all comers, and, finding no Occidental taker, had tossed a stout compatriot around the mat regardless of his feelings.

But the crowd shifted to Josefsson as soon as the preparations for the wrestling began. For Otagawa insisted that they wrestle with jackets and belts on, and although Josefsson had never tried it he was willing to fight one bout that way and one without. Thus appeased, the little jiu jitsu champion went at him, and there was some fine tussling. Despite the handicap of the unfamiliar jacket the fair-haired man threw the Japanese twice and there was much cheering, which was not loud enough, however, to drown the tempest of outspoken woe from Hekla, the 2-year-old daughter of Josefsson, who could not understand what it was all about.

The Icelander bounded over to her for a little greeting at the first breathing chance, and then he threw off his jacket for the barearmed encounter that had been promised. Otagawa would have none of it, and with a snort of disgust Josefsson climbed into the worsted jacket again and at his opponent. Finanlly the Japanese was called upon to remove the jacket. There was much running about, many whispered conferences between all his fellow-countrymen there, and then a further declaration that Otagawa would not fight unless his opponent wore a jacket. Then Josefsson withdrew in triumph, and Hekla crowed.

McCoy had figured in a previous exhibition, when one of the jiu-jitsu men lay on his back and agreed to get up despite the presence on top of him of three weighty volunteers. A very ample reporter sat on his chest, another knelt on his right arm and Selby took charge of the left. At the signal the Oriental, after much writhing, suddenly planted both his bare feet in McCoy's face. McCoy let go of the man's arm and clutched at one of the offending feet. But that was not allowed, so he was disqualified and the Japanese had only two men to handle. They were easy, and he was soon up.

Then Prof. Tamarki, head of the troupe, agreed, for lack of a volunteer among his own company, to go into a state of suspended animation, without a sign of a heart-beat for the space of a minute. He tried to produce this state by willing it and failed, although Dr. Grenville, the circus surgeon, said that there had been a perceptibly lessening of the heart action. Then he sent for Tono, one of the strong men of the Japanese group, and Tono took him by the throat and dropped him on the mat, glassy-eyed, and dead to all appearances. The circus doctors said that animation was entirely suspended. Then restoratives were applied, and the "professor" was escorted downstairs. That ended the free show.

TOSCANINI'S NEW ROLE.

His American Debut as Symphonic Conductor on April 13.

Arturo Toscanini, who is as well known in Italy as a symphonic conductor as he is here as an operatic conductor, will make his first appearance in America in the former capacity at the Metropolitan Opera House on Sunday evening, April 13.

The programme will consist of Richard Wagner's "A Faust Overture," Richard Strauss's "Till Eulonspiegel's Merry Pranks," and Beethoven's Ninth (choral) Symphony. For the latter a chorus of 200 voices trained by Chorus Master Giulio Setti will be used and the saloists will be Mmes. Frieda Hempel and Louise Homer, and Messrs. Carl Jörn and Putnam Griswold. The concert will be repeated the following Friday afternoon.

Zimbalist Heard at Metropolitan.

There were two substitutions in the bill at the Metropolitan Opera House concert last evening. William Hinshaw appeared in place of Dr. Fery Lulek, the baritone, who was announced, and Lambert Murphy took the place of Paul Althouse. Mrs. Homer sang airs from "Samson et Daliah" and "Orfeo," and Efrem Zimbalist, the young Russian violinist, played Mendelssohn's piano concerto and some shorter pieces. Mr. Hagemann conducted the orchestra.

Next Opera Season Opens Nov. 17.

The Metropolitan Opera Company announces that its next season will begin on Monday evening, Nov. 17, and will continue for twenty-three weeks, during which there will be 115 regular subscription performances—ninety-two evening and twenty-three matinées. The subscription books for old subscribers are open until May 12, after which the books will be open to new subscribers.

Dines Mr. and Mrs. Courtenay.

Frank Mahler, formerly stage director for Richard Mansfield, gave a dinner party last night at his home in Mamaroneck for William Courtenay, leading man in "Romance," and his wife, Virginia Harned. The marriage of Mr. and Mrs. Courtenay, although taking place several months ago, was only announced a few days ago.

MUSIC NOTES.

Leo Orstein will give the fourth of his series of piano recitals at the Wanamaker Auditorium on April 3.

Carolyn Beebe, pianist, and Paul Kefer, 'cellist, will give a concert at the Lyceum Theatre to-morrow at 3:45 o'clock. The programme includes three sonatas for piano and 'cello, Beethoven's in G minor, Brahms's in F major, and Boellmann's in A minor.

To-morrow evening Harriet Mittelstaedt, soprano, will give a concert at the Waldorf-Astoria, assisted by Katherine Jaggi-Wier and J. Pizzarello, pianists; Nicholas Tynan, baritone, and Carlos Salzedo, harpist.

McCall Lanham will give a reception and musicale for Alexander Russell, pianist-composer, and John Barnes Wells, tenor, at the American Institute of Applied Art, 212 West Fifty-ninth Street, on Saturday afternoon, April 12.

HELEN KELLER GIVES A TALK.

Makes Her New York Debut as Lecturer at 48th Street Theatre.

Helen Keller, the girl who has been blind and deaf all her life, appeared on the lecture platform for the first time in New York last night at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre. All she did was to give a short talk on her life history and answer a few questions that her lifelong friend and teacher, Mrs. John Macy (Miss Anne M. Sullivan,) put to her, but the audience, which knew what lay behind the painfully acquired power of speech, was deeply impressed by the recital.

Mrs. Macy prepared the way for her charge by giving an account of her life from childhood. She showed how the girl, unable to hear a sound and never knowing what light was, had been taught to think, to communicate with those about her by finger taps at first; had been educated, gone through college, and finally, how the long process, lasting twenty years had been begun, resulting in her being able to address an audience last night, although she had never heard the sound of her own voice.

When Hellen Keller appeared on the sage she was led to the front by her teacher and the audience waited in expectancy to hear the sound of the "made" voice. The quality is indescribable. The intonation is much more varied than had been expected from Mrs. Macy's description as "monotonous." She speaks slowly, enunciating each vowel and consonant combination separately, with the tones low-pitched as if they came from deep within the throat. There were very few syllables which could not be distinctly understood.

Then Mrs. Macy asked her some questions to demonstrate her ability at communicating. Miss Keller placed her hand over her teacher's face so that her thumb was on the nose, her forefinger on the lips, and her little finger on the larynx, thus covering the three elements with which human tones are made. Questions were suggested to Mrs. Macy by the audience. She put them to her pupil and the answer was immediate. When she had finished the applause was warm.

HAYES BACK ON THE VERDI.

Son of Former President Returns from South American Trip.

Col. Webb C. Hayes, son of former President Rutherford B. Hayes, who had been making a trip along the west coast of South America with his wife, returned yesterday on the steamship Verdi. Mrs. Hayes brought back a fine collection of birds from the Amazon.

The Earl and Countess of Poulett also returned on the steamship Verdi from a visit to the Island of Trinidad.

AIKEN ENJOYS POLO.

Winter Colonists Attend Annual Game at Whitney Field.

Special to The New York Times.

AIKEN, S. C., March 30.—Mr. and Mrs. Julian L. Peabody left this afternoon for Westbury on a private car which was attached to the Palmetto Limited. Before their departure they attended a farewell luncheon given in their honor at Villa Mon Repos by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr. The company included Mrs. Benjamin Hellen, Miss Louise Hellen, Miss Celestine Eustis, Frank R. Hitchcock, Robert E. Strawbridge, Jr., Miss Helen Hitchcock, Master Tommy Hitchcock, and Master George Eustis.

The Minister from the Netherlands and Madame Loudon left yesterday afternoon for Washington following the wedding festivities.

Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Sr., who has been very ill at Sheffield Cottage, is slightly better to-day.

Every one in the Winter colony went out to the Whitney polo field for the annual games yesterday afternoon. The same crowd appeared at the Palmetto Golf Club during the tea hour, when Mrs. W. Duncan McKim, who was hostess, was assisted by Miss Looran of Boston, who poured. In the throng were Mrs. William Goddard, Mr. and Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin, Mrs. Joseph Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Stevens, Mrs. Edward Livingston Smith, Miss Celestine Eustis, Colonel and Mrs. Anthony Kuser, Mrs. Henry B. DeForest, Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Mrs. Benjamin Hellen, Miss Louise Hellen, Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Dolan, Mr. and Mrs. Gouverneur Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Walter L. Goodwin, Dr. and Mrs. A. R. Ledoux, and Mr. and Mrs. Girard Foster.

A number of persons motored over from Augusta in time for luncheon at Willcox's, and later went out to the polo field. Mrs. William Chaflin and a motor party, including Mrs. J. C. Lee, Miss Benjamin, and Miss C. F. Hammond, came from Augusta.

Joseph Harriman, who has been in Newport for the past fortnight with W. Earl Dodge, returned here this evening with his two young sons, Joseph, Jr., and McClain, who will spend their Easter vacation with their parents at Elm Court, where Miss Ethel Harriman has joined her father, J. Borden Harriman.

Mrs. William Goddard will be the hostess at tea to-morrow afternoon at the Palmetto Golf Club, and on Tuesday and Wednesday Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., and Mrs. Joseph Harriman will entertain.

C. Oliver Iselin has offered a handsome silver cup at the Palmetto Golf Club for a handicap match play for men, and Mrs. Iselin has offered a cup for women.

Representative James Byrnes of the Pujo Committee and Mrs. Byrnes, who came from Washington to spend Easter, will return for the special session of Congress.

There were several luncheons in the cottage colony this afternoon, Mrs. Clarence W. Dolan, Mrs. Joseph Stevens, and others entertaining.

MRS. A. S. F. BILLINGS DEAD.

Aged Mother of New Yorker Lived in Fear of the Black Hand.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 30.—Mrs. Augusta S. Farnsworth Billings, mother of Cornelius K. G. Billings of Chicago and New York, gas magnate and horseman, and widow of Andrew Billings, father of the Chicago gas industry, died at the old family home, 1,424 Lake Street, this afternoon.

Mrs. Billings was born at Woodstock, Vt., on April 17, 1821, being thus nearly 92 years old. The house in which she died had been her home for forty-five years.

Death was due to apoplexy. Latterly she had lived in constant fear, due to threats believed to have been made to her by Black Hand agents. Four months ago she is said to have received a letter threatening that unless she paid tribute to the Black Hand her home would be dynamited. Since that time the old homestead has been constantly patroled by ten armed guards. When Mrs. Billings drove out she was followed by private detectives.

Cornelius K. G. Billings is now on his way from New York, and will arrive to-morrow to take charge of the funeral arrangements.

Memorial Services for Miss Black.

Memorial services for Miss Frances Black, for two years Superintendent of Flower Hospital, Sixty-third Street and Avenue A. who died on Feb. 17, were held yesterday afternoon in the auditorium of the New York Homeopathic Medical College. Miss Black was formerly Superintendent in hospitals in Utica, Buffalo, and Rochester, and she was well-known in medical organizations, and nurses' associations throughout the State. Melbert B. Carey, President of the Board of Trustees of Flower Hospital, presided at the meeting.

Heart Disease Kills Algernon Bailey.

Algernon Bailey, 68 years old, a teacher of modern languages at the Blake School, 2 West Forty-fifth Street, was found dead in his room at 172 Lexington Avenue yesterday afternoon by his landlady, Mrs. Matthew Frey. He had fallen forward in a rocking chair in which he sat after returning from a walk. Coroner's Physician Edgar T. Ray said death was due to heart disease.

G. T. Nicholson of Santa Fe Road.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 30.—George T. Nicholson of Chicago, Vice President of the Santa Fé system in charge of traffic, died to-night at a local hospital of meningitis, following a brain operation he underwent two weeks ago. Mr. Nicholson was born in North Carolina in 1856. He entered the service of the Santa Fé as a clerk in 1882.

Walter Shaw Brewster.

Walter Shaw Brewster, forty-five years old, of the law firm of McKeen, Brewster & Morgan, 40 Wall Street, and formerly Assistant Corporation Counsel of Brooklyn, died of apoplexy on Saturday night at his home, 139 Joralemon Street.

JUSTICE BISCHOFF BURIED.

Funeral Services for Supreme Court Jurist Killed by Fall.

The funeral of Justice Henry Bischoff, of the Supreme Court, who was killed on Friday by a fall down the elevator shaft of the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank Building, was held yesterday afternoon at St. Thomas's Protestant Episcopal Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street.

The honorary pallbearers were Presiding Justice George L. Ingraham of the Appellate Division and Justice Francis M. Scott, Supreme Court Justices P. H. Dugro and L. A. Giegerich, Chairman Edward E. McCall of the Public Service Board, Herman Ridder, Louis F. Doyle, Louis B. Hasbrouck, John H. Judge, William L. Turner, Randolph Hurry, and William J. A. McKim. Scores of the friends of the late Justice sent floral tributes, and great bouquets of roses, lilies, and violets were spread over and about the bier. One of the bouquets was from Gov. Sulzer, and other floral offerings were from the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, the attachés of the Supreme Court, George Gordon Battle, Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Fischer, Judges Crain and Rosalsky of General Sessions, ex-Justice David Leventritt, District Attorney Whitman, Magistrate Appleton, and Howard B. Sands.

After the services the body was taken to the Bischoff residence, at 180 Central Park South. The interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery.

Other members of the Supreme Court bench at the funeral were Justices Samuel Greenbaum, Joseph E. Newburger, James A. Blanchard, Vernon M. Davis, John J. Delany, Thomas F. Donnelly, Irving Lehman, Alfred R. Page, Nathan Bijur, Edward J. Gavegan, Edward B. Amend, John W. Goff, and Samuel Seabury, and Justice John Proctor Clarke of the Appellate Division.

Others at the church were Judges Warren W. Foster and James T. Malone of General Sessions, Senator Elihu Root, Joseph H. Choate, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Thomas Allison, Corporation Counsel Archibald R. Watson, E. V. Frothingham, Borough President McAneny, Park Commissioner Stover, Charities Commissioner Drummond, William B. Hornblower, Magistrates M. P. Breen, Charles N. Harris, Paul Krotel, F. B. Kernochan, H. W. Herbert, and Francis McQuade; Judges Mayo, Salmon, Wilkin, Fleming, Foraker, and McInerney of Special Sessions, and Judges La Fetra, Green, Lynch, Donnelly, and Finelite of the City Court.

CARL G. F. RICHTER DIES.

Noted Violinist and Civil War Veteran Was in His 82d Year.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., March 30.—Carl Guido Friedrich Richter, a noted violinist and a veteran of the civil war, died at his home, Royal Avenue, Hawthorne, N. J., yesterday.

Prof. Richter was in his 82d year and had lived in retirement for the last fifteen years. He was born in Tarnowitz, Prussia, and was educated under Maurice Shoen, a pupil of Spohr, and later under the composer himself. He was known as a boy prodigy. He traveled through Germany, studying under the other great composers.

When a young man he came to New York, where he played in a number of the orchestras here, becoming concert leader of the Symphony Society under Dr. Damrosch and also conductor of the Mozart Musical Union. He was a charter member of the Aschenbroedel Society of New York. The interment will be on Tuesday in Paramus Cemetery, Ridgewood, N. J.

Police Lieut. Michael Dempsey.

Police Lieut. Michael Dempsey, for twenty-seven years connected with the Police Department, died yesterday morning at his home, 450 Audubon Avenue, from an attack of acute indigestion. For the last two years until ten days ago when he obtained sick leave, Lieut. Dempsey had been on desk duty at the East 126th Street Station. He had served as lieutenant of detectives.

The Rev. Dr. Wilson Phraner Dying.

The Rev. Dr. Wilson Phraner, assistant pastor of the Munn Avenue Presbyterian Church of East Orange, N. J., is at the point of death at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Fred D. Arthur, 385 Jefferson Avenue, Brooklyn. Dr. Phraner is 92 years old. Last Summer, Dr. Phraner left his East Orange home to pay a visit to Mrs. Arthur at her Summer home on the shore of Long Island. He was taken ill on that visit, and has never recovered enough to be removed to his home.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM ERNEST HULBERT, a prominent insurance man of Flushing, died yesterday at the home of his brother, Frank H. Hulbert, 45 Geranium Street, Flushing. He was 39 years old.

Dr. HUGH ANGUS STEWART, Assistant Professor of Pathology in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, died of malignant scarlet fever on Saturday at the Willard Parker Hospital. He was graduated from the University of Edinburgh, and afterward served as house physician in the Edinburgh Royal Infirmary. Later he went to Johns Hopkins University, where he remained four years, when he was called to the College of Physicians and Surgeons. His home was at 680 Madison Avenue.

Dr. GEORGE McCLELLAN, Professor af Applied Anatomy in the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia and Instructor in Anatomy in the Pennsylvania Academy of Fine Arts, died at his home in that city on Saturday. He was a nephew of Gen. George B. McClellan.

Lord ARCHIBALD CAMPBELL, formerly a member of the banking house of Coutts & Co. of London, died here on Saturday. He was 67 years old, and was the son of the eighth Duke of Argyle. He married Janey Sevilla, daughter of the late James Henry Callander, who was the heroine in numerous pastoral roles which she originated in England. Lord Archibald was the author of several publications, including a book on Highland arms, dress, and customs.

CHARLES E. WILSON, 45 years old, general manager of the Keystone Telephone Company, is dead of pneumonia at his home in Philadelphia. He had been ill for several months.

JOHN ("JIGGS") DONOHUE, formerly a well-known first baseman of the Chicago American League, died in Columbus, Ohio, several weeks ago in an insane asylum. His playing in the world series between the two Chicago teams in 1906 brought him into prominence. The news of his death was announced yesterday.

ABRAM P. STEELE, 6[illegible] years old, twice District Attorney of Herkimer County, who prosecuted the famous Druse murder case that resulted in the hanging of Roxalana Druse, is dead at his home in Herkimer. Ten years ago he was elected to the State Assembly, and served a second term.

FRANK A. TERRY of Philadelphia, Penn., died yesterday at White Haven, Penn. He was born in 1855, and specialized in chemical work, especially sugar refining, for Philadelphia firms. The burial will take place at Matson Hill, Lyme, Conn., to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

CAROLINE REINHART VAN BUREN, 36 years old, daughter of the late Joseph W. Reinhart, who was President of the Santa Fe Railroad, and wife of Edward M. Van Buren, a fire insurance broker of 50 Pine Street, died yesterday at her home, 810 Central Avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

JOSEPH MOSS, at one time a well-known dry goods merchant in Manhattan, who retired from business some years ago after amassing much wealth, died at his home, 1,864 Seventh Avenue, Manhattan, yesterday afternoon, from pneumonia. He was 70 years old.

FRANCES H. CATLIN, widow of Julius Catlin, founder of Catlin & Co., dry goods merchants, died yesterday at her home, 829 Park Avenue, in her seventy-sixth year. She was a member of the Speedwell Society and of the Morris County Golf Club.

HARRIOT M. ALGER, widow of Charles J. Alger, a lawyer, of Burlington, Vt., died yesterday at her home, 586 West End Avenue, from heart disease. She was 80 years old.

HENRY W. HARMS, 68 years old, for many years connected with the Lembeck & Betz Eagle Brewing Company of Jersey City, died yesterday at his home, 68 Lembeck Avenue, Jersey City, from diabetes.

"Booksellers to the world."
Any Book in the World, in any language, promptly and safely delivered to any point on the Globe, through
BRENTANO'S MAIL ORDER SERVICE
Mail, Cable, Telephone, Telegraph, and Messenger Service given immediate and intelligent attention.
BRENTANO'S
5th Av. and 27th St.
New York

Resolutions for Dr. Francis's Death.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., March 30.—The medical staff of the Mountainside Hospital met at the hospital to-day and adopted resolutions expressing regret at the death of Dr. Richard P. Francis, President of the staff, who was fatally injured yesterday in an automobile accident. Dr. Francis was born in New York City in 1861, and had been a resident of Montclair for forty years.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BERGER.—March 26, 148 West 142d St., to Mr. and Mrs. H. Berger, a son.

FIERMAN.—March 26, 1,948 Prospect Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Fierman, a daughter.

FRIEDMAN.—March 27, 822 East 167th St., to Mr. and Mrs. L. Friedman, a daughter.

GOLDSTEIN.—March 26, 946 Kelly St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Goldstein, a son.

KLEIN.—March 26, 143 West 140th St., to Mr. and Mrs. S. Klein, a daughter.

LOCK.—March 25, Hahnemann Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Lock, a son.

LIPPOFF.—March 27, 940 Tiffany St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. D. Lippoff, a daughter.

MARKOWITZ.—March 29, 911 Fox St., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. B. Markowitz, a daughter.

OPPENHEIMER.—March 27, 411 15th St., Brooklyn, to Mr. and Mrs. A. Oppenheimer, a daughter.

SARON.—March 29, 108 West 111th St., to Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Saron, a daughter.

Engaged.

BAUM—DAVIS.—Nettie H. Davis to Aaron Baum.

BERMAN—LEWIS.—Sadie Lewis to Mark Berman.

BIEBER—KOHN.—Frances Kohn to Jacob Bieber.

BUCHMAN—STELLSON.—Belle R. Stellson to Gustave S. Buchman.

COHEN—KLEIN.—Rae Klein to Philip Cohen.

COHN—BARDACH.—Lillian Bardach to Jerome Cohn.

DEUTSCH—MEUER.—Therese Meuer to William B. Deutsch.

DE VOS—RAICES.—Sue Raices to Augustus R. De Vos.

DOLGENAS—WEINSTEIN.—Sadie Weinstein to the Rev. Jacob A. Dolgenas.

DRUBIN—QUITTNER.—Cecelia Quittner to Herman A. Drubin.

FISCHER—MARKS.—Sarah L. Marks to David E. Fischer.

FRIEDMAN—SELINGER.—Rose Selinger to Alex Friedman.

FRIEDMAN—SHLANOWSKY.—Jasmine Shlanowsky to Philip D. Friedman.

GLEICHMAN—EPSTEIN.—Elsie Epstein to Lewis S. Gleichman.

GLICKMAN—KLEIN.—Mattie Klein to Harry Glickman.

GOLDBURG—REISMAN.—Tessie Reisman to Julius Goldburg.

GOLDMAN—BLOUT.—Zerlina Blout to Louis J. Goldman.

GOLDSTEIN—ADLER.—Alice Adler to Aaron Goldstein.

GOLDSTIN—RAFKIN.—Anna Rafkin to H. Goldstin.

HOLZMAN—METZGER.—Tessie Metzger to Dr. Arthur C. Holzman.

JOSEPH—MAYER.—Florence R. Mayer to Milton E. Joseph.

KLOTZ—BLOOM.—Rebecca Bloom to Harry Klotz.

KORBET — SILVERMAN.—Hattie Silverman to Jack Korbet.

LEVY—STECKLER.—Tillie Steckler to Abe L. Levy.

LONDON—STEIN.—Katherine Stein to Sol London.

METZGER — GUGENHEIM. — Selma Gugenheim to Frederick B. Metzger.

MITTENTHAL — ZELENKO. — Beatrice Zelenko to Jacob A. Mittenthal.

RESSNER — FRIEDMAN.—Regina Friedman to Joseph Ressner.

ROSENTHAL—STADHOLZ.—Mae Stadholz to Arthur Rosenthal.

SAKIND — KRONMANN.—Evelyn Kronmann to James Sakind.

SALZMAN—PERSKY.—Lena Persky to Harry J. Salzman.

SCHRIER — GREENWALD. — Lillian Greenwald to Harry A. Schrier.

SCHWARTZ — WEINSTEIN.—Miriam Weinstein to Isidore Schwartz.

SHALLECK—FRIED.—Dora Fried to Max Shalleck.

SHERRILL—LOEB.—Florence Loeb to Baxter E. Sherrill.

SIMON—ALEXANDER.—Pearl Alexander to Harry M. Simon.

SUBIN—SKLAMBERG.—Rose Sklamberg to Charles Subin.

TEPPER—FIDELSON.—Mildred Fidelson to Emanuel Tepper.

WEISSMAN — KANTROWITZ.—Mabel Kantrowitz to Harry Weissman.

WENDER—GRABOFF.—Florence Graboff to Dr. M. Wender.

Married.

BURKHARDT — DIAMOND.—March 24, Ettie Diamond to Robert J. Burkhardt.

CANE — HEINEMAN. — March 27, Gertrude Heineman to Arthur H. Cane.

DE LUMEN—COHEN.—March 23, Belle Cohen to Jack R. De Lumen.

EISNER — SCHEUER. — March 23, Caroline Scheuer to Dr. Max Eisner.

KNESTER — THOMPSON. — March 28, Bessie P. Thompson to Elmer Knester.

LUDWIG—ALLEN.—March 24, Lillie Allen to Harry C. Ludwig.

ROSENFELD—GREENWALD.—March 25, Estelle M. Greenwald to Adolph H. Rosenfeld.

SCHLOSSMAN—WEINSTOCK.—March 30, Bertha Weinstock to Edward M. Schlossman.

STIMMEL—NATHAN.—March 24, Selma Nathan to Samuel Stimmel.

TODD—KENWORTHY.—March 27, Ethel C. Kenworthy to James C. Todd.

Died.

ALGER.—On March 30, at her residence, 586 West End Av., Harriot M. Alger, widow of the late Charles J. Alger and mother of Dr. Ellice M. and George W. Alger, in the 81st year of her age. Funeral services at her late residence, 586 West End Avenue, on Monday afternoon, 3:30 o'clock. Interment Burlington, Vt.

BREWSTER.—Suddenly, at his residence, 139 Joralemon St., Brooklyn, Walter Shaw Brewster, aged 45 years. Notice of services later.

CAMPBELL.—Bahler D., 16. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, West 23d, (CAMPBELL BUILDING,) Monday, 11 o'clock. Automobile cortege.

CATLIN.—Frances Hunt, beloved wife of the late Julius Catlin, in the 76th year of her age, at her late residence, 829 Park Av. Notice of funeral later.

CHAMBERLIN.—On Saturday, March 29, Frank Warren Chamberlin, M. D. Funeral services Monday, March 31, 8:30 P. M., at his late residence, 411 Convent Av.

CLASON.—On Saturday, March 29, 1913, in the ninetieth year of her age, Josephine Frederica, daughter of the late William Jones Clason, and of Sarah Ann Conrey, his wife, deceased, all of this city. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry, Monday, March 31, at 10:30 A. M.

FRANCIS.—Suddenly, on March 29, at Mountainside Hospital, Montclair, N. J., Richard Pearce Francis, M. D., son of Hannah L. and the late George H. Francis of Montclair. Funeral services at St. Luke's Church, Fullerton Av., corner Union St., Montclair, Tuesday afternoon, April 1, at 4 o'clock. Kindly do not send flowers.

GRAY.—Michael Gray, on March 30, 1913, at his late residence, 648 East 12th St. Funeral April 1, 1913, at 9:30 A. M. Requiem mass at St. Brigid's Church, 8th St. and Avenue B. Members of Unity Council, No. 77, C. B. L., and all friends and relatives kindly invited. Interment Calvary.

GREEN.—On Saturday, March 29, Sophie Green, (nee Krower,) beloved wife of Samuel Green and mother of Vivian Green. Funeral from the Sherman Square Hotel, Broadway and 71st St., on Tuesday, April 1, 9:30 A. M.

HARMS.—At Jersey City, on Sunday, March 30, 1913, Henry W., beloved husband of Mary E. Harms. Funeral service at his late residence, 68 Lembeck Av., on Tuesday evening, April 1, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

HARTSOCK.—On Saturday, March 29, at her country seat near Laurel, Md., Mrs. S. M. Hartsock, mother of the Rev. Dr. J. Lewis Hartsock, minister of Union Church. Funeral services at Madison Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Baltimore, Md., Tuesday, April 1, at 2 P. M.

KEMP.—At the home of his sister, Wharton, N. J., on Friday, March 28, 1913, Richard Kemp, for over thirty years a faithful and devoted servant and friend in the family of the late William B. Rice.

LANE.—Sarah F., (nee Hughes,) the beloved wife of retired Police Lieut. Patrick J. Lane, on Sunday, March 30, 1913. Funeral from her late residence, 361 West 51st St., at 9:30 A. M., Wednesday, April 2, thence to Sacred Heart Church, West 51st St., where solemn high mass of requiem will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

MARSHALL.—Adrian Percival, at Kingston, N. Y., in his fourteenth year. Services on Tuesday at 12 noon, at the residence of Dr. F. W. Seward, Goshen, N. Y.

McCREA.—On March 28, 1913, James McCrea, at his late residence, Ardmore, Penn. Funeral services will be held at St. Mary's P. E. Church, Ardmore, 2:30 P. M., Monday, March 31. Special train will leave Broad Street Station, Philadelphia, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

MORGAN.—On Saturday, March 29, 1913, Bankson Taylor Morgan, in his 72d year. Funeral will be held at St. Bartholomew's Church, 4th St. and Madison Av., Tuesday, April 1, 10:30 A. M. Interment Albany, N. Y. Members of the Fraternity of Delta Psi are requested to attend the funeral services and to meet in the vestry room at 10:20 A. M.

MOSS.—Joseph, on March 30, after a short illness, at his residence, 1,864 7th Av., beloved husband of the late Rebecca Moss, father of Harry J., Hyman, Solomon, the late Isaac Moss, Louis, Arthur H., and Mrs. George Mord. Funeral will be held at Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St., Tuesday, April 1, at 10:30 o'clock.

NICHOLS.—On Friday, March 28, at her home, Queens, L. I., Susie E. Losee, wife of William S. Nichols. Services Monday, March 31, at late residence, 2:30 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

OKIE.—Mary, widow of Thomas P. Okie, Sunday, March 30, 1913. Funeral services April 1, 8 P. M., from the residence of her son, 1,639 72d St., Brooklyn.

PECK.—Suddenly, at Elizabeth, N. J., March 29, 1913, Mary J., daughter of the late Aaron and Miranda Peck of Orange, N. J. Funeral services at her late residence, 926 North Broad St., Elizabeth, Tuesday, April 1, 1913, 2:30 P. M. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Interment private.

PELZER.—Katherina, beloved wife of Mathias Pelzer, on March 29. Funeral services will be held St. Jerome's Church, corner Alexander Av. and 138th St., Tuesday morning at 9:45.

PHILLIPS.—Gertrude Phillips of New York, daughter of the Rev. B. T. Phillips, deceased, in Naples Saturday, March 28. Notice of funeral later.

RADFORD.—On Friday, March 28, 1913, in his 58th year, William Lewis Radford, beloved husband of Anna B. Radford. Funeral services at his late residence, 11 West 95th St., on Tuesday, April 1, at 1:30 P. M.

SANDS.—On Sunday, March 30, Emily Bell, widow of George Sands and daughter of the late John and Jane Dickson. Funeral Tuesday, April 1, 10 A. M., Riccardo's Chapel, Main St., Hackensack.

STEWART.—After a short illness, on Saturday, March 29, 1913, in New York City, Hugh A. Stewart of Pitlochry, Scotland.

TERRY.—At Whitehaven, Penn., Frank A. Terry, after a long illness, March 30. Funeral Tuesday, Lyme, Conn.

TROTTER.—At Yonkers, N. Y., after a brief illness, on Friday, March 28, 1913, Dr. Richard R. Trotter, in the 64th year of his age. Funeral services at St. John's Episcopal Church, Yonkers, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

TROTTER.—The members of the Homoeopathic Medical Society of the County of New York are hereby notified of the funeral services of our late member, Dr. R. R. Trotter, on Tuesday, April 1, at 2 P. M., at St. John's Episcopal Church, Yonkers, N. Y.

JOHN HUDSON STORER, M. D.,
President.
REEVE TURNER, M. D.,
Secretary.

VAN BUREN.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Sunday, March 30, 1913, Caroline Reinhart, daughter of the late Joseph W. Reinhart and beloved wife of Edward Morris Van Buren, aged 36 years. Services at her late residence, 810 Central Av., Plainfield, N. J., on Tuesday, April 1, at 3 P. M. Interment private. Carriages will meet express train leaving foot of Liberty St., Central Railroad of New Jersey, at 2 P. M. Pittsburgh, (Penn.,) Richmond, (Va.,) and Kingston (N. Y.) papers please copy.

VEAZIE.—On March 29, 1913, Henry A., only son of the late Dr. Harriette C. Keatinge. Funeral services on Monday, March 31, at St. Stephen's Church, West 69th St., at convenience of the family. New Orleans papers please copy.

WALLACE.—On Saturday, March 29, 1913, at her residence, 861 St. Mark's Av., Brooklyn, Josephine, wife of James N. Wallace. Funeral private.

WOOD.—In Wellesley, Mass., on Sunday, March 23, David S. Wood. Interment private.

BLACKMAN.—Hannah J., 215 West 147th St., March 28. Funeral private.

BRADY.—Nicholas, 410 East 16th St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

BREITHUTH.—Leopold, 1,289 2d Av., March 29, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

BRENDLE.—Henry, 432 East 165th St., March 28, aged 65.

COMISKEY.—Jane, March 28. Funeral 365 East 150th St.

COOPER. — George H., 311 West 117th St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

DEVINE.—Edward, 506 1st Av., March 28. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

EGAN.—Matthew, 1,858 3d Av., March 28. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

EISELE.—Mary, 726 East 12th St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HAGGERTY.—Hannah, 7 Oak St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

HANRAHAN. — Joseph, 887 Columbus Av., March 29.

HERLIHY.—Julia, 448 West 125th St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

HERMANN. — Christopher, 1,639 1st Av., March 29. Funeral notice later.

HEYDERMAN.—Sol Z., 1,545 Minford Place, Bronx, March 28, aged 42.

KELLY.—James, 850 East 218th St., March 29. Funeral to-day.

LINDHORST. — Henry, 604 East 14th St., March 28, aged 54.

LYNCH.—Thomas J., 1,344 7th Av., March 29. Funeral notice later.

McKIERNAN. — Thomas, 56 East 122d St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MALONEY. — Mary T., 505 East 87th St., March 29. Funeral notice later.

MARKLE.—Rosina, 332 6th St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MARTIN.—Kate, 212 East 65th St., March 27. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MILLER. — Frederic, City Island, March 29, aged 89. Funeral private.

NELSON.—Margaret, 651 Greenwich St., March 29. Funeral notice later.

O'REILLY.—John, 309 East 52d St., March 27. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

PENNINGTON.—Louise, March 28. Funeral 4,221 Park Av.

POULBN.—Jeannette, 404 Audubon Av., March 29. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ROMERO.—Dr. Genero, 148 East 28th St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

SCHWARZ.—Wilhelmina, 407 West 51st St, March 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SOMERS.—Joseph, 629 2d Av., March 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

STEWART.—Elizabeth H., 433 West 146th St., March 28.

STOLL.—Henry, 407 East 85th St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

SUHR.—Gretchen, 997 Forest Av., Bronx, March 28, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

SWARTHOUT.—Margaret, 2,405 7th Av., March 29. Funeral service to-morrow.

WEYERER.—Andrew, 222 East 19th St., March 28, aged 38.

Brooklyn.

BEYER.—Emilie K., March 28. Funeral, Maujer and Humboldt Sts., to-day, 2 P. M.

BOYLE.—Ellen, 562 Clinton St., March 29. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

BREWSTER.—Walter S., 139 Joralemon St., March 29, aged 45.

CARPENTER.—Annie, 1,440 Bedford Av., March 29, aged 67.

DEE.—John, Kings County Hospital, March 28, aged 47.

DONOHUE.—Annie V., 321 Sackett St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

FRICKE.—Augusta 588 75th St., March 27.

GRETHER.—Barbara, 1,134 Greene Av., March 29, aged 82. Funeral service to-day.

HAYWOOD.—James P., 260 50th St., March 28.

JOHNSON.—John, 5,512 Fort Hamilton Parkway, March 28, aged 59.

JUNG.—Elizabeth, 368 East 9th St., March 28, aged 50. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KAHN.—Annette, 1,325 53d St., March 29. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

KUENSTLER.—Lina, 309 Bainbridge St., March 28, aged 59. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LANG.—Katherine, 233 Ralph St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

MORAN.—Martha, 125 2d St., March 28. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NUSSBERGER.—Marcus, 137 Webster Av., March 29, aged 65. Funeral to-morrow, private.

RICKERT.—Christine, 149 Bleecker St., March 29, aged 64. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

SCHACHENMEIER.—Adelheid, 689 Onderdonk Av., March 29, aged 57.

TRAVIS.—Annie M., 802 St. John's Place, March 29, aged 59. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

Hoboken and Newark.

BURNS.—Mary, 53 Oriental Terrace, Newark, March 29.

EDWARDS.—William H., 44 Hudson St., Newark, March 29, aged 54. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

O'HARA.—Charles F. X., 318 Hague St., West Hoboken, March 28. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

REILLY.—Catherine, 313 Warren St., Newark, March 28. Funeral to-day, 7:30 A. M.

SCHINN.—Howard T., 27 Lemon St., Newark, March 29, aged 5 months.

Long Island.

VON DER LUHE.—Amelia, Richmond Hill, March 29. Funeral private.

Westchester County.

DUBOIS.—Ermand J., 129 Bruce Av., Yonkers, March 29, aged 5. Funeral to-day.

PITCHER.—Elizabeth, Yonkers, March 29, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 10:30 A. M.

SOWADE.—Wilhelm, 161 South 11th Av., Mount Vernon, March 28, aged 83.

In Memoriam.

ARNOLD.—Elizabeth, in memory of; died March 31, 1911.

CLEARY.—Margaret, mass Church of St. Thomas the Apostle, to-day, 7 A. M.

DUGAN.—Elizabeth, in memory of; died April 1, 1898.

FOLEY.—Thomas, mass St. Monica's Church, Jamaica, L. I., April 3, 8 A. M.

GROSS.—Emanuel, unveiling monument Union Fields Cemetery, April 6, 2:30 P. M.

HAAS.—Matilda, unveiling monument, Salem Fields Cemetery, April 6, 2 P. M.

HUGHES.—Margaret C., mass St. Monica's Church, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

KNOWLES.—Ann, mass St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., April 3, 8 A. M.

McDOWELL.—Mary R., in memory of; died April 1, 1912.

MACRAE.—Abby A., mass Epiphany Church, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

MAMLOCK.—Rachel, in memory of; died March 31, 1911.

MANTON.—Max J., mass St. Patrick's Cathedral, Newark, N. J., April 4, 8 A. M.

NOONAN.—John J., mass Church of Our Lady of Grace, Hoboken, to-morrow, 9 A. M.

RAUCH.—Moe, unveiling monument, Union Fields Cemetery, April 6, 2 P. M.

SCHACK.—Nathan, unveiling monument, Mount Carmel Cemetery, April 6, 2:30 P. M.

STEINWEG.—Louis, unveiling monument, Cypress Hills Cemetery, April 6, 3 P. M.

WHITMORE.—Frank, in memory of; died April 2, 1912.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL 23D ST., TEL. 1324 CHEL.
(PIERCE-ARROW) MOTOR HEARSES FOR HIRE
6-cylinder—superb—saves railroad expense—all cemeteries, any distance—at almost horse rates.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
233d St. By Harlem Train and by Trolley.
Office, 20 East 23d St., N. Y.

Wm. A. Read & Co.
Bankers

Current List of Investment Bonds on Request
Yielding from
3.80% to 5.45%

We invite inquiries relative to the investment of funds, or for statistical information regarding securities

31 Pine Street
New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

SAFETY AND INCOME

A few years ago 3½ to 5 per cent. was the prevailing return on sound investment bonds. Today 4½ to 6 per cent. is to be had from those of equally high standard. The investor who looks for safety and liberal income, combined with a reasonably broad market, should not allow this opportunity to slip by.

Write for Circular 1042
"Safety and Income"

Spencer Trask & Co.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
43 Exchange Place, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Holders of good bonds of early maturity may replace same with a

Sound 6% Bond

thus equaling or surpassing returns from present investments. List of selected 6% issues sent on request for Circular AG-3.

N. W. Halsey & Co.
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

Breaking Ground Early

The preparation for future Income is like the construction of a building. The earlier the ground is broken and work begun, the sooner will results be realized. The laying of the first brick of the building is similar to one's first bond purchase.

First Mortgage Bonds, when purchased from a conservative banking house are an ideal nest egg toward that end.

We would be glad through personal interview or by mail to give our aid in the selection of even $100 bonds.

F. J. LISMAN & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
30 Broad St., New York
Philadelphia Chicago Boston Hartford
Land Title Building 108 So. La Salle St. 50 Congress Street 39 Pearl Street

MUNICIPAL BONDS

Safety of principal and income are not dependent upon general industrial conditions when funds are invested in municipal bonds. Securities of this character are growing in popularity and desirability every day.

SEND FOR LIST.

Farson, Son & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
New York Chicago
115 Broadway First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

FIFTEEN

Active Listed Four, Four and one-half and Five per cent. Bonds Maturing from 1920 to 2002. Interest payable semi-annually.

Secured in many cases by **1st Mortgage** on properties of **increasing values** and with **margin of safety** averaging high. Now selling at an average price 9 points below their high prices of 1908 and yield at **present prices 5.40%.**

An attractive opportunity for investment.

Information on request.

HORNBLOWER & WEEKS
42 Broadway, New York
Boston Chicago Detroit

BLAIR & CO
24 BROAD ST., NEW YORK

Domestic and Foreign Bankers

INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Travelers Letters of Credit

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION IN AMERICA AND EUROPE

In the substantial improvement in the stock market last week, notwithstanding the serious drawback of the great damage done by the flood, was reflected the world-wide relief at what seemed the very near approach of a settlement of the Balkan war. A collateral influence, but one of much effect in giving freer play to the other, was an easier condition in money both here and abroad as the month drew to its close than had been expected. Only on one day of the week did the apprehension caused by the disaster in Ohio following the lesser catastrophe further West cause a recession in the general level of the market. That was on Thursday, and the very next day all that had been lost was made up and quotations advanced to higher levels than any previously reached on the recovery. At the close of the week the market, as measured by the average of fifty stocks, stood about two points above the level at which trading had ceased the previous week. It was not because the market ignored the sad news from Ohio that the great damage done there exerted so little influence upon prices. Rather was this due to the fact that this bad news came to a market which had been in a process of liquidation for very many weeks, and what little stock was sold because of this news was readily absorbed in the buying movement which was prompted by the much better news from abroad.

The fall of Adrianople and the reported likelihood of the Balkan allies coming to an agreement with the great powers in respect to the conditions upon which peace was to be made with Turkey made the markets very hopeful of soon seeing the Balkan war removed as a cause of harassment. That hope was very cheering, and although it was formed just at a time when Germany and the other markets were entering upon their monthly and quarterly settlements it caused some resumption of investment buying and sufficient speculative purchases to bring about good gains abroad and to help sustain the forward movement here. It had been suggested that the markets of Europe had overprepared for the needs of the settlements, and the course of events last week suggested that this was probably true. We have yet to see the full effect of the turn of the quarter, but even in advance of this discount rates showed an easing tendency, which gave practical effect to the belief which has prevailed that by mid-April a considerably different complexion will have been put upon the money market on the other side. The talk now is of an early reduction in the Bank of England's rate, whereas but two or three weeks ago the possibility of a further increase was being considered. So far as the position of our own money market is concerned, rates have eased in substantial degree, notwithstanding our recent large exports of gold. Cash was coming in from the interior in sufficient volume last week to bring a good net gain to the banks, and with no gold exports to diminish this inflow the reserve position was substantially improved. Of course, the relative ease in rates the past week in the face of the preparations for the April 1 disbursements was made possible by the slackness of the Stock Exchange demand for money, but none the less the effect was to encourage those who came as fresh buyers. The question has long been uppermost in the minds of many whether the decline which our stock market has undergone since the beginning of the year has not fully discounted any unfavorable feature in the situation, including the tightness of money, which latterly has been somewhat relieved. A certain number have come to the conclusion that these influences have been fully discounted, and the buying by those who have been taking this view contributed to the forward movement of the past week. That movement, of course, was somewhat accelerated by short covering, by which the bear position in the market was reduced, though, if recent estimates of the size of the short interest were at all accurate, a considerable short interest must still be left in the market.

Still another factor which was less spoken of, though stress was laid upon it in some quarters, was the more favorable impression which the financial community was forming of the new Administration's handling of National affairs. A good impression had already been created by the promise of businesslike dispatch in dealing with the revision of the tariff, and while suggestions such as the imposition of an income tax to make good losses in revenue due to reduction in the rates of duty were not relished it was felt that as a whole the news from Washington was hardly bearing out the expectations which some had formed in respect to the early days of the new Administration. The attitude which the Attorney General may take regarding the new Union Pacific plan, which is now being worked out, Wall Street expects will throw light on the stand which the Administration will take regarding the enforcement of the Sherman law. That plan has not yet been formally presented to Mr. McReynolds, but meanwhile estimates have been formed of his probable attitude which were regarded as encouraging in circles where they were being discussed last week. So far as the Union Pacific plan itself is concerned the impression gained ground that the new proposals in respect to the liquidation of Union Pacific's holdings of Southern Pacific would likely prove more favorable to the Union Pacific than were the terms of the old plan, which provided for an immediate sale of Union Pacific's holdings at a price much below what has been an average quotation for Southern Pacific in recent years.

While the dominant influence of the week was a highly favorable one which impressed itself in vigorous fashion upon prices, some reminders of certain adverse factors to which the markets have been paying much heed were supplied by legislative acts of the week. The passing by the Assembly of the bill which would compel the incorporation of the Stock Exchange, the passing of the Blue Sky bill in this State, and the so-called "full crew" bills which are now before the Governors of New York and New Jersey were all suggestive of interference with business in ways which handicap legitimate enterprise. On the other hand, the possibility of Congress taking up for consideration at the special session, which is about to begin, a currency and banking measure seems to hold forth hope that a step which is of great importance to all the varied business interests of the country will be taken without the further undue delay which many have feared to be inevitable. It may not be smooth sailing for the sort of law which the country needs, but the chance of the enactment of such a law seems somewhat better now than it did a while back.

One effect of the flood losses will be to reduce the earnings of many important industrial concerns as well as of the railways which serve the stricken districts, but judgment is being withheld on the question of the actual extent of the damage which has been done until it is possible to form more accurate estimates than those given currency during the height of the flood disturbance. Already those estimates are being greatly reduced, and fortunately it has been found that the loss of life was much less than had been feared. The losses have been great, but their effect upon the situation as a whole will doubtless be small compared with the first impressions created by the news of the disaster.

HOPEFUL SPIRIT IN LONDON.

But Investors Are Waiting for Cheaper Money Before Dealing Largely.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, March 30.—A much more hopeful spirit prevails in the Stock Exchange. The clearing of the political outlook by the statements of Premier Asquith and Sir Edward Grey in the House of Commons and the fall of Adrianople gave a fillip to quotations such as they had not had since the outbreak of the war. Optimists are anticipating good times, but the public is still holding aloof, except in home rails. The investor is evidently awaiting cheaper and easier money before entering the markets on a larger scale. It is predicted that this will soon be available. Rates are expected to show a substantial decline.

The general impression is that the difficulties in the Balkans will soon be settled, and that this will cause a large amount of cash now hoarded on the Continent to be returned to the State banks and will bring about the disappearance of the existing stringency in the Continental money markets.

PARIS SHOWS CONFIDENCE.

Banks Look for Large Financial Operations in the Near Future.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, March 30. — The Bourse maintained through the week the strong tone with which it opened after the Easter holiday. The fall of Adrianople, Churchill's speech suggesting the relaxation of efforts in naval construction and its general pacific tendency were factors favorably impressing operators. Although firmness was the dominant note, the volume of business left much to be desired, despite a sharp spurt in Rios, which rose 65 points in two days on the publication of the company's balance sheet and the declaration of a further dividend of $12.50, making a total of $22.50 for the year. The markets showed a little indecision toward the end of the week, but this was due, apparently, to the necessities of the approaching settlement rather than to any influence emanating from the foreign or home situation.

Prospects of large financial operations in the near future, on the conclusion of Balkan peace, are already beginning to be discounted by the French banks. The stocks of the principal establishments are rising considerably. The Bank of Paris has gained a further 8 points.

BERLIN LOOKS FOR GAINS.

Upward Tendency of Last Week Is Expected to Continue.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, March 30.—The generally better tone of other important Bourses of the world brought an upward tendency and a better feeling here. Despite the approaching settlement and dear money, traders are beginning to believe the Balkan complications so near settlement that no more real danger is to be expected from that source.

The publication of the new armament bills had no effect. Their general tenor had long been known and had been discounted in advance. Irons dropped slightly toward the end of the week on a report of a coming reduction of the price of bars, but they recovered when prices were maintained. Navigations were especially strong.

The outlook generally appears the most encouraging for months, and further gains are predicted in the coming week.

INACTIVE STOCKS.

In the following list the last prices in 1912 are given of stocks not traded in so far this year, with their bid and asked quotation on Saturday:

Bid.	Asked.	Stock.	Last Sale.	
70	100	American Coal	85	Sep. 23
..	..	Am. District Tel.	*18	Nov. 28
..	..	Ass. Mer. 1st pf.	104¼	Apr. 27
122	150	Buff., Roch. & P. pf.	130	July 23
..	..	Cleve. & Pittsburgh	*167½	Oct. 17
..	..	Cripple Creek C. pf.	*47	May 16
20	25	Cuban-Am. Sugar	33	Nov. 12
2½	5	Des. M. & Ft. Dodge	5	May 18
100	..	Detroit & M. pf.	105	Feb. 16
90½	95	Du Pont Powder pf.	98	Dec. 10
..	..	Federal Sugar	*67	Jan. 9
..	..	Federal Sugar pf.	*95	July 16
..	..	Granby Consolidated	73⅛	Nov. 11
..	..	Green Bay & Western	85	Mar. 24
..	150	Hocking Valley	150	Aug. 14
1	4	Manhattan Beach		Oct. 3
..	..	Morris & Essex ($50)	175⅝	May 16
..	25	N. O., M. & C.	25	Sep. 5
..	..	N. O. Ry. & Light	24⅜	Sep. 22
97	..	N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf	105	Mar. 26
80¾	85	N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf	88	Sep. 16
..	19	New York Dock	18	Dec. 9
30	42	New York Dock pf	32	Dec. 29
..	..	New York & Harlem	355	June 20
..	..	N. Y., L. & West	121	Oct. 16
..	..	N. Y. State Rys. pf.	*92	June 21
197½	..	Phelps, D. & Co. pf.	215½	Aug. 15
..	120	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	117	Oct. 3
..	..	P., Ft. W. & C.	169¾	July 19
..	..	Rome, W. & Og.	*125½	Feb. 20
..	..	Rubber G. Mfg. pf.	105	Nov. 12
..	..	Rutland pf.	58	June 13
..	103	St. L. & S. F., C. & E. I. pf. ctfs.	100½	Dec. 26

*Less than 100 shares.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

The following were the daily rates on call and time loans last week:

	On Call.	Ruling Rate.	60 Days.	90 Days.	Six Months.
March 24	3½@5	4¾	5¼@5¾	5¼@5½	5¼@5½
March 25	4 @4½	4	5½@5¾	5¼@5½	5¼@5½
March 26	3 @4½	4	5¼@5½	5 @5¾	5 @5¾
March 27	3 @4½	4½	5 @5¼	5 @5¼	4½@5
March 28	3½@4½	4¾	5 @5¼	5 @5¼	5 @5¼
March 29	3½@4½	4¼	5 @5¼	5 @5¼	5 @5¼

Week's Range.—On call, 3@5; ruling rate, 4½; 60 days, 5@5¾; 90 days, 5@5½; six months, 4½@5½.

Same Week Last Year.—On call, 2¾@3; ruling rate, 2½; 60 days, 3¼@3½; 90 days, 3½@3¾; six months, 3¾@4.

Year to Date.—On call, 2@7; ruling rate, 2¾; 60 days, 3½@6; 90 days, 3¾@6; six months, 3¾@6.

Same Period Last Year.—On call, 1¾@4; ruling rate, 2½; 60 days, 2@3½; 90 days, 2¼@3¾; six months, 3@4.

FOREIGN DISCOUNT RATE.

	London. Short.	London. 3 Months.	Berlin.	Paris.
March 25	5	4 13-16@4⅞	6	4
March 26	5	4 13-16@4⅞	6	4
March 27	5	4 13-16	5⅞	4
March 28	4⅞@5	4¾@4 11-16	5⅞	4
March 29	4⅞@5	4¾@4 11-16	5⅞	4

STERLING EXCHANGE.

	Demand.	60 Days.	Cable.
March 24	$4.8745	$4.83	$4.8845
March 25	4.8735	4.8305	4.8820
March 26	4.8725	4.8295	4.88
March 27	4.8725	4.83	4.8810
March 28	4.8710	4.8310	4.88
March 29	4.8710	4.8310	4.88

Week's range.—Demand, $4.8710@$4.8745; 60 days, $4.8295@$4.8310; cable, $4.88@$4.8845.

Same Week Last Year.—Demand, $4.8685@$4.8720; 60 days, $4.8390@$4.8420; cable, $4.8725@$4.8765.

Year to Date.—Demand, $4.8485@$4.8790; 60 days, $4.8060@$4.8370; cable, $4.8610@$4.8865.

Same Period Last Year.—Demand, $4.8630@$4.8760; 60 days, $4.8315&$4.8460; cable, $4.8680@$4.8815.

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK AT DOMESTIC CENTRES.

	Boston.	Chicago.	St. L.	San F.
March 24	Par	*30c	*25c	*50c
March 25	Par	*25c	*25c	*50c
March 26	Par	*25c	*25c	*50c
March 27	Par	*25c	*25c	*50c
March 28	Par	*25c	*25c	*50c
March 29	Par	*30c	*25c	*40c

*Premium.

GOLD AND SILVER BARS IN LONDON.

	Gold Bars. s. d.	American Eagles. s. d.	Bar Silver. d.
March 25	77 9	76 4½	26 1-16
March 26	77 9	76 4½	26¼
March 27	77 9	76 4½	26⅜
March 28	77 9	76 4½	26 9-16
March 29	77 9	76 4½	26 13-16

GOLD PREMIUMS.

	Madrid.	Lisbon.
March 25	7.95	15.00
March 26	8.20	15.00
March 27	8.35	15.00
March 28	8.30	15.00
March 29	8.55	15.00

FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	British Consols.	French Rentes.	Ger. Imp. 3s.	Rus. 4s.	Turk. 4s.
March 25	74	87f 77½c	75½	91	86
March 26	74¼	87f 62½c	76	91	86
March 27	74 7-16	87f 72½c	76	91	86
March 28	74½	87f 65c	76	91¼	86
March 29	74 7-16	87f 67½c	76	91¼	86

EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

	Paris. F.	Paris. C.	Berlin. M.	Berlin. Pf.
March 24	25	27½	20	46
March 25	25	29	20	46½
March 26	25	29	20	46
March 27	25	26½	20	45½
March 28	25	26½	20	45¼
March 29	25	26½	20	45½

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

WHEAT.

	May. High.	May. Low.
March 24	97⅞	97⅜
March 25	97½	96⅝
March 26	97½	96⅝
March 27	96⅞	96¾
March 28	97⅜	96⅞
March 29	97½	97¼
Week's range	97⅞	96⅝

CHICAGO.

WHEAT.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
March 24	91⅛	90⅝	90⅝	89⅞	90	89⅝
March 25	90½	89⅛	90⅝	89¼	89⅞	89¼
March 26	90¼	89½	90⅛	89⅝	89¾	89⅛
March 27	90¼	89⅛	90	88⅞	89¾	88½
March 28	90¼	89⅝	89⅝	89¼	89¼	89⅞
March 29	90⅛	89⅜	89½	89¼	89	88⅞
Week's range	91⅛	89⅛	90⅝	89¼	90	88½

CORN.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
March 24	54	53⅝	55⅛	54½	56	55⅝
March 25	54	52⅞	55⅛	54¼	55⅞	55¼
March 26	53¾	52⅛	55	54⅜	56	55½
March 27	53¾	52⅞	54⅞	54⅛	55⅞	55¼
March 28	53¾	52⅞	54⅜	54¼	55⅝	55⅜
March 29	53⅛	52⅞	54½	54¼	55½	55⅜
Week's range	54	52⅛	55⅛	54⅛	56	55¼

OATS.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.	Sept. High.	Sept. Low.
March 24	34¼	33⅝	34	33⅜	33⅞	33⅝
March 25	33⅞	33⅛	33⅞	33¼	33⅞	33¼
March 26	34	33¼	34	33¼	34	33¼
March 27	34	33½	33⅞	33⅜	33¾	33½
March 28	34	33½	33⅞	33½	34	33⅝
March 29	33¾	33⅝	33⅝	33½	33¾	33¾
Week's range	34⅛	33⅛	34	33¼	34	33¼

Provisions.

Chicago.

LARD.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
March 24	11.22	11.02	11.07	10.90
March 25	11.17	11.02	11.05	10.90
March 26	11.17	11.07	11.00	10.92
March 27	11.15	11.07	10.95	10.87
March 28	11.12	11.07	10.92	10.90
March 29	11.10	11.10	10.97	10.92
Week's range	11.22	11.02	11.07	10.87

RIBS.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
March 24	11.25	11.10	10.97	10.90
March 25	11.22	11.12	10.97	10.82
March 26	11.20	11.12	10.90	10.85
March 27	11.30	11.17	10.90	10.82
March 28	11.30	11.20	10.92	10.85
March 29	11.20	11.17	10.87	10.82
Week's range	11.30	11.10	10.97	10.82

PORK.

	May. High.	May. Low.	July. High.	July. Low.
March 24	21.00	20.85	20.65	20.55
March 25	20.75	20.52	20.67	20.30
March 26	20.70	20.57	20.45	20.35
March 27	20.67	20.42	20.35	20.27
March 28	20.75	20.50	20.32	20.30
March 29	20.60	20.47	20.32	20.30
Week's range	21.00	20.42	20.67	20.27

New York.

COTTON.

	March. High.	March. Low.	May. High.	May. Low.
March 24	12.28	12.23	11.94	11.88
March 25	12.29	12.19	11.92	11.82
March 26	12.38	12.22	12.00	11.87
March 27	12.45	12.33	12.08	11.94
March 28	12.49	12.28	12.08	11.95
March 29	12.76	12.48	12.17	12.04
Week's range	12.76	12.19	12.17	11.82

	July. High.	July. Low.	Oct. High.	Oct. Low.
March 24	11.87	11.79	11.41	11.35
March 25	11.84	11.71	11.39	11.33
March 26	11.90	11.79	11.50	11.38
March 27	11.98	11.85	11.56	11.42
March 28	11.99	11.86	11.58	11.44
March 29	12.07	11.95	11.64	11.54
Week's range	12.07	11.74	11.64	11.33

Highest and lowest prices for the more active of the above commodities thus far this year have been as follows:

	Highest, 1913.		Lowest, 1913.	
Wheat, No. 1	$1.02¼	Jan. 15	.97⅛	Mar. 17
Wheat, No. 2	1.12	Jan. 24	$1.07	Jan. 8
Corn	.65	Jan. 6	.57	Jan. 9
Oats	.40½	Jan. 16	.37½	Mar. 17
Flour	4.80	Jan. 21	4.65	Jan. 2
Lard	11.65	Mar. 28	10.00	Jan. 7
Pork	22.50	Mar. 24	19.00	Jan. 10
Beef	24.00	Jan. 2	23.00	Feb. 11
Coffee	.13⅞	Jan. 2	.11½	Mar. 20
Sugar	4.90	Jan. 2	4.25	Feb. 24
Iron	18.75	Jan. 2	18.50	Mar. 11
Steel billets	28.50	Jan. 8	27.50	Jan. 2
Lead	4.35	Mar. 6	4.25	Jan. 3
Tin	51.12½	Jan. 15	45.75	Mar. 13
Copper	17.22½	Jan. 2	14.00	Feb. 18
Cotton	13.40	Jan. 2	12.40	Mar. 1
Printcloths	.04 1-16	Jan. 2	.04	Jan. 20

Range in 1912 was as follows: Wheat No. 2 red, high, $1.27, May 10; low, 98c, Jan. 2. Corn, high, 94c, May 8; low, 64c, Dec. 20. Oats, high, 64½c, April 18; low, 38c, Nov. 15. Flour, high, $5.95, May 10; low, $4.60, Dec. 10. Lard, high, $12.60, Oct. 11; low, $9.10, Feb. 26. Pork, high, $20.75, May 10; low, $17, Jan. 5. Beef, high, $24, Dec. 23; low, $14.50, Jan. 2. Coffee, high, 15½c, Oct. 17; low, 13⅞c, Jan. 13. Sugar, high, $5.80, Feb. 16; low, $4.65, Jan. 2. Iron, high, $18.75, Dec. 6; low, $14.75, Jan. 2. Steel billets, high, $27, Oct. 23; low, $19.50, March 13. Lead, high, 5.20c, Sept. 19; low, 4c, Feb. 5. Tin, high, 51.10c, Dec. 2; low, 42c, Jan. 13. Copper, high, 17.50c, Aug. 26; low, 13.65c, Feb. 5. Cotton, high, 13.40c, July 20; low, 9.90c, Jan. 2. Printcloths, high, 4 1-16c, Dec. 6; low, 3½c, Jan. 2.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Gordon R. McAllister, formerly manager of the inactive department of Chandler Brothers & Co., has been admitted to partnership in the firm of Gwynne Brothers, where he will specialize in public utility issues.

N. W. Halsey & Co. of New York will extend their organization on April 1 by opening an office in Boston under the firm name of Halsey & Co., Inc. The new office will be in charge of F. Monroe Dyer and George A. Lyon, Jr.

Describing Over One Hundred Issues of
Standard Bonds and Preferred Stocks

The 1913 edition of our booklet, "Investment Securities," is now ready. It describes a long list of carefully selected State, Railroad, Public Service and Industrial Bonds, and Industrial and Public Service Preferred Stocks. The latest obtainable earnings of the various Corporations are given, and the nature and extent of the liens securing the different Bond issues are summarized. A copy of the booklet will be sent without charge to Investors and Trustees, upon request.

CLARK, DODGE & CO.
BANKERS
51 Wall Street, New York The Rookery, Chicago

Los Angeles Railway Corporation
First and Refunding Mortgage 5% Bonds due 1940
Closed Mortgage

The mortgage covers the entire street railway system in a rapidly growing city of about 450,000

Net earnings are about twice the interest requirements on the entire authorized issue

As the bonds are secured by a closed mortgage, the security will be steadily strengthened with the natural increase in earning capacity

The sinking fund should retire about $7,000,000 bonds, or more than 35% of the authorized issue, before maturity

Price 97 and interest

Merrill, Oldham & Co
35 Congress Street Boston

Sound Public Utility Securities have been found better adapted to prevailing economic conditions than any other class of investments. Their market position is fortified by liberal rates of income yield. These features are explained in our pamphlet of investment offerings, which may be had on request.

William P. Bonbright & Co.
Incorporated
14 Wall Street, New York
London. Detroit. Philadelphia. Boston.

We Offer to Bankers Entire Issues of
Mortgage Bonds
and
Preferred Stocks
issued by successful Public Service Corporations which have been financed by us, and which operate in substantial and growing centres in the United States.

Bertron, Griscom & Co.
40 Wall St. NEW YORK
Land Title Building PHILADELPHIA
19 Boulevard des Capucines PARIS

Investment bonds are abnormally low and we urge investors to take advantage of the present opportunity. We invite correspondence and would be glad to furnish information.

Dominick & Dominick
Members New York Stock Exchange
115 Broadway, New York 200 5th Ave., cor. 23d St.

Public Utility Securities

when carefully selected, offer to the investor the highest degree of safety, and combine stability with satisfactory income return.

We offer selected bonds and preferred stocks of public utilities at attractive prices.

Correspondence solicited.

W. IRVING OSBORNE & CO., Inc.
INVESTMENT BANKERS
111 Broadway, New York.
BOSTON. CHICAGO.

We Finance
Electric Light, Power and Street Railway Enterprises with Records of Established Earnings
We Offer
Bankers and Investment Dealers Proven Public Utility Securities
Correspondence solicited
Electric Bond and Share Company
(Paid-up Capital and Surplus $12,000,000.)
71 Broadway New York

WE OFFER
$500,000
STATE OF ARIZONA
Refunding 4½% Gold Coupon Bonds.
May be registered as to principal and interest.
Due April 1st, 1938.
Optional after April 1st, 1928.
Principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York City.
Legal investments for savings banks and trust funds in New York, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island.
Detailed circular and price on application
W. N. COLER & CO.
Bankers
43 Cedar Street
New York

INACTIVE
Bought, Sold, and Quoted.
Am. Chicle Com. & Pf.
Am. Dist. Tel. of N. J.
Am. Speak. Telephone.
Borden's M. Com. & Pf.
Northern Securities.
Otis Elev. Com. & Pf.
Royal B. P. Com. & Pf.
Sen Sen Chiclet.
Lown & Ross
10 WALL ST. Phone Rector 1608.

SIMON BORG & CO.
BANKERS
No. 20 Nassau St., New York
INVESTMENT SECURITIES

FEDERAL SUGAR
N. Y. TELEPHONE 4½s
COLORADO SOUTHERN 4s
ONTARIO POWER 5s
NIAGARA FALLS POWER 6s
AMERICAN CITIES 5s-6s
J. S. Bache & Co.
42 Broadway. Tel. [illegible]

We offer a
First Mortgage Public Utility Bond
of a company doing a threefold business, operating in the most active industrial territory in the United States.
Earnings $3,400,000 per annum.
To yield 5.20%
J. S. & W. S. KUHN, Inc.
BANKERS
39 Wall St. New York
Boston Phila. Pittsburgh Chicago

MACKAY & CO.
Bankers
Members New York Stock Exchange

Our April Investment Circular Contains a List of Well Secured Investments Yielding from
4.10 to 5.15%

Copies Sent on Application

55 WALL STREET
NEW YORK

Small Investments in Safe Bonds

The fact that your surplus fund may be small makes it all the more important that it should be securely invested. We give small investments the same consideration as large.

PUBLIC UTILITY BONDS
$100 $500 $1000
Send for Circular T 139.
P. W. Brooks & Co.
115 Broadway, New York
Phila. Boston.

A Steam Railroad 5% Bond
Closed First Mortgage at less than $6,000 per mile. Guaranteed principal and interest by a big trunk line company.
Price to yield 5.15%
Description upon request
MEGARGEL & CO.
BANKERS
35 Pine Street New York

Central Trust Co.
Bankers Trust Co.
U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co.
Allentown Portland Cement
American Bank Note Com. & Pref.
Computing-Tabulating-Recording Stk. & Bds.
Childs Restaurant Com. & Pref.
Remington Typewriter Com. 1st and 2d Pref.
Mexican Petroleum 6s
Park & Tilford 6s
S. H. P. PELL & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange.
Dealers in Unlisted and Inactive Securities.
Tel. 7865-6-7-8-9 Hanover. 37 Wall St., N. Y.

Municipal Bonds
Highest Standard—To Net 4.40%
Non-Taxable in N. Y. State.
Particulars on Application.
Ashley & Company
111 Broadway, N. Y.

WE OFFER
Hudson County Gas 5s.
J. C., Hob. & Pat. St. Ry. 4s.
Listed Securities
bought and sold for margin or investment account.
B. H. & F. W. PELZER
Members New York Stock Exchange
'Phone 6037 Broad. 10-12 Broadway, N. Y.

Henry Clews & Co.
BANKERS,
11, 13, 15, 17, AND 19 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors also carried on liberal terms.
Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
LETTERS OF CREDIT
issued available the world over.

Amer. Light & Traction Com.
International Nickel Com.
Cumberland Corp. Common
United Lt. & Rys. Co. Com.
Lamarche & Coady
'Phone 3669 Broad
25 BROAD STREET. NEW YORK.

West Jersey & Seashore
R. R. Stock
Bought, Sold & Quoted.
Joseph Walker & Sons
Members New York Stock Exchange.
20 Broad St. New York.
Private Wire to Philadelphia.

PREFERRED STOCKS
Swartwout & Appenzellar
BANKERS
Members New York Stock Exchange
44 Pine Street, New York

MUNICIPAL BONDS
List on application.
R. M. GRANT & CO.
NEW YORK Bankers CHICAGO
31 Nassau St. 111 W. Monroe St.

STANDARD OIL

Standard Oil Company of New York, Annual Statement.

In Weekly Summary of Available Public Information.

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER

Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

March 31, 1913

We Announce, that

Mr. Philip Boyer

formerly of Boyer, Griswold & Co. has to-day become a member of this firm.

W. C. Langley & Co.

DAILY LETTER ON

Standard Oil Stocks

AND

Daily Curb Bulletins

Free upon request.

L. P. Cartier

20 Broad St. Telephone 6746-50 Broad.

Dix & Bangs

MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE

National City Bank Building

55 Wall Street

Outside Securities Department

SAFETY CAR HTG. & LTG.

AMERICAN BANK NOTE

BRONZE METAL CO.

HALE & KILBURN

CHAS. H. JONES & CO.,

20 Broad St., New York

Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds.

Telephone 3155 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

New Jersey Municipal Bonds.

Outwater & Wells

15 Exchange Place. Tel. 2030 Jersey City

Jersey City, N. J.

5½ to 6% First Mortgage Bonds

We own and offer absolute direct first mortgage bonds, to net 5½ to 6 per cent. These attractive investments are secured by direct first liens on the highest class of improved real estate.

S. W. STRAUS & CO., Incorporated

Mortgage and Bond Bankers

Straus Building, CHICAGO — One Wall Street, NEW YORK

FOR SALE

100 Pere Marquette Com.

50 Pere Marquette 1st Pfd.

$5,000 Pere Marq. Deb. 1912

HOTCHKIN & CO.

84 Pine St., N. Y. 53 State St., Boston, Mass.

Phones 3580-1 John Private Phone to Boston

Union Typewriter Common

Westinghouse Debentures 1913

Dominick Bros. & Co.

Tel. 6570 Hanover. 49 Wall Street.

SCHMIDT & GALLATIN

Bankers & Brokers

111 Broadway, New York

American Bank Note Company

70 Broad St., New York

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

OFFICE OF
THE NEW YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
Albany, N. Y., March 17, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company has been called and will be held at the Company's principal office in the Union Depot, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday, the 16th day of April, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of considering and voting upon the adoption and ratification of an agreement for the consolidation of The New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Company, the Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad Company, The Utica & Black River Railroad Company, the Oswego & Rome Railroad Company, the Carthage, Watertown & Sackets Harbor Railroad Company, The Niagara Falls Branch Railroad Company and the Little Falls & Dolgeville Railroad Company.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION.
NOTICE OF EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The Eighth Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Bethlehem Steel Corporation will be held at its principal office, No. 763 Broad Street, Newark, New Jersey, on Tuesday, **April 1, 1913,** at 12 o'clock noon, for the following purposes: (1) to elect four Directors to serve for a term of three years; (2) to consider and vote upon the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors, Executive Committee, and officers of the Corporation since the Seventh Annual Meeting of its stockholders, held on April 2, 1912; and (3) to transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

The books for the transfer of shares of the capital stock of the corporation, both preferred and common, will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on Monday, March 10, 1913, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., on Wednesday, April 2, 1913.

Newark, New Jersey, February 28, 1913.
B. H. JONES, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
THE NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY.
Albany, N. Y., March 17, 1913.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company for the election of Directors and three Inspectors of the next election, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at the Company's principal office, in the Union Depot, in the City of Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday, the 16th day of April, 1913. The poll will be opened at 12 o'clock noon, and continue open for one hour thereafter.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
THE AMERICAN METER CO.,
11th Ave. & 47th St.
New York, March 31, 1913.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of The American Meter Co. will be held at the Park Avenue Hotel, corner Fourth Avenue and Thirty-third Street, in the City of New York, N. Y., on Tuesday, the 15th day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM McDONALD, Secretary.

LUTHER REAL ESTATE COMPANY.
New York, March 20, 1913.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Luther Real Estate Company for the election of Directors for the ensuing year and the transaction of such other business as may come before said meeting will be held at the Times Building, Broadway and 42d Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, Room 801, on Monday, April 7th, 1913, at 3 P. M.

FREDERICK W. DAVIS, Secretary.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. ¶Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 29, 1913. Bid.	Asked.
Adirond. El. P.	$9,500,000	..	..	....	13½	15½
Do preferred.	2,500,000	..	..	....	49	53
Albany So. 5s.	1,302,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
A. G. & E. ($50)	2,500,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	80	82
Do pf. ($50).	1,537,500	1½	Q	May 1, 13	45	45½
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,631,400	1	Q	Mar 1, 13	70	72
Do 6% cum.pf	5,631,400	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	83	84
Do opt.warr..	1,604,000	..	..	....	12	14
Do 6% no's,'21	2,199,100	3	S	F. & A.	99½	100
Appal'n Pow...	6,000,000	..	..	....	17	19
Do preferred.	2,180,000	..	..	....	60	62
Ariz. Power...	3,000,000	..	..	....	12	14
Do preferred	850,000	..	..	....	45	50
Ashev'e L.& P 1st s. f. 5s, '42	1,100,000	2½	S	A. & O.	92	95
Aub. & Syr. El. R.R., tax ex..	1,460,000	2½	S	Apr 15,13	98	100
Aug.-Aik. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35	2,588,000	2½	S	J. & D.	89	92
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,13	..	..
Do common..	2,250,000	..	..	....	..	..
Aug. Ry. & El. 1st 5s of '40..	967,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	102½
Ad., E. & C.R. R. 1st 5s, '41.	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	101
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	908,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	96
Ben. Har-St.J. 1st 5s, '35...	810,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	94
Birming'm R., D. & P. C.4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	89	90
Do ref. ex. 6s, '57	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	101	103
Buff. Cr't'n 1st 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	102½	..
Buff.Gen. El.5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101½	..
B. & L.E.5s,'36	7,066,000	2½	S	M. & N.	45	55
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	98
B. & N. Falls E. L.& P.1st 5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Butte E.& P.Co 1st 5s, '51....	4,283,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	97½
Cal. Elec. Gen. Co. pf........	600,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	75	78
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 13	120	120¾
Do 1st 5s, '47.	5,680,000	2½	S	J. & D.	109⅛	109⅞
Central Maine Power 1st 5s.	2,502,000	2½	S	M. & N.	96	99
Cent. Mex. L. & P. pf.	1,250,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	70	73
Do 6s, 1940.	1,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	89	93½
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	103	104
Cit. L,H.& P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	101
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31	5,475,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100½	102½
Colum. R., G. & E. 1st 5s, '36.	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92½	95
Do common.	2,000,000	..	..	....	60	..
Do preferred	840,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	85	95
Con. Gas, E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2¼	S	J. & J.	86	87
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2½	S	Jan 15,13	72½	74
Do 1st 5s, '33	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100½	101½
Consum. El. & P. 5s, '36.....	1,481,000	2½	S	J. & J.	80	90
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s, '36	10,088,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94½	97½
C. Pow. (Minn.) 1st 5s, '29....	9,528,000	2½	S	M. & N.	87	89
Dallas El. Corp. 5s, '22	3,659,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94	97
El. B. & S. pf..	3,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 13	99¼b	101b
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s,'56	1,889,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
Elec. Util. Cor.	2,500,000	½	Q	J. & J.	34¼	36
Do preferred	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr 15,13	80	82
El Paso E.5s,'32	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	97
Exc. Spgs. W., G. & E. 1st 6s	218,000	3	S	J. & D.	98	100
Fed. L.&T. Co.	4,750,000	..	..	....	30	32
Do preferred	2,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 28,13	78	80
Ft. Smith L. & T. pf.	1,410,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15,13	90b	92½b
Ft. Worth P. & Lt. 1st 5s.....	1,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	94	96
Guanaj.P. & E.	3,500,000	..	..	....	25	30
Do preferred	1,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 13	68	71
Do 6s, '32...	1,425,000	3	S	A. & O.	92½	94
Harwood El.5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	103
Ind. Un. Trac. 1st 5s.........	1,620,000	2½	S	A. & O.	83	85
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div.5s,'31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	102½	104
Do deb.6s,'17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	105	..
L. & O.Div.1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	98
B.&L.Div.1st5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	98
B.&N.FD.1st5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	102½	..
Int. Trac. 4s.'49 receipts	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	68	70½
J. C., H. & P.4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	78¼	79¼
Joplin & Pit.Ry. 5s, 1930	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	14	20
Do preferred	9,407,500	1½	Q	Mar 1, 11	35	40
Do 1st r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89½	91
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & N.	88	90
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	102	103
K. C. Elv. 4s,'22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	75	78
Kan. C.West.5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	80	83
K.C. Met.St.Ry cn.ex. 1st5s,'13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	95½
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926..	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90½	92
Kan. G. & E.pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	99b	100b
Do 5s of '22.	3,089,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	96
Lit. Rock Ry.& El. 1st 5s, '33	1,959,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	..
Los A.G.& E.5s	4,693,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97½
Mobile Elec. pf	852,000	1¾	Q	Feb 15,13	92½b	95b
Do 1st 5s, '46	1,696,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	92½
Montana Pr...	......	½	Q	Apr 1, 13	43	44
Do preferred	......	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	100	102
Muskogee G. & E. pf.	1,438,500	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 13	95b	97½b
Do 1st 5s. '26	1,058,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
Nat. L. H. & P. col. tr. 5s,'19B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Nat. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s,'20C	455,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
Niag., L. & OP. 5s, '54	4,850,000	2½	S	M. & N.	89½	92½
N.Y.& Westch'r LtgG M4s.2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	79	83
Do deb.5s,'54	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102½
N.Hud.Co Ry.5s	1,291,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
Nor.Jersey Ry. 1st 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	79	80½
N. Ont. L. & P.	4,585,000	..	..	....	16	20
Do preferred	2,400,000	‡	..	Dec 31,12	59	62
Do 1st 6s, '31	4,700,000	3	S	J. & J.	89	93
Nor. St. Power	5,975,000	..	..	....	21	22
Do pf. ex div	8,386,700	‡1¾	Q	Jan 15,13	83	84
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Okla. Ry. 5s...	2,630,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	92½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	7,362,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
Ont. P. stock..	8,509,000	2½	S	J. & J.	81	84
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s,'28	1,729,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	..
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	..
Ottum. R.&L.pf	850,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15,13	92½b	95b
Do 1st 5s, '24	1,044,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	92½
Port. R. L. & P. 5%notes,'14	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98¼	99¼
Por. Gen. El.5s	8,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Prescott G. & E 1st 6s, '40....	250,000	3	S	J. & J.	90	93
Pub. S. Cor.ctfs	19,970,440	1½	Q	Mar 31,13	106	106½
Pub U Cor.($50)	1,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan 1, 13	$50	..
Do pf. ($50).	500,000	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 13	$48	$52
Queens Boro.G. & E. 5s of '52	1,600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
Rep. R. & L. Co	5,200,000	..	..	....	22	24
Do preferred	6,300,000	1½	Q	Apr 15,13	70	77
Roch Ry.& L.5s tax expt. N.Y.	9,401,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s of '45...	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	84	86½
Rockld.L.&P.5s	605,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	99½
Rockf'd (Ill.) E. 5s of '39	1,504,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	99
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s,'46	1,904,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	97
St. Jos.(Mo.)R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,637,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	99
Sagn. Val. Tr.5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	96	99
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,150,000	2½	S	F. & A.	95	98
San Diego Con. G.&E.1st5s,'39	3,425,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23....	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	98
Scranton El. 5s	2,951,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103½
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	60	..
Do pf., ($50)	1,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 13	62½	70
Do con.5s,'32	1,100,000	1¼	Q	Jan 15,13	99½	101
Seattle Elec.Co con. 5s, '29...	7,417,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	99
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	4,321,500	2½	S	A. & O.	94	96
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s...	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	92½	94½
So.Cal. Ed'n Co	10,043,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95	98
South'n Pow.5s	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s.	3,996,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	98
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L.F.L.5s,'26	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94½	96
SuperiorW.,L.& P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	80	84
Stan G & E($50)	9,343,150	..	..	....	17¾	18½
Do pf. ($50).	10,977,950	2	Q	Mar 15,13	47	47½
Tampa El.1st 5s	1,200,500	2½	S	J. & D.	98	100
Tenn. R.,L. &P.	20,000,000	..	..	....	19½	21
Do preferred	10,250,000	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 13	75½	76½
Tex. Tr. 1st 5s.	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	94
Tri-City R.& L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	62	66
Do preferred	2,826,200	1½	Q	Jan 1, 13	93	95
Unit. Elec. N.J. 4s, '49.......	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	81	82¼
Unit. E. L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s...	4,428,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	91	92½
United Util....	5,000,000	..	..	....	37	40
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	100b	102½b
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s,'41	2,268,000	2¼	S	M. & S.	94	96
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	10,345,000	2½	S	J. & S.	93½	94½
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1½	Q	Jun 1, 13	92¾	93½
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	Dec 1, 12	90⅛	92
Do con. 4s,'51	10,643,000	2	S	M. & S.	83¼	84
W.Cit.G.& E.pf	500,000	1¾	Q	Jan 1, 13	90b	92½b
West'n Power..	14,670,000	..	..	....	19	21
Do 6% cum.pf	6,000,000	..	..	....	49	52
West Penn.Rys 5s of '31....	V	5	S	A. & O.	101	101½
West. St.G.& E	3,503,000	..	..	....	45	50
Do preferred	1,800,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15,13	88	93
Do 1st & ref. 5s, '41......	3,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92½	95
Wheel. El.5s,'41	1,206,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94½	96½
Wheel. Tr. Co. 1st con. 5s,'31	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
Y'gst'n & O. R. 1st 5s, '35....	1,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99	100

b—And dividends or interest accrued. *Ex dividend.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 29, 1913. Bid.	Asked.
Am Bank Note Co. ($50)......	$4,500,000	1½	Q	Feb 15,13	50½	52
Do. pf. ($50).	4,500,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	53¼	53¾
Am. Brass	12,500,000	1¼	Q	Feb 1, 13	137¾	142
Amer. Chicle...	6,000,000	1	M	Apr 19,13	195	200
Do preferred.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	99	102
Am. Glue Co..	800,000	2	S	Nov 1, 12	100	106
Do. preferred	1,600,000	4	S	Mar 1, 13	141	145
Am. Graphoph.	1,500,000	4	S	Mar 1, 13	43	53
Do. preferred	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Feb 15,13	..	80
Am. Screw....	3,000,000	2½	Q	Feb 15,13	122	152
Am. St. Fy. 6s	2,455,000	3	S	A. & O.	99½	102
Am. Typef'ders	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 15,13	46	48
Do. preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15,13	100	103
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1½	2
Ast. V'n'r Mis. & Dock 6s, '41	480,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Arlington Mills	8,000,000	4	S	Jan 1, 13	107½	112
Autosales Gum & Choc. Co..	6,000,000	1	V	Feb 1, 12	21	23
Do. 6s	3,533,000	3	S	J. & J.	61½	62
Bab. & Wilcox	15,000,000	1¾	Q	J,A,J,O	101½	104½
Bar. & Sm. Car	2,000,000	..	..	....	..	12
Do. preferred	1,250,000	2	Q	Mar 1, 13	70	82
Bliss,E.W., Co.	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 11	75	80
Do. preferred	1,250,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	115	122
Bord. C. Milk..	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15,13	114¼	115¼
Do preferred.	7,500,000	1½	Q	Mar 15,13	106	107
Brad. Copper..	6,000,000	..	..	....	8⅞	9
Do. 6s	4,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	170	180
Do. 7s, new..	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	175	180
Brown Shoe...	10,000,000	..	..	....	52	54
Do preferred	6,000,000	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 13	94½	95½
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Mar 3, 13	131	136
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,800	..	..	1907	1	3
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	A	....	25	35
Childs C.......	3,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 10,13	170	176
Do preferred	2,499,900	1¾	Q	Mar 10,13	108	112
Cluett-Peabody	3,000,000	..	..	....	56	61
Do preferred	8,000,000	..	..	....	98	100
Comp'ting-Tabulating Rec...	10,457,218	1	Q	Apr 10,13	44¼	45
Do 6s	7,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	77½	78½
Con. Rub. Tire.	4,000,000	..	..	....	16	20
Do preferred	1,149,500	..	..	....	..	79
Continen. Can..	8,000,000	..	..	....	51	53½
Do preferred	5,500,000	2⅛	y	Apr 1, 13	91	93
Crocker-Wh'ler	1,700,000	1½	Q	Jan 15,13	85	88
Do preferred	500,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15,13	104	107
D., L. & W. C..	6,590,700	2½e	Q	Apr 15,13	325	340
Em.-Brantin'm.	30,000,000	..	..	....	40	50
Do preferred	20,000,000	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 13	93	95
Hav. Tobacco..	29,790,700	..	..	....	3½	4
Hav. Tob. pf..	4,703,800	..	..	....	7	10
Houston Oil..	20,000,000	..	..	....	19½	20
Do preferred	....	..	..	....	62	63
Int. Nickel.....	38,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 1, 13	137	138½
Do preferred	9,000,000	1½	Q	May 1, 13	104	105
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	70	72½
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,250,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 13	78½	79½
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100½
Kaufman Bros. Dept. Stores..	7,500,000	..	..	....	47	49
Do preferred	2,500,000	w	w	Apr 1, 13	96	99
Lanston Mono..	6,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,13	84¾	85
L. V. Coal Sales	6,060,800	2½	Q	Apr 21,13	200	210
Lima Loco. C.. 1st 6s, 1932...	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	97	99
Man. Sht. W...	5,000,000	..	..	....	50	60
Do preferred	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	99	103
Marconi of Am. (new)	10,000,000	..	..	....	5⅝	5⅝
Merg. Linotype	12,797,800	3	Q	Mar 31,13	212⅞	213¼
Monon Coal 1st 5s, '36........	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	90	95
Otis Elevator...	6,371,500	1	Q	Apr 15,13	79½	81½
Do preferred	6,451,100	1½	Q	Apr 15,13	97	99
Park & Tilf. 6s	2,840,000	3	S	J. & J.	93	96
Pope Mfg. Co..	4,000,000	..	..	....	20	25
Do preferred	2,500,000	1½	Q	Jan 31,13	..	62
Proc. & Gamble	12,000,000	4	Q	Feb 15,13	550	570
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 15,13	190	220
Pratt & Wh. pf	1,225,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 13	101½	103
Rem'g'n Type..	10,000,000	..	..	....	31	33
Do 1st pf....	4,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	100	103½
Do 2d pf....	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	96	100½
Royal Bak. P..	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,13	192	197
Do. 6% cum.pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31,13	104	106
Saf. C. H. & L.	10,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	111½	112½
Singer Mfg....	60,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	297	300
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 23,12	35	40
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 23,12	105	111
Stern Bros. pf..	3,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 1, 13	72	75
Temple Iron 4s.	2,500,000	6	A	J. & J.	104½	105
U. S. Env. 5s..	1,950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99¾	101¼
Do preferred	3,750,000	8z	S	Mar 1, 13	102	105
Do common..	750,000	..	..	....	115	125
U. S. Motor....	12,193,350	..	..	....	1-16	¼
Do preferred	11,491,133	2¾	Q	Jul 15,11	¼	1
West. Pac. 5s..	49,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	82	83
Willys-Overl'd..	20,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 13	57	64
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	92	97

z—Including 4½% paid on account of deferred dividends.
y—At rate of 7% per annum for period from Dec. 1, 1912, to April 1, 1913.
w—At rate of 7% per annum for period from Feb. 13 to April 1, 1913.
c—Also 20% extra.

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 29, 1913. Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Feb 1, 13	360	375
Bankers Trust..	10,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 13	475	478
Broadway Tr...	1,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 13	165	175
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 13	490	505
Columbia-Kn'k-erbocker	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,13	515	535
Central	3,000,000	10	Q	Apr 1, 13	990	1010
Citizens	1,000,000	3	S	Mar 1, 13	150	..
Commercial ...	500,000	..	..	....	88	93
Empire	1,500,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,13	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,13	490	500
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	Feb 1, 13	1250	1300
Fidelity	1,000,000	‡5	S	Jan 2, 13	218	225
Franklin	1,000,000	6	S	Dec 30,12	225	250
Fulton	500,000	‡7	S	Jan 2, 13	295	315
Guaranty	10,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,13	570	580
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	Feb 1, 13	270	280
Home	750,000	2	S	Jul 15, 07	120	..
Hudson Trust.	500,000	3	S	Jan 2, 13	130	140
Kings County.	500,000	4	Q	Feb 1, 13	525	..
Lawyers T. Ins. & Trust Co...	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	203	210
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30,07	135	140
Long Island......	1,000,000	3	Q	Jan 1, 13	355	365
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,13	435	450
Mutual Alliance	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	132	140
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Feb 1, 13	155	..
New York....	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31,13	623	625
N. Y. L. I. & T.	1,000,000	25	S	Dec 10,12	1040	1060
People's Trust.	1,000,000	1	M	Apr 1, 13	295	305
T. Guar. & Tr.	5,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31,13	470	475
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 10,13	1275	1295
U. S. Mtg. & T..	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31,13	455	465
United States.	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 2, 13	1100	1115
Washington Tr.	500,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 13	360	375

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 29, 1913. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac.	$10,395,400	2½s	Q	Feb 1, 13	345	360
Do preferred	14,236,200	2	Q	Feb 1, 13	107	109
Aub. Gas 1st 5s	300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	93
B'klyn Boro. 1st 5s, '38	500,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Buff. Gas......	7,000,000	..	..	....	3½	5
Buff. Gas pf..	1,713,000	..	..	....	15	..
Burlington 1st 5s, '55	....	..	..	....	93¼	95
Cent. Un.5s.1927	3,500,000	2½	S	A. & O.	102½	103
Cities Service.	5,499,430	5-12	M	Apr 1, 13	115	120
Do preferred	10,195,360	½	M	Apr 1, 13	86	88
Citz. G. & F. 1st 5s, '22	....	..	..	....	..	97½
Colum. G. & F.	8,000,000	¾	Q	Mar 1, 13	29¾	34¼
Col. G. & F. pf.	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr 1, 13	67¾	68¾
Con. G. of N.J. 1st con. 5s, 1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101½
Cons. Wat. Co. of Utica 1st mtg. 5s of '30.	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	102
Do deb. mtg. 5s of '30...	905,000	2½	S	J. & J.	88	90
Dayton Gas 5s.	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	..
Denver G. & E.	7,001,300	¼	M	Apr 1, 13	220	..
Do gen. 5s..	6,000,300	2½	S	M. & N.	94	95
E. Ohio G. 1st 5s	14,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Hous. G. 5s,'20.	961,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
Hud. Co. Gas..	10,500,000	4	S	Dec 1, 12	129	130
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	1	S	Apr 1, 13	38	42
Do 1st 4s, '58.	3,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	68	70
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	....	70	80
Do1st5s, 1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	87	89
J'ksonville5s,'37	1,200,000	1½	Q	M.J,S,D	97	100
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	10½	12
Do 1st 6s,'16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	98	100
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	65	70
Kings Co. Ltg. 1st 5s, tax ex.	2,428,000	2½	S	J. & J.	98	100
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	..	..	....	28	32
Do 5s, '41...	796,000	2½	S	J. & J.	85	89
Mich. Lt. pf...	2,144,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	97	100
Minneap. G. 5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
N. Amst. 5s, '48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	102
N. Y. & E. R. con. 5s, 1945.	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102
N.Y.& Q.G. Co. 1st 5s.........	840,000	2½	S	Mar 1, 13	98	99½
Nor. Union Gas 5s of '27.....	3,500,000	..	..	....	100	102
Okla. G. & El. 5s, '20	2,482,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	97½
Pacific G. & E.	31,908,750	1¼	Q	Apr 15,13	57	*58
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 15,13	91	91½
Portl'd G.&C.5s	4,118,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	99
Do pf. stock.	1,350,000	1¾	Q	Feb 1, 13	102	106
Scran. G. & W. 1st 5s, '23....	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	103	104
Do deb. 5s,'35	421,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102½	103
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	124	126
Do 1st 5s, '53	12,378,000	2½	S	M. & S	99	99¾
S'brook Wat. 5s	4,490,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104	104½
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	1½	S	Dec 31,12	60	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	3	S	Dec 31,12	90	..
Do 1st 5s,1930	1,362,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	103
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Syra. L. & P. col tr.5s,g, '54	5,506,500	2½	S	J. & J.	81	82
Washington G.	2,600,000	V	V	V	84½	85
Do 5s, 1960..	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	108¼	108¾
West N.Y.Wat.	5,000,000	..	..	....	..	5
Wilkesbarre G. & E. 1st 5s,'55	3,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	102½

*Ex dividend.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 29, 1913. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$500,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	194	200
America	1,500,000	14	S	Jan 2, 13	595	605
Am. Exc. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 12	234	240
Batt'y Pk.Nat.	200,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 13	135	140
Bowery	250,000	7b	Q	Feb 1, 13	400	..
Bronx Boro'gh	150,000	10	S	Jan 1, 13	290	310
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)..	300,000	3	S	Jan. 2, 13	130	140
Century	500,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	220	230
Chase Nati'nal	5,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 13	650	700
Chat.-Phen. N't	2,225,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	175	180
Chelsea Exch.	400,000	3	S	Apr 1, 13	130	150
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Mar 1, 13	425	435
Cit's Cent.Nat.	2,550,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	188	..
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	Nov 1, 12	400	410
C'l & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	160	168
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 13	450	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	Jan 1, 13	320	335
Comm'e (Nat.)	25,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	190	192
Corn Exc'ange	3,000,000	4	Q	Feb 1, 13	320	322
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan 1, 13	60	80
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 12	160	170
Fifth Avenue..	100,000	25	Q	Apr 1, 13	4500	..
Fifth National.	250,000	3	Q	Jan. 2, 13	300	350
First National.	10,000,000	7	Q	Apr 1, 13	985	1005
Fourth Nat....	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	193	197
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31,13	265	275
Ger.-Am. ($75).	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 13	140	150
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	Jan 2, 13	400	430
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	Nov 1, 12	500	525
Gotham Nat...	200,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	175	..
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 13	250	..
Hanover Nat...	8,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 13	690	705
Harriman Nat.	8,000,000	..	..	....	295	305
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan 2, 13	535	550
Irving Nat....	4,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	195	200
Liberty Nat....	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr 1, 13	630	645
Lincoln Nat...	1,000,000	2½	Q	Feb 1, 13	365	380
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	‡8	S	Jan 2, 13	338	345
Mar.& Ful.Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	245	255
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	Feb 11,13	237	243
Mer. Nat. ($50)	2,000,000	4	S	Jan 2, 13	190	198
Mer. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan 2, 13	145	155
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb 1, 13	350	365
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	190	196
Mount Morris.	250,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	..	245
Mutual	200,000	6	S	Jan 2, 13	280	305
Nat. Nassau...	1,000,000	4	S	Nov 1, 12	205	215
Nat. Reserve..	1,200,000	3	S	Jan 1, 11	91	95
N. Netherland.	200,000	3	S	Apr 1, 13	210	225
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	8	S	Jan. 2, 13	390	400
N. Y. Co. Nat.	500,000	20	S	Jan. 1, 13	850	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Oct 15, 12	165	175
Pacific ($50)...	500,000	2	Q	Feb. 1, 13	260	265
Park National.	5,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 13	365	369
People's ($25).	200,000	5	S	Jan. 2, 13	250	270
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	440	475
Second Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	390	415
Security	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 13	135	145
Sherman Nat..	200,000	..	..	....	125	135
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan 2, 13	200	230
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb 1, 13	165	180
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Dec 31, 12	160	170
Wash. Heights	100,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 13	300	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan 2, 13	400	480
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 12	575	610

a—Also 3 p. c. Q and 5 extra on First Security Co. payable same day. b—Including 4% extra.

INSURANCE, REALTY AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Dividend. Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Quotation Mar. 29, 1913. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety.	$5,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 31,13	195	205
Bd.& Mtg.Guar.	5,000,000	3½	Q	Feb 15,13	307	314
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 13	170	200
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	Jan 1, 13	325	..
Continental ...	2,000,000	25	S	Jan 18,13	940	955
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	460	500
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jan 18,13	300	310
First Mtg. Guar	250,000	6	S	Jan 2, 13	118	125
Germ. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan 15,13	280	290
Germ. Amer...	2,000,000	15	S	Jan 15,13	535	550
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	Jan 2, 13	310	325
Germania Life.	200,000	15	S	Jan 24,13	215	..
Hanover ($50).	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr 1, 13	190	..
Home Fire ...	3,000,000	20	S	Jan 1, 13	740	755
Home Life	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Lawy's Mtg.Co.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	213	216
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	370	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 13	100	104
Nas. & Dutch.	400,000	4½	S	Feb 1, 13	130	140
National Surety	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	185	190
N. Y. Mtg. & Sec. Co.....	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr 1, 13	198	203
N. Y. Title Ins.	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 15,13	105	112
Niagara ($50)..	1,000,000	15	S	Jan 2, 13	310	330
Nor. River($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct, 1912	150	160
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	V	450	500
Realty Assoc...	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 15,13	108	115
Stuyv's'nt($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
U. S. Casualty.	500,000	2½	Q	Jan 1, 13	190	210
U. S. Life....	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
U. S. (Fire) ..	400,000	3	S	Feb, 1913	80	90
W'msb'g City..	600,000	7	S	Feb 1, 13	230	240

NEW YORK CITY TRACTIONS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Bleeck. St. & F. Ferry stock..	$900,000	¾	S	J. & J.	17	20
Do 1st 4s,'50	700,000	4	S	J. & J.	60	70
B'way& 7thAv.	2,100,000	2½s	Q	J,A,J,O	160	..
B'kl'n C.R.($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Jan 15,13	158	162
Cen. C't'n 6s,'22	250,000	3	S	M. & N.	104	..
C. Isl. & B.stk.	2,983,000	2	Q	Feb, 1907	98	102
Chris. & 10thSt.	650,000	2	Q	J,A,J,O	128	138
Eighth Av. R.R	1,000,000	4	Q	J,A,J,O	90	95
42d St. & Gr.St.	748,000	4½	Q	F,M,A,N	250	..
NY & NJ 5s,'52	5,000,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	103
N. Y. Railways	13,210,934	..	..	....	27	30
Ninth Avenue..	800,000	2	Q	....	150	..
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	1	3
2d Av. rec. ctfs.	3,140,000	5	S	A. & O.	99	100
2d Av. Ry. 1st con. 5s, '48...	5,631,000	2½	S	Feb 1, 08	36	40
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	F.M,A,N	120	125

¶Also F. & A.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
British-Am. ...	$18,116,502	2½	..	Mar 31,13	23⅝	23⅞
Conley Foil....	825,000	5	Q	Mar 15,13	285	295
Johnson T. & M	300,000	3	Q	Mar 20,13	175	185
J. S. Young....	1,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15,13	172	178
McA. & Forbes	3,000,000	2½	Q	Apr 15,13	196	202
P. R.-A. T......	1,999,400	5sc.	Q	Mar 7, 13	230	240
R. J. Reynolds.	7,525,000	5	S	Jan 1, 13	260	270
Tobacco Prod..	10,000,000	5	S	Jan 1, 13	115	130
Tob. Prod. pf..	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 13	90	94
United C. S....	27,162,000	1¾	..	Feb 15,13	99⅛	99½
United C. S. pf.	4,527,000	1¾	Q	Mar 15,13	113	116

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Out-standing.	Per C't.	Pe-riod	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-Am. Oil.	$5,000,000	15	Q	Jan 15,13	17	18½
Atlantic Ref...	5,000,000	..	..	....	630	640
Borne-Scrymser	200,000	$20	..	Dec 20,12	300	325
Buckeye P. L..	10,000,000	$5	Q	Mar 1, 13	160	165
Chese. Mfg.....	500,000	$10	Q	Mar 22,13	660	680
Colonial Oil.....	250,000	..	..	....	120	130
Continental Oil.	300,000	$20	..	Nov 20,12	1700	1800
Crescent P. L..	3,000,000	1.50	Q	Mar 15,13	63	66
Cumb. Pipe L..	1,000,000	$6	..	Dec 16,12	75	80
Eureka P. L...	5,000,000	$10	Q	Feb 1, 13	366	375
Galena-Sig. Oil.	8,000,000	$4	Q	Mar 31,13	195	205
Gal.-Sig. Oil pf	2,000,000	$2	Q	Mar 31,13	140	145
Ind. Pipe Lines	5,000,000	$4	Q	Feb 15,13	132	136
Nat. Transit...	12,727,572	75c	Q	Mar 15,13	47	49
N. Y. Transit..	5,000,000	10	Q	Apr 15,13	320	328
Nor. Pipe Line.	4,000,000	$5	S	Jan 2, 13	107	112
Ohio Oil........	15,000,000	$6	Q	Feb 28,13	123	126
Prairie O. & G.	18,000,000	2.25	Q	Mar 20,13	323	328
Solar Refining.	500,000	$20	..	Dec 20,12	570	615
So. Pipe Line..	10,000,000	$8	Q	Mar 1, 13	253	257
So. Penn. Oil...	2,500,000	$10	Q	Mar 31,13	890	910
S. W. P. Pipe L	3,500,000	$5	Q	Mar 31,13	160	165
St. Oil (Cal.)...	50,000,000	2.50	..	Mar 15,13	183	186
St. Oil (Ind.)....	30,000,000	$7	Q	Feb 28,13	320	325
St. Oil (Kan.)..	1,000,000	$7	Q	Feb 28,13	550	570
St Oil (Ky.)..	1,000,000	..	..	....	405	425
St. Oil (Neb.)..	800,000	$10	..	Dec 20,12	310	325
St. Oil (N. J.)..	98,338,382	$5	Q	Mar 17,13	359	362
St. Oil (N. Y.)..	15,000,000	$6	Q	Jun 15,12	635	645
St. Oil (Ohio)..	3,500,000	$5	Q	Mar 31,13	270	285
S.O. sub., en bl.	....	..	..	....	700	725
Swan & Finch.	500,000	$5	..	Mar 31,13	195	210
Union Tank L..	12,000,000	..	..	....	65	67
Vacuum Oil....	15,000,000	$3	..	Oct 31,12	180	183
Washington Oil	100,000	..	..	....	29	32
Wat.-P. Oil....	400,000	..	..	....	1350	1450

SHORT-TERM NOTES.

Name.	Rate	Maturity.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Amalgamated Copper.....	5	Apr., 1913	98	98¼	5.92
American Locomotive.....	5	Oct., 1913	99½	100⅛	4.25
American Locomotive.....	5	Oct., 1914	99	100	5.00
Ann Arbor	5	May, 1913	98	99½	11.00
Austrian Government.....	4½	Jly, '14-15	97	97½	5.90
Baltimore & Ohio..........	4½	June, 1913	99¾	100	4.50
Brooklyn Rapid Transit..	5	July, 1918	95⅛	95⅝	6.05
Chesapeake & Ohio........	4½	June, 1914	98½	98¾	5.50
Chicago & Alton...........	5	Mar.15,'13	99½	100	5.00
Chicago & Western Ind....	5	Sep., 1915	98¾	99¼	5.25
Chicago Elevated	5	July, 1914	96¾	97¼	7.40
Cin., Ham. & Dayton......	4	July, 1913	99¼	99¾	5.00
Erie R. R.	6	Apr. 8, '14	99⅞	100⅛	5.87
Erie R. R.	5	Oct., 1914	99	99¾	5.10
Erie R. R.	5	Apr., 1915	97½	98¼	5.95
General Motor............	6	Oct., 1915	98¼	99¼	6.25
General Rubber	4½	July, 1915	96⅛	96⅝	6.80
Hocking Valley...........	4½	Nov., 1913	99¼	99¾	4.90
Hudson Companies.........	6	Feb., 1913	96½	97¾	8.00
Illinois Central	4½	July, 1914	98⅞	99¼	5.05
Int. & Great Northern....	5	Aug., 1914	97	97¾	6.70
Int. Harvester...........	5	Feb. 15,'15	99¼	99⅝	5.20
Kansas City Ry. & Light..	5	May, 1913	88	92½	50.00
Kansas City Ry. & Light..	6	Sep., 1912	88	91½	..
Lackawanna Steel	5	Mar., 1915	93½	94½	7.80
Met. St. Ry., Kansas City.	5	May, 1913	93	96	31.00
Mexican M. C.............	4½	Sep., 1913	97	98½	7.80
Minneapolis & St. Louis...	5	Feb., 1913	97½	98½	7.50
Mo., Kan. & Texas.........	5	May, 1913	99¾	100	5.00
Missouri Pacific Ry.......	5	June, 1913	96¼	96½	7.85
Mont. T. & P..............	6	Apr., 1915	98½	99¾	6.95
Nat. Rys. of Mexico.......	4½	June, 1913	98	99	9.50
New York Central & Hud.	4½	Mar., 1914	99⅛	99⅝	4.90
New York Central & Hud.	4½	May, 1915	98½	98¾	5.15
New York, N. H. & H......	5	Dec., 1913	99½	99¾	5.62
St. Louis & San Francisco	5	June, 1913	99⅛	99⅝	5.75
St. Louis & San Francisco	6	Sep., 1914	99	99½	6.37
Southern Railway	5	Feb., 1913	98⅝	99	5.25
Sulzberger & S............	6	June, 1916	97¾	98¾	6.35
U. S. S. R. M..............	5	Aug., 1914	98	100	5.00
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	99¼	99¾	61.00
Westinghouse E. & M.......	5	July, 1913	99¼	100	4.50
Westinghouse E. & M.......	6	Aug., 1913	100	100½	4.90
Western Maryland..........	5	July, 1915	97	98½	5.50

DIVIDENDS. DIVIDENDS.

United States Mortgage & Trust Company

NEW YORK

Member N. Y. Clearing House Association

The following coupons will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company

55 CEDAR STREET

On and After April 1st, 1913

- Asheville Power & Light Co. 1st........5s
- Alexander, La., Pub. Imp............5s
- Barton Heights, Va., Water...........6s
- Bexar Co., Tex., C. H. Ref. (Apr. 10)..4½s
- Binghamton, Tenn., Pub. S. Bldg....5½s
- Boca & Loyalton R. R. Co. 1st......6s
- Camden Co., N. J., Road Imp.......4½s
- Camden Co., N. J., Turnpike Road...4½s
- Camilla, Ga., W. & L...............5½s
- and W. W., C. H., School............5s
- Castile, N. Y., Water................4s
- Chicago Utilities Co. 1st...........5s
- Citizens' W. & L. Co., of Shelbyville, Ind...5s
- Cold Spring, N. Y. Sewer............3¾s
- Essex County, N. J., Hospital.........4s
- Essex County, N. J., Park.............4s
- Elyria, Ohio, Water Works.............4s
- Franklin County, Ohio, Bridge.........4s
- Guanajuato Power & Elec. Co. 1st....6s
- Hawaii Territory Improvement......3½s
- Jamestown, N. Y., Water.............4s
- Lancaster Co., S .C., S. D. No. 40......6s
- L. I. R. R. Co. Consolidated..........5s
- L. I. R. R. New Consolidated..........4s
- L. I. R. R. Co. North Shore Br.........5s
- Marquette & Bess. D. & N. Co. 1st..4½s
- Memphis, Tenn., Parkway..........4½s
- Memphis, Tenn., Artesian Wat. Co....4½s
- Monroe, La., Improvement............5s
- N. Y., Bkn. & Man. Beach R. R. Co. Con. 5s
- Northern Elec. Co. 1st................5s
- Ossining, N. Y., Water...............3.95s
- Oswego, N. Y., Water................3½s
- Ottumwa Traction & Light Co..........5s
- Pensacola, Fla., Refunding..........4½s
- Petaluma & Santa Rosa Rwy. Co. 2d...6s
- Pleasantville, N. Y., Water..........3½s
- Ridgewood, N. J., Town School.......4s
- Rome, Ga., P. S., S. P., S. & W........4s
- St. Louis S. W. Ry. Co., Equ., Ser. A...5s
- Salem, Va., Refunding.................4s
- Salt Lake City, Utah, W. & S....4s & 4¼s
- School City of Ft. Wayne, Ind. 3½s & 4s
- Syracuse, N. Y., Imp. (var. others)....3½s
- Third Ave. Ry. Adj. Mtge. Income.....5s
- Toledo, Ohio, Imp. (various others)....4s
- Toledo, Ohio. All Issues of Board of Ed.
- Virginia Electric Co. 1st..............5s
- W. Wks. Co. (San Antonio), Tex., 1st 6s
- Wilson, N. C., Imp. (April 15).......5s

Branches

Broadway at 73d St. — 125th St. at Eighth Ave.

Capital, $2,000,000
Surplus, 7,000,000

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY

60 Broadway
Fifth Ave. & 34th St.
Lenox Ave. & 125th St.
Third Ave. & 148th St.

The following coupons and dividends will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company.

60 BROADWAY

On and After April 1, 1913

- Alabama, Tennessee & Northern R.R. Co. 1st 5s
- Alabama, Tennessee & Northern R. R. Co. 6% Notes
- American Agricultural Chemical Co..1st 5s
- American Cities Realty Corporation..1st 7s
- American Home Magazine Co.......1st 5s
- American Ice Securities Co........Deb. 6s
- Atlantic Shore Line Ry............1st 5s
- Bush Terminal Buildings Co. (Registered) 1st 5s
- County of Bergen, N. J. (County Bldg.)..4½s
- Central N. Y. Gas & Electric Co..6% notes
- Chest Creek Land & Imp. Co. (Reg.) 1st 4s
- City Gas & Electric Co............1st 5s
- Columbia Ry Gas & Elec. Sec. Corp. 6% notes
- Computing Scale Co. of America....1st 6s
- Corning, N. Y. (Village of).....Water 4s
- Genesee & Wyoming R. R. Co.....1st 5s
- Goulds Mfg. Co...................1st 6s
- Grand River Coal & Coke Co......1st 6s
- Hoosic Falls Illuminating Co..Ref. & Imp. 5s
- Key West, Florida......Pav. & Sewer 5s
- Knickerbocker Portland Cement Co. 6% notes Series "C"
- Lawrence, N. Y. (Village of) Reg.....3½s
- Francis H. Leggett & Co............1st 6s
- Orleans County Quarry Co. (Bd. Scrip) 1st 6s
- Panhandle Traction Co.............1st 5s
- Parr Shoals Power Co...............1st 5s
- Princeton, West Virginia..............6s
- Savannah River Power Co.........Ref. 5s
- Savannah River Power Co..........1st 5s
- City of Syracuse, N. Y. (Registered & Prin.) Walkill River Co............1st 6s
- West Hoboken, N. J. (Town of) .Ref. 4½s
- Wyoming County Home Telephone Co. 1st 5s
- Yellow Taxicab Co...............1st 6s

DUE APRIL 2ND, 1913.

- City of Norwich, Conn. (various)
- Tombigbee Valley R. R. Co.......1st 5s

DUE APRIL 15TH, 1913.

- Ausable Home Telephone Co.......1st 5s
- Dunkirk Home Telephone Co.......1st 5s

DIVIDENDS

- California Petroleum Corp...Preferred Stock
- California Petroleum Corp....Common Stock
- McCall Corporation....1st Preferred Stock
- McCall Corporation.........Common Stock
- The May Department Stores Co...Pfd. Stock
- Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc..Preferred Stock

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE AT THIS OFFICE ON AND AFTER APR. 1, 1913

- Birmingham Ry., Lt. & Power Co. 4½s
- Carter Coal & Iron Co. 1st 5s
- Central Ry. Co. of Peoria 1st Mtge. 5s
- Citizen's Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute 1st Mtge, 5s
- The City Water Power Co. (Austin, Texas) 1st S. F. 5s
- Clinton Iron and Steel Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- Col. Springs Light & Power Co. 1st 5s
- Columbia University Club 2d Mtge. 4s
- Columbus, London & Springfield Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- Consolidated Light & Power Co. of Whitehall 1st 5s
- Denver & Rio Grande R. R. Co. Cumulative Adj. 7% Gold
- Erie Electric Motor Co. 1st Ref. Skg. Fund Gold Bonds 5s
- Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. Cons. 6s
- Fulton Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- Imperial Electric Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- International Nickel Co. 30 Year S. F. 5s
- Kansas City Southern Railway Co. 1st 3s
- Lincoln Heat, Light & Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- New London Gas & Elec. Co. 1st & 2d Mtge. 5s
- New York & Stamford Ry. Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- Otis Elevator Co. Conv. Gold Deb. 5s
- Peekskill Ltg. & R. R. Co. 1st Mtg. 5s
- Pine Bluff Natural Gas Co. 20 year 1st Gold 6s
- Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R. Co. 2d Mtge. 5s
- Raleigh & Southport Ry. Co. General 6s
- Sante Fe Water & Light Co. 1st Mtge. Prior Lien 5s
- Sante Fe Water & Light Co. 1st Cons. Mtge. 4s
- Spring Brook Water Supply Co. 1st Mtge. 5s
- Standard Screw Co. Gold Deb. 5s
- Tanana Valley Railroad Co. 3 Year Coll. Trust Notes 8s
- Tomkins Cove Stone Co. 1st 6s
- The Tri-City Railway & Light Co. 5% Coll. Trust 1st Lien
- Water, Light & Gas Co. of New Jersey Cons. & Ref. 5s
- Water & Light Company of Nebraska City 1st 3s (reduced from 6%)
- Western New York & Pennsylvania Ry. Co. General Mtge. 4s
- Youngstown & Southern Ry. Co. 1st 5s

DUE APRIL 15TH, 1913.

- Dedham & Hyde Park Gas & Electric Light Co. 1st 5s

DUE APRIL 20TH, 1913.

- Colorado Springs Electric Co. 1st 5s

OFFICE OF
W. S. BARSTOW & COMPANY, Inc.
50 Pine Street, New York.
Engineers—Managers.

THE GENERAL GAS & ELECTRIC CO.
New York, February 26, 1913.

The Board of Directors of The General Gas & Electric Company have this day declared the regular quarterly dividend of One and One-Half Per Cent. on its preferred stock, payable April 1, 1913, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 20, 1913.

The transfer books of the preferred stock will be closed at the close of business March 20, 1913, and reopen at 10:00 A. M. April 2, 1913.

O. CLEMENT SWENSON, Treasurer.

THE J. G. WHITE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION.
43 Exchange Place, New York,
MANAGERS.

ASSOCIATED GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.

The board of Directors of ASSOCIATED GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY has declared a dividend of ONE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT. (1½%) on the Preferred Stock of the Company for the quarter ending March 31st, 1913, payable Tuesday, April 15th, 1913, to stockholders of record Monday, March 31st, 1913.

T. W. MOFFAT, Secretary.

THE KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY.

No. 25 Broad Street, New York, March 4, 1913.

A quarterly dividend of ONE PER CENT. (1%) has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Company from surplus earnings of the current fiscal year, payable April 15, 1913, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. March 31, 1913. Checks in payment of the dividend will be mailed to stockholders at the addresses last furnished to the Transfer Agent.

G. C. HAND, Secretary.

The Market and Fulton National Bank

New York, March 25, 1913.

A QUARTERLY dividend of Three per cent. upon the capital stock of this Bank has been declared, payable, free of tax, on and after April 1st, 1913. The transfer books will be closed until that date.

T. J. STEVENS, Cashier.

AMERICAN GAS & ELECTRIC CO.
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 25
New York, March 12, 1913.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and one-half per cent. (1½%) on the issued and outstanding PREFERRED Capital Stock of American Gas & Electric Company has been declared for the quarter ending April 30, 1913, payable May 1, 1913, to stockholders of record on the books of the company at the close of business April 19, 1913, on which day the transfer books will close and reopen May 2, 1913.

FRANK B. BALL, Treasurer.

VIRGINIA RAILWAY AND POWER CO.
No. 149 Broadway, New York,
February 28th, 1913.

The Board of Directors of Virginia Railway & Power Company has this day declared a dividend of 1½%, equal to $1.50 per share, on the common stock of said Company, payable on April 10th, 1913, to the common stockholders of record on March 20th, 1913. The transfer books will not be closed. Dividend cheques will be mailed.

G. B. WILLIAMS, Treasurer.

MT. OLIVE & STAUNTON COAL CO.

Coupon No. 17, due April 1st, 1913, from the First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the above Company will be paid on and after April 1st, 1913, at the office of Charles E. Kimball, 52 William Street, New York City.

CHAS. R. MANTER, Treasurer.

ENGINEERS.

Completed Contracts

United States, Great Britain, Canada, Holland, France, Italy, India, New Zealand, Australia, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Venezuela, Argentina, Cuba, Porto Rico, Central America, Philippine Islands and Mexico.

The J. G. White Companies

ENGINEERS MANAGERS FINANCIERS

New York Chicago
San Francisco

W. S. BARSTOW & CO.
INCORPORATED
CONSULTING and CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS
PUBLIC SERVICE PROPERTIES FINANCED and MANAGED
50 Pine Street New York

H. M. Byllesby & Co
Incorporated
Chicago: Insurance Exchange Bldg.
New York: Trinity Bldg.
Purchase, Finance, Construct and Operate Electric Light, Gas, Street Railway and Water Power Properties.
Examination and Reports.
Utility Securities Bought and Sold.

WE offer you an investment as secure as human ability and integrity, backed by New York Real Estate, can make it, and with a return that only carefully selected N. Y. Realty can equal.

Booklet E will interest you.

New York Realty Owners
489 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR INDUCTION AND DIRECT-current Motors, Copper Louver Panels, and Rubber Valves.—Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., April 19, 1913, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the above-mentioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 770) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City; 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La., and 1,086 North Point Street, San Francisco, Cal.; also from the U. S. Engineer Offices in the following cities: Seattle, Wash.; Los Angeles, Cal.; Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Tex.; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo.; Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill.; and Commercial Club, Tacoma, Wash.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

VALVES.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, April 8, 1913, for Contract 105 for furnishing, delivering, and installing bronze riser valves and appurtenances for the city tunnel of Catskill aqueduct in the City of New York.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President.
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF Engraving and Printing, Washington, D. C., March 31, 1913.—Sealed proposals will be received at this bureau until 2 P. M., Monday, May 12, 1913, to furnish brass castings and iron castings, to purchase pulp produced from maceration of United States notes and securities, to purchase waste paper, &c., and to wash wetting cloths, during the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1913. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids or parts of bids. Blank forms with specifications for proposals and other information desired will be furnished intending bidders on application to Joseph E. Ralph, Director of Bureau.

GOVERNORS ISLAND, N. Y. H., March 1, 1913.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received here until 10 A. M., April 1, 1913, for printing and material, except paper, required at Headquarters Easten Department, during year ending June 30, 1914. Successful bidder will be required to furnish plant. Work to be done on Governors Island in building furnished by the U. S., rent free. Information on application. Envelopes containing proposals should be marked "Proposals for printing." Address to Chief Quartermaster.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, ROOM 2, CUSTOM House, Norfolk, Va., March 27, 1913. Sealed proposals for furnishing or constructing two wooden quarterboats will be received at this office until 12 o'clock noon, April 26, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col., Engrs.

PROPOSALS FOR ENGINEER SCHOOL Building, Washington Barracks, D. C., March 27, 1913. Sealed proposals for constructing an Engineer School Building with Power House Annex will be received here until 12 M., April 26, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. W. J. Barden, Major, Engrs.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE WEEKS-NUMAN COMPANY.
Notice of Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this company will be held on Monday, April 14th, 1913, at 2 P. M., at the office of the Company, 39 Park Place, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Dated March 27th, 1913.
CHARLES F. HOFFMAN, Secretary.

The Greenwich Insurance Company.
New York, March 24, 1913.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of The Greenwich Insurance Company, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the company, No. 111 William Street, on Monday, April 7th, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon. Polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M.
F. W. DE HART, Secretary.

Globe & Rutgers Fire Insurance Co.
111 William St., New York, March 25, 1913.

The annual election for Directors of this Company will be held at this office Tuesday, April 8, 1913. Polls open from 12 o'clock noon until 1 P. M. W. H. PAULISON, Secretary.

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of Adolphe, Inc., will be held at their offices, 13 West 56th St., N. Y. City, Monday, March 31st, 1913, at 10 A. M. EDWARD BOMAN, Secretary.

The Denver and Rio Grande Railroad Co.
SEVEN PER CENT. CUMULATIVE ADJUSTMENT MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS.

The semi-annual installments of interest on this Company's Adjustment Bonds, amounting to Three and One-half Per Cent., (3½%,) represented by Coupons Nos. 2 and 3, will be paid on and after April 1, 1913, at The New York Trust Company, 26 Broad Street, New York; at Messrs. John K. Gilliat & Co., 7 Crosby Square, London, E. C., England; at the Deutsche Bank, Berlin, Germany, and at the Rotterdamsche Bankvereeniging, Amsterdam, Holland.

THE DENVER AND RIO GRANDE RAILROAD COMPANY,
By STEPHEN LITTLE, Secretary.
New York, March 22, 1913.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK SALES

STOCKS, (SHARES.)		BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)	
SALES WEEK MARCH 29	1,932,679	SALES WEEK MARCH 29	$10,144,000
SALES WEEK MARCH 22	1,084,788	SALES WEEK MARCH 22	5,794,000
SALES WEEK MARCH 30, 1912	4,752,137	SALES WEEK MARCH 30, 1912	20,396,000
SALES SINCE JAN. 1, 1913	22,158,352	SALES SINCE JAN. 1, 1913	140,863,500
SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR	32,548,895	SAME PERIOD LAST YEAR	233,587,500

Range for Year 1912.		Range for Year 1913.				Amount Capital Stock Listed.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Range for Week Ended March 29.				Closing a Year Ago.	W'ks Net Chge.	Closing Saturday, March 29.		Sales Week Ended March 29, '13.
High.	Low.	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.		Date	Per Cent.				First.	High.	Low.	Last.			Bid.	Asked.	
200	104¾	150	Jan. 20	139⅞	Mar. 13	$12,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	3	..	ADAMS EXPRESS CO.	100	145	145	140	140	200	..	140	148	100
..	..	4¼	Feb. 1	2¾	Mar. 24	15,501,800	....	..	..	Allis-Chalmers Co. t. r., 3d pd.	100	2¾	3	2¾	3	2⅝	− ⅛	2¾	3¼	200
..	..	12½	Jan. 15	6⅝	Mar. 25	14,115,500	....	..	..	Allis-Chal. Co. pf. t. r., 3d pd.	100	7	7	6⅝	7	6⅛	− 1	6½	7½	2,100
92¾	60	80⅝	Jan. 2	65¾	Feb. 25	153,887,900	Feb. 24, '13	1½	Q	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	68	73⅛	68	73½	80¾	+ 6	73⅜	73½	188,475
63⅝	54⅛	57	Jan. 3	46¼	Jan. 17	18,330,900	Jan. 15, '13	1	Q	American Agri. Chemical Co.	100	52	53	52	52	62	− 1	52	53	500
104¼	98	99	Jan. 2	96	Mar. 24	27,112,700	Jan. 15, '13	1½	Q	American Agri. Chem. Co. pf.	100	96	96	96	96	101⅜	− 1	95	100	200
77	46½	50½	Jan. 2	25	Mar. 19	15,000,000	Nov. 15, '12	1¼	..	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	26½	33	26½	32¼	60⅛	+ 6¾	32	32½	16,460
101¼	90	86	Mar. 6	83½	Mar. 10	5,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1½	Q	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	84	84	84	84	99	+ ½	80	89	200
107¾	91½	96¼	Jan. 4	93½	Jan. 13	4,600,000	Mar. 31, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Brake Shoe & F. Co.	100	..	..	..	95	..	..	90½	94	.....
160	130	136⅝	Jan. 6	129	Mar. 20	5,000,000	Mar. 31, '13	2	Q	Am. Brake Shoe & F. Co. pf.	100	130½	130½	130½	130½	..	+ 1½	129	133½	100
47⅝	11¼	46⅞	Jan. 31	25½	Jan. 14	41,233,300	....	..	..	American Can Co.	100	29	33⅝	27⅞	33⅜	21	+ 3⅞	33½	33¾	74,950
126¼	90⅞	129½	Jan. 30	113½	Jan. 14	41,233,300	Jan. 1, '13	†2	Q	American Can Co. pf.	100	121	122¼	119½	122	104⅜	+ 1½	121¾	122	10,650
63⅞	49⅜	56⅝	Jan. 2	47½	Feb. 25	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	½	Q	Am. Car & Foundry Co.	100	48½	51½	48½	51½	56¼	+ 3¼	51½	51¾	2,400
120	115	117	Mar. 5	112	Feb. 25	30,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	114	114	114	114	117	− ⅞	113¾	114½	300
60⅛	30¾	48¾	Jan. 6	41½	Mar. 29	16,264,700	....	..	..	American Cities	100	45	45	41½	41½	..	− 3½	41	43½	700
84¾	75½	78½	Jan. 2	71	Mar. 25	20,553,500	Jan. 1, '13	3	SA	American Cities pf.	100	72	73	71	73	..	− 3	70	71¾	850
98	94	87	Mar. 4	87	Mar. 4	10,639,300	Mar. 31, '13	1¾	Q	American Coal Products	100	..	..	..	87	..	..	..	92	.....
114	108¾	109¼	Jan. 15	109¼	Jan. 15	2,500,000	Jan. 15, '13	1¾	Q	American Coal Products pf.	100	..	..	..	109¼	..	..	100	109	.....
60¼	45½	57⅞	Jan. 2	42¾	Mar. 18	20,237,100	June 1, '11	2½	..	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	43½	48	43¼	47½	53	+ 4	47½	48	7,115
99¼	95	96¾	Jan. 10	95½	Mar. 28	10,198,600	Dec. 2, '12	3	SA	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	96	96	95½	95½	99	− ½	93	..	310
220	160	166	Feb. 6	160½	Jan. 2	18,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	3	Q	American Express Co.	100	165	165	163⅞	163⅞	216	..	160	165	112
7¼	3	5⅛	Jan. 8	4	Jan. 14	11,274,100	....	..	..	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	..	..	..	4⅝	4½	..	4⅛	4⅝	.....
34	20	28¼	Feb. 10	22½	Feb. 25	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05	1	..	Am. Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	26	25⅛	..	25	27	.....
30¾	18	26½	Mar. 5	20	Jan. 2	19,045,100	July 20, '07	1¾	..	American Ice Securities Co.	100	24	26	24	25⅝	22	+ 1⅜	25	25½	2,750
17⅞	9¼	11½	Jan. 31	9	Feb. 25	16,750,000	....	..	..	American Linseed Co.	100	10½	10⅞	10½	10⅞	12	+ 1	10⅞	11	500
43	30	31½	Jan. 31	25½	Feb. 26	16,750,000	Sep. 1, '00	1¾	..	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	28	28	28	28	33	+ 1⅝	27	30	200
47½	31¾	44½	Jan. 6	33½	Feb. 25	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08	1¼	..	American Locomotive	100	34⅝	38⅛	34⅝	37⅞	39	+ 3⅝	37⅞	38½	3,600
110½	103	106¾	Jan. 2	104⅞	Feb. 5	25,000,000	Jan. 21, '13	1¾	Q	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	105¼	105⅜	105¼	105⅜	109	+ ½	105	106	200
19⅛	4¾	13	Jan. 3	7⅞	Feb. 18	5,738,900	....	..	..	American Malt Corporation	100	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	12¼	+ 1⅝	10½	11	100
69¼	42	61½	Jan. 3	47	Feb. 18	8,726,300	Nov. 2, '12	2½	SA	American Malt Corporation pf	100	52	55	52	55	56⅞	+ 3	54	55	1,000
91	66½	74¾	Jan. 30	63⅞	Mar. 19	50,000,000	Mar. 15, '13	1	Q	American Smelt. & Ref. Co.	100	65⅝	71	65⅝	70½	83¾	+ 5	70¼	70½	28,950
109⅜	102⅜	107	Feb. 7	100¼	Mar. 19	50,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Am. Smelting & Ref. Co pf.	100	101¼	103⅝	101¼	103	106¾	+ 2	102½	103	1,075
89½	84	86	Jan. 9	83⅞	Mar. 25	30,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¼	Q	American Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	100	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞	87⅛	− 1⅛	85¼	86¼	100
205¾	123	193	Jan. 22	171	Mar. 8	11,001,700	Jan. 1, '13	‡6	Q	American Snuff Co.	100	171	175	171	175	126	+ 4	173	177	300
105	99	105	Jan. 21	104	Jan. 6	3,914,300	Jan. 1, '13	1¼	Q	American Snuff Co. pf. new	100	..	..	..	103	101⅞	..	101½	105	.....
44⅜	26	40½	Feb. 3	32	Mar. 24	16,218,000	Mar. 31, '13	½	Q	American Steel Foundries	100	32	36	32	36	31¾	+ 3½	35½	37	1,000
133½	113½	118	Jan. 31	109¾	Mar. 19	45,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	111⅛	114⅞	111⅛	114⅛	128½	+ 1⅜	114½	115	3,070
124	115½	116⅝	Jan. 28	113	Mar. 20	45,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	American Sugar Ref. Co. pf.	100	113⅛	114½	113⅜	114½	122⅛	+ 1½	114	115	615
78	66	66⅛	Jan. 30	59	Mar. 26	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	1¼	Q	American Tel. & Cable Co.	100	59	59	59	59	..	− 3	60	63	100
149⅛	137⅝	140	Jan. 3	130¼	Mar. 20	344,139,200	Jan. 15, '13	2	Q	American Tel. & Tel. Co.	100	131¾	134⅜	131¾	134¼	146½	+ 2¾	134⅜	134½	9,490
324½	241⅛	294¾	Jan. 10	232½	Mar. 8	49,314,700	Mar. 1, '13	‡‡5	Q	American Tobacco Co.	100	239¼	243	239¼	240	259⅞	+ 1	241	245	1,410
106⅝	101⅛	106⅛	Jan. 27	101	Mar. 12	51,621,200	Jan. 2, '13	1½	Q	Am. Tobacco Co. pf., new	100	103½	103½	103½	103½	102½	+ 1	101½	103	116
99⅛	97½	99	Jan. 4	96	Mar. 17	10,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1½	Q	American Water Works pf.	100	96	96½	96	96½	..	− ¼	95½	97	200
31	18	18¾	Jan. 11	16¾	Mar. 10	20,000,000	....	..	..	American Woolen Co.	100	..	..	..	17	29½	..	17½	25	.....
84½	79	81	Jan. 3	77½	Feb. 2	40,000,000	Jan. 15, '13	1¾	Q	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	78½	78½	78½	78½	92	− ¾	78¾	82	100
41⅝	25⅛	32¼	Jan. 2	26½	Mar. 15	12,500,000	Oct. 1, '12	1	SA	American Writing Paper pf.	100	26½	26½	26½	26½	29⅛	..	26½	28	150
48	34	41½	Jan. 2	33⅞	Feb. 25	108,312,500	Jan. 15, '13	75c	Q	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	35½	38¾	35½	38⅝	40⅝	+ 3⅛	38⅝	38½	14,400
127½	105½	120	Jan. 7	104	Feb. 28	9,967,600	Jan. 1, '13	2	Q	Assets Realization Co.	100	105	105	105	105	111½	..	103	109	470
47	41½	42¼	Jan. 30	42¼	Jan. 30	40,000,000	Mar. 1, '07	$1.50	..	Associated Oil Co.	100	..	..	..	43⅛	..	..	..	..	.....
111¾	103¼	106⅜	Jan. 6	100	Feb. 25	174,628,000	Mar. 1, '13	1½	Q	Atchison, Topeka & S. F.	100	101	102¾	101	102⅝	108¾	+ 1⅞	102⅝	102¾	9,385
104¼	101⅜	102¼	Jan. 29	99⅝	Mar. 20	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '13	2½	SA	Atchison, Topeka & S. F. pf.	100	100	100	99¾	100	103⅝	+ ⅜	99⅞	100	1,310
148½	130¾	133⅝	Jan. 9	122½	Mar. 20	67,555,400	Jan. 10, '13	3½	SA	Atlantic Coast Line	100	123	124¼	122½	124¼	139¼	+ 1⅝	124	125	3,100
60¾	49	53½	Jan. 8	46½	Feb. 25	20,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1	SA	BALDWIN LOCO. WORKS	100	47	47½	46½	47½	..	+ ½	47	48	800
108⅛	102¾	104¾	Mar. 4	103⅝	Feb. 17	20,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	3½	SA	Baldwin Loco. Works pf.	100	103⅞	104	103⅝	104	105½	+ ⅛	103⅞	104	589
111⅞	101¼	106⅜	Jan. 22	99⅛	Feb. 25	152,314,800	Mar. 1, '13	3	SA	Baltimore & Ohio	100	100¼	101¼	99⅝	101⅛	106⅝	+ 1⅛	101	101⅛	8,200
91	86⅛	88	Jan. 10	83	Mar. 7	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	2	SA	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	82⅝	88¼	..	82½	83½	50
2¾	[illegible]	1⅝	Jan. 17	1	Jan. 14	8,931,980	Dec. 31, '07	12½c	..	Batopilas Mining	100	..	..	..	1½	1⅝	..	1¼	1⅝	.....
51⅝	27¾	41½	Jan. 9	33	Mar. 19	14,862,000	....	..	..	Bethlehem Steel Corporation	100	34	36	33½	36	33½	+ 3	36	36¼	2,200
80	56½	71	Jan. 9	63⅝	Feb. 26	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07	¾	..	Bethlehem Steel Corpor. pf.	100	69⅝	70¾	69⅝	70⅝	62	+ 2⅜	70⅝	71	1,200
94½	76¾	92⅝	Jan. 9	86⅛	Mar. 10	46,794,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¼	Q	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	100	87½	89¼	87⅜	88⅜	83¾	+ 1⅜	88⅜	89	10,200
149	137½	137⅞	Jan. 27	128	Feb. 25	17,999,000	Jan. 2, '13	§2½	Q	Brooklyn Union Gas	100	129¾	131	129¾	131	142	+ 1	130¾	133	812
11¼	7⅞	8¾	Mar. 18	7¼	Jan. 21	7,000,000	....	..	..	Brunswick T. & Ry. Sec. Co.	100	..	..	..	8	..	..	8⅜	8¾	.....
119½	105	116	Jan. 30	105	Mar. 18	10,500,000	Feb. 15, '13	2½	SA	Buffalo, Rochester & Pitts.	100	..	..	..	105	105	..	100	113½	.....
40⅛	28	31	Feb. 8	27⅛	Mar. 24	14,647,200	Mar. 1, '13	¾	Q	Butterick Co.	100	27⅛	29¾	27⅛	28⅝	30⅛	+ 1¼	28⅛	29½	1,000
72¼	49¼	56½	Feb. 3	45¾	Mar. 18	13,572,900	Jan. 1, '13	1¼	Q	CALIFORNIA PETROLEUM	100	47	50¼	47	50	..	+ 3¼	49⅞	50⅛	17,300
93½	84	86	Jan. 30	76½	Mar. 18	10,600,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	California Petroleum pf.	100	77½	77½	77½	77½	..	+ ⅝	77	77½	100
67⅞	65	63	Feb. 13	62½	Jan. 29	15,000,000	Feb. 1, '13	1½	SA	Canada Southern	100	..	..	..	63	..	..	59	64	.....
283	226½	266¾	Jan. 9	218½	Mar. 10	199,984,100	Jan. 2, '13	2½	Q	Canadian Pacific	100	223	235⅞	223	234⅞	238¾	+ 1⅜	234⅞	235	64,695
..	..	228	Mar. 28	215½	Mar. 11		....	..	..	Can. Pac. sub. rcts., 1st inst. pd	..	219½	228	218	228	..	+11	225	229½	900
101½	99⅞	103⅝	Feb. 6	99¼	Mar. 19	11,289,500	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Case (J. I.) Thresh. Mach. pf.	100	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	..	+ 1	99¾	101	200
33⅝	16½	30⅛	Feb. 5	24¼	Mar. 19	39,584,400	....	..	..	Central Leather Co.	100	24½	26¾	24½	26¾	23½	+ 2¼	26½	27	5,110
100½	80	97¼	Mar. 3	93	Mar. 24	33,277,800	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	93⅛	94	93	93¼	89	..	93½	94	675
395	305	362	Jan. 13	325	Mar. 19	27,436,800	Feb. 1, '13	2	Q	Central of New Jersey	100	..	..	..	325	365	..	320	350	.....
121½	114½	*112½	Feb. 24	*112½	Feb. 24	10,000,000	Jan. 9, '13	1½	Q	Central & So. Am. Tel.	100	..	..	..	*112½	119¾	..	100	112	.....
85¼	68¾	80	Jan. 2	70¼	Mar. 20	62,793,700	Mar. 31, '13	1¼	Q	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	71¼	73	70¾	72⅞	78⅛	+ 1	72⅛	72¼	16,160
24¼	17	18	Jan. 2	10	Mar. 20	19,537,800	Feb. 15, '10	2	..	Chicago & Alton	100	10	10	10	10	22½	..	10	20	100
40	25	25¾	Feb. 25	25¾	Feb. 25	19,487,600	Jan. 16, '11	2	..	Chicago & Alton pf.	100	..	..	..	25¾	..	..	25	40	.....
20¾	15⅝	17⅞	Jan. 9	13	Feb. 25	45,155,200	....	..	..	Chicago Great Western	100	15	15	15	15	19⅜	..	14¾	15	125
39½	30½	35	Jan. 9	28	Mar. 10	40,996,300	....	..	..	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	28⅛	29	28⅛	29	37	+ 1	29½	30½	540
117⅝	99¾	116¼	Jan. 9	106	Feb. 25	116,348,200	Mar. 3, '13	2½	SA	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. P.	100	109	111⅝	108¾	111⅝	109⅞	+ 3⅝	111¼	111½	24,350
146	139¼	145	Jan. 30	136½	Feb. 25	116,274,900	Mar. 3, '13	3½	SA	Chicago, Mil. & St. P. pf.	100	138½	138½	138½	138½	145	− ⅛	138½	139½	550
145	134⅛	138	Jan. 6	132	Feb. 25	130,121,700	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Chicago & Northwestern	100	133½	136	133½	136	144	+ 2½	135¾	136	1,550
198	188	188	Mar. 3	185⅝	Feb. 11	22,395,100	Jan. 2, '13	2	Q	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	..	..	..	188	198	..	181	189	.....
144	126	125	Mar. 8	120	Mar. 24	18,556,200	Feb. 20, '13	3½	SA	Chi., St. P., Minn. & Omaha	100	120	120	120	120	137	− 5	120	140	160
155	150	150½	Jan. 21	150	Feb. 13	11,256,800	Feb. 20, '13	3½	SA	Chi., St. Paul, M. & O. pf.	100	..	..	..	150	..	..	140	150	.....
70⅜	25	47⅝	Jan. 2	35⅝	Feb. 27	3,897,000	....	..	..	Chino Copper	5	38¾	41⅞	38¼	41⅛	28⅞	+ 3⅜	41⅞	42	25,110
62½	45¼	54	Jan. 21	52	Feb. 25	47,056,300	Sep. 1, '10	2	..	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	53	53	53	53	54½	..	52⅞	54½	1,100
101½	95	94¾	Jan. 16	90½	Feb. 25	10,000,000	Jan. 20, '13	1¼	Q	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. L. pf.	100	..	..	..	90½	97½	..	90	95	.....
43¾	23⅛	41½	Feb. 3	31	Jan. 14	34,235,500	Apr. 15, '02	1¾	..	Colorado Fuel & Iron	100	33¼	35½	33¼	35½	30¼	+ 3½	35	35½	2,500
140	106	155	Feb. 1	150	Jan. 24	2,000,000	Jan. 20, '13	2½	SA	Colorado Fuel & Iron pf.	100	..	..	..	155	..	..	..	..	.....
45	32½	33	Jan. 3	26	Feb. 26	30,345,000	Dec. 31, '12	1	A	Colorado Southern	100	27½	27½	27½	27½	45	+ 1	28	30	100
76⅞	72	69	Mar. 4	66	Feb. 20	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '12	2	SA	Colorado Southern 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	69	74½	..	68	70	.....
71	66½	*60	Feb. 28	*60	Feb. 28	8,500,000	Oct. 1, '12	2	SA	Colorado Southern 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	*60	66	..	60	70	.....
102	102	102¼	Feb. 25	102¼	Feb. 25	25,000,000	Jan. 31, '13	1½	Q	Consolidation Coal Co.	100	..	..	..	102¼	..	..	..	..	.....
149¼	135¾	142¾	Jan. 9	127	Feb. 25	99,738,400	Mar. 15, '13	1½	Q	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	130	133⅝	129½	133⅜	144¼	+ 3⅝	133½	133¾	2,600
22⅛	10	17⅛	Jan. 31	10	Mar. 4	49,777,300	....	..	..	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	10¼	11⅛	10	11	14¾	+ ¾	11	11¼	5,200
80½	75	79¼	Jan. 31	63½	Mar. 13	29,826,900	Jan. 15, '13	1¼	Q	Corn Products Co. pf.	100	64	66⅞	64	66	81⅛	+ 2⅜	68¼	69½	300
86	70	77	Feb. 19	77	Feb. 19	2,995,700	Dec. 15, '12	3	SA	Crex Carpet Co.	100	..	..	..	77	72	..	75	85	.....
96	92	90	Feb. 4	90	Feb. 4	7,893,800	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Cuban-American Sugar pf.	100	..	..	..	90	95	..	..	92	.....
100¼	99¾	100⅛	Jan. 16	97¾	Feb. 26	37,828,500	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	DEERE & CO. pf.	100	98	98¼	97⅞	98	..	..	98	98¼	900
175½	162	167	Jan. 8	159¼	Feb. 27	42,503,000	Mar. 20, '13	2¼	Q	Delaware & Hudson	100	..	..	..	160	170	..	157	160	.....
597	530	445	Jan. 13	395	Feb. 25	30,277,000	Jan. 20, '13	2½	Q	Del., Lack. & Western	50	399⅞	415	399⅞	415	560	+18½	400	420	455
..	..	420	Feb. 4	385	Mar. 28		....	..	..	D., L. & W. sub. rcts, 50% pd.	..	385	385	385	385	..	− 1½	..	..	200
24	18¼	23⅛	Jan. 9	18¾	Feb. 25	38,000,000	....	..	..	Denver & Rio Grande	100	20¼	20¼	19¼	20¼	23½	+ 1¼	20⅝	21	250
46¼	34¼	41	Jan. 10	33	Mar. 15	49,778,400	Jan. 15, '11	2½	..	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	33¾	34¾	33	34½	44	+ 1½	34½	35	1,160
76⅝	61¼	80¾	Feb. 4	75	Mar. 10	12,500,000	Mar. 3, '13	1½	Q	Detroit United	100	..	..	..	75	..	..	..	80	.....
36¼	20	21¾	Jan. 2	16	Mar. 20	30,815,000	Oct. 31, '12	½	..	Distillers' Sec. Corporation	100	16	17¼	16	17¼	32⅛	+ 1	17¼	18	690
11¾	8	8¼	Jan. 2	6	Feb. 24	12,000,000	....	..	..	Duluth, S. Shore & Atlantic	100	..	..	..	7	11½	..	5	7	.....
23	14	16¼	Jan. 2	13	Feb. 19	10,000,000	....	..	..	Duluth, S. S. & Atlantic pf.	100	13½	13½	13½	13½	21¾	+ ½	12½	14	100
39¼	30	32⅝	Jan. 2	25½	Feb. 25	112,378,900	....	..	..	ERIE	100	27	28⅞	27	28½	37⅛	+ 1⅝	28¼	28⅝	34,650
57⅞	47½	49½	Jan. 30	42	Feb. 25	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07	2	..	Erie 1st pf.	100	43⅝	46	43⅝	45½	56¼	+ 2⅜	45¼	46	1,450
48	38	41	Jan. 30	32¾	Mar. 19	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07	2	..	Erie 2d pf.	100	35	36	35	34½	46½	+ 1¾	35	36	700
21½	11½	18	Jan. 22	13¼	Jan. 13	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09	1½	..	FEDERAL MIN. & SMELT.	100	..	..	..	15¾	18⅝	..	12	16	.....
52¾	37⅛	44	Jan. 2	33	Mar. 19	12,000,000	Mar. 15, 13	1½	Q	Federal Mining & Smelt. pf.	100	33	33	33	33	45½	− 1	33	40	240
225	128	185	Mar. 11	175	Jan. 14	9,831,500	Mar. 1, '13	1½	Q	GENERAL CHEMICAL CO.	100	..	..	..	185	..	..	170	185	.....
115	106¼	109⅞	Jan. 6	107¾	Jan. 24	13,744,700	Jan. 1, '13	1½	Q	General Chemical Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	108	106¼	..	105	108	.....
188⅛	155	187	Jan. 2	135¼	Feb. 25	101,274,800	Jan. 15, '13	2	Q	General Electric Co.	100	136½	139¾	136½	139⅜	165⅝	+ 3¾	139¼	139½	4,206
42⅞	30	34½	Jan. 7	29½	Mar. 17	15,615,200	....	..	..	General Motors	100	30½	30½	30½	30½	30¼	+ 1	30	30½	100
82¾	70¼	79	Jan. 7	75	Feb. 27	13,984,400	Nov. 1, '12	3½	SA	General Motors pf.	100	77	77⅝	76¾	76¾	76	+ ¼	76	77¾	300
5	1⅜	3⅛	Mar. 19	2	Jan. 3	35,591,480	Oct. 31, '12	30c	..	Goldfield Consolidated Mines	10	3	3	2¾	2⅞	4⅞	− ⅛	2¾	2⅞	19,200
81	60¼	68	Jan. 2	28	Mar. 18	60,000,000	Feb. 15, '13	1	Q	Goodrich (B. F.) Co.	100	31⅝	33	30½	32¼	..	+ 2	32	32¼	15,000
109½	105	105¼	Jan. 7	91½	Feb. 18	30,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Goodrich (B. F.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	93	..	..	93	95½	.....
143¾	126	132⅝	Jan. 9	124	Feb. 25	209,990,200	Feb. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Great Northern pf.	100	126¾	128¾	126¾	128¾	133⅜	+ 2½	128⅞	129	8,421
..	..	123⅝	Feb. 11	121	Feb. 25		....	..	..	Gt. Nor. pf. sub. rec., 40% pd.	..	122½	123⅝	122½	123⅝	..	+ ⅞	123¾	124½	300
53	36	41¼	Jan. 3	33	Feb. 25	1,500,000	Dec. 27, '12	50c	..	Great Nor. cfs. for ore prop	..	34	35¼	34	35¼	42¼	+ 1½	35	36	450
62⅜	47	52¾	Jan. 7	42⅛	Mar. 19	19,057,000	Jan. 2, '13	62½c	Q	Guggenheim Exploration	25	43½	47	43½	47	..	+ 4	47	47½	1,700
89	85½	87	Feb. 6	86⅜	Jan. 6	15,000,000	Nov. 1, '12	2¼	SA	HAVANA EL. RY., L. & P.	100	..	..	..	87	..	..	85¼	..	.....
96½	95½	96	Jan. 8	96	Jan. 8	15,000,000	Nov. 1, '12	3	SA	Havana Elec. Ry., L. & P. pf.	100	..	..	..	96	..	..	96	99½	.....
200	155	180	Jan. 11	170	Mar. 11	4,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	2½	Q	Helme (G. W.) Co.	100	..	..	..	170	165	..	170	185	.....
116	109½	*106½	Mar. 19	*105½	Mar. 14	3,914,300	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Helme (G. W.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	*106½	..	..	106½	118	.....
112	86¼	117½	Feb. 3	110	Jan. 4	21,840,000	Mar. 25, '13	65c	M	Homestake Mining	100	100	102	100	100½	91	..	98	108	55
141⅛	120⅝	128⅞	Feb. 5	119½	Mar. 27	109,296,000	Mar. 1, '13	3½	SA	ILLINOIS CENTRAL	100	122	122¾	119½	123½	132½	+ ½	122	126½	5,090
21⅞	16⅞	19½	Jan. 2	15⅝	Mar. 19	14,458,860	....	..	..	Inspiration Consolidated Cop.	20	16	17	16	17	..	+ 1	16½	17	2,900
22	16¼	19⅝	Jan. 30	16⅛	Feb. 26	60,419,500	....	..	..	Interboro-Met. vot. tr. cfs.	100	16¾	17½	16⅜	17½	20¼	+ ⅞	17⅜	17½	6,300
67¾	52¾	65⅜	Jan. 30	56½	Feb. 26	16,955,900	....	..	..	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	57¼	58⅜	56⅞	58¾	60¼	+ 1½	58⅜	58¾	10,200
53½	36	39	Jan. 11	31	Feb. 7	7,520,000	....	..	..	International Agricultural Co.	100	..	..	..	31	..	..	..	29	.....
99	89	90	Jan. 3	76	Feb. 18	12,955,600	Jan. 15, '13	3½	SA	International Agricul. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	76	..	..	70	78	.....
126⅝	105¼	115⅝	Jan. 30	104½	Mar. 13	6,832,500	Jan. 15, '13	1¼	Q	International Harvester, old	100	107	109	107	109	114¼	+ 3	107¼	109	500
121⅜	113½	116	Jan. 28	111½	Mar. 8	2,498,700	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	International Harv. pf., old	100	111½	111½	111½	111½	121	..	110½	111¼	400
..	..	109	Feb. 28	105	Mar. 26	36,347,100	....	..	..	International Harvester, new	100	106	107	105	107	..	+ ¾	105¼	107¾	400
..	..	112½	Mar. 26	112½	Mar. 26	28,396,700	....	..	..	International Harv. pf., new	100	112½	112½	112½	112½	..	..	111⅞	116	100
..	..	107¾	Mar. 29	105	Mar. 26	36,131,200	....	..	..	International Harv. Corpora'n	100	105	107¾	105	107¾	..	+ 2	..	108	300
..	..	113	Mar. 13	113	Mar. 13	28,358,900	....	..	..	International Harv. Corp. pf.	100	..	..	..	113	..	..	112⅜	116	.....
19¾	9⅜	12⅝	Jan. 30	9½	Jan. 21	17,442,900	....	..	..	International Paper Co.	100	10⅜	11½	10¼	11½	12	+ 1¼	10½	11½	800
62⅞	45⅛	48½	Jan. 30	42	Jan. 21	22,539,700	Jan. 15, '13	½	Q	International Paper Co. pf.	100	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	54⅜	+ ⅛	43	43¼	300
34	12	18½	Jan. 9	8	Mar. 17	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05	½	..	International Steam Pump Co.	100	9	10⅞	9	10⅞	30	+ 1½	10¼	10½	700
84⅝	63	70	Jan. 9	38	Mar. 24	11,350,000	Feb. 1, '13	1½	Q	International Steam P. Co. pf.	100	38	38	38	38	82⅞	+ 3	36	40	100
15	10½	10⅛	Jan. 30	8	Mar. 19	3,917,800	....	..	Q	Iowa Central	100	..	..	..	8	..	..	8	10	.....
30	22	23	Jan. 2	21	Jan. 21	2,976,500	May 1, '09	1½	..	Iowa Central pf.	100	..	..	..	21	25½	..	18	22	.....
81	74½	78	Jan. 7	71	Mar. 27	13,510,000	Jan. 2, '13	1	Q	KAN. CITY, FT. S. & M. pf.	100	71	71	71	71	79	− 1	71	73	100
31¼	22½	27¼	Jan. 6	23⅞	Feb. 25	30,000,000	....	..	..	Kansas City Southern	100	24½	24¾	24	24½	28	+ ½	24½	25	700
65⅝	56	61½	Jan. 7	59¼	Mar. 10	21,000,000	Jan. 15, '13	1	Q	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	60	60⅛	60	60⅛	65⅝	+ ⅝	59¾	60¼	400
95¾	90	94	Feb. 3	85¼	Jan. 18	6,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1	Q	Kayser (Julius) & Co.	100	..	..	..	88	..	..	88½	91½	.....
109	107	110	Jan. 2	107¾	Jan. 22	2,750,000	Feb. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Kayser (Julius) & Co. 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	108½	..	..	102½	110	.....
9½	5½	6	Feb. 18	5⅞	Jan. 11	2,600,400	....	..	..	Keokuk & Des Moines	100	..	..	..	6	6⅞	..	6½	..	.....
35	43	45	Feb. 4	45	Feb. 4	1,524,600	Apr. 1, '12	2½	A	Keokuk & Des Moines pf.	100	..	..	..	45	..	..	45	..	.....
78¼	67	77½	Feb. 13	76	Feb. 13	3,000,000	Oct. 1, '12	3	SA	Knickerbocker Ice Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	77½	..	..	..	..	.....
89¼	71	81	Feb. 5	61	Mar. 19	4,930,500	....	..	..	Kresge (S. S.) Co.	100	63	63	63	63	..	− 2	61	72	100
105½	100	102	Jan. 4	99	Mar. 10	1,755,900	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Kresge (S. S.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	100	..	..	97½	99½	.....
55½	29	49⅞	Feb. 4	38	Mar. 27	34,978,000	....	..	..	LACKAWANNA STEEL CO.	100	44	44½	38	41	..	− 3	40	41½	2,900
108¾	102⅛	104½	Jan. 8	98	Feb. 25	10,700,000	Mar. 15, '13	1¾	Q	Laclede Gas Co.	100	100¼	100½	99⅞	100½	107¼	+ ¼	99	100½	425
18	11⅜	11½	Feb. 5	9	Feb. 26	11,840,000	....	..	..	Lake Erie & Western	100	..	..	..	9	15	..	8½	11	.....
40	30	35	Jan. 6	25	Mar. 18	11,840,000	Jan. 15, '08	1	..	Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	..	..	..	25	36	..	22	28	.....
185¾	155⅛	168⅜	Jan. 2	152	Mar. 20	60,501,700	Jan. 11, '13	5	SA	Lehigh Valley	50	152½	157⅞	152½	157¾	164⅞	+ 5	157¼	157½	15,750
225	156⅞	235	Mar. 6	213	Jan. 2	21,496,400	Mar. 1, '13	3	Q	Liggett & Myers	100	225	226	225	225	180	− 4	225	229	950
118	105½	116¼	Jan. 23	113	Mar. 6	15,134,200	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Liggett & Myers pf.	100	115	115	111	112¼	109¾	..	113	117	100
54½	43½	43⅛	Jan. 6	39	Mar. 28	12,000,000	Nov., 1896	1	..	Long Island	50	39	39	39	39	45	− 1	38	42	140
47⅛	36	39⅞	Jan. 6	30	Mar. 18	8,000,000	....	..	Q	Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co.	100	30½	30½	30⅜	30⅜	..	+ ⅜	31	33	600
105⅝	102½	105	Jan. 9	99¾	Mar. 13	5,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co. 1st pf	100	100	100	100	100	..	..	100	102	100
97¾	90	95	Jan. 8	92	Jan. 6	2,000,000	Feb. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co. 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	92	..	..	90	92	.....
215½	167	200	Jan. 28	175	Mar. 8	15,155,600	Jan. 2, '13	**5	Q	Lorillard (P.) Co.	100	175	175	175	175	184	− 7½	175	184	100
118	107¾	116½	Jan. 22	113	Feb. 25	11,133,100	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Lorillard (P.) Co. pf.	100	112½	112½	112½	112½	109⅝	..	110	113¼	26
170	139	142¼	Jan. 10	129½	Feb. 25	71,907,700	Feb. 10, '13	3½	SA	Louisville & Nashville	100	133¾	136½	133½	136¼	156⅝	+ 3¼	157¼	157½	2,300
..	..	138¾	Feb. 6	138¾	Feb. 6		....	..	..	Louis. & Nash. sub. rec. 1st pd	..	..	..	..	138¾	..	..	..	..	.....
92¼	75⅛	87	Jan. 21	81	Mar. 11	41,380,400	Jan. 2, '13	1¼	Q	MACKAY COMPANIES	100	81½	81½	81½	81½	80	..	82	82¾	100
70⅞	66	68½	Jan. 21	66½	Jan. 3	50,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1	Q	Mackay Companies pf.	100	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛	67⅛	69¾	− ¼	65	67½	200
138¾	128⅞	132⅝	Jan. 7	127¾	Mar. 19	56,367,500	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Manhattan Elevated gtd.	100	129¼	129¼	129¼	129¼	136	+ 1½	128	129½	166
88	69	76⅞	Jan. 2	66	Feb. 20	15,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	1¼	Q	May Department Stores	100	70⅞	70⅞	70⅞	70⅞	71	+ 1⅛	71	75	100
112	105	105½	Jan. 2	100⅞	Feb. 20	8,250,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	May Department Stores pf.	100	..	..	..	101¾	110	..	100	104	.....
7⅞	4	4⅝	Jan. 2	3¾	Mar. 20	42,549,900	....	..	..	Mercantile Marine	100	4	4	4	4	7	+ ¼	4	4½	100
26	15¾	19½	Jan. 7	16¾	Mar. 13	40,738,800	....	..	..	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	17	17	16¾	17	25	+ ¼	17¼	17½	400
90½	62¾	78¼	Feb. 4	61½	Mar. 20	26,758,300	Mar. 1, '13	1	Q	Mexican Petroleum	100	62½	65¾	62½	65¾	..	+ 3⅜	65½	65⅞	19,000
104	99	99¾	Jan. 2	93	Feb. 19	4,072,400	Jan. 1, '13	⅝	M	Mexican Petroleum pf.	100	..	..	..	93	..	..	94	99	.....
..	..	*170	Jan. 24	*170	Jan. 24	18,738,000	Jan. 29, '13	3	SA	Michigan Central	100	..	..	..	*170	..	..	..	190	.....
30¼	23⅛	26½	Jan. 4	21⅝	Feb. 19	3,727,910	Feb. 15, '13	50c	Q	Miami Copper	5	22½	23⅞	22½	23⅞	26½	+ 1⅝	23¾	24	3,700
27½	18½	23¼	Jan. 2	17½	Feb. 25	10,858,700	July 15, '04	2½	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	18	18	18	18	22	..	18	18½	100
51½	44⅞	47	Jan. 29	42	Mar. 14	5,622,000	Jan. 15, '10	2½	..	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	42	42	42	42	45¼	..	40½	44	400
154½	129	142½	Jan. 9	128¾	Mar. 20	25,206,800	Oct. 15, '12	3½	SA	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. M.	100	129¼	134	129	134	137¾	+ 5¼	134	135	1,845
158	146	143	Mar. 10	141½	Mar. 11	12,603,400	Oct. 15, '12	3½	SA	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	100	..	..	..	141½	..	..	142	150	.....
88⅞	84	83¼	Mar. 5	83½	Mar. 5	11,169,000	Oct. 1, '12	2	SA	M., St. P. & S.S. M. leased line	100	..	..	..	83½	..	..	80	83	.....
31⅝	25½	29⅛	Jan. 7	24	Mar. 19	63,300,300	....	..	..	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	24⅝	26	24⅜	26	31⅜	+ 1¾	26⅜	26½	2,800
66	57⅞	63¼	Jan. 7	59¾	Jan. 14	13,000,000	Nov. 9, '12	2	SA	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	63	63	63	63	64¼	+ 2	62	63	300
47¾	35	43⅜	Jan. 9	36	Feb. 25	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08	2½	..	Missouri Pacific	100	36⅛	39⅛	36⅜	39	45½	+ 2⅜	38½	39	10,600
180	160¼	170	Jan. 14	170	Jan. 14	10,000,000	Feb. 3, '13	3½	SA	NASH., CHAT. & ST. LOUIS	100	..	..	..	170	..	..	130	150	.....
161	114	128½	Jan. 3	112	Feb. 21	20,236,000	Jan. 15, '13	1¾	Q	National Biscuit Co.	100	114¼	116	113½	116	150⅞	+ 1	115	117	910
131	122	124⅞	Jan. 8	116⅛	Mar. 24	24,804,500	Feb. 28, '13	1¾	Q	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	116⅛	117¾	116⅛	117¾	129	− ⅜	117	119	300
26	12¼	19¼	Jan. 30	13⅞	Mar. 10	15,591,800	July 15, '05	½	..	Nat. Enamel. & Stamp. Co.	100	..	..	..	14	17	..	14	15	.....
95½	88	92¼	Jan. 30	84	Mar. 24	8,546,600	Mar. 31, '13	1¾	Q	Nat. Enamel. & Stamp. Co. pf.	100	84	84	84	84	93⅜	− 2	83	93	100
68¼	51⅛	56¼	Jan. 2	45½	Mar. 19	20,750,000	Mar. 31, '13	¾	Q	National Lead Co.	100	47¼	47½	47¼	47½	57⅛	+ 1¾	48	50	500
110⅞	103¼	107⅝	Jan. 27	104	Mar. 14	24,463,600	Mar. 15, '13	1¾	Q	National Lead Co. pf.	100	104½	104½	104⅛	104⅛	107½	− ⅜	105⅛	107	260
71	62½	59	Mar. 3	56⅜	Feb. 10	28,831,000	Feb. 10, '13	2	SA	Nat. Rys. of Mexico 1st pf.	100	58	58½	58	58	64⅛	− 1	58	60	300
36⅞	26⅜	27½	Jan. 2	22⅜	Feb. 18	124,540,700	....	..	..	Nat. Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	24	24⅝	24	24⅝	29⅛	+ 1⅜	24¼	24½	400
24⅛	18¼	20	Jan. 2	16	Feb. 18	9,907,28[illegible]	Mar. 31, '13	37½c	Q	Nevada Con. Copper Co.	5	17	18	17	18	20	+ 1¼	17⅞	18	2,900
85	50	82½	Jan. 8	69	Mar. 19	10,000,000	Mar. 18, '13	1½	Q	New York Air Brake	100	72	73	71⅞	73	53⅝	+ 1	73¼	77	700
121½	100⅜	109⅜	Jan. 30	104½	Feb. 13	222,729,300	Jan. 15, '13	1¼	Q	New York Central	100	104½	106	104½	106	112⅛	+ 1½	105½	106	5,600
61½	53	63¼	Jan. 15	56	Mar. 12	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	4	A	New York, Chi. & St. Louis	100	..	..	..	56	56	..	55	57	.....
142¼	126	129¼	Jan. 20	113¾	Mar. 18	180,013,100	Mar. 31, '13	2	Q	New York, N. H. & Hartford	100	117½	119	115½	118⅞	140⅞	+ ⅝	118	118¾	2,400
41⅝	29⅞	33⅞	Jan. 11	29¼	Mar. 24	58,113,900	Aug. 14, '11	2	..	New York, Ontario & West	100	30⅜	30	29¼	30	39⅝	+ ½	30¼	30⅝	900
[illegible]	[illegible]	87½	Jan. 8	86¼	Jan. 31	19,997,700	Jan. 2, '13	1½	Q	New York State Railways	100	..	..	..	86½	..	..	..	90½	.....
55	43¼	44⅛	Mar. 27	40	Mar. 24	16,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	½	Q	Norfolk Southern	100	42⅛	44⅛	40	44⅛	..	+ 1⅜	43	44	300
119¼	107¾	113½	Jan. 3	103¾	Mar. 20	99,635,500	Mar. 19, '13	1½	Q	Norfolk & Western	100	104	106	104	106	110⅞	+ 2	106¼	106⅜	4,910
92	88	87	Feb. 13	82¼	Mar. 17	23,000,000	Feb. 19, '13	1	Q	Norfolk & Western pf.	100	..	..	..	82¼	..	..	83½	84¼	.....
87⅞	74½	81½	Jan. 9	76	Mar. 28	29,779,700	Jan. 2, '13	1¼	Q	North American	100	77	77	76	77	79¼	..	77	77¼	300
131⅞	115⅜	122⅝	Jan. 6	113⅞	Feb. 26	247,998,300	Feb. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Northern Pacific	100	115	117¾	115½	117¾	122¼	+ 2⅞	117½	117¾	11,200
79½	56	75¾	Jan. 15	70	Mar. 27	9,000,000	Mar. 15, '13	1¼	Q	Northern Ohio Trac. & Light	100	70½	70½	70	70	62	− 3	68	73	300
3¼	1	2⅝	Feb. 3	2⅜	Jan. 8	15,000,000	Dec. 30, '02	30c	..	ONTARIO MINING CO.	100	..	..	..	2½	1¾	..	2	2½	.....
110	106⅞	107¾	Jan. 29	106	Jan. 2	2,000,000	Mar. 15, '13	1¾	Q	PABST BREWING pf.	100	..	..	..	107¼	..	..	106	110	.....
38	28¾	31½	Jan. 10	24½	Mar. 20	20,000,000	Dec. 1, '99	1	..	Pacific Mail	100	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾	33½	+ ¼	26	27	100
55⅝	45	46	Jan. 4	36	Mar. 10	18,000,000	....	..	..	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	100	36¼	37	36¼	37	47	+ 1	36	37½	1,300
104½	98½	96	Feb. 19	96	Feb. 19	32,000,000	Jan. 15, '13	1½	Q	Pacific Tel. & Tel. pf.	100	..	..	..	96	..	..	92	98	.....
126¼	119⅞	123¾	Jan. 7	117½	Feb. 19	453,877,950	Feb. 28, '13	1½	Q	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	118½	119	118	118¾	123⅞	+ ⅜	118¾	118⅞	24,455
122½	103	116	Jan. 8	109	Feb. 24	35,000,000	Feb. 25, '13	1¾	Q	People's Gas, Chicago	100	109½	109½	109½	109½	108⅛	..	110	115	100
18½	12¼	12	Jan. 20	11¼	Jan. 15	10,000,000	....	..	..	Peoria & Eastern	100	..	..	..	11¾	14½	..	11	15	.....
28⅜	28⅜	28½	Feb. 3	23	Mar. 14	6,646,500	....	..	..	Pettibone-Mulliken Co.	100	..	..	..	23	..	..	23	26	.....
98⅝	97¾	98½	Feb. 4	93	Feb. 25	1,872,200	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Pettibone-Mulliken 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	93	..	..	92	96	.....
111¼	100	99⅞	Jan. 29	99	Jan. 29	30,043,000	Feb. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Philadelphia Co.	50	..	..	..	99	100	..	88	98	.....

BANK OF THE METROPOLIS
31 UNION SQUARE
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS

Organized 1871 Member of N. Y. Clearing House

TWO GENERATIONS OF BUSINESS

The Bank of the Metropolis has been in business on Union Square continuously for 42 years. Two generations of business men have come and gone since its doors first opened in 1871. Its growth is shown by the increase in its capital and surplus from $500,000 to $3,100,000.

Its officers will be glad to show merchants and manufacturers locating in the uptown district the banking facilities which the Bank of the Metropolis can offer them.

OFFICERS:
CORCELLUS H. HACKETT, Chairman
GEORGE McNEIR, Vice-President
EDWIN S. LAFFEY, Cashier
STEPHEN BAKER, President
EDWARD C. EVANS, Vice-President
HERBERT G. KIMBALL, Ass't Cashier

More and more people are finding it convenient to keep their Securities and other Valuables uptown instead of downtown.

The Union Trust Company of New York offers unexcelled facilities at moderate prices in the uptown vaults of the Lenox Safe Deposit Company.

At Fifth Avenue and Sixtieth Street they are very near the "social centre" of New York and convenient for most people who live uptown.

Inspection and patronage are invited.

To the Holders of the
Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures
of the
Buffalo Railway Company

Pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture or Trust Agreement of the Buffalo Railway Company to the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee, dated April 1, 1897, notice is hereby given that on the first day of April, 1913, the International Railway Company (formed by consolidation of the said Buffalo Railway Company and other companies) will redeem all of the Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures issued under and secured by the said Indenture or Trust Agreement, at the price or sum of One hundred and five dollars for each and every One hundred dollars of par value thereof, upon presentation of the debentures together with all unmatured coupons thereto attached, at the office of the said Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Pledgee as aforesaid, No. 49 Wall Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. Interest on the said debentures shall cease on the said first day of April, 1913.

Dated February 26, 1913.
INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY COMPANY,
By E. G. CONNETTE, President.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the foregoing notice has been served on the Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, as Pledgee under the Indenture or Trust Agreement therein mentioned, and that in accordance with said notice all of the said Six Per Cent. Collateral Gold Debentures of the Buffalo Railway Company have been called for redemption at the office of the said Pledgee.

Dated February 28th, 1913.
METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK,
By BEVERLY CHEW, 2 V.-President.

DIVIDENDS.

THE SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY RAILWAY CO.

Coupons No. 33, due April 1, 1913, from THE SAN FRANCISCO AND SAN JOAQUIN VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds will be paid on and after that date upon presentation at the office of its financial agency, The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company, No. 5 Nassau Street, New York City, or at the office of its financial agency, the Union Trust Company, San Francisco, California.
C. K. COOPER, Assistant Treasurer.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
DIVIDEND NO. 55.

A quarterly dividend of Two Per Cent. on the capital stock of this Company has been declared, payable April 15th, 1913, at the office of the Treasurer, 131 State Street, Boston, Mass., to stockholders of record at the close of business March 26, 1913.
CHARLES A. HUBBARD, Treasurer.

COLUMBIA-KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
60 Broadway.
New York, March 20, 1913.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a Quarterly Dividend of Five per cent. on the Capital Stock of this Company, payable March 31st, 1913, to Stockholders of record at the close of business March 24th, 1913.

The Transfer Books will not close.
L. W. WIGGIN, Secretary.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.
Northern Maine Seaport Railroad First Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds.

Coupon No. 16, due April 1, 1913, from the Northern Maine Seaport Railroad First Mortgage 5% Bonds will be paid on presentation on and after April 1, 1913, at the offices of Brown Brothers & Company, 59 Wall Street, New York, and 60 State Street, Boston.
W. A. DANFORTH, Treasurer.
Bangor, Me., March 22, 1913.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.
Aroostook Northern Railroad First Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds.

Coupon No. 31, due April 1, 1913, from the Aroostook Northern Railroad First Mortgage Bonds will be paid upon presentation on and after April 1, 1913, at the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 28 Nassau St.
W. A. DANFORTH, Treasurer.
Bangor, Me., March 22, 1913.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.
Van Buren Extension First Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds.

Coupon No. 28, due April 1, 1913, from the Van Buren Extension First Mortgage Bonds will be paid upon presentation on and after April 1, 1913, at the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 28 Nassau St.
W. A. DANFORTH, Treasurer.
Bangor, Me., March 22, 1913.

Bangor & Aroostook Railroad Co.
Piscataquis Division First Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Bonds.

Coupon No. 28, due April 1, 1913, from the Piscataquis Division First Mortgage 5% bonds of this Company will be paid upon presentation on and after April 1, 1913, by the Guaranty Trust Co. of New York, 28 Nassau St. W. A. DANFORTH, Treasurer.
Bangor, Me., March 22, 1913.

UNITED TRACTION AND ELECTRIC COMPANY.
JERSEY CITY, N. J., March 6, 1913.

A Dividend of ONE AND ONE-QUARTER PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of this Company will be paid April 1, 1913, to the registered holders of March 11, 1913. Transfer books will be closed on the 11th inst. and will be reopened March 17, 1913.
C. S. SWEETLAND, Treasurer.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK,
Fifth Avenue & Twenty-third St.
New York, March 26, 1913.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a quarterly dividend of Three Per Cent. upon the Capital Stock of the bank was declared payable, free of tax, on and after March 31, 1913.

The Transfer Books will be closed until Tuesday, April 1st, 1913. A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

The Canada Southern Railway Co.
CONSOLIDATED GUARANTEED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

The coupons due April 1st, 1913, will be paid by the Michigan Central Railroad Co., lessee, upon presentation on and after that date at its office, Room 3,111 Grand Central Terminal, New York. MILTON S. BARGER, Treasurer.

THE HANOVER NATIONAL BANK
Of the City of New York.
New York, March 21st, 1913.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of FOUR PER CENT., free of tax, payable on and after April 1st, 1913. The transfer books will remain closed until that date.
ELMER E. WHITTAKER, Cashier.

Mexican Redeemable 5% Interior Debt.

The coupons due April 1st, 1913, and the called bonds of the Mexican Interior 5% Redeemable Debt of 1894 will be paid at the office of A. Iselin & Co., No. 36 Wall Street, New York, from April 1st to April 15th, at the rate of 48.25 cents for each Mexican Dollar.

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

The coupons due April 1st, 1913, on the bonds of this Company will be paid at the Hanover National Bank, New York.
J. H. AMBROSE, Treasurer.

Don't lose the income from your money

while awaiting an opportunity for investment.

You can open an account with us which will draw interest and still be subject to cheque, or you can exchange your funds for one of our Certificates of Deposit, bearing a larger rate of interest and payable at some date in future to suit your convenience.

Individuals, civic, social and religious organizations, firms or corporations holding money for specific purposes, will find these Certificates of Deposit especially advantageous.

We shall be pleased to have you confer with our officers in regard to banking or trust business.

Trustee for Personal Trusts

Astor Trust Company

Member New York Clearing House Association
Fifth Ave. and 36th St., New York

Guaranty Trust Company of New York
28 Nassau Street
Capital & Surplus, $30,000,000
Resources, over $220,000,000

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY
Allows Interest on Deposits.
Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

Empire Trust Company
MAIN OFFICE, 42 BROADWAY
Branches
170 BROADWAY 65 CEDAR ST.
580 FIFTH AVE. 242 E. HOUSTON ST.
NEW YORK

METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY
of the City of New York
49 Wall Street
Transacts banking and trust business

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership under the name of COLGATE, PARKER & CO. to deal in bonds and to transact a general banking and investment business with offices at 2 Wall St., N. Y.

March 31st, 1913.
CRAIG COLGATE,
HENRY SEABURY PARKER,
PRESCOTT ERSKINE WOOD.

The firm of REISS, BOEHM & MEIER, 109 West 28th St., New York, has this day dissolved by mutual consent; I have assumed payment of all liabilities and will continue at same address; firm name REISS & BOEHM. March 29, 1913. EMANUEL M. BOEHM.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Founded 1888.
New York State Bank Department.
Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before March 31st earn from April 1st. Begin now or write for Booklet A.
38 Park Row, New York City.
4½%

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE STOCK SALES

SALES OF STOCKS (Continued)

Range for Year 1912. High.	Range for Year 1912. Low.	Range for Year 1913. High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Amount Capital Stock Listed.	Last Dividend Paid. Date	Per Cent.	Period.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Range for Week Ended March 29. First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Closing a Year Ago.	W'ks Net Chge.	Closing Saturday, March 29. Bid.	Asked.	Sales Week Ended March 29, '13.
111½	98½	104	Jan. 11	94⅞	Mar. 26	37,173,800	Jan. 25, '13	1¼	Q	Pitts., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis..	100	96	96⅝	94⅞	95	106	— 1⅜	94⅜	96	2,200
27¼	16⅝	24⅜	Jan. 2	19	Mar. 18	31,929,500	....	..	..	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J.	100	19	19¾	19	19½	19⅝	+ ½	19⅝	20	900
100⅝	77	93	Jan. 9	80¾	Mar. 19	27,071,800	Jan. 25, '13	1¼	Q	Pittsburgh Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	83½	85	82½	85	82	+ 3	84⅝	85	2,250
104¼	100	100	Jan. 6	97¼	Feb. 19	10,500,000	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Pittsburgh Steel Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	97¼	..	..	94	100	......
40⅞	28⅝	36	Jan. 7	24⅜	Mar. 19	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04	1	..	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	26	27	26	27	33	+ 2	27	27½	810
103⅝	96	101⅛	Jan. 7	97	Feb. 28	12,500,000	Feb. 19, '13	1¾	..	Pressed Steel Car Co. pf.	100	97	97	97	97	101⅝	..	96	98	100
120⅞	106⅝	118	Jan. 21	116¼	Feb. 26	25,000,000	Mar. 31, '13	1½	Q	Public Service Corpora'n, N. J.	100	..	..	..	116¼	111⅝	..	113	116	......
175	158½	165	Jan. 2	156½	Feb. 25	120,000,000	Feb. 15, '13	2	Q	Pullman Co.	100	158	159	157	159	160⅞	+ 2	157½	159½	380
8⅛	3	4	Jan. 2	3¼	Feb. 13	5,708,700	....	..	..	QUICKSILVER	100	..	..	..	3¾	3⅛	..	3	3½	......
12¼	5½	4½	Jan. 14	4	Feb. 8	4,291,300	May 8, '01	½	..	Quicksilver pf.	100	..	..	..	4	4	..	4	6	......
40¾	27½	35	Jan. 9	24¾	Feb. 25	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08	1	..	RAILWAY STEEL SP'G CO.	100	31	32¼	31	32¼	31⅛	+ 2¼	32	32½	2,000
105	98¼	100	Jan. 13	98	Mar. 17	13,500,000	Mar. 20, '13	1¾	Q	Railway Steel Spring Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	98	100½	..	98½	100	......
88½	86¼	*81	Jan. 10	*79	Mar. 4	8,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	2	SA	Railroad Sec., Ill Cent. stk. cfs	100	..	..	..	*79	..	..	..	85	......
24⅛	16	22	Jan. 2	16⅜	Feb. 19	14,474,630	....	..	..	Ray Consolidated Copper	10	18	19½	18	19½	19⅜	+ 1⅝	19⅜	19⅝	9,700
179¼	148⅛	168⅞	Jan. 2	152½	Mar. 10	70,000,000	Feb. 13, '13	2	Q	Reading	50	155⅞	161⅝	155⅞	161⅝	168¾	+ 5⅞	161¼	161⅜	411,600
93¼	87½	91½	Jan. 27	89¾	Feb. 25	28,000,000	Mar. 13, '13	1	Q	Reading 1st pf.	50	90¾	91	90¾	91	91	+ ¾	91	92	300
101½	92	93	Jan. 2	87⅞	Feb. 25	42,000,000	Jan. 9, '13	1	Q	Reading 2d pf.	50	89½	90	89½	90	97⅝	+ 1	90¾	91½	200
35⅛	15¾	28⅜	Jan. 31	23¼	Feb. 26	27,352,000	....	..	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	24	26⅜	24	26⅜	22	+ 1⅞	26¼	26½	6,400
93⅝	64½	89¼	Feb. 1	82½	Jan. 14	25,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	80⅞	85¾	83⅞	85⅞	72	+ 1¾	85½	86½	1,200
30⅛	22⅞	24⅞	Feb. 4	20⅛	Mar. 20	90,888,200	....	..	..	Rock Island Co.	100	20⅝	22¼	20½	22¼	27	+ 1½	22¼	22½	10,400
59⅝	42½	44⅞	Jan. 2	34⅛	Mar. 20	49,947,400	Nov. 1, '05	1	..	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	35¼	38	35¼	38	54¾	+ 2	37⅞	38½	4,115
101	89¼	92¼	Jan. 7	41	Mar. 27	10,908,300	Mar. 3, '13	1½	Q	Rumely (M.) Co.	100	45	50	41	43½	..	— 2	43	43½	12,000
103½	99½	99¾	Jan. 4	84	Mar. 27	10,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Rumely (M.) Co. pf	100	85½	85½	84	84	..	— 2	83	85	600
..	..	*48	Mar. 8	*48	Mar. 8	5,550,000	July 15, '02	2½	..	ST. JOSEPH & G. ISL. 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	*48	..	..	..	..	......
29¼	17½	19⅝	Jan. 11	14	Mar. 11	29,000,000	....	..	..	St. Louis & San Francisco	100	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	28½	+ ¾	15½	17	100
69¼	58½	59	Feb. 11	55	Mar. 8	5,000,000	Feb. 1, '13	1	Q	St. Louis & S. F. 1st pf.	100	57½	57½	57½	57½	69½	+ 2½	53	59	100
43⅝	26½	29	Jan. 11	23¾	Feb. 26	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05	1	..	St. Louis & S. F. 2d pf.	100	24½	26¼	24½	26¼	41⅝	+ 1¼	25¾	26¼	1,450
57	47	54½	Jan. 17	45	Feb. 15	13,736,000	Jan. 1, '13	2	SA	St. L. & S. F.,C.&E.I. n.stk.cfs.	1,000	49	50	49	49	56	+ 2	48	53	8
40⅝	29⅜	35¼	Jan. 13	30¼	Mar. 10	16,356,200	....	..	..	St. Louis Southwestern	100	30⅝	31¼	30½	31	33½	+ ¾	31½	34¾	400
80⅝	68½	75	Jan. 9	73	Mar. 20	19,893,700	Jan. 15, '13	1¼	Q	St. Louis Southwestern pf.	100	73½	74	73½	74	74¼	+ 1	74	74⅝	300
27⅛	18	20⅝	Jan. 30	18¼	Mar. 26	33,105,200	....	..	..	Seaboard Air Line	100	18½	20¼	18⅛	20¼	..	+ 1¾	20¼	20⅜	1,300
56¼	44¾	48⅜	Jan. 29	42⅞	Feb. 26	22,420,800	....	..	..	Seaboard Air Line pf.	100	43½	44¾	43½	44¾	..	+ 1¼	44¾	45	1,250
221	140	213½	Jan. 2	178	Mar. 20	40,000,000	Feb. 15, '13	1¾	Q	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	100	180½	185	179	185	156	+ 3½	185⅛	189	2,500
124¾	121	124½	Jan. 2	122	Mar. 26	8,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	100	122	122	122	122	..	— 1	121	123	100
59⅜	30¼	45½	Jan. 28	33	Mar. 20	10,000,000	Sep. 1, '10	1¼	..	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & I. Co.	100	35	36¾	35	36	44⅓	+ 3	36	37	970
105	94	93¼	Feb. 8	93¼	Feb. 8	6,700,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Sloss-Sheffield S. & I. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	93¼	..	..	90	93½	......
83	74½	70	Jan. 6	70	Jan. 6	3,371,000	Jan. 2, '13	**3	Q	South Porto Rico Sugar	100	..	..	..	70	..	..	..	70½	......
110	109	*108	Jan. 17	*108	Jan. 17	3,704,500	Jan. 2, '13	2	Q	South Porto Rico Sugar pf.	100	..	..	..	*108	..	..	..	107½	......
115½	103¼	110	Jan. 30	98⅛	Mar. 14	272,672,400	Jan. 2, '13	1½	Q	Southern Pacific	100	98¾	101¼	98¾	101¼	115	+ 2½	101¼	101⅜	22,250
32	26½	28⅝	Jan. 2	24½	Feb. 25	119,900,000	....	..	..	Southern Railway extended	100	25¼	26⅜	24⅞	26⅛	30⅛	+ 1⅛	26⅛	26¼	7,200
86⅞	68¼	81½	Mar. 26	77⅞	Feb. 25	60,000,000	Oct. 28, '12	2½	SA	Southern Ry. pf. extended	100	80⅝	81½	79¾	80⅝	74½	+ 2⅝	80⅝	81¼	2,460
86	82	72½	Mar. 12	72½	Mar. 12	5,670,200	Oct. 1, '12	2	SA	So. Ry., M. & O. stk. tr. cfs.	100	..	..	..	72½	..	..	67	77	......
36	16¼	40½	Jan. 31	34⅛	Mar. 8	4,600,000	Aug. 3, '12	2	..	Standard Milling	100	37½	38½	37½	38¼	20⅛	+ 1¾	38	38½	620
66	53	66⅞	Feb. 4	62	Mar. 11	6,900,000	Oct. 31, '12	2½	SA	Standard Milling pf.	100	63¾	65	63¾	65	61⅛	+ 2	65	67	200
49½	30	36	Feb. 6	26	Feb. 20	27,931,600	....	..	..	Studebaker Co.	100	29	30	29	30	..	+ 1	29⅝	30	700
98⅞	90½	93¼	Jan. 13	88½	Feb. 20	13,095,000	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Studebaker Co. pf.	100	90	90	90	90	..	+ 1	89	93	120
47¼	34½	39½	Jan. 4	32¼	Jan. 27	5,000,000	Jan. 20, '13	$1.50	..	TENNESSEE COPPER	25	33⅝	36	33⅝	36	40¼	+ 2⅜	36	36¼	2,000
130⅝	81	122¾	Jan. 10	108⅞	Mar. 18	27,000,000	Mar. 29, '13	1½	Q	Texas Co.	100	111½	112½	111½	112	94	+ 1½	109	111	700
26¼	20½	22⅞	Jan. 8	17½	Mar. 10	38,760,000	....	..	..	Texas Pacific	100	18¼	18¼	18¼	18¼	25¼	+ ¼	18⅝	19½	100
97½	89	97	Jan. 18	95	Feb. 13	4,076,100	....	..	..	Texas Pacific Land Trust	100	..	..	..	95	..	..	92½	95	......
49¾	33½	40½	Jan. 2	34	Mar. 19	16,314,800	....	..	..	Third Avenue	100	36¼	37	36	37	42⅜	+ 3	37¼	37½	2,550
10⅜	2½	3	Jan. 14	3	Jan. 14	13,875,000	May 1, '07	1	..	Toledo Railways and Light	100	..	..	..	3	4⅞	..	2⅝	..	......
16⅝	10½	13	Jan. 9	11	Jan. 21	10,000,000	....	..	..	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	..	..	..	12⅝	15½	..	10	12	......
36	28	29⅜	Jan. 9	23⅓	Mar. 20	10,000,000	Oct. 16, '11	1	..	Toledo, St. Louis & West. pf.	100	24⅝	24¾	24⅝	24¾	32	+ 1	23½	28	210
111⅛	103	108¾	Jan. 23	103⅛	Mar. 24	20,100,000	Jan. 2, '13	1½	Q	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	105¼	— ⅞	104½	106	100
145	145	*145	Mar. 5	*145	Mar. 5	3,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Twin City Rapid Transit pf.	100	..	..	..	*145	141½	..	136½	145	......
115¾	95	99½	Jan. 3	89	Mar. 19	8,500,000	Jan. 1, '13	1	Q	UNDERW'D TYPEWRITER.	100	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	100	+ 2⅞	90	93	100
114½	111	113	Jan. 21	112	Mar. 4	5,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	..	..	..	113	111½	..	..	112	......
17⅛	4⅝	7⅜	Jan. 3	4½	Mar. 18	16,000,000	....	..	..	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	4⅞	5¼	4⅞	5⅛	7¼	+ ½	5	5¾	400
67⅞	35⅛	41⅜	Jan. 3	29⅜	Mar. 13	11,000,000	Oct. 15, '12	1	..	Union Bag & Paper Co. pf.	100	30	32	29⅞	32	54⅛	+ 2	31	33	800
176⅝	150⅜	162¾	Jan. 6	145⅞	Mar. 19	216,647,400	Jan. 2, '13	2½	Q	Union Pacific	100	148	152¾	147⅞	152⅜	171⅝	+ 5½	152⅝	152¾	193,000
96½	88¼	93½	Jan. 6	83	Mar. 13	99,569,300	Oct. 1, '12	2	SA	Union Pacific pf.	100	83¾	86	83¾	85	91¾	+ 1½	85¼	86½	2,050
64¾	47	50½	Feb. 7	43⅛	Mar. 28	10,847,500	Feb. 1, '13	1	Q	United Cigar Manufacturers	100	45⅛	47	43⅛	44	..	— ¼	43¾	44	3,300
109	104	102½	Feb. 11	100¼	Jan. 24	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	United Cigar Manufact. pf.	100	..	..	..	100¼	106	..	98¼	103	......
102⅞	97	101	Jan. 8	97	Feb. 24	14,427,500	Feb. 1, '13	2	Q	United Dry Goods	100	..	..	..	98	101	..	97	98	......
107⅞	102¼	105½	Jan. 14	101½	Mar. 28	10,826,300	Mar. 1, '13	1¾	Q	United Dry Goods pf.	100	101½	101½	101½	101½	105¼	— ½	101⅝	103½	100
39⅞	28	35½	Jan. 3	24	Feb. 26	20,400,000	....	..	..	United Rys. Investment Co.	100	24½	28	24½	28	33¾	+ 3	27½	28½	700
69⅛	57	63½	Jan. 3	47	Mar. 19	15,000,000	Jan. 10, '07	2½	..	United Rys. Investment Co. pf	100	47⅞	50½	47⅞	50½	62	+ 3½	50	51	1,500
22½	13	16¾	Jan. 30	13⅝	Mar. 18	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07	1	..	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & F. Co.	100	13½	14	13½	14	16⅝	+ ½	13½	14⅝	1,225
64⅝	50	56¾	Jan. 31	52	Mar. 20	12,106,300	Oct. 15, '12	1	Q	U. S. Cast I. P. & F. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	52	53½	..	52	53	......
100	62¾	66	Jan. 3	50¼	Feb. 26	10,000,000	May 15, '12	3	..	United States Express Co.	100	53	53	53	53	96	+ 1	52	56	100
57¼	26	44	Jan. 6	30	Feb. 25	12,000,000	....	..	..	U. S. Industrial Alcohol	100	35	35	35	35	32	+ 5	30	55	100
105	95	97	Mar. 4	89	Mar. 13	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '13	1¾	Q	U. S. Industrial Alcohol pf.	100	..	..	..	89	101¾	..	90	95	......
86½	67	77	Jan. 9	68¼	Mar. 10	16,162,800	Feb. 1, '13	1½	Q	U. S. Realty & Imp. Co.	100	..	..	..	68½	77⅞	..	68¾	69¼	......
3⅛	1⅛	1⅞	Jan. 16	1½	Feb. 11	5,918,800	July 1, '13	1	..	U. S. Reduc. & Refining Co.	100	..	..	..	1½	..	..	1	1⅞	......
10½	3	4	Jan. 10	3¼	Feb. 19	3,954,800	Oct. 1, '07	1½	..	U. S. Reduc. & Ref. Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	3¼	..	..	3	6	......
67⅞	45¼	68⅜	Jan. 10	57½	Feb. 24	36,000,000	Jan. 31, '12	1	Q	U. S. Rubber Co.	100	60¾	64¼	60¾	64	54¾	+ 4⅜	64	64½	18,250
116	105⅝	109	Jan. 8	104	Mar. 19	57,157,700	Jan. 31, '12	2	Q	U. S. Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	104½	106½	104½	106½	114⅛	+ 2½	106⅜	106½	1,100
85½	75	81½	Jan. 9	78¾	Feb. 13	1,126,400	Jan. 31, '12	1½	Q	U. S. Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	..	..	..	78¾	79⅛	..	71	86	......
80¾	58¼	69½	Jan. 2	58¼	Mar. 10	508,495,200	Mar. 29, '13	1¼	Q	U. S. Steel Corporation	100	59½	62¼	59½	62	67⅞	+ 2⅝	61⅞	62	322,100
117	107¼	110¾	Jan. 30	107	Mar. 19	360,314,100	Feb. 27, '13	1¾	Q	U. S. Steel Corporation pf.	100	107½	108	107½	107⅞	111⅝	+ ⅝	107¾	108	3,030
67½	52½	60⅝	Jan. 2	48⅝	Mar. 19	15,821,700	Mar. 31, '13	75c	Q	Utah Copper	10	51¼	54	51	53⅞	61⅛	+ 2⅞	53⅞	54	8,212
57¼	40¾	43⅛	Jan. 3	30½	Feb. 25	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '13	1½	SA	VIRGINIA-CARO. CHEM. Co.	100	32⅛	33½	32⅛	33½	53¼	+ 1⅞	35	37	1,000
122⅝	114⅞	114	Jan. 3	107½	Feb. 27	20,000,000	Jan. 15, '13	2	Q	Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co. pf	100	110	110	110	110	120¼	..	108	110	5
90	53½	54	Jan. 28	44¾	Feb. 25	9,073,600	....	..	..	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke	100	..	..	..	50	63	..	48	52	......
55	41	58	Feb. 13	51	Jan. 7	11,949,100	Oct. 21, '12	1	SA	Virginia Railway & Power	100	..	..	..	55	49	..	51¾	57	......
92	87	92	Jan. 6	91	Jan. 14	7,699,400	Jan. 10, '13	2½	SA	Virginia Railway & Power pf.	100	..	..	..	91	..	..	89	..	......
27½	15	21¾	Jan. 24	16	Feb. 26	2,000,000	....	..	..	Vulcan Detinning Co.	100	..	..	..	19	24	..	16⅝	21	......
87½	70	90	Jan. 6	84	Feb. 14	1,500,000	Jan. 20, '13	1¾	Q	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	85	83½	..	..	88	......
9½	3⅝	4	Feb. 3	3	Feb. 17	53,200,200	....	..	..	WABASH	100	3⅝	3¾	3½	3½	7⅛	— ½	3⅜	4	600
22⅞	12⅝	13¼	Jan. 14	9	Feb. 21	39,200,200	....	..	..	Wabash pf.	100	11	11½	11	11½	20	+ ¾	11½	12	500
151	116¾	123	Jan. 6	110	Jan. 27	23,967,300	Jan. 15, '13	5	SA	Wells Fargo Express Co.	100	114¾	115	114¾	115	144	+ 4¾	115	122	300
64¼	45	46	Jan. 2	37⅜	Jan. 7	49,429,600	....	..	..	Western Maryland	100	41½	41½	41½	41½	63	+ 1	40¼	42½	200
81	67½	65	Jan. 27	57	Jan. 8	10,000,000	Oct. 19, '12	1	..	Western Maryland pf.	100	59	59	59	59	80	..	59	64½	100
86¼	72	75⅛	Jan. 9	65½	Mar. 20	99,747,200	Jan. 15, '13	¾	Q	Western Union Telegraph	100	66½	70	66	70	84	+ 4¼	69¾	70	5,650
278	276	280	Jan. 10	280	Jan. 10	18,373,250	Jan. 15, '13	**4	Q	Westinghouse Air Brake	50	..	..	..	280	..	..	..	..	......
89½	66¼	79¼	Jan. 2	60½	Mar. 19	33,870,000	Jan. 30, '13	1	Q	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	62	67	61¾	67	76½	+ 5	66¾	67¼	14,600
126	114⅞	119¾	Jan. 7	117	Feb. 14	3,998,700	Jan. 15, '13	1¾	Q	Westinghouse E. & M. 1st pf.	50	..	..	..	117	121⅞	..	118	119¾	......
300	170	300⅛	Jan. 28	300	Jan. 30	4,000,000	Jan. 2, '13	2½	Q	Weyman-Bruton	100	..	..	..	300	190¼	..	259	300	......
116½	112	117	Jan. 6	110	Mar. 19	3,914,300	Jan. 2, '13	1¾	Q	Weyman-Bruton pf.	100	110	110	110	110	..	..	109	125	100
11¾	4	8	Jan. 3	5¼	Feb. 27	20,000,000	....	..	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	6½	6½	6½	6½	8	+ 1	6	7	100
36½	11	28	Jan. 13	19	Feb. 21	4,986,900	....	..	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie 1st pf.	100	..	..	..	20	21	..	19	23	......
17½	6	14	Jan. 3	8⅝	Mar. 19	11,993,500	....	..	..	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	9	9	9	9	11½	+ ⅜	9	11	100
62½	48	53	Feb. 8	46	Jan. 15	16,147,900	....	..	..	Wisconsin Central	100	49½	49½	49½	49½	55½	+ 2½	45½	50	100
117⅞	92½	112	Jan. 2	85½	Mar. 19	50,000,000	Mar. 1, '13	1	Q	Woolworth (F. W.) Co.	100	87	92	87	90¼	..	+ 3⅜	90¼	91	9,770
116¾	113¼	115½	Jan. 8	109¼	Mar. 13	15,000,000	Jan. 1, '13	1¾	Q	Woolworth (F. W.) Co. pf.	100	..	..	..	110⅛	..	..	111	112	......

All stocks dealt in on a percentage of par basis except Anaconda Copper, Batopilas Mining, Chino Copper, Goldfield Consolidated Mines, Great Northern Certificates for ore properties, Guggenheim Exploration, Inspiration Consolidated Copper, Miami Copper, Nevada Consolidated Copper, Ray Consolidated Copper, Tennessee Copper, and Utah Copper, which are quoted dollars per share. * Less than 100 shares. †Including ¼ per cent. paid on account of back dividends. ‡Including 8 per cent. extra. §Including an extra dividend of 1 per cent. **Including 2¼ per cent extra. ††Including an extra dividend of 2 per cent. ‡‡Also a special dividend of 15 per cent. On March 20 Colorado Fuel & Iron preferred paid 35 per cent. on account of back dividends. On March 25 Homestake Mining Company paid 15 per cent. in stock in addition to the regular dividend.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE BOND SALES

Total Sales Week Ended March 29, $10,144,000.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Albany & Susp. 3½s	86	86	86	7
Allis-Chal. 5s, t. rs.	53¼	52	53¼	2
Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	100	99⅞	99⅞	8
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	96¼	96¼	96¼	3
Am. Cotton Oil 5s	93¾	93	93¾	2
Am. Hide & L. 6s	100	100	100	8
Am. Smelting Sec. 6s	103⅜	102½	103½	63
Am. T. & T. col. 4s	87¾	86⅝	87¾	28
Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	103⅝	102½	103½	24
Am. T. & T. conv. 4½s. f. pd	103⅝	102¾	103⅝	346½
Am. T. & T. conv. 4s, 50 per cent. paid	103	102½	103	25½
Am. Tobacco Co. 4s	96½	96¼	96¼	4
Am. Writing Paper 5s	88½	87¼	88½	4
Armour & Co. 4½s	90¼	90⅛	90¼	73
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	95⅛	94¾	95⅛	72½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	83	83	83	5½
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s, stamped	85	83	85	24
A., T. & S. F. conv. 4s, 1960	101	99½	101	239
A., T. & S. F. con. 5s	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛	3
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1955	102	100⅞	102	41
A., T. & S. F. Tr. S. L. 4s	87½	86⅞	87½	3
A., T. & S. F., E. Oklahoma 4s	92⅛	92⅛	92⅛	2
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	91¼	90¾	91¼	21
Atlantic C. L., L. & N. col. 4s	89½	89½	89½	5
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	95½	95	95½	46½
B. & O. cv. 4½s, f. pd.	95¼	94⅝	95	357½
B. & O. prior lien 3½s	90¾	90⅛	90½	26
B. & O. S. W. 3½s	88½	88¼	88½	7
Bethlehem Steel 5s	95½	95⅛	95¼	30
Beth. S. 1st & ref. 5s	83½	82⅝	82⅝	44
B. & 7th Av. con. 5s	102	102	102	15
B'klyn R. T. ref. 4s	88	86½	88	318
Brooklyn R. T. 5s	102	101¾	102	21
Brooklyn Union El. 5s	100½	100	100¼	15
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	105¼	105¼	105¼	2
Cal. Gas & Elec. 5s	95½	94¾	95	41
Can. So. con. 5s, Ser. A	106¼	106⅛	106¼	11
Carolina Central 4s	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	1
Cent. of Ga. con. 5s	106½	106⅜	106⅜	6
Central Leather 5s	94⅝	93⅞	94⅝	70
Central of N. J. 5s	117¼	117	117¼	18
Central Pacific 1st 4s	94	93½	93¾	18
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	108⅞	108½	108⅞	12
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	99¾	99½	99½	5
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s, reg.	99½	99½	99½	1
Ches. & Ohio conv. 4½s	90⅞	90½	90½	53
Chi. & Alton 3½s	59	57½	57½	7
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	94½	93⅞	94½	236
C., B. & Q. jt. 4s, reg.	94⅜	93⅞	94⅜	17
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	94⅝	94	94	64
C., B. & Q., Ill., 3½s	84¾	84	84⅝	34
C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	100	100	100	5
C., B. & Q., Ia. Div. 4s	98	98	98	2
C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s	96¼	96¼	96¼	1
C., B. & Q., Ill., 4s	96½	95¾	96½	10
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	106	106	106	1
Chi. Gas L. & C. 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	4
Chi. Great West. 4s	75⅞	75½	75½	5
C., M. & Puget Sd. 4s	89½	88	89½	38
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s	104⅛	104	104	19
C., M. & St. P. 4s, '34	87½	87¼	87¼	8
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s	96	96	96	9
C., M. & St. P. cv 4½s	102¾	102	102½	360½
C., M. & St. P. cv. 4½s, full paid	102⅝	101⅝	102½	366
Chi. & N. W. gen. 3½s	82¾	82	82¾	17
Chi. & N. W. gen. 4s	97½	96⅞	97¼	31
Chi. & N. W. s. f. 5s	104	104	104	1
C. & N. W. deb. 5s, '21	103	101	103	10
C. & N. W., M., S. & N. W. 4s	93⅝	93	93	25
C., R. I. P. ref. 4s	84⅝	83¾	84¼	41
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	63⅛	61⅝	63⅛	130
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	92	92	92	1
C., St. P., M. & O. deb. 5s	101¼	101	101	30
C. & W. Ind. con. 4s	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	3
C., Ind., St. L. & C. 4s, reg	90	90	90	1
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	1
C., C., C. & St. L. deb. 4½s	90¼	90¼	90¼	2
C., C., C. & St. L., St. L. 4s	90	90	90	7
Clev., Lorain & W. 1st 5s	106½	106½	106½	5
Col. Fuel & I. gen. 5s	98	98	98	10
Col. Industrial 5s	79	78½	78½	12
Col. Midland 4s	30	30	30	10
Col. & South. 1st 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	12
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	92	91⅛	91⅝	14
Cont. Coal s. f. 5s	97½	97½	97½	1
Cumb. Tel. & Tel. 5s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	1
D. & H. lien eq. 4½s	98⅛	98	98⅛	2
D. & H. ref. 4s	96	96	96	4
D. & H. conv. 4s	97	96½	97	23
D. & R. G. imp. 5s	96½	96½	96½	2½
D. & R. G. con. 4s	86⅛	85½	85½	5
D. & R. G. ref. 5s	80¼	79⅞	80¼	40
Detroit Edison 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	2
Detroit United 4½s	72½	72½	72½	1
Dist. Secur. 5s	65¼	65	65	28
Du Pont Powder 4½s	86	86	86	5
Dul. & Iron R. 5s	100	100	100	6
E. T., V. & G. con. 5s	108¼	108¼	108¼	5
Erie 1st consol. 7s	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	1
Erie 1st con. 4s	84	83¾	83¾	9
Erie gen. 4s	73¼	72⅝	73¼	11
Erie 1st cv. 4s, Ser. B	71	70	71	79
Erie Penn. col. tr. 4s	89⅛	89⅛	89⅛	4
Ft. W. & Rio G. 4s	72	72	72	3
Gen. Elec. 3½s	77⅝	77⅝	77⅝	3
G.E.db.5s,t. r., full pd	103⅞	103¼	103⅝	18
Gen. Motors 6s	98⅛	98⅝	98⅝	11
Ga. Midland 3s	64⅛	63	64⅛	4
Gt. Nor. ref. 4¼s	99	99	99	10
Gr. Bay deb. B	15½	14	15	33
Gulf & Ship Island 4s	90	90	90	4
Hocking Val. 4½s	99	98½	98½	3
Illinois Cent. 4s, 1951	100	100	100	1
Illinois Cent. 4s, 1952	99¼	99¼	99¼	8
Illinois Cent. 4s, 1953	93½	93½	93½	2
Illinois Cent. ref. 4s	94¼	94⅛	94¼	5
Illinois Steel 4½s	87	86	87	11
Indiana, Ill. & Iowa 4s	92	92	92	2
Indiana Steel 5s	100⅜	100	100⅜	54
Insp. Con. Cop. 6s, ctfs, 3d paid	102	100	102	90
Int. Rapid Transit 5s	104	103	104	150
Interbor.-Met. 4½s	78⅞	77⅝	78⅝	206
Int. & Gt. Nor. 6s	105¼	105¼	105¼	10
Int. Mer. Mar. 4½s	64	63	64	36
Internat'l Paper 6s	102¼	102¼	102¼	6
Internat'l Paper 5s	87	87	87	2
Int. Steam Pump 5s	78	78	78	5
Iowa Cent. 1st 5s	97½	94	97½	4
Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	60	60	60	5
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	74⅞	74	74⅞	38
Kan. City Southn. 5s	97½	97¼	97½	14
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	94¾	94	94¾	51
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	96¼	96¼	96¼	7
Lack. Steel 5s, 1950	75	75	75	3
Lacl. Gas Lgt. of St. Louis 1st 5s	101½	101½	101½	6
Lake Erie & Wn. 2d 5s	97	97	97	1
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	91¼	91	91	11
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	91½	90¼	91½	42
Lake Shore 3½s	85½	85½	85½	3
Liggett & Myers 7s	121	120¼	121	10
Liggett & Myers 5s	98¼	97⅞	98¼	30
Lorillard 7s	120¾	120	120¾	10
Lorillard 5s	98	97¼	98	35
Long Island ref. 4s	91½	91	91½	7
Louis. & Nash. unif. 4s	95½	95½	95½	17
L. & N., Pen. Div. 6s	105½	105½	105½	1
L. & N., K. & Cin 4s	91	91	91	5
Manhat. con. 4s, tax ex.	93	92	92	5
Mex. Pet. conv. 6s	97½	97½	97½	2
Mich. State Tel. 5s	99½	99½	99½	3
Minn. & St. L. ref. 4s	60	60	60	10
M., St. P. & S. S. M. con. 4s	94½	94¼	94½	5
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	91⅛	91	91⅛	11
Mo., K. & T. s. f. 4½s	84⅞	84⅞	84⅞	5
Mo., K. & T. ext. 5s	99½	99½	99½	2
Mo., K. & T. of T. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼	1
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	78½	78½	78½	10
Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s	77½	77½	77½	1
Missouri Pac. con. 6s	105½	105	105½	7
Missouri Pac. 5s, 1920	97⅞	97	97	3
Missouri Pacific 4s	70	69⅞	70	5
Missouri Pac. conv. 5s	86	85¼	85½	13½
Mobile & Birming. 4s	79	79	79	1
M. & O., Mon. Div. 5s	109	108	108	4
Mor. & Essex con. 7s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	1
N., C. & St. L. 1st 7s	100½	100⅜	100½	7
Nassau Electric 4s	76⅝	76	76⅝	2
National Tube 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	6
N. O., M. & Chi. 5s	79½	78	79½	20
N. Y. Air B. conv. 6s	101	101	101	4½
N. Y. Central gen. 3½s	85	84	85	4
N. Y. Cent. g. 3½s, reg.	83	83	83	30
N. Y. C. deb. 4s, 1934	88	88	88	1
N. Y. C., M. C. col. 3½s	77	77	77	7
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	81	77¼	80½	197
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s, reg	79	77	79	23
N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 5s	102	101¾	102	75
N. Y. G., E. L., H. & P. 4s	85	85	85	2
N. Y., L. & W. 1st 6s	110½	110½	110½	5
N. Y., N. H. & H. conv. 6s	121½	119¼	121¼	60
N. Y. Rys. ref. 4s	76½	75⅛	76½	135
N. Y. Rys. adj. 5s	60	57½	59⅞	798
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	97	96½	96¾	41
N. Y., S. & W. ref. 5s	100½	100½	100½	5
N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	95⅛	95	95⅛	13
Norf. So. 1st ref. 5s, Series A	98¾	98¾	98¾	5
N. & W. cv. 4½s, w. i.	104¾	102¾	104¾	648½
Norf. & W. dev. 4s	91	90½	91	5
Norf. & W. con. 4s	94½	94	94½	6
Northern Pacific 4s	95⅝	95	95⅝	88
Northern Pacific 3s	66¼	66	66¼	14
Or. R. R. & N. con. 4s	91¼	91	91¼	8
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	89	88	89	49
Oregon S. L. con. 5s	105	105	105	1
Oregon S. L. 6s	110	110	110	2
Oregon-Wash. 4s	90	90	90	6
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	99½	99	99½	4
Pacific of Mo. 1st 4s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	2
Pac. Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅝	99¼	99½	25
Penn. R. R. 4s, 1948	100	100	100	1
Penn. Co. gtd. 4½s	102½	102½	102½	4
Penn. Co. gtd. 3½s, Series B	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	1
Penn. 3½s, 1915	97	96¾	96¾	136
Peo. G. L. & C., Chi. ref. 5s	100½	100½	100½	5
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, Series A	101	101	101	2
P., C., C. & St. L. 4½s, Series B	101	101	101	1
Pocahontas Con. Col. s. f. 5s	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	2
Public Service 5s	92¼	91¾	92¼	60
Ray. Con. Cop. 1st 6s	111⅞	110	111⅞	26
Reading gen. 4s	96¾	96¼	96¾	103
Rio Grande W. 1st 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾	6
Rio G. W. col. t. 4s	78	78	78	1
Roch. & Pitts. 1st 6s	109½	109⅛	109⅛	2
St. L., I. M. & So. gen. 5s	103½	103	103½	23
St. L., I. M. & So., R. & G. 4s	83¼	83¼	83¼	1
St. L. & S. F. ref. 4s	74⅞	74½	74¾	24
St. L. & S. F. gen. 5s	79½	79	79	74
St. L. S. W. 1st 4s	88	86½	88	6
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	79¼	79¼	79¼	18
St. P., M. & M. 4½s	102¼	102¼	102¼	5
St. P., M. & M., Mont. Ext. 4s	96⅛	96	96	5
Seab. A. L. g. 4s, sta.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	1
Seaboard A. L. adj. 5s	72½	72½	72½	19
So. Bell. T. & T. 5s	99⅞	99½	99½	11
Southern Pac. col. 4s	90	89	89	18
South. Pac. conv. 4s	90	89	90	80
South. Pac. ref. 4s	91¾	90½	91¼	92
South. Ry. 1st 5s	105	104¼	104¼	51
South. Ry. gen. 4s	77⅝	77	77¼	72
So. Ry., Mem. 4½s-5s	107	107	107	4
So. Ry., St. L. D. 4s	84	84	84	1
Stand. G. & E. con. 6s	99¾	99¾	99¾	2
Stand. Milling 1st 5s	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	5
Tenn. C. & I., B. 6s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	2
Texas Co. conv. 6s	98½	97	97¾	49
Texas & Pacific 1st 5s	103⅝	103½	103⅝	11
Third Av. ref. 4s	80¼	80	80¼	48
Third Av. adj. 5s	73	71	72½	25
Third Av. 1st 5s	106	106	106	5
Tol. & O. Cent. 1st 5s	105½	105½	105½	5
Toledo P. & W. 4s	90	90	90	3
Tol., St. L. & West. 1st 4s	56	55½	56	2
Und. El., London, Inc. 6s	89½	87½	89½	45
Und. El., London, 4½s	93¼	93	93¼	13½
Union Pacific 1st 4s	96½	95¾	95⅞	110
Union Pacific ref. 4s	93	92⅝	92⅝	48
Union Pacific conv. 4s	93¼	91⅞	93⅛	120½
Un. Rys. inv. 5s, Pitts. issue	73	73	73	2
U. R. R. of S. F. 4s	62¼	60¾	62¼	17
U. S. Leather 6s	100	100	100	1
U. S. Rubber 6s	102⅝	100¾	102¼	57
U. S. Steel 5s	101	100⅝	100⅞	233
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	101	101	101	5½
Vandalia cons. 4s, Ser. B	93	93	93	1
Va-Carolina Chem. 5s	95	94½	94½	15
Virginia N. Br. 1st 5s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜	5
Va. Midland, Ser. F, 5s	104	104	104	1
Wabash 1st 5s	103¾	103⅜	103¾	17
Wabash 2d 5s	96	95	95	14
Wabash ref. 4s	59	55	57¾	402
Wabash ref. 4s, Cent. t. r.	52½	52	52½	50
W. ref. 4s, Equit. tr. r., sta	55⅜	55	55	16
W. Pitts. Term. 1st 4s	24	24	24	1
W., P. T. st. 4s, Cent. tr. r.	24	23½	23½	24
W., P. T. 1st 4s, Col. tr. r. for Cen. tr. r.	22½	22½	22½	2
West Shore 4s	97	96⅜	96⅜	6
West Shore 4s, reg	95¼	95	95	41
Western Electric 5s	101	100½	100½	13
Western Maryland 4s	80½	80	80½	9
W. U. Tel. real e. 4½s	92	91⅝	91⅝	5
Westn. Union Tel. col. trust 5s	99¾	99¾	99¾	2
West. El. & M. cv. 5s	91½	91	91½	15
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	80	80	80	4
Wilkesbarre & E. 5s	98½	98½	98½	5
Wis. Cent. 4s	90¼	90	90¼	6

Total sales....................$9,970,500

U. S. Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Panama 3s, coupon	103⅛	102⅞	102⅞	6

Foreign Government Bonds.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Argentine 5s	97	96½	96½	15
City of Tokio 5s	86½	86½	86½	2
Chinese Ry. 5s	87	87	87	7
Japanese 4½s	89	88	89	52
Japanese 4½s, 2d ser.	88¼	87¼	88¼	6½
Rep. of Cuba 5s	100½	100	100	5

Total sales....................$37,500

State Securities.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
N. Y. State 4s, 1961	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	1
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. Co. ctfs.	54	52	54	67

Total sales....................$68,000

New York City Issues.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
3½s, 1954	83½	83½	83½	7
4s, 1957	95	94⅞	94⅞	16
4s, 1957, reg	94¼	94¼	94¼	28
4s, 1958	95⅝	95	95⅝	8
4s, 1959	95½	95	95	26
4¼s, 1960	100	99⅞	99⅞	70
4½s, 1957	103⅝	103½	103½	10
4½s, 1957, new	103⅝	103½	103½	27

Total sales....................$192,000

Grand total....................$10,144,000

EUROPEAN BANKS.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

Total reserve decreased	£88,000
Notes reserved decreased	130,000
Notes in circulation decreased	232,000
Public deposits increased	488,000
Other deposits increased	634,000
Government securities	Unchanged
Other securities increased	1,210,000

The detailed statement compares as follows with the same week one and two years ago:

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Bullion	£36,541,315	£38,274,828	£39,653,236
Reserve	26,739,000	28,230,948	30,300,661
Notes res.	25,489,000	26,667,285	29,129,555
Res. to liab.	39⅝%	43¼%	46¾%
Circulation	28,252,000	28,493,880	27,802,575
Public dep.	26,115,000	25,855,935	25,385,032
Other dep.	41,291,000	39,370,589	39,460,695
Gov. sec.	13,034,257	14,283,036	15,137,633
Other sec.	46,032,000	41,099,502	37,757,928

The more important items at this date in the past few years, compare as follows:

	Bullion.	Reserve.	Other Securities.
1913	£36,541,315	£26,739,000	£46,032,000
1912	38,274,828	28,230,948	41,099,502
1911	39,653,236	30,300,661	37,757,928
1910	33,588,975	23,299,245	33,012,129
1909	40,946,901	30,712,251	35,058,549
1908	40,763,388	30,951,373	37,248,407
1907	34,996,242	24,186,432	37,808,949

Proportion of reserve at this date in a number of years.

	P. C.		P. C.
1913	39⅝	1905	49⅝
1912	43¼	1904	42½
1911	46¾	1903	43⅝
1910	44⅝	1902	40
1909	49	1901	46⅝
1908	48⅝	1900	44⅛
1907	41	1899	33⅛
1906	45⅛	1898	43

BANK OF FRANCE.

	Francs.
Gold holdings increased	19,285,000
Silver holdings decreased	5,134,000
Notes in circulation decreased	52,100,000
General deposits increased	123,025,000
Bills discounted increased	152,575,000
Treasury deposits increased	123,025,000
Advances decreased	11,225,000

The detailed statement compares as follows:

	1913. Francs.	1912. Francs.	1911. Francs.
Gold	3,235,221,000	3,249,500,000	3,241,150,000
Silver	607,057,000	806,650,000	839,450,000
Circ'n	5,590,670,000	5,232,802,520	5,239,371,955
Gen. dep.	732,497,000	1,269,975,746	741,027,802
Bills dis.	1,780,945,000	1,900,274,011	1,201,496,994
Tr. dep.	243,175,000	248,531,569	116,259,789
Advance	700,332,000	409,220,389	603,827,618

The most important items at this date in years prior to 1911 were as follows:

	Gold, Francs.	Silver, Francs.	Circulation, Francs.
1910	3,458,875,000	898,275,000	5,342,686,000
1909	3,601,682,922	890,114,863	4,965,609,975
1908	2,764,503,506	907,885,162	4,724,406,865
1907	2,604,188,111	979,562,421	4,744,892,835

BANK OF GERMANY.

	Marks.
Gold on hand increased	21,810,000
Gold and silver increased	27,279,000
Notes in circulation increased	5,595,000
Treasury bills increased	6,692,000
Deposits increased	84,451,000
Loans decreased	11,222,000
Discounts increased	27,300,000

The important returns compare with those of one and two years ago as follows in marks:

	1913.	1912.	1911.
Gold and silver:	1,255,960,000	1,248,400,000	1,193,780,000
Loans and discounts:	1,311,519,000	1,138,460,000	950,260,000
Circulation:	1,790,236,000	1,547,160,000	1,469,060,000

The cash holdings in 1910 were 1,133,620,000 marks; in 1909, 1,125,720,000; in 1908, 964,460,000; in 1907, 913,360,000.

CURRENT COMMODITY MARKETS.

At New York, the range of prices of the leading staple articles during the week was as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	Close Mar. 28	Close Mar. 21
Cot., spot	12.70	12.60	12.70	12.60
Cof., Rio No. 7	.12	.11½	.12	.11½
Sugar, cent.	3.58	3.48	3.48	3.58
Sugar, gran.	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.25

Metal prices at New York were as follows:

	Highest.	Lowest.	Close Mar. 28	Close Mar. 21
Copper, spot	14.62½	14.15	14.45	14.15
Tin, spot	48.00	46.62½	47.15	46.05
Lead	4.35	4.35	4.35	4.35
Spelter	6.22½	5.85	5.85	6.22½

At London the range of metal prices was as follows:

	Highest. £	s.	d.	Lowest. £	s.	d.	Close Mar. 28 £	s.	d.	Close Mar. 21 £	s.	d.
Cop., spot	66	15	0	64	7	6	66	15	0	64	5	0
Cop., fut.	66	17	6	64	15	0	66	17	6	64	12	6
Tin, spot	219	10	0	214	0	0	215	0	0	210	5	0
Tin, fut.	213	0	0	208	15	0	211	5	0	208	15	0
Lead	16	6	3	16	2	6	16	6	3	16	0	0
Spelter	24	15	0	24	10	0	24	15	0	24	10	0
Iron, C.W.		66	0		64	10½		66	0		64	10½

TO-DAY

IN

The New York Times

ANNALIST

A Magazine of Finance, Commerce and Economics

Has the Cost of Living Risen?

A Discussion, Pointed with Graphics, Which Tends to Prove the Negative

When a Railroad Is Under Water

No Official Seems Greatly to Worry, and the Trouble Is Met as Part of a Day's Work

On Sale at All Newsstands

10 CENTS PER COPY $4 PER YEAR

Address THE NEW YORK TIMES ANNALIST

Times Square, NEW YORK

ALLIS-CHALMERS REORGANIZATION.

CALL FOR ASSESSMENTS.

The properties of the ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY in Wisconsin have been purchased on behalf of the Reorganization Committee at public sale pursuant to the decree and order of the United States District Court, at Milwaukee, in the foreclosure and administration suits, and the sales have been confirmed by orders of the court, entered March 7, 1913. The new company has been organized under the name of ALLIS-CHALMERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, with preferred and common stock as provided in the Plan and Agreement of Reorganization dated March 18, 1912. It is expected that the remaining properties in Illinois, Pennsylvania and California will shortly be acquired on behalf of the Reorganization Committee.

The Board of Directors of the new company has been elected as follows: Otto H. Falk, President, Milwaukee; Oliver C. Fuller, President Wisconsin Trust Company, Milwaukee; J. D. Mortimer, President Milwaukee Light, Heat and Traction Company, Milwaukee; Gustave Pabst, President Pabst Brewing Company, Milwaukee; Fred. Vogel, Jr., President First National Bank of Milwaukee; Max Pam, Chicago; F. O. Wetmore, Vice President First National Bank, Chicago; John H. McClement, Chairman of the Board, New York; Arthur W. Butler, of Butler, Herrick & Kip, New York; Charles W. Cox, of Robert Winthrop & Co., New York; Oscar L. Gubelman, of Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne, New York; R. G. Hutchins, Jr., Vice President National Bank of Commerce, New York; Arthur Coppell, of Maitland, Coppell & Co., New York; William C. Potter, Vice President Guaranty Trust Company of New York; and James P. Winchester, President Wilmington Trust Company, Wilmington, Del.

The certificate of incorporation provides, as mentioned in the Plan of Reorganization, that the holders of the preferred stock shall have power to elect a majority of the directors.

The Board of Directors has appointed an Executive Committee consisting of Mr. Vogel, Chairman, and Messrs. Falk, Fuller, Mortimer, and Pabst.

As provided in the Plan of Reorganization, five Voting Trustees have been appointed to hold the preferred and common stock, except the qualifying shares of directors, under a voting trust agreement, which is to last for five years unless sooner terminated by the Voting Trustees in their decision. The Voting Trustees are Messrs. James N. Wallace, Chairman; Charles G. Dawes, Alexander J. Hemphill, W. Emlen Roosevelt and Henry F. Whitcomb.

The properties will be taken over by the new company and operations conducted under the new management at an early date.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to holders of certificates of deposit for PREFERRED and COMMON Stock of ALLIS-CHALMERS COMPANY, that the Reorganization Committee, pursuant to the terms and provisions of said Plan and Agreement of Reorganization, has called for payment the balance of the amount due on their assessments in two installments, viz:

1. In respect of each share of PREFERRED STOCK, $4 per share on or before April 24, 1913, and $4 per share on or before May 15, 1913.

2. In respect of each share of COMMON STOCK, $2 per share on or before April 24, 1913, and $2 per share on or before May 15, 1913.

Payments must be made to the CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary, No. 54 Wall Street, New York City, and certificates of deposit must be presented at the time of payment in order that the receipt of the Depositary may be stamped thereon.

New York, March 19, 1913.

JAMES N. WALLACE, Chairman,
CHARLES W. COX,
ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
R. WALTER LEIGH,
JOHN H. McCLEMENT,
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
FRED. VOGEL, Jr.,
Reorganization Committee.
FRANKLIN L. BABCOCK, Secretary.

Real Estate For Rent lists are always in season—and a greater part of the most desirable locations are listed in these columns. Many of them never bear a placard inviting the inspection of passersby, but are listed exclusively in The Times Real Estate columns.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

$2,000,000 GALVESTON, HOUSTON & HENDERSON RAILROAD COMPANY

FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT BONDS, DUE APRIL 1st, 1913.

Referring to notice, dated March 1, 1913, heretofore published, holders of the above-mentioned bonds are hereby notified that, owing to the Company's inability to complete the necessary formalities with the Railroad Commission of Texas within the time at the Company's disposal, the proposed creation and issue by the Company of new First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds mentioned in said notice has been postponed and the contemplated sale of $2,000,000 thereof abandoned. Said notice and the offer of exchange therein contained are therefore hereby withdrawn.

Arrangements have been made for the purchase of the maturing bonds at par on the date of maturity, and holders of said bonds are notified that they may present the same (ex April 1, 1913, coupons) for purchase at the office of **CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 WALL STREET, NEW YORK CITY,** on or after APRIL 1, 1913, when payment of said purchase price will be made against the surrender of the bonds.

Coupons due April 1, 1913, on the maturing bonds will be paid on or after said date at Bankers Trust Company, 16 Wall Street, New York City, as heretofore.

Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company,
By J. H. HILL, Treasurer.
New York, March 26, 1913.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

GARDNER, SARAH.—THE PEOPLE OF the State of New York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent,

To Rebecca Kramer, Jeannetta Rothschild, Gottlieb Rosenhain, Johanna Haas, formerly known as Johanna Rosenhain, Frieda Rosenhain, Carl Rosenhain, Benno Rosenhain, Hattie Rosenhain, Herman Rosenhain, Siegfried Rosenhain, and Robert Rosenhain, the only heirs and next of kin of SARAH GARDNER, deceased, send greeting:

Whereas, Moses Esberg has lately applied to the Surrogates' Court of our County of New York, to have a certain instrument in writing, dated and subscribed April 21, 1906, relating to both real and personal property, duly approved as the last Will and Testament of SARAH GARDNER, late of the County of New York, deceased;

Therefore, you and each of you, are hereby cited to appear before the Surrogate of our County of New York on the 6th day of May, 1913, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the said last Will and Testament. And such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your Guardian, if you have one, or, if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed; in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a Guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said County of New York, at said County, the 11th day of March, in the year of our Lord, 1913.

(L. S.) DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George Montgomery Tuttle, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Lucius H. Beers, No. 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 11th day of June next. Dated, New York, the 3rd day of December, 1912.
FRANKLIN B. KIRKBRIDE,
HOWARD MANSFIELD,
Executors.
LUCIUS H. BEERS, Attorney for Executors, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

GROSS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JAMES HENRY GROSS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at her place of transacting business, care of Sayers Brothers, No. 31 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of July, next.—Dated New York, the 13th day of January, 1913. ELISABETH G. POPE, Administratrix. SAYERS BROTHERS, Attorneys for Administratrix, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

KEMP, GEORGE WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George William Kemp, late of the County of New York, deceased, to exhibit the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Nelson S. Spencer, Esq., No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of July next.
Dated New York, the 23d day of January, 1913.
MARGARET HUTTON KEMP,
EDWARD CHARLES MEARS-KEMP,
SAMUEL H. ORDWAY,
Executors.
NELSON S. SPENCER, Attorney for Executors, 27 William Street, New York City.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HAAS, SIMON.—IN PURSUANCE OF AN order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, dated the 17th day of March, 1913, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against SIMON HAAS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Hirsch, Scheuerman & Limburg, No. 160 Broadway, Manhattan, in the City of New York on or before the 30th day of September next.
Dated New York, the 20th day of March, 1913.
MOSES HAAS,
MAX FEIST,
LOUIS FUHS,
Executors.
Hirsch, Scheuerman & Limburg, Attorneys for Executors, 160 Broadway, New York City.

CAMPBELL, BERNARD.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against BERNARD CAMPBELL, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, Room 809, No. 261 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, in the City of New York, on or before the 31st day of May next.
Dated New York, the 13th day of November, 1912.
EUGENE F. McGIRR,
MICHAEL SHEA,
Executors.
ARROWSMITH & DUNN, Attorneys for Executors, No. 261 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

SAMMET, JOEL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against JOEL SAMMET, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Cowing, White & Wait, No. 49 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 25th day of May next.—Dated New York, the 15th day of November, 1912. RAY SAMMET, HARRY SAMMET, BESSIE LEWENTHAL, Executors. COWING, WHITE & WAIT, Attorneys for Executors, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

VAN RIPER, FANNY V.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Fanny V. Van Riper, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Philip J. Britt, No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of April, 1913.
Dated New York, the 7th day of October, 1912.
WILLIAM D. VAN VLECK,
JOSEPH VAN VLECK, Jr.,
Executors.
PHILIP J. BRITT, Attorney for Executors, No. 27 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

CLARK, MARIAN DE FOREST.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. John P. Cohalan, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARIAN DE FOREST CLARK, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at their place of transacting business, at the office of Root, Clark & Bird, No. 31 Nassau Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 1st day of June next.—Dated New York, the 22d day of November, 1912. LOUIS C. CLARK, LOUIS C. CLARK, Jr., GRENVILLE CLARK, Executors. ROOT, CLARK & BIRD, Attorneys for Executors, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York.
Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against GEORGE H. SCHUMANN, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, No. 716 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 16th day of June next.
Dated New York, the 4th day of Dec., 1912.
CHARLES W. SCHUMANN, Executor.
LAWRENCE & LAWRENCE Attorneys for Executor, 60 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned intends to apply to the Broome County Surrogate's Court for Letters of Administration upon the estate of James E. Johnson, late of Binghamton, New York, deceased, under the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Civil Code, relating to modified security with consent of next of kin, and the creditors of said decedent are notified to present their claims against his estate to Benjamin Baker, Surrogate of Broome County, at Binghamton, New York, on or before April 14th, 1913.
JAMES W. JOHNSON.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, Appellate Division, First Department.—In the matter of the application of MANHATTAN BRIDGE THREE CENT LINE for the appointment of Commissioners to determine whether its railroad ought to be constructed and operated in certain streets in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, Commissioners appointed herein to determine whether the proposed street surface railroad of the Manhattan Bridge Three Cent Line ought to be constructed and operated through and along the following streets in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to wit—Desbrosses Street, between West and Greenwich Streets; Washington Street, between Desbrosses and Vestry Streets; Greenwich Street, between Desbrosses and Vestry Streets; Vestry Street, between Washington and Canal Streets, and Canal Street, between Vestry Street and the terminal of the Manhattan Bridge—will hold their first meeting at the office of Latson, Tamblyn & Pickard, No. 55 John Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 10th day of April, 1913, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

Dated March 28th, 1913.
JOSEPH R. TRUESDALE,
JULIAN M. WRIGHT,
ELBERT B. HAMLIN,
Commissioners.

SEE 60 DAYS' FAMINE

Steel Interests' Estimate of Effect on Industry of the Western Floods.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, March 29.—The crippling of the whole iron and steel industry of the Central West, with a consequent loss in production that spells famine in steel products for the next sixty days, overshadowed every other development in market circles before the close of the week. It took several days to develop the real seriousness of the situation from the standpoint of tonnage, and even now producers are able to make only the roughest estimates of the production lost because of the floods.

Pittsburgh and Chicago are the only steel centres even partially operating today in Central States territory. It is admitted that the average stoppage of furnaces and steel plants in this wide stretch of country through flood damage and delay in shipments of raw material will be at least three weeks. It is estimated that fully one-half the country's total output of steel for one month and approximately 60 per cent. of the pig iron production of the United States for a month lost to the country through the floods at a time when mills were being speeded to top pitch to make deliveries contracted for months ago.

Pittsburgh district has been affected less than points further West, yet fully one-half the Steel Corporation's available capacity in this county is idle, partly through flood and partly through failure of the railroads to deliver material. The only interests in the steel trade in the Pittsburgh district that seems to have escaped unscathed are the American Bridge Company and the Crucible Steel Company, whose plants are for the most part above flood levels.

Practically the entire blast furnace industry west of Pittsburgh, through Western Pennsylvania and the entire State of Ohio, is paralyzed by flooded rivers or delays in getting coke and raw materials. Prices were lost sight of at the end of the week in the confusion that followed a realization of the extent of the suspension of important plants, and the utter failure of deliveries of all crude and finished materials.

Many of the heavier consumers of merchant iron will be crippled during the next month to an extent that may call for cancellations of pig-iron contracts. The Wheeling district, the Shenango and Mahoning Valleys, the Beaver Valley district, the Cleveland-Akron district, Columbus and Central Ohio and the Ohio Valley its entire length, are the steel centres most completely prostrated. In Southern Ohio it is feared industries have been literally swept away in the Zanesville, Ironton, Portsmouth, Hamilton, and Middletown districts, in all of which there are heavy furnace and steel mill investments.

Through the latter half of the week buying and selling, as well as output and deliveries, were practically halted throughout Central States territory. After Tuesday embargoes on coke and raw material freight from Pennsylvania points to points west of Pittsburgh and from the lakes south into the Pittsburgh district stopped crude and finished product plants that had been unaffected by the high water.

Inability to make deliveries of crude steel out of Pittsburgh and the total failure of the Mahoning Valley billet supply owing to flood caused a general suspension of finishing mills that do not produce their own crude steel at points outside the flood zone. The effect of the week's disasters is expected to be to force up premiums on semi-finished steel the coming week.

The situation at independent finishing plants in Central and Southern Ohio still is practically unknown because of the breaking of all communication. The situation may be better judged when it is said that some Pittsburgh companies were unable to say even on Friday whether their plants at distant Ohio points had been in operation since Wednesday or not. The Steel Corporation is a heavy sufferer at the Carnegie plants in Steubenville, New Castle, and Youngstown; the American Steel and Wire Company has suffered severely at its Pittsburgh and Cleveland plants, and the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company has lost fully half i[illegible]n plate capacity in the suspension of [illegible] Ohio Valley and Shenango Valley mills. Independent steel companies at Canton, Ohio; Wheeling, W. Va., and Cleveland are heavy sufferers. The Republic Iron and Steel Company and the Youngstown Sheet and Tinplate Company have badly damaged properties at Youngstown. The mills of the American Rolling Mill Company at Middletown, Ohio, and Zanesville, Ohio, are supposed to be partially wrecked.

Coke production dropped during the week, with the annulling of all freight schedules out of the Connellsville region to points west of Pittsburgh. The plants of the Steel Corporation at Gary and South Chicago were hampered at the end of the week by the shortage of coke. Whole trains of coke consigned to Ohio furnaces are held up here, and the past three days Connellsville has been stocking thousands of tons at the ovens. There was a break in the price of furnace coke for forward delivery early in the week, when a Cleveland furnace took a considerable tonnage for second and third quarters at $2.25 oven, as against the former minimum on contract furnace coke of $2.50.

A better demand for basic iron had preceded the suspension of business early in the week, with prospects of a brisk buying movement to close the quarter. By the middle of the week basic iron had been "marked down" to the basis of $16 at Valley furnace by the active sellers, Cleveland producers being factors in the making of the new price, which was 25 cents below former minimums. Two sales aggregating 25,000 tons of basic are understood to have passed at that price. Steel making companies were active buyers of Bessemer iron, paying the full price of $17.25 Valley furnace, on upward of 18,000 tons, of which 15,000 tons went to one Pittsburgh district buyer. In foundry iron there was an active demand, with prices quoted at about $16.25 Valley furnace, or substantially the same as a week ago.

The price situation in steel lines remained practically unchanged, except for the action of the Steel Corporation at the opening of the week, in marking up wire $1 a ton. The move was followed promptly by the independents. Wire has not been specially active, and the interpretation of the trade on the present advance is that it is taken solely to force the filing of specifications on contracts made at lower prices, consumers having been slow in specifying.

The New York Times Spring Book Number
NEXT SUNDAY :: :: ::

Classified list of 500 Books from which to make selections for Spring reading.

Examination into the tendency of modern literature.

Stephen Phillips on the Poetry of John Masefield.

Grant Richards on differences between English and American publishers.

Arthur Stringer on Crime, discussing his new book, "The Shadow."

Rev. Robert Hugh Benson on the Life and Letters of George Tyrrell.

News of authors and publishers.

Correspondence from literary centres.

Reviews of latest publications.

Best literary review in the world.

With Next Sunday's Times
Order To-day.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—A minor disturbance that developed Saturday night over the Florida peninsula has caused local rains in the Middle and South Atlantic States, and a general storm that has moved to the Great lakes from the Canadian Northwest has caused rains in the border States from Michigan westward to the Pacific Coast.

The indications are that there will be showers Monday in the Atlantic States from Maine to Virginia, and in the Upper Ohio Valley and lower lake region, followed by fair weather in these districts Tuesday.

A further rise in temperature has taken place throughout the Eastern and Southern States and the great central valleys, and temperatures continue above the seasonal average throughout all Western districts.

Winds along the New England Coast will be increasing south, probably becoming high; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate to brisk south; South Atlantic and Gulf Coast, light variable.

Steamships departing Monday for European ports will have south gales and rain to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

Eastern New York and New England—Showers Monday; Tuesday fair; increasing south winds.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Cloudy and warmer, probably followed by showers Monday; Tuesday fair; brisk south winds.

Western New York and Western Pennsylvania—Cloudy and cooler Monday, preceded by local rains; Tuesday fair; brisk and high south, shifting to west, winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1912.	1913.		1912.	1913.
3 A. M.	40	40	4 P. M.	56	55
6 A. M.	37	41	6 P. M.	52	52
9 A. M.	42	43	9 P. M.	46	52
12 M.	49	52	11 P. M.	44	50

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 48 degrees; for the corresponding date last year it was 46; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 44.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 43 degrees; at 8 P. M. it was 53. Maximum temperature, 57 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 40 at 2 A. M. Humidity, 86 per cent. at 8 A. M., 88 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.31 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.07 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:54	1,781 Clay Av.; R. Raismon	Trifling
7:55	149 W. 126th St.; K. Shaw	Trifling
9:55	1,053 Simpson St.; Podger Realty Co.	Trifling
10:25	1,029 Boston Road; J. Brocker	$25
11:20	102 W. 106th St.; J. Wagner	Trifling
P. M.		
3:00	101 W. 76th St.; L. Schmidt	$1,000
3:47	575 Southern Boulevard; D. Owens	$5
5:45	5 Chrystie St.; E. Martin	Trifling
9:55	158 West Broadway; J. Padulo	Trifling

FIGHT ON FREE SUGAR SURE.

Louisiana for Limiting Cut to Refined Staple and Other Grades.

Special to the New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—It was learned definitely to-night that the Louisiana delegation in Congress will stand for a reduction of from 20 to 25 per cent. in the duty on refined sugar and corresponding reductions in other grades, but that they intend to combat vigorously any attempt by the Democratic Party to place sugar on the free list, as was proposed in the Underwood sugar schedule which passed the House of Representatives on March 15, 1912.

Senators Ransdell and Foster of Louisiana are leading the fight to block the removal of the duty from sugar. They do not know to what extent they will have to make a contest in the Senate, because they are not officially aware what the Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee propose to do with the sugar schedule. Nor do they know whether they can count for any aid and comfort from the White House.

"If sugar is placed on the free list it would ruin the sugar industry in Louisiana," said Senator Ransdell to-night. "If this is done by the House my fight will be to get this section of the bill safe and sane again.

"We are ready to stand for reduction in the sugar rates. We want to go along with our party."

Senator Ransdell and his colleague, Senator Foster, have had a conference with the President. They have urged him to take a stand against putting sugar on the free list. The President did not commit himself.

The real fight would come in the Senate, where the Senators from Louisiana will have conferences with Senators from other States in which there are beet sugar mills, especially with the Senators from States like Ohio, Montana, Kansas, and Colorado. Five of these are Democrats.

The removal of the duty on sugar would represent a loss of about $50,000,000 annually in revenue, and this would be raised by means of the proposed new income tax. Those who want the duty removed from sugar argue that it will save consumers about 1½ cents a pound, or about $115,000,000 annually.

HAYWOOD AGAIN ARRESTED.

Charged with Unlawful Assemblage in Massing Paterson Strikers.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., March 30.—William D. Haywood, I. W. W. leader, was arrested here this afternoon charged with unlawful assemblage. Haywood had been prevented from holding an outdoor meeting of silk strikers and had assembled 2,000 silk strikers preparatory to a march to Haledon, where Socialist Mayor Bruckman had granted the I. W. W. agitators full rein with regard to meetings. Adolph Lessig, Chairman of the local strike committee, was also arrested on the same charge. Several minor arrests were made.

There is no change in the situation as far as the strike is concerned, both the silk workers and manufacturers holding fast. It is believed a settlement might be reached if the I. W. W. agitators were eliminated. The manufacturers will refuse to treat with Haywood and his followers.

WORKING FOR MILK BILLS.

Final Appeal to the Legislators to Protect the Babies.

Now that the adjournment of the Legislature is approaching, the backers of reform measures pending at Albany are working overtime, and none more energetically than those who are sponsoring the bills calling for the State control of the milk supply. The hearings on the milk bills—or the "Baby Bills," as some call them—are set for to-day and Wednesday.

In the final propaganda work, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman writes to Assemblyman Carroll:

"The success of our work has attracted the interest of many of the other cities throughout the State, nearly all of which at present have a much higher infant death rate than New York City, and many, I am informed, have been made dumping grounds for milk rejected by us as unfit for human consumption. If the bills pass in their present form and the work of State supervision of dairies is properly carried out, all the babies of New York State will receive better protection against disease caused by bad milk."

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Local rains Monday; Tuesday fair; moderate variable winds, mostly southerly.

Georgia, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Eastern Texas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; light variable winds.

Western Texas, Utah, Nebraska, North and South Dakota, and Kansas—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.

Oklahoma—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Arkansas—Cloudy Monday; Tuesday fair.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Cloudy Monday; Tuesday fair.

Ohio—Cloudy and cooler Monday, preceded by local rains. Tuesday fair; brisk and high south, shifting to west, winds.

Indiana—Fair and cooler Monday; Tuesday fair.

Illinois—Fair and cooler Monday, Tuesday fair; high west winds, diminishing.

Lower Michigan and Wisconsin—Cloudy and cooler Monday. Tuesday fair; high west winds.

Upper Michigan and Minnesota—Fair Monday and Tuesday.

Iowa and Missouri—Fair and cooler Monday; Tuesday fair.

OVERHAULING TIME FOR AUTO MOTORS

Care Required for Good Results—Orphans' Day Plans—Auto Puzzles the Mexicans.

This is the time of year when thoughts of overhauling the engines of automobiles are prevalent. The process must be performed with care. A man must be careful not to imitate the man who had taken automobile lessons, obtained a place as chauffeur, and then undertook to take down the engine of the car he was operating. He took it down, and also put it together again, but he was in something of a state of perturbation when he summoned a friend, more expert than himself, by telephone.

"Look here," he said, "I've got the engine together and it runs, but there are a lot of parts left over."

Speaking of overhauling the other day, W. H. Stewart, who teaches motor lore, distinguished between two ways to perform this task.

"The usual way," said he, "is to remove the cylinders, clean out the carbon, grind the valves, and take up on the wrist pin and connecting rod bearings and the main engine bearings if they need it. Taking up a bearing involves taking off the caps and removing one or more of the shims until the bearing is again snug. If there is a solid shim between the halves of the bearing it must be filed down sufficiently to take out the play. No novice should go in for the other kind of overhauling, which involves scraping the bearings and removing the whole power plant from the chassis and stripping it. Shafts and similar parts must then be centred and trued up with machinery."

⁂

After a scouting trip in Westchester County by persons interested in the Orphans' Automobile Day Association of this city, it now seems probable that the outing which that body annually affords several thousand orphan children, will be held this year in Glen Island, near New Rochelle. E. J. Cardial, acting Mayor of that city, and others of the administrative family, went over the park with the scouts, and in the report, which will be made at the annual meeting to-morrow, this site will probably be recommended.

⁂

Reports have been received by a local motor company to the effect that V. Carranza, Governor of Coahuila, Mexico, who had been reported surrounded in some canyon of that province, and about to be annihilated by Federal troops, proved himself to be the greatest will-o-the-wisp known from Saltillo to Cuernavaca. It seems he managed to be all over Coahuila in the course of two days. Huerta and other authorities in Mexico City sought to discover his devious route by means of scouts, and when they had succeeded, found that the elusive wire-cutting Governor had been doing his traveling by motor car, by limousine in fact. The automobile had invaded a new field of usefulness.

⁂

A gratifying motor truck order has just been "landed" from the New York Railways Company by one of the big motor companies which has its factory in Long Island City. The order was for twenty-nine electric vehicles and called for three 1,000-pound panel wagons; one 2,000-pound money wagon; five two-ton emergency wagons, fourteen three and a half-ton hand-operated dumping trucks, four three ane one-half-ton stake body trucks, and two five-ton stake body trucks.

ASHOKAN ROUTE OPENED.

New Road Through Catskills Affords Close View of Reservoir.

This year, for the first time, the motorist traveling between the East and West, through the Catskill Mountains, will be able to pass by the new Ashokan Reservoir. For the last three years, what was formerly the main route, nearly direct west from Kingston, has been practically closed on account of the construction project, in the process of which many miles of the road have been submerged. It has been necessary to continue up from Kingston to Saugerties, and then make a sharp left turn to pass through Woodstock and Bearsville to Mount Pleasant, connecting with the route of the old road.

Now, however, it is possible to start nearly west from Kingston to Stony Hollow, and take a northward bend to reach the new road constructed by the City of New York, which runs along practically the entire north side of the Ashokan Reservoir. This is not only ten miles shorter than by Saugerties, but it is a better route scenically, and passes one of the largest constructions of modern times. This route will have a tendency to increase travel from New York and lower New England points into the Catskills, and will also add to the amount of travel across the State by the Catskills, the Susquehanna Valley and the "Southern Tier." This will be the more marked with the completion of several road projects now in process between the Hudson River and the West, via Binghamton and Elmira or Watkins Glen. The route is shown in detail on the new A. A. A. map of the Hudson River district which has just come from the press.

BIG CATCH OF SEALS.

First of the Newfoundland Fleet in Port with 36,000.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 30.—With a catch of 36,000 seals, the steamship Stephano returned to-day, the first of the sealing fleet in Newfoundland waters to report. She brought news that the Nascopie had 27,000 seals, the Florizel 22,000, the Sagona 23,000, the Eagle 12,000, the Bellaventure 10,000, the Bonaventure 8,000, and the Adventure 7,000. Others of the fleet had poor luck.

News from the four ships sealing in the Gulf of St. Lawrence indicates that they are having a good season.

A CHAPTER ON HATS.

It Conveys a Moral for Thrifty Husband and Daddy of Daughters.

The cost of a woman's hat is the theme of continuous discussion and the butt of bitter jest. But are hats for men really cheaper at $5 than hats for women are at $50? The answer is "sometimes, but not invariably."

The restaurant and hotel hat-checking system now extends all over America. From its exactions there is no appeal. A man pays a minimum rental of ten cents for the hook on which his hat hangs while he eats a meal in a restaurant. If he is a commercial traveler, or a man who, for other reasons, habitually eats in restaurants, he pays thirty cents a day rent for three hat hooks, if he is a tightwad, and gives the minimum tip. If generosity, vanity, timidity or the effect of drink causes him to give the tip trust's hired boy a quarter instead of the minimum tip that will insure a man's escape from the myrmidons of the tip trust without being spit upon, the hat hook rental runs up to more than is actually required to feed a man who eats meat three times a day, but does not eat in restaurants.

But even the tightwad's hat hook rents cost him nearly $10 a month. The average man wears a $5 hat about six months, so he may easily pay out $50 to $60 in hat hook rent, in addition to the modest $5 he pays for the hat.

The woman keeps her hat on in the restaurant. In addition to getting her food, in zones of exorbitant prices, upon a free lunch basis, as is usually the case, she avoids the necessity for renting from the tip trust for two or three hours a day a hat hook whose rental earning capacity for the day is several dollars.

And still the cost of woman's headgear moves the thrifty husband and the impoverished daddy-of-daughters to wrath, gives the maker of "two line" jokes his theme, provides the cartoonist his inspiration, and gives the woman who is addicted to willow plumes, aigrettes, and fashionable milliners no rest.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

WILL INTEREST CAPITAL.

But Merchants' Association Will Not Encourage Bonuses to Get Industries.

Since the organization of the Industrial Bureau of the Merchants' Association, 54 Lafayette Street, it has been flooded with applications from prospective establishments for some sort of assistance, principally capital, to enable them to locate here. The manager of the bureau in the association's bulletin, "Greater New York," issued to-day, makes this comment on the larger part of these applications:

"All of them seem to think that with a little 'hard New York coin' they can begin business at once here to the mutual advantage of New York and themselves, particularly themselves. It is needless to say that the bureau has considered these requests and found many of them wanting—in more respects than a lack of capital. However, some good proposals have been brought forward.

"It is a common custom to assist new enterprises. A favorite method is to give the new factory a free site. Usually land is the cheapest thing in the community, and, hence, the willingness by the community to part with it. A practice which we are glad to say is fast passing away is the giving of cash bonuses.

"Perhaps sounder methods are those of Boston; Davenport, Iowa; Williamsport, Penn., and Lansing, Mich., where the plan involves the giving of local credit in one form or another to the new concern.

"In the principles laid down at the beginning of the work of the bureau of the Merchants' Association it was stated emphatically that we were 'against the policy of giving artificial advantages to new concerns,' and did 'not approve of bonuses, free sites, remission of taxes, investment in securities, indorsement of commercial paper or other similar methods.'

"A normal and useful function, however, may be performed by the Industrial Bureau by bringing new enterprises into contact with idle capital. In this way the bureau will act as a clearing house. It will weed out palpably unsound proposals and pass on to investors any enterprises which are apparently sound. In performing this service the bureau takes no responsibility for the soundness of any proposals, and it urges investors always to make thorough and careful independent investigations."

The Industrial Committee of the Merchants' Association having charge of these matters, is composed of Henry Morgenthau, Chairman; F. H. Bethell, John F. Calderwood, Claire Foster, John F. Galvin, Frank Hedley, W. H. Milnor, and C. G. M. Thomas.

FOR THE SALANT-SCHAAP BILL

Well-Known Men Going to Albany to Urge Its Passage.

The Salant-Schaap bill, which proposes a referendum on the question of gradually reducing the New York City tax rate on buildings to half that on land values, comes up for a hearing before a joint legislative committee in Albany to-morrow afternoon, and a very distinguished company of New York men will go up to argue in its favor.

"The only question at issue," says Benjamin C. Marsh, chief worker for the measure, "is whether land owners have influence enough at Albany to kill the bill."

Some of those to attend the hearing will be John J. Hopper, Frederick L. Cranford, Francis W. Bird, Amos Pinchot, Walter L. Durack, Dr. Henry Moskowitz, Dr. John Haynes Holmes, Dr. S. Adolphus Knopf, Raymond V. Ingersoll, and R. S. Childs.

The variety and number of the proponents is due, in part, to the fact that the bill appeals not only to men with certain economic theories, but to many interested in some remedy for the congestion evils of Manhattan, and who feel that rent reduction and building stimulation will help to spread New York's population more evenly over its area.

RECORD FOR IMMIGRATION.

Never So Many at This Season as Came In Yesterday.

Five steamers arrived yesterday from Europe bringing a total of 5,339 immigrants, which was a record for this season of the year. The Patricia brought 2,093 from Hamburg, Celtic 843 from Liverpool, Hamburg 974 from Naples, Ultonia 939 from Trieste, an dthe St. Paul 490 from Southampton.

The Patricia was dressed with bunting, rainbow fashion, as she came up the harbor to celebrate her one-hundredth trip to New York. A girl was born in the steerage on Saturday and was christened Patricia Sitinsky. The purser said that the Patricia had carried 250,000 passengers in her career from Hamburg to New York.

WEEK'S CURB TRANSACTIONS.

The principal transactions on the New York Curb Market for the week ended March 29 with price changes for the week were:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
7,300	British-A. T.	24	22½	23¾	+ 1¼
70	Cluett-Peabody	68	68	68	− 3½
310	Emerson-Brant.	45	44¼	45	− 5
100	Havana Tob.	3½	3½	3½	− ½
200	Houston Oil	20	19½	20	+ 1½
50	Kaufman D. S.	48	48	48	− 8
700	Mar. of A., new	5½	5½	5½	+ ⅛
11,500	†Mays Oil	27	23	26	+ 3
460	St. Oil of N. J.	366	357	361	+ 4
300	Tob. Prod. pf.	90	88	90	+ 2½
9,545	U. C. S., w. i.	99¼	95½	99¼	+ 3¾
355	Willys Overland	60	58	60	− 6
	RAILROAD.				
2,360	Manhattan Tr.	1¾	1⅝	1¾	+3-16
	MINING.				
2,600	Alaska G. M.	14⅝	13⅞	14⅝	+ 1¼
1,900	Alaska Cop	5½	5	5	− ½
2,000	*Beaver Con	39	38	39	..
610	Bessie G. D.	14	13½	14	+ 1
7,500	*Big Four	88	87	88	..
3,550	Braden Cop	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅜
6,050	Brit. Col. Cop.	3	2⅞	3	..
2,350	Buf. Mines	2¼	2¼	2¼	− ½
13,200	Can. G. Silver	19	16	19	+ 3
8,500	*C. O. D. Cons.	7	6	7	+ 1
2,000	Con. Ariz., Sm., new	5-16	¼	¼	..
3,310	Davis-Daly Cop.	2⅜	1½	2	+ ⅜
6,500	*Dia. Blk. But.	3	2	3	+ ½
4,650	El Paso, new	5½	4½	5	− ¼
9,900	*Ely Consol	10	9	10	..
100	First Nat. Cop.	1 15-16	1 15-16	1 15-16	..
2,500	*Florence	54	47	47	− 5
900	Giroux Min	3	2¾	2⅞	−1-16
850	Gr.-Can., new	8	7¾	7⅞	+ ⅛
5,000	*Gr. Cop. M. & S.	5	4	5	+ 1
1,325	Halifax Tono	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	−1-16
12,200	*Jumbo Exten	29	23½	25	− 4
3,800	Kerr Lake	3 3-16	3 1-16	3 3-16	..
2,440	La Rose Con.	2¾	2 11-16	2 11-16	−3-16
2,500	McKinley-D	2	1 15-16	2	..
700	Mines Co. of Am., new	2¾	2⅝	2¾	..
1,420	Nevada Hills	1 3-16	1⅛	1⅛	− ⅛
2,200	*N. J. Mines Co.	18	17	17	+ 1
2,150	Nip. Mines	9½	9¼	9⅜	+ ⅜
260	North Butte D.	½	7-16	½	+1-16
800	Ohio Copper	¾	¾	¾	..
1,985	P. S. & R., w. i.	2⅛	2	2 1-16	−1-16
200	S. U. M. & M.	5-16	5-16	5-16	−1-16
3,000	Stewart Mining	1½	1 7-16	1½	−1-16
23,600	*Ton. Merger	90	85	86	− 2
3,000	Tonopah Ext	2¼	2	2 1-16	+1-32
725	T. M. of Nev.	5¾	5 9-16	5 9-16	..
1,900	Tri-Bullion	½	7-16	½	..
100	Tularosa	13-16	¾	13-16	+3-16
1,400	Tuol. Copper	2 13-16	2 11-16	2¾	− ¼
4,875	West End Con.	1 7-16	1¼	1 5-16	−1-16
300	*Wett. Sil. M.	13	12	13	..
300	Yukon Gold	2 15-16	2⅞	2 15-16	−1-16
	BONDS				
$118,000	B'klyn R. T. 5 p. c. notes	95½	95	95½	+ ⅝
15,000	Mason Val. 6s	95	95	95	..
15,000	N. Y. City 4¼s, 1960	98⅜	98¼	98¼	− ¼
55,000	N. Y. City 4½s, 1962	98⅝	98¼	98¼	− ½
41,000	West. Pac. 5s	82	81⅝	82	− ⅜

*Cents per share.

BALTIMORE.

Sales of stocks on the Baltimore Stock Exchange during the last week, together with the high, low, and last selling prices, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
285	Bank of Baltimore	188	180	186
15	Con. G. El. Lt. & P.	108	108	108
440	Fidelity & Deposit	149	144	146
3,800	Fidelity & Deposit rts.	9	8¼	8⅝
10	Fidelity Trust	255	255	255
5	German Bank	109	109	109
35	G. B. S. Brewing	2½	2¼	2½
2,290	Hous. Oil com. tr. ctfs.	20	19¾	19¾
250	Hous. Oil pf. tr. ctfs.	62½	61½	62½
60	Merch.-Mech. Bank	33½	33½	33½
125	Maryland Casualty	105	*101¾	*101¾
15	Northern Central	121¾	121½	121½
10	Nat. City Bank	111	111	111
50	Penn. Water & Power	62	62	62
15	Seaboard Air Line	19	19	19
2,030	United Railways	24¼	23	24¼

*Ex dividend.

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD.

Lull Continues in Crockery Mart.

The retarding effect of the Easter interruption was still evident in the local crockery and glassware market last week. At the opening business showed signs of reviving, but soon settled back to the condition that had featured it for the last two or three weeks. Approaching tariff legislation was believed to be responsible also for the continued inactivity of buyers. Mail and road orders were of fair size and were received in fair number, but there was nothing about this business to cause elation on the part of sellers. Requests for prompt shipments continued and were about the only optimistic feature of the week.

Import business was fair under the existing conditions, with Japanese china selling well from stock. Importers of French wares still had difficulty in getting goods through the customs. The domestic trade experienced a sharp falling off in their orders. The advance business done, however, was amply sufficient to keep the producers from becoming anxious.

⁂

Fruit Prices Continue Firm.

Offerings of California oranges were small in the fruit market last week, and under the good general demand prices continued to advance. Some of the best grades of fancy large California stock sold up to $5.70 a box. Receipts of Florida oranges were also small, and the best marks got prices that were satisfactory to sellers. Porto Rico oranges reflected the general strength of this end of the market, and the leading brands brought about 30 cents a box less than the best California.

Apples were in heavy supply and prices showed lower levels at the close of the week. The floods did not seriously retard arrivals in the opening days, and the demand was not strong enough to offset the supply. Heavy shipments of storage apples are reported on the way, and the tone of the market is not expected to show much improvement. Porto Rico grapefruit was liberally offered, but a good percentage of this fruit was in bad condition. Pineapples from the island were weaker in price. Despite the floods and the lighter demand from the interior, Sicily lemons were in good request. Offerings were generally poor, but prices were good wherever the quality of the fruit warranted.

⁂

Name Wrongly Used.

In an item in this column in Saturday's TIMES under the caption "United States Finishing Company Gets Extension" the name of the United States Worsted Company was used wrongly. The United States Worsted Company was in no way affected by the action of the Creditors' Committee of the finishing company.

⁂

Local Printcloth Trading Unsteady.

Buyers were by no means active in the New York printcloth market last week, but toward the finish trading began to show signs of life. Unsettled credit conditions and disasters were the leading reasons for the dullness that prevailed. The week opened with some hand-to-mouth sales of 39-inch, 62-72s, at 5⅝ cents, but toward the close this figure was shaded to 5½ cents for contract sales. Rumors were current that large orders would get concessions, but few buyers seemed anxious to confirm them.

Near the close 38½-inch, 64-60s, declined to 5 cents, and a fair amount of business was done in them at that price. Four-yard, 80-80s, moved at 7 3-16 cents at the opening, but were later shaded 1-16 of a cent by some mills. The concession did not do much in the way of getting business, however; 38½-inch, 64 squares, were reported cut to 5⅛ cents. The market closed slightly more active, with 38½-inch, 64-56s, quoted at 4⅞ cents for spot and contract. The week's comparative prices follow:

		Open.	Close.
27-inch,	56-52s	3 1-16c	3 1-16c
27-inch,	56-56s	3¼c	3¼c
27-inch,	64-60s	3½c	3½c
28-inch,	64-60s	3⅞c	3⅞c
28-inch,	64-64s	4c	4c
38½-inch,	64-60s	5 1-16c	5c
38½-inch,	64-64s	5¼c	5¼c
39-inch,	68-72s	5⅝c	5½c
39-inch,	72-76s	6¼c	6¼c
39-inch,	80-80s	7¼c	7¼c

⁂

England Led 1912 Cotton Shipments.

Great Britain was by the far the world's heaviest exporter of cotton goods in 1912, according to statistics recently issued by the Cotton Goods Export Association of New York. In that year shipments from there totaled 6,912,625,800 yards, against 6,653,583,900 yards in 1911. British India and the East Indies received more than a third of the 1912 total, or 2,962,612,900 yards.

Shipments of this merchandise from the United States last year aggregated 464,253,126 yards, against 410,200,201 in the year before. The Philippines and China were the American manufacturers' best customers, the former taking 85,019,517 yards in 1912, and the latter 69,766,738 yards. In 1911 these countries also led in imports from this country, but the positions were reversed. Then China took 110,163,246 yards and the Philippines 49,827,773 yards. Unbleached cottons led in American exports, with colored goods second and bleached goods third. Japanese exports of cottons, the figures representing yen, totaled 25,761,395 in 1912, and 19,679,537 in 1911. China took slightly under half of these goods.

WEEK'S PRICE TENDENCY UP.

50 Changes Shown in Dun's List, of Which 28 Are Advances.

Fifty changes were shown last week in Dun's list of minimum wholesale prices. Twenty-eight of these were advances and twenty-two declines, this being the first time in weeks that the latter had been exceeded by the former. Foodstuffs led the list in the number of changes shown, with fourteen advances and nine declines. The market for drugs, chemicals, and oils showed the greatest strength, with only two declines and nine advances. The grain market was strong, and the metal markets, hampered in operations by the floods in the Middle West, showed the changes evenly divided. The other changes were shown in burlaps, hides, hops, jute, leather, rubber, and turpentine. Fourteen prices, nine of them declines, were quoted at levels lower than those of last year.

This table gives the minimum wholesale prices last week at New York, unless otherwise shown, of forty-one leading commodities, together with comparative prices for the previous week and last year:

	Last Week.	Prev. Week.	Last Year.
Beans, mar., choice, 100 lbs.	$5.25	$5.25	$4.75
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, lb.	.11⅞	.11⅝	.14¾
Standard brown sheetings, yard	.08	.08	.07¾
Print cloths, yard	.04	.04	.03⅝
Butter, creamery extra, lb.	.38	.35½	.32
Cheese, f. c., special, lb.	.17	.17¼	.19
Eggs, Western 1sts, doz.	.19	.18	.21½
Apples, evap., choice, lb.	.06¼	.06¼	.08½
Prunes, 30-40, Cal., lb.	.11½	.11½	.10
Peaches, Cal., dried, lb.	.06	.06	.10
Raisins, lb	.06	.06	.06¼
Flour, Spring patent, bbl.	4.50	4.50	5.25
Flour, Spring clear, bbl.	4.00	4.00	4.40
Wheat, No. 2 red, bush.	1.12	1.11	1.08¾
Corn, No. 2 mixed, bush.	.58	.56¼	.77½
Oats, No. 2 white, bush.	.38½	.37	.61
Cotton, middling uplands, lb.	.1270	.1260	.1085
Hay, prime timothy, 100 lbs.	1.00	1.00	1.40
Hides, Chicago packed, No. 1, lb.	.17	.17	.15¼
Hides, Chicago cows, native, lb.	.16	.16	.14½
Leather, hemlock sole, lb.	.28½	.28½	.25
Leather, union backs, lb.	.41	.41	.37
Iron, pig, foundry No. 2, Philadelphia, ton	17.75	17.75	15.00
Steel billets, Pittsburgh, ton	28.50	28.50	20.00
Copper, Lake, New York, lb.	.15	.15	.15½
Lead, New York, lb.	.0435	.0435	.0420
Tin, New York, lb.	.48	.46¼	.43⅝
Petroleum, refined, gal.	.13½	.13½	
Beef, live, Chicago, 100 lbs.	7.10	7.10	8.80
Hogs, live, Chicago, 100 lbs.	9.15	8.75	7.45
Sheep, live, Chicago, 100 lbs.	5.75	6.15	4.20
Lard, prime st., Chicago, 100 lbs.	11.27½	11.00	9.70
Short ribs, loose, Chicago, 100 lbs.	10.87½	11.12½	9.37½
Mess pork, Chicago, bbl.	20.50	20.62½	17.12½
Rice, domestic, prime, lb.	.05¼	.05¼	.05¼
Rubber, up-river Para, lb.	.90	.93	1.21
Sugar, stan. gran., 100 lbs.	4.40	4.40	5.35
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.14	.14	.14
Tea, Japan, low, lb.	.17	.15	.17½
Potatoes, State, bbl., new	1.65	1.75	4.00
Wool, average 100 gr., Philadelphia, lb.	27.50	27.50	23.13

BUYERS' MARKET PLACE

ADVERTISING IDEAS.
BINGER CO., Est. 1896. 705 B'way, N. Y.
Original Attractions, Novelties, Signs. Tel. 507 Gramercy.

AUCTIONEERS.
THE NEW SALESROOM OF CHARLES SHONGOOD, 539-541 Broadway, is the finest in City of N. Y.
United States Auctioneer. Correspondence solicited.
WILMERDING, MORRIS & MITCHELL, 488-492 B'way. Dry Goods Auctioneers.
D. HARTMANN, 8 Greene St. Tel. 4299 Spring.
Liberal advances in all kinds of merchandise.

AWNINGS.
O. C. CHAMPION MFG. CO.,
Expert awning construction. 211 East 33d St.

BABY CAPS.
MAX MAYER,
565-567 BROADWAY.

BANKERS.
WE SOLICIT THE ACCOUNTS OF Manufacturers and Wholesale Merchants
NATIONAL DISCOUNT COMPANY,
141 FIFTH AVE. Gramercy 37.

CHIFFONS, VEILINGS, AND NETTINGS.
Oppenheim, Stern & Hacker, 4 W. 16th St.
Mfrs. Famous "Classic Lassie" Auto Veil, $9 doz.

CLOAKS AND SUITS.
HUROWITZ & CO.,
12 EAST 33D ST.
KIRSHMAN BROS.
Removed from 33 East 9th—36 West 25th St.

COAT SPECIALIST.
BERNARD LEVINE,
3 and 5 East 28th St.

CRAVENETTES.
B. PRIESTLEY & CO.,
Dress Goods and Cravenette Cloths.
American Selling Offices,
354 FOURTH AVE., NEW YORK.

DUPLICATORS.
150 COPIES FROM ONE IMPRESSION.
Schapirograph, 228 W. B'way. Tel. 604 Franklin.

FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
M. NEUBURGER & CO. 305 Canal St.
A new drive for a Special Sale daily.

FRAMES AND OIL PAINTINGS.
JOHN DRESCHER, 296 Broadway.
Repr. Illinois Co. & Ohio Moulding Co.

FURS.
FRANKL & STEINHACKER,
"Perfect Make." 37 W. 28th St.

GARTERS AND HOSE SUPPORTERS.
Arthur Frankenstein Co., 516 Broadway.
Ladies' Foster and Men's Congress Garters.

HATS AND CAPS.
E. J. VON GAL HAT CO., 1,178 Broadway.
Fine Felt, Straw, and Panama Hats.

HOSIERY.
B. H. Fred'k. Victor & Achelis, 26-32 West 17th St.
Best Hose. All Qualities. Schmied & Rowe, M'g'r's

LACE CURTAINS.
SCHEUER BROS., 447 Broadway.
Best values in curtains and yard goods.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
VOILE FLOUNCINGS
Fred Hacker & Co., M'f'rs, 15 West 17th.
A. & L. METZGER, 22 W. 19TH ST.
HANDKERCHIEF line now ready for inspection
NOTTINGHAM LACE WORKS,
17 WEST 17TH ST.

LADIES' NECKWEAR.
SYDNEY M. SCHWARTZ & CO.,
"Blackstone." 12 East 22d St.

LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS.
ROSENSTOCK & COHN,
12-14-16 East 22d St.

LINENS
For Jobbers and Man'f'rs. Tel. Worth 4650.
JAMES F. WHITE & CO., 54 WORTH ST.

MAILING TUBES AND ROLL WRAPPERS.
WARE CO., 60-62 Lispenard St.
Postage Saving Tubes and Wrappers.

MALINES, RIBBONS, MILLINERY. SILKS
RALPH WILSON,
12 EAST 33D ST.

MISSES' AND JUNIOR COATS AND SUITS.
MILLAR, MANDEL & CO.,
Featuring Stouts. 127 W. 26th St.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR.
VISIT OUR NEW HOUSE.
ROBERT REIS & CO.,
Reis Bldg., Broadway, cor. 19th St.
Everything in Men's Wear.

MISSES', WOMEN'S, JUNIOR DRESSES
DETROIT PRINCESS MFG., C. W. Moore, Pres., Mfrs. of Children's, Misses', Juniors' and Women's Dresses—the complete line. 200 5th Av., Room 522. Tel. Gramercy 688
Levy & Julius—$3.75 and $5.00.
115-117-119-121-123-125 W. 30th St.

MUSLIN, FLANNELETTE UNDERWEAR.
Birkenfeld, Strauss & Co.,
Largest in the World. 31 W. 27th St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
MADE BY THE MILE.
SOLD BY THE FOOT.
MOUNT & ROBERTSON, 49 BROAD ST.
TELEPHONE BROAD 1957.

PACKING BOXES.
109 Reade St. P. RYAN, 359 West.
Bought and Sold. Tel. 500 Worth.

PHOTOGRAPHY (COMMERCIAL.)
Salesmen's Samples, Adv. Lantern Slides.
JOHN F. SWEENEY & SON, 128 W. 23d St.

PRINTING.
Cards, Letterheads, Circulars. Everything.
CALL'S, 56 West 24th St. Low, Quick.

SALESMEN'S SAMPLE ROLLS.
For every purpose. Tel. 6870 Barclay.
A. SPRINGER, 106 Chambers St.

SIGNS.
H. H. UPHAM & CO., 508 West Broadway.
Established over 50 years. Tel. 129 Spring.

SILK PETTICOATS.
LOUIS MAYERS CO.,
"Just That Difference." 15 W. 27th St.

SILKS, RIBBONS AND VELVETS
Reserved
for
SIDNEY BLUMENTHAL & CO., INC.,
395 Fourth Ave.
CHAS. SCHOOLHOUSE & SON,
242 AND 250 FOURTH AVE.

STATIONERS' SPECIALTIES.
W. J. Anderson & Co., 341 Broadway.
Gummed Paper. Gummed Tape. Sealing Machines.

STREET COSTUMES, DANCING FROCKS.
THE WINDSOR CO., INC.
19 WEST 36TH ST.

TRIMMINGS, NOVELTIES, EMBROIDERIES.
Goldstein, Davidson & Sondheimer,
260 and 266 Fourth Ave.
CHARLES PROSNITZ,
35 and 37 West 31st St.

TYPEWRITERS.
All makes, repaired, sold, $10 to $65.
EAGLE CO., 312 B'way, & 147 E. 23d.

UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS.
ARTHUR W. WARE & CO.,
41 AND 43 EAST 20TH ST.

UNDERMUSLINS, LINGERIE WAISTS.
OSCAR D. ROSE & CO.,
151 West 30th St.

WAISTS.
STEPHANO CO.,
13 and 15 West 28th St.
BALCON FRENCH WAIST.
Modish Materials. 12 West 27th St.
JUDA BROS., 14 W. 17th St.
Popular Priced Silk and Cotton Novelties.

WATCHES.
Ingersoll and Ingersoll-Trenton Watches.
Robt. H. Ingersoll & Bro., 315 Fourth Ave.

WINDOW ATTRACTIONS.
EINSON, 813 Broadway, New York.
Show cards, signs, price tickets, mechanical displays.

WINDOW SHADES AND AWNINGS.
F. J. KLOES, 243 Canal St., at Centre.
Sphinx Noiseless Window Awnings our specialty

WOVEN LABELS.
E. H. KLUGE WEAVING CO.,
33-39 W. 34TH ST. Tel. Bryant 1,307.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Appraisers Sustain Protest Against Duty on Japanese Dictionaries.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has sustained a protest by M. Furuya & Co. in which free entry under the Tariff act of 1909 was claimed for Anglo-Japanese dictionaries and lexicons. The Collector of Customs at Portland, Ore., assessed the books at 25 per cent. ad valorem under Paragraph 416 as books not specially provided for. The board holds that as the books are printed chiefly in Japanese they are not dutiable.

The board took adverse action on a claim by Meyer & Lange. The merchandise consisted of kronbeeren or fox berries preserved in sugar, forming a jam, packed in casks. Duty was taken at specific rates under Paragraph 274, act of 1909, as fruits preserved in sugar. The importers asked classification as cranberries at the rate of 25 per cent. ad valorem under the same paragraph.

The board sustained a protest by the Morton B. Smith Company of New York. Scrap iron was claimed to be free of duty or entitled to a discount of 20 per cent. from the regular duty by virtue of the reciprocity treaty with Cuba. It was held that while the importers failed to furnish the official papers required to admit the scrap free, they were entitled to the discount claimed.

P. C. Kuyper & Co. imported various plants which were returned for duty under the present law as nursery stock. Claims for lower rates were made, but the board overruled the firm's contentions.

Arrival of Buyers

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. W. Shedd, hosiery; 104 Worth; Latham.

Hudson, J. L., Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. A. Mayhew, corsets, ladies', infants' wear; 50 Union Square.

Spokane Dry Goods Company, Spokane, Wash.; E. E. Gordon, cloaks, suits, waists, ladies', infants' wear; 225 4th Av.

Fraser-Patterson Company, Seattle, Wash.; A. N. Brown, cloaks, suits, waists; 225 4th Av.

Rothschild, B., & Co., Rochester, N. Y.; B. Rothschild, woolens; Cumberland.

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Company, Atlanta, Ga.; B. Davison, dry goods; 71 W. 23d; Woodward.

Denver Dry Goods Company, Denver, Col.; Miss A. M. Wilson, millinery; 30 E. 20th; Great Northern.

Jacoby Brothers, Los Angeles, Cal.; G. W. Jeffery, dress goods, silks; 1,270 Broadway; Latham.

Miller D. G. Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. D. Slutzer, corsets, laces, hdkfs.; William Starkey, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; 43 Leonard.

Peck, George B., D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; Miss M. A. Daniels, cloaks, suits, waists; 2 Walker.

Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; Mrs. M. G. Hoitt, ladies' neckwear; 215 4th Av.

Steinbach, J., Asbury Park, N. J., general mdse.; Hoffman House.

Worth, M. Jacques, Paris, France, silks, trimmings, dress goods; Plaza.

Snellenburg, N., & Co., Philadelphia, Penn.; Lewis Englander, ladies' and misses' suits and dresses; 1,261 Broadway.

Koehler, M., Co., Lawton, Okla.; Mr. Koehler, silks, serges, lingerie dresses and waists; 43 West 27th St.

Mammoth Dept. Store, Shawnee, Okla.; Mr. Dreyfuss, dresses, suits, and coats; 43 West 27th St.

Pearson & Bright, Paducah, Ky.; Mr. Pearson, suits, coats, and petticoats; 43 West 27th St.

Scherr Manufacturing Co., New Orleans, La.; Mr. Scherr, suits, dresses, skirts, and petticoats; 43 West 27th St.

Filene's, William, Sons & Co., Boston, Mass.; Mr. Miller, boys' clothing; Mr. Johnston, men's clothing; 116 West 32d St.

The Outlet, Denver, Col.; William H. Isaacson, skirts, coats, suits and silk dresses; 172 5th Av.

Kopelowitz & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; J. E. Kopelowitz, cloaks, suits, linens, and silks; Imperial Hotel.

Stillman, John, Kalamazoo, Mich.; cloaks, suits, waists, dresses, &c.; 15 East 26th St.

Misch, C., Bridgeport, Conn.; H. Waller, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.

Misch, C., Worcester, Mass.; S. Elias, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.

Misch, C., Hartford, Conn.; Mr. Simons, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.

King Palace, Washington, D. C.; H. King, general mdse.; Cumberland.

Clarke Bros., Scranton, Penn.; W. F. Dolmittch, furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves; Herald Square.

Minneapolis D. G. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; W. S. McGregor, cloaks, suits, waists; 454 Broome; Knickerbocker.

Manhattan Cloak and Suit Co., Nashville, Tenn.; A. S. Weinbaum, ladies' ready to wear; Cadillac.

Misch, C., Providence, R. I.; C. E. Cohen, cloaks, suits; 33 Union Square.

Mandel Bros., Chicago, Ill.; Mme. Petiot, millinery, (trimmed;) 15 E. 22d.

Emery-Bird-Thayer D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; G. W. Kennedy, dress goods, linings, silks, velvets; 25 Madison Av.

Burnett, Francis, Co., Richmond, Va.; M. Rosengarten, waists, dresses; 15 E. 26th.

Philipsborn Outer Garment House, Chicago, Ill.; M. Philipsborn, children's, juniors', infants' coats, (Fall,) furs; 132 W. 21st.

Samson, E., Chicago, Ill., coats, (Fall;) 7 W. 22d.

Kahn, P., Chicago, Ill., silk and cotton petticoats, kimonos, dressing sacques; 7 W. 22d.

Paris Fashion Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; G. B. Schoen, jobs in coats, suits, dresses; 225 4th Av.

Frank & Seder, Pittsburgh, Penn.; I. Seder, coats, suits, (Spring;) P. Hirsch, jobs in dresses; 225 4th Av.

Seder Bros., Pittsburgh, Penn.; H. Seder, coats, (Fall;) 225 4th Av.

"HartfordSaxony"
NAME WOVEN IN THE BACK
the American Rug
DEEP PILE LOOM TUFTED
for Private Homes
A RUG OF REGAL SPLENDOR
and Public Places

JOBBERS and BUYERS who are interested in Men's, Women's and Children's RAINCOATS and Child's Capes can save 25 per cent. by buying direct from the manufacturer. Jobs always on hand to close out. Quick deliveries assured.
SCHWARTZ BROS.
1—11 Chester St.
Telephone 1091 E. N. Y.
Brooklyn, N. Y.

A Broadway ostrich fancy feather house wishes to add a line of ribbons and velvets. Needs an experienced buyer or one to invest some money and have an interest in this special line. State length of experience, age, and all particulars. E 69 Times.

A BROADWAY ostrich fancy feather house wishes to add a line of ribbons and velvets; needs an experienced buyer or one to invest some money and have an interest in this special line; state length of experience, age, and all particulars. E 69 Times.

SALESMEN wanted by a large, reputable concern for the following States: Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia, and Kentucky, also for Far West and the coast. Only those with large following may apply. E 68 Times.

SALESMEN wanted by a large reputable concern for the following States: Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia, and Kentucky; also for Far West and the Coast; only those with large following may apply. E 68 Times.

MANUFACTURERS of cloaks, suits, dresses, waists, skirts, having good values to offer, report C. M. Goldberg, 108 West 34th St. Tel. 733 Greeley.

WHITE SERGE DRESSES.
DELIVERY IMMEDIATE @ 2.31¼.
SAM'L BOLLT, 67 EAST 8TH ST.

A1 CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE open for Southern representative; only those that command trade need apply. E 39 Times.

SALESMAN desires waists as side line for Southwest; commission basis. A 296 Times Downtown.

FURS; call with ladies' fur samples. J. Rosenberg, 151 West 23d St.

AUCTION SALES.

The entire stock of a very prominent importer of this city, consisting of very fine line of Steamer, Wardrobe, and Innovation

TRUNKS

seal, pig skin, and sole leather and walrus suit cases and traveling bags.

Also fine line of wallets, triplicate cases, pass cases, bill folds, card cases, cigar and cigarette cases, and brush cases, toilet rolls, dressing cases, sewing sets, manicure sets, jewel boxes, and ladies' handbags, also all the fixtures, will be sold Wednesday, April 2, on premises by
D. HARTMANN, Auctioneer.
For information telephone Spring 4299.

Vorzimer-Sylvia, Auctioneers, sell imported cigars evenings. 1,349 Broadway.

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 100—Ferguson v. Stevens. 171—Olson v. Scandinavian Am Line. 197—Slavin v. N Y, N H & H R R Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Mayer, J. Bankruptcy discharges. D Ayd, W D Henry, A E Pierce, C E Bleyer, E J Fleischer, J Zaslan, W Tibbals, G M & W Gordon, H Liebovitz, Cantrell Clothing Co, M Lewis, H Kahn, W I Elsass, Schinasi Bros, M & S Wagman, Prizef & L. Under objections. P Zennon, M Palester, H Lichtenstein, E Roth, J Luhs, B L Price & Co, Levy & Epstein, J Samuels & Co. Adjourned cases. G E Wallace, W Scheff, Aymo & B, McNulty & D, Uhfelder & Weinberg. Motions. Falcon Waist Co, Rothschild's Dept Stores, S Deitchman, Sonora Phonograph Co, J Barnett, E & H Levy, J T Reinhardt, K Marks & Co, (2,) Levin & Samuels, A Staudt, B Rose, M Weiser, Milliken Bros, L Ehrenburg, H Lightstone, M Hoos, H Liebowitz, J Day, London & Martin, Cardo Borgia Stone Co, Amastasia C Goldberg, S & W Rosenthal, I Bloom, Regal Silk & Dress House, American Infusion Steel Process Co, C S Simons Sons, Krinko Bros, W C Baldwin, H Liebman, Trion Hosiery Co, W Woolf & Co, B'dway & 43d St B'ld'g Co, Klein & Bass, Rosa Zindel, L Halpert, Lamshick Bros, Mercandante Regan & Co, H Dreesbold, Rosenthal Bros, Kann & Co, N Y Pioneer M'f'g Co, Winderman & Katzman, C H Peckworth, Lamschick Bros, S Livingston, B Rubin, (3,) P Walsh, M Tannehause, J Mesibovsky, M Merinsky, L J & W J Kahn, S C Hayne, A Feltenstein, Fless & Gordon, A Finkelstein & Sons.

STATE.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 30.—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Monday:

840—People vs. Frank Kaminsky. 49—Albert G. Gotts, administrator, vs. New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company. 60—Pauline Bornstein, administratrix, vs. Beni Faden and another. 64—Elizabeth M. Malcolm, administratrix, vs. Town of Stillwater. 67—Elizabeth F. Dunn, administratrix, vs. New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Company. 68—George G. Belden, administrator, vs. George L. Record, impleaded, with others. 70—Samuel Kridel and another vs. Emanuel W. Bloomingdale. 71—Charles Barsotti vs. Fidalma Del Genovese, administratrix.

New York Courts.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Platzek, J. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Hawkins (Henderson.) 2—Lancaster v. Jacob. 3—People ex rel Murphy v. McAneny. 4—Edman v. Wolkowsky. 5—Matter of Gall (Phelps.) 6—State Bank v. Jacobowitz. 7—Wells v. Stacey. 8—Miller v. Miller. 9—Audibert v. Financial Encyclopedia Co. 10—Same v. Shea. 11—Milliken v. McGarrah. 12—Mayer v. Byrd. 13—Schwartz v. Schwartz. 14—Travers v. Barnum. 15—Jay v. Legal Realty & Mtg Co. 16—Heyn v. N Y Times Co. 17—Schwarz v. Schwarz. 18—Dowling v. Dowling. 19—Roberstein v. Roberstein. 20—Williams v. Williams. 21—Youngman v. Leonard. 22—Power v. Duncan. 23—Matter of Auburndale Co.-Operative Const Co. 24—Drucklieb v. Harris. 25—Comings v. Cypress Knitting Mills. 26—Craig v. Bennington. 27—Rabinowitz v. Maas. 28—Matter of Lincoln Nat Bank. 29—Sands v. Brigante. 30—Dollar Sav Bank v. Katzenberger. 31—Platt v. Platt. 32—Burnowsky v. Hutkoff. 33—Pressinger v. Goldfarb. 34—Michael v. Hoey. 35—Ehrich v. Davis. 36—Cushman v. Knickerbocker Ice Co. 37—Same v. same. 38—Tuttle v. Burrows. 39—Napier v. Spielman. 40—Houck v. Morse. 41—Pourakes v. Samaras. 42—Matter of Berdner. 43—Matter of Excelsior Bldg & Loan Assn. 44—U S Trust Co v. Safir. 45—Greenberg v. Berlinger. 46—Matter of Volfe. 47—Matter of Bronx Boulevard. 48—Matter of same. 49—Doll v. Zerega Realty Co. 50—Johnson v. Victory. 51—Millman v. Fisher. 52—Libman Cont Company v. Foundation Company. 53—Matter of Bolten. 54—Matter of same. 55—Matter of same. 56—Matter of same. 57—Matter of same. 58—Matter of same. 59—Matter of same. 60—Matter of same. 61—Matter of same. 62—Matter of same. 63—Matter of same. 64—Matter of same. 65—Markman v. Wolff. 66—Bolnick v. Bolnick. 67—Matter of Empire State Surety Co. 68—Matter of Morrison. 69—Dupignac v. Fishman. 70—Hill v. Robinson. 71—Lamport v. Smedley. 72—Jacobs v. Meyer. 73—Silverman v. Cappel. 74—Cochran Co v. Tegler Co. 75—Steinkamp v. Folchi. 76—Ryer v. Weber. 77—Matter of Fidelity Dev Co. 78—Tarenzai v. Berko. 79—Moran v. [illegible]eason. 80—Luff v. Fawcett. 81—Northrupp v. Burger. 82—Same v. same. 83—Scott v. Ongley. 84—Hamershlag v. Wendover Bronx Co. 85—Levine Bros v. Greenbaum. 86—Engster v. Ins Co of N A. 87—Ryan v. Corn. 88—Steinman v. Conlon (Hosier.) 89—People v. Hartigan. 90—Crick v. McLoughlin. 91—Poel v. Hills. 92—Same v. same. 93—Same v. same. 94—Capaldo v. Langello. 95—Doran v. Bergoffen. 96—Hartsein v. Agugliaro. 97—Walter v Kiefhaber. 98—Matter of Caglieris (Bronx Boulevard.) 99—Wilds v. the Rev. Stephen Merritt. 100—Wiasewitz v. Cidoroff. 101—Matter of Becker. 102—Sibbald v. Clune. 103—Hecht v. Wahl. 104—Long v. Lebanon Nat Bank. 105—Berolzhime v. Lincoln Trust Co. 106—Matter of Corner Stone. 107—Charlot v. Charlot. 108—Roberts v. Roberts. 109—Young v. Davis. 110—Behrman v. Getsky. 112—Donnelly v. Von Kummer. 113—Matter of Auburndale Co-Operative Const Co. 114—Burke v. Manhattan Marble Co.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Davis, J. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Seabury, J. Criminal calendar. 1—James C Pritchard. 2—John J. Fitzgerald. 3—Joseph Phillips.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Amend, J. Case on. Ring v. Hudson & Man R R Co. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV. Page, J. 2448—Duffy v. Linch. 5137—McNamara v. N Y Manufacturers' R E Co. 2455—Hart v. Eidlitz. 5397—Thos Ward Coal Co v. Behn. 5583—Prescott v. Robins Dry Dock Co. 2551—Aurienne v. Anirone Mfg Co. 456—Liljanthal. v. Wm J Taylor Co. 299—Schwamenfeld v. Bartelstone. 2307—Toone v. City of N Y. 2107—Lacey v. Auerbach. 2481—Constantino v. Watson Con Co. 2450—Manfredo v. New Amsterdam Gas Co. 1146—Thompson v. Elsasser. 5657—Gratz v. Erie R R. 1500—P Handweller v. City of N Y. 1501—E Handweller v. City of N Y. 5513—Mowbrey v. Schwaner. 2186—McCormick v. City of N Y. 2167—Juliano v. City of N Y. 2168—Bello v. City of N Y. 2169—Kanner v. City of N Y. 2506—Litowich v. City of N Y. 2272—Guarino v. City of N Y. 1997—Day v. Melrose Const Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Giegerich, J. Case on—Dooley v. Mandle. No day calendar.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers.—Fowler, S. Wills for probate. Gustav Luders, James B. Hammond, Jacob Polansky, Michael McMahon, Benedict Kuerzi, Cornelia F. Dellitt, George T. Enright, Louis Lewin, Thomas M. North, Anastatia Purcell, Barbara Attig, Hannah V. Thonron

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term.—Cohalan, S. Contested will. 2998—Irving W. Childs.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Lynch, J. Motions.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Finelite, J. Ex parte business.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. U S Trust Co v. Weil—Leslie J. Tompkins. Hedden v. Bachrach—James F. Donnelly.

SUPREME COURT.—Davis, J. Havemeyer v. Havemeyer—Albert Ritchie. Helleberg v. Helleberg—Hon. Edward E McCall. Muller v. Frohne—George Burnham. Germania Life Ins Co v. Kraushaur—James M. Donohue.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT.—Page, J. Christopher Moller v. Harry A. Wilkus (2)—Robert J Hare Powell.

SUPREME COURT.—Davis, J. Maria Kalbe v. Elizabeth Fonda—James M Donohue. Edw'd L Coster v. Seal Realty Co—David C Hirsch. Henry McCaddin v. Sass Cal Realty—Joseph R Truesdale. Philip A Zoltie v. Alex F Runge—Frank A Spencer, Jr.

Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelby, J. Litigated motions. 1—Ridgewood Nat Bank v. N Y & Q Elec Light & P Co. 2—Matter of U S Fidelity & G Co (Borough Bank of Brooklyn.) 3—Tax Lien Co v. Angulo et al. 4—Condon v. Condon. 5—Hilton v. O'Neill. 6—Cord Meyer Co v. Naum. 7—Matter of Foster. 8—Roeberman v. Butler et al. 9—Venner v. Belmont. 10—Maasen v. Interboro Rapid Transit Co. 11—Biangarda v. Chelsea Fibre Mills. 12—Casey v. Doody et al. 13—McGinnis v. Stewart. 14—Benjamin v. Thompson. 15—Denzilo v. Gallo. 16—Shanbroom v. Shanbroom. 17—Kennedy v. Nass Elec R R Co. 18—Annable et al v. Associated Builders Catalog Co et al. 19—Rich v. Meurer. 20—Anderson v. Dodd. 21—Brodie & ano v. Du Plessis et al. 22—Matter of Peoples Surety Co (Buchner.) 23—De Rosa v. De Rosa. 24—Greve & ano v. Graf. 25—Matter of Buckley Woodhull & Burns. 26—Suydam v. Suydam. 27—Peo ex rel Lynch v. Civil Ser Commission. 28—Heinlein Cut Stone Co v. Bonnert. 29—Dilson v. Dilson. 30—Matter of Sullivan. 31—Schnal v. Fensterblau. 32—Schnal v. Fensterblau. 33—Ingram v. Halpin. 34—Terbell v. Dunton Lodge Realty Co et al. 35—Emrich v. Siegel et al. 36—Matter of Roslyn Estates Inc. 37—Selinger v. Eastern Dist Const Co. 38—Whitson v. Wheatley Villas of Westbury et al. 39—Woodhaven Bank v. Donohuoe & ano. 40—Feldshuh v. Rothenberg. 41—Myers v. Levingston et al. 42—Reilly v. Mundelein. 43—Matter of Brown (Fach.) 44—Vecchio v. Emery & ano. 45—Arbano v. Auditore Co. 46—People v. Lee. 47—Matter of Harsell St-Wilbur Av Sewer. 48—Paris v. Little Giant Realty Co. 49—Goldberg v. Public Constr Co & ano. 50—Docher v. Docher. 51—Matter of Bway Ferry Condemnation. 52—Coles v. Manes et al. 53—Matter of Tufts. 54—Torpey v. Torpey. 55—Nesbit v. Quick. 56—Wood v. Scudder. 57—Winslow Skate Mfg Co v. Quick. 58—John Douglas Co v. Quick. 59—Wiche et al v. Quick. 60—Nannerschmidt v. Quick. 61—Phoenix Soapstone Co v. Quick. 62—Pierce B & P Mfg Co v. Quick. 63—National Alumni v. Quick. 64—Duhamel and another v. Quick. 65—Abrahams v. Quick. 66—University Alliance v. Quick. 67—Matter of Hemlock St. 68—Bklyn Trust Co v. Wyoming Impt Co et al. 69—Matter of Rockmore. 70—People v. Brown. 71—Savage v. Daub et al. 72—Lightfine v. Nowacke and another. 73—Schulman v. Goldsman. 74—Pettet v. Pettet. 75—Honig v. Davis and another. 76—Morris v. Youngentob et al. 77—Wright et al v. Jackson and another. 78—Raynor v. L I R R Co. 79—Palmenteri v. Ageloff. 80—Noll v. Standard Oil Cloth Co. 81—Florin and another v. Hirshderfer. 82—Williams v. Neal & Brinker Co et al. 83—Matter of Levingson (Simon). 84—Matter of Levingson (Helman.) 85—Lerner v. Blackman and another.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Kelly, J.—Ex parte business.

SURROGATE'S COURT—Ketcham, S.—Wills of Mary Keeley, Margaret Badern, Clara L. Core, Bridget Dougherty, Edith Schilling, H. M. Halsey, Ellen Masterson, A. Jacobson, J. W. Phillips, Ellen O'Neil, Leah Giegel, M. A. Bader, Mary Flanagan, K. Keelleher, Pauline Kirschler, George Gould, and Casper Goldstein. Administrations of L. Andrews, Daniel Foley, and Daniel McCallum. Accountings in the estates of James C. Church, Lewis Post, Kenneth Sutherland, Thomas Higgins, Katharina Koch, C. Joline, Margaret Purdy, Richard Stanton, Charles Dedreux, P. Rathacker, Bridget Clark, L. E. Young, Hannah McKenna, Thomas Shiels, and A. P. Young. The estate of Claus Doscher, Patrick Darby, Annie Phillips, Catharine Chase, Rocco Dias, Catharine Fitzpatrick, James Brown, Michael Feeney, Frank Mackenniz, and Minnie Stokes. Contested calendar: Wills of Daniel Foley, Erich Blockwehl, and John Klumaschelfke.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

MARY E. GAUTIER.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. ROBERT LUDLOW FOWLER, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against MARY E. GAUTIER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business at the office of Deyo & Bauerdorf, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the fifth day of June, 1913.—Dated New York, the 22nd day of November, 1912.

CHARLES E. GAUTIER, Administrator.

DEYO & BAUERDORF, Attorneys for Administrator, 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..5:48|Sun sets..6:22|Moon rises..3:18

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	2:45	3:43	9:18	9:37
Governors Island	3:34	4:43	10:18	10:32
Hell Gate	5:24	6:33	11:58	....

Arrived—Sunday, March 30.

SS St. Paul, Southampton, March 22.
SS Cameronia, Glasgow, March 22.
SS Celtic, Liverpool, March 20.
SS Ultonia, Gibraltar, March 17.
SS Hamburg, Palermo, March 17.
SS Patricia, Hamburg, March 13.
SS Eric Petersen, London, March 1.
SS Singapore, Calais, March 6.
SS Stampalia, Naples, March 19.
SS Verdi, Barbados, March 24.
SS Caciqua, Savannah, March 27.
SS Prin. Laetitia, Algiers, March 10.
SS Santa Barbara, Barbados, March 20.
SS Orotava, Bermuda, March 27.
SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, March 27.
SS Nevier, Manzanillo, March 15.
SS Ivernia, Boston, March 29.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

P. F. Wilhelm	Cherbourg	Mar.	25
Lapland	Antwerp	Mar.	23
Manhattan	Antwerp	Mar.	12
Jose	Cardiff	Mar.	15
African Prince	Shields	Mar.	17
Floride	Havre	Mar.	15
Helios	Shields	Mar.	15
Iroquois	London	Mar.	15
Kabinga	Gibraltar	Mar.	16
Wildenfels	Gibraltar	Mar.	18
P. R. Hendrik	St. Marc	Mar.	24
Tocantins	Santos	Feb.	21
Barbara	Palermo	Mar.	11
Chicago City	Swansea	Mar.	31
Alliance	Colon	Mar.	24
Guantanamo	Tampico	Mar.	23
Indore	Hamburg	Mar.	14
Noordam	Rotterdam	Mar.	22
Rochambeau	Havre	Mar.	22
Comus	New Orleans	Mar.	26
El Alba	Galveston	Mar.	25
Westerwald	Inagua	Mar.	27
Vigilancia	Nassau	Mar.	28
Grayson	Porto Rico	Mar.	26
Coamo	San Juan	Mar.	26
Bermudian	Bermuda	Mar.	29

DUE TO-MORROW.

Touraine	Havre	Mar.	22
United States	Christiansand	Mar.	22
Canada	Naples	Mar.	19
Sixaola	Port Limon	Mar.	24
San Giorgio	Naples	Mar.	19
Saratoga	Havana	Mar.	27
Inkula	Hamburg	Mar.	16
Denver	Galveston	Mar.	26
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Mar.	29

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Oceanic	Southampton	Mar.	26
Mesaba	London	Mar.	20
Citta di Palermo	Palermo	Mar.	14
Nord Amerika	Seville	Mar.	15
Re d'Italia	Palermo	Mar.	21
Prinz Joachim	Colon	Mar.	25
Cubana	Nipe	Mar.	27
El Oriente	Galveston	Mar.	27
Arcadian	Bermuda	Mar.	31
Nueces	Key West	Mar.	29
Lenape	Jacksonville	Mar.	30

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Panama, Colon	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Roma, Naples	——	3:00 P.M.
Lord Dufferin, Bahia	——	3:00 P.M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kronp. Cecilie, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Orotava, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Uller, St. Kitts	11:30 A.M	3:00 P.M.
Nieuw Amsterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Cid, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL WEDNESADY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
*Mauretania, Liverpool	——	1:00 A.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Maracaibo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Raum, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Zacapa, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Olinda, Cardenas	——	12:00 M.
San Marcos, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Creole, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

*Mail for Mauretania closes at 9:30 P. M. Tuesday.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of sailing at double postage rates.

By Marconi Wireless.

SS Lapland, Antwerp to New York, was 615 miles E. at 12:15 A. M.; due 31st, 4 P. M. Red Star Line.

SS Touraine, Havre to New York, was 1,061 miles E. at 12:15 A. M.; due April 1, 10:30 A. M. French Line.

SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen to New York, was 480 miles E. at noon; due 31st, 7 P. M. North German Lloyd.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Dakotan, Port of Mexico to New York, was 862 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS El Oriente, Galveston to New York, was 98 miles N. of Jupiter at 7 P. M.

SS Denver, Galveston to New York, was 179 miles N. of Jupiter at 7 P. M.

SS Comus, New Orleans to New York, was off Northeast End at 8:35 P. M.

SS San Marcos, Galveston to New York, was off Barnegat at 6:10 P. M.

SS Coamo, San Juan to New York, was 65 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 181 miles S. at 6 P. M.

SS Sixaola, Kingston to New York, was 84 miles N. of Watlings Island at noon.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 245 miles off Galveston Bar at 6 P. M.

SS Rayo, New Orleans to New York, was 230 miles N. of Jupiter at 7 A. M.

SS Comanche, Jacksonville to New York, was 205 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Cherokee, Brunswick to New York, was 250 miles S. at 7 P. M.

SS Vigilancia, Nassau to New York, was 293 miles S. at noon.

SS Sabine, Galveston to New York, was 52 miles W. of Galveston Bar at 7 P. M.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda to New York, was 176 miles S. E. of Ambrose at 8 P. M.

SS Allianca, Cristobal to New York, was 887 miles S. at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS G. Washington, at Cherbourg, March 30.
SS Majestic, at Plymouth, March 30.
SS Caledonia, at Moville, March 30.
SS Baltic, at Liverpool, March 29.

Sailed.

SS Franconia, from Queenstown, March 30.
SS Philadelphia, from Cherbourg, March 29.
SS Ryndam, from Boulogne, March 29.
SS Amerika, from Southampton, March 30.
SS Cedric, from Naples, March 29.
SS California, from Moville, March 29.

Passed.

SS Minnewaska, New York for London, passed Brow Head.
SS Aragonia, New York for Manila, passed Gibraltar.
SS President Lincoln, New York for Hamburg, passed Lizard.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close in New York at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii, Japan, Korea, and China (via San Francisco)—China	Mar.	31
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Mar.	31
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (except West) (via San Francisco)—Sonoma	April	8
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Shidzuoka Maru	April	3
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Wilhelmina	April	4
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands, (via San Francisco)—Manchuria	April	7
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed) (via Tacoma) Canada Maru	April	10
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Minnesota	April	10
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Monteagle	April	11

Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Wellington, March 2; Auckland, March 3; Melbourne, March 7; Sydney, March 8, and Honolulu, March 21—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Sonoma, were dispatched east at 6:40 P. M. March 27. Due in New York on the morning of Tuesday, April 1.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREMENT, notice is hereby given that an act (Senate Bill No. 895, Int. No. 804) has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

To provide for the expense of acquiring title to the property necessary for widening Roebling Street between Broadway, and Division Avenue, acquiring title to the public place bounded by Division Avenue, Lee Avenue, and the easterly line of Roebling Street extended to Lee Avenue, and acquiring title to the property necessary for the widening of Taylor Street from Lee Avenue to Bedford Avenue, in the Borough of Brooklyn, City of New York.

Further notice is hereby given that a Public Hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's Office in the City Hall in The City of New York, on Tuesday, April 1, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, March 25th, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREMENT, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill, No. 1,473, Int. No. 1,159, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to authorize the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York to hear, audit and determine the alleged claim of Jacob Bausch for moneys expended by him in employing a telephone operator for the Board of Coroners of the Borough of Manhattan from January first, nineteen hundred and nine, to December twenty-ninth, nineteen hundred and nine.

Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office in the City Hall, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 1, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, March 27, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREMENT, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill No. 882, Int. No. 840, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to provide for the excavation and construction of a shaft and the erection, installation and operation of an elevator connecting Fort Washington Avenue and a tunnel street from Bennett Avenue at One Hundred and Ninetieth Street to Riverside Drive, and for assessing the cost and expense thereof upon the property benefited.

Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office, in the City Hall, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 1, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, March 27, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREMENT, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill No. 1,498, Int. No. 1,373, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to amend the Greater New York charter, in relation to the registration of births not previously recorded.

Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office in the City Hall, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 1, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, March 27, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

PURSUANT TO STATUTORY REQUIREMENT, notice is hereby given that an act, Assembly bill No. 1,304, Int. No. 1,205, has been passed by both branches of the Legislature, entitled

AN ACT

to amend the Greater New York charter in relation to assessments for local improvements.

Further notice is hereby given that a public hearing upon such bill will be held at the Mayor's office, in the City Hall, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, April 1, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Dated City Hall, New York, March 27, 1913.
WILLIAM J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

ETHICAL CULTURE SCHOOL
Founded in 1878 by Felix Adler.
Central Park West and 63d Street.
Examination of new pupils Thursday afternoons during April and May. Appointments for examinations should be made in advance.
FRANKLIN C. LEWIS, Superintendent.

The Carmier School of Languages
127 MADISON AVENUE.
(Bet. 30th and 31st Sts., opp. the Colony Club.)
LANGUAGES
taught by native and competent teachers at school or residence, day or evening, privately or in classes.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES. MADISON SQUARE (1122 BROADWAY). Harlem Branch, 343 Lenox Ave., near 127th St. Brooklyn Branch, 218-220 Livingston St. Schools open all Summer.

All Languages 315 5TH AVENUE. Cor. 32d St. The Italian School of Languages.

INSTRUCTION—Dancing.

20 Years at This Address Means Something.
REMEY'S DANCING SCHOOL
915-917-919 EIGHTH AVE. (54TH ST.)
Waltz, two-step, barn dance, schottische and lanciers, all guaranteed in five private and four class lessons for $5; lessons any hour, day or evening, without appointment, with music.
SEND FOR LARGE FREE BOOKLET.

Prof. REMENYI'S DANCING SCHOOL, 162 E. 86 St., (Theatre Bldg.) Turkey Trot, Devil Trot, Tango, etc., Taught quickly $5.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, perfect condition, up to date, sold at prices which defy competition. Our guarantee GUARANTEES! Excellent machines rented. THREE MONTHS FOR $4.50. Durant McLean Typewriter Co., 265 Broadway.

American Watch and Diamond Co.
Cash or credit; weekly or monthly payments. ... 6 MAIDEN LANE. Tel. 5867 Cort. Take elevator.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

England.

-tradition!

The World's Greatest Hotel offers every thinkable provision for comfort and convenience of guests that its traditions demand.

Accommodation for 850 guests; bathroom adjoins every bedroom, telephone in every room. Radiation in rooms and corridors.

Situation and position unique in London, overlooking River Thames, equally accessible to City and West End. Meals *à la carte* at PRIX-FIXE. The Cecil Palm Court is London's most delicious lounge and retreat. Orchestra throughout the day. Booklet post free from offices of this paper.

Booklets can be obtained from Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Ave.

F. W. KAISER, General Manager.

HOTEL CECIL
London

Germany.

THE SPA
WILDUNGEN
WALDECK GERMANY

Furstliches Badehotel—THE LEADING HOTEL
GOLF LINKS, TENNIS, CONCERTS, REUNIONS, THEATRE
HELENEN SPRING For KIDNEY COMPLAINTS, GOUT, Nephritis, Gravel, Calculus
GEORG-VICTOR SPRING For CATARRH of the BLADDER Diseases of Women
Mineral Water Supplied and Information Given by
CHAS. VON DER BRUCK - - - - - 61 Park Place, New York
Write for Booklet.

Hotel Petersburger Hof, Baden Baden.—A well-known and favorable family hotel, open throughout the year; beautifully situated, close to the Springs and Kur gardens; newly decorated. Pension from $1.50 a day upward; restaurant, steam heating, telephone. A. Waldele, Proprietor.

JAMAICA.

NEW HOTEL TITCHFIELD
Port Antonio, Jamaica
Most perfectly appointed tropical hotel in the world. Hot and cold water in each room; private baths; orchestra; electricity; laundry; garage; telegraph, cable and post office; all outdoor amusements. Rates reduced during April to $4 per day. Open until April 30.
E. R. GRABOW CO., Port Antonio, Jamaica or UNITED FRUIT CO., 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

BERMUDA.

THE IDEAL SPRING RESORT
Climate Mild but not Enervating
BERMUDA
PRINCESS HOTEL Open until May 1st.
HOWE & TWOROGER, Managers.
Best location and equipment on the island. Modern service throughout. Grill room, tiled swimming pool, our own fleet of yachts; superb drives, saddle riding, golf, tennis, sea bathing; hours from New York. S. S. Passage of A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., 29 B'way, or SANDERSON & SON, 22 State St., New York.

England.

SAVOY HOTEL
LONDON, ENGLAND.
THE FAVORITE RESORT OF ALL AMERICANS IN EUROPE.

Italy.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL
Rome

RESORTS.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel RUDOLF
Ocean front; American and European Plans. Sea water in all baths. Running water in guest rooms.
A. S. Rukeyser, Mgr. Joel Hillman, Pres.

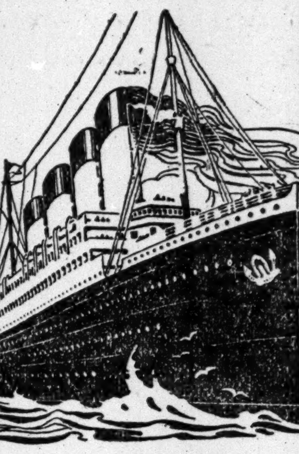
HOTEL ISLESWORTH
Virginia Av. and Boardwalk; elevator; sun parlor; southern exposure; orchestra. European plan. Special American plan, $2.50 up daily, special weekly. No charge for fresh sea water baths. Booklet.

Marlborough-Blenheim
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY

HOTEL BOSCOBEL Ken'ky Av. nr. Beach. Open all year; fine table; special rates; booklet. A. E. MARION.

STEAMSHIPS.

THE WHITE STAR LINE'S New "OLYMPIC"



FITTED WITH DOUBLE SIDES AND ADDITIONAL WATERTIGHT BULKHEADS EXTENDING FROM THE BOTTOM to the TOP OF THE VESSEL
Will Sail from New York
April 12—May 3
and Regularly Thereafter

American Pier 62, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Paul..Apr. 4, 10 A. M.; May 2, May 30
Philadelphia.Apr. 11, 10 A. M.; May 9, Je. 6
New York.Apr.25,10 A.M.; May 23,June 20
St. Louis.May 16, 10 A. M.; June 13, July 11

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct, Pr. 58, N. R.
Minnehaha..Apr. 12, 10:30A.M.;May.24, Je.21
Minneapolis.Apr. 19, 9 A.M.; May 17, Je. 14
Minnetonka.Apr.26,10:30 A.M.;Je.7,July 5
Minnewaska.May 3, 8:30 A.M.; May31, Je.28

Red Star Pier 61, N. R. 10:00 A. M.
N.Y.—London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Lapland..........April 5, May 3, May 31
Kroonland......April 12, May 10, June 7
Zeeland.........April 19, May 17, June 14
Finland..........April 26, May 24, June 21

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Oceanic.......Apr. 5, noon; Apr. 26, May 17
Olympic..Apr. 12, 10 A.M.; May 3, May 24
Majestic....Apr. 19, noon; May 10, May 31
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Celtic...........Apr. 3, noon; May 1, May 29
Laurentic.Ap.10,noon|Adriatic.Ap.24,noon
Cedric...........Apr. 12, noon; May 8, June 5
Baltic...April 17, noon; May 15, June 12
Cruises—Boston—Mediterranean—Italy.
Cretic..Apr. 5, 10 A.M.; May 17, June 28
Canopic..Apr. 26, 3 P.M.; June 12, July 19
Passenger Dept., 9 Broadway, N. Y.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD
Kronprinzessin Cecilie April 1
George Washington April 19
Kaiser Wilhelm der G. April 22
Fast Mail Sailings.
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm April 8
Grosser Kurfuerst April 15
Barbarossa (Bremen Direct) May 1
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Sailings on SATURDAY for
THE MEDITERRANEAN
Prinzess Irene (via Madeira) Ap. 12
Koenig Albert April 29
NORWAY—POLAR REGIONS
June 16, July 5, from Bremen.
OELRICHS & CO., General Agents
5 Broadway, N. Y.

PANAMA SPRING CRUISES
Sailings every Wednesday and Saturday, stopping both ways at Jamaica.
Steamers specially built for tropical travel. Outside staterooms, large "cottage" windows. Every ocean safeguard and comfort. Write for handsome illustrated booklet.
UNITED FRUIT COMPANY
STEAMSHIP SERVICE.
17 Battery Pl., Tel. 8701 Rector, New York, Or any Authorized Tourist Agency.

$45.00 & up TO EUROPE
New York to Rotterdam
ONE CLASS CABIN, OUTSIDE ROOMS.
S. S. VOLTURNO..............MARCH 27
S. S. CAMPANELLO..............APRIL 15
URANIUM S. S. CO., Ltd., 13 B'way, N. Y.

STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE
TO BOSTON $3.00
Lv. Pier 14 N. R., ft. Fulton St., New York, daily at 5:00 P. M. Sts. PROVIDENCE and PLYMOUTH. ORCHESTRA ON EACH.
NEW LONDON (Norwich) LINE via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only 6:00 P. M.; Pier 70 E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. MAINE and CHESTER W. CHAPIN.
NEW HAVEN LINE Lv. Pier 28, E. R., ft. Catharine St., week days, 2:45 P. M. Str. NEW HAMPSHIRE.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days, leave Pier 27, E. R., ft. Catharine St., 11 A. M. Str. BRIDGEPORT.
Tickets, etc., at 171 Broadway. Transfer Tourist Offices and at Piers.
The New England Steamship Co.

BOSTON $2.40
BAY STATE LINE
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Outside Staterooms, $1.00.
Steel Steamships GEORGIA and TENNESSEE
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, B'way and 23d St.

"The Public be pleased."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON Via Boat and Rail $2.50
PROVIDENCE Boat direct $1.60
The only independent line operating between New York and New England.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. Berths free.
All Outside Rooms—Finest Service
Uptown Office: Broadway & 23d St.
'Phones Spring 9491 and 9492.

Central Hudson Line
For Newburg-Poughkeepsie and Kingston and intermediate landings.
Pier 24, N. R. Tel. 405 Franklin.

STEAMSHIPS. STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
Largest S. S. Company in the World—Over 400 Ships—1,306,819 TONS.
SAILINGS TO
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG S. S. AMERIKA (22,500 Tons) April 12, 10 A. M.
MEDITERRANEAN S. S. HAMBURG (11,000 Tons) April 5, 9 A. M.

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
†PATRICIA..........April 3, 8 A. M. | CINCINNATI..........April 24, 11 A. M.
PRES. GRANT..........April 10, 11 A. M. | †PENNSYLVANIA.....April 26, 12 noon
AMERIKA..........April 12, 10 A. M. | KAISERIN AUG. VIC..April 30, 2 P. M.
†PRETORIA..........April 17, 3 P. M. | PRES. LINCOLN..........May 3, 3 P. M.
†Hamburg direct, 2nd cabin only.
FROM BOSTON S. S. CINCINNATI...June 7 | S. S. CINCINNATI..July 13
S. S. CLEVELAND..June 24 | S. S. CLEVELAND..July 29
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, NAPLES and GENOA
S. S. HAMBURG........April 5, 9 A. M. | *S. S. HAMBURG......Ma[illegible]
S. S. MOLTKE.......April 19, 8:30 A. M. | *S. S. MOLTKE.......June [illegible]
*Omit call at Madeira and Algiers.

S. S. IMPERATOR WORLD'S LARGEST SHIP
Will make her first trip from HAMBURG, MAY 24, arriving here MAY 31. Books now open for season starting JUNE 7, 11 A. M. The IMPERATOR will continue in regular service between NEW YORK and HAMBURG via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

LAST 2 CRUISES
To the PANAMA CANAL Havana and Jamaica
S. S. VICTORIA LUISE-April 10 & 30
Largest Steamer Cruising in the Caribbean.
16 DAYS EACH.....................$145 and up
CRUISES TO THE LAND OF THE MIDNIGHT SUN
Scotland, Orkney and Faroe Islands, Iceland, Spitzbergen, North Cape, Norway.
FROM HAMBURG during June, July, and August.
S.S. VICTORIA LUISE, S.S. BISMARCK, and S.S. METEOR, 13 to 24 days, $56.25 up.
Write for Illustrated Booklet

CRUISES TO CUBA, JAMAICA and the PANAMA CANAL
Calling at Santiago (Cuba), Kingston (Jamaica), Colon (Panama), Costa Rica, Nicaragua and Colombia.
By the new fast Twin-screw Steamships
CARL SCHURZ and EMIL L. BOAS
and the well-known S. S. PRINZ JOACHIM and PRINZ AUGUST WILHELM
CUBA and JAMAICA, 11 to 18 Days..........$85.50
PANAMA CANAL, 18 to 25 Days....$140.00 and up
25-DAY CRUISES..........................$140.00
Next Sailings
S. S. EMIL L. BOAS..........APRIL 5, 2 P. M.
S. S. PRINZ JOACHIM..........APRIL 12, 2 P. M.
S. S. CARL SCHURZ..........APRIL 19, 2 P. M.
S. S. PRINZ AUGUST WILHELM..........APRIL 26, 2 P. M.
S. S. EMIL L. BOAS..........MAY 3, 2 P. M.
S. S. PRINZ JOACHIM..........MAY 10, 2 P. M.
CRUISES TO HAYTI and COLOMBIA.
25-day cruises by the well-known S. S. PRINZ EITEL FRIEDRICH and PRINZ SIGISMUND $135.00
Write for Information.
HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
41-45 Broadway, New York

CUNARD
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE DIRECT VIA FISHGUARD.
LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
The Fastest Steamers in the World
Mauretania Lusitania
QUEENSTOWN, FISHGUARD, LIVERPOOL.
*MAURETANIA.. APRIL 2, 1 A. M. | CAMPANIA..........MAY 14, 1 A. M.
FRANCONIA..........APRIL 12, 10 A. M. | *MAURETANIA.. MAY 21, 1 A. M.
CAMPANIA..........APRIL 16, 1 A. M. | CARONIA..........MAY 31, 10 A. M.
*MAURETANIA. APRIL 23, 1 A. M. | CARMANIA..........JUNE 7, 10 A. M.
CARONIA..........MAY 3, 10 A. M. | *MAURETANIA... JUNE 11, 1 A. M.
CARMANIA..........MAY 10, 10 A. M. | CAMPANIA..........JUNE 18, 1 A. M.
*Does not call at Queenstown, Eastbound.
MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME
Sailing hour noon. See Itinerary.
IVERNIA APR. 5 | CARPATHIA MAY 10 | SAXONIA JUNE 12
SAXONIA APRIL 26 | IVERNIA MAY 24 | PANNONIA JUNE 24
Special Spring Sailing Ivernia . . April 5
BOSTON - QUEENSTOWN - FISHGUARD - LIVERPOOL
FRANCONIA May 13, 3 P.M. | FRANCONIA June 10, 2 P.M. | FRANCONIA July 8, 1 P.M.
LACONIA May 27, 3 P.M. | LACONIA June 24, 1:30 P.M. | LACONIA July 22, noon
Round the World Trips, $498. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, South America. Independent Tours in Europe, &c. Send for booklet Cunard Tours.
Agents for Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co. in United States & Canada.
Summer Cruises, Norway, etc., 1913, June 19, July 1-July 18, Aug. 8, Sept. 5.
Piers Foot W. 14th St., North River, N. Y. Offices, 24 State St., Opp. Battery.

"ARCADIAN" TO EUROPE
TWIN SCREW, 9,000 Tons Reg. 14,120 Disp.
Suites de Luxe with Private Baths, Swimming Pool, Gymnasium, Orchestra and Other Features.
(For NORWAY Summer Cruises)
WONDERFUL RATES
Single Bed Rooms $75

FROM NEW YORK APRIL 19
BERMUDA
AZORES
LONDON
SOUTHAMPTON
CHERBOURG
PARIS

"THE BALMY SOUTHERN ROUTE"
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Company
SANDERSON & SON, General Agents, 23 State St., New York
Thos. Cook & Son, 245 & 2081 B'way & 264 & 553 5th Av.; Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 5th Av., N. Y. Or any Steamship Ticket Agent.

CUBA-JAMAICA
NEW DIRECT SERVICE BETWEEN SANTIAGO (CUBA) AND KINGSTON (JAMAICA) BY THE FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIP "A. W. PERRY."
STEAMER LEAVES Santiago—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
STEAMER LEAVES Kingston—Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
This service, in connection with the train service of The Cuba Railroad Co., between Havana and Santiago, affords a splendid opportunity of seeing Cuba when proceeding to or returning from Jamaica and the Panama Canal.
For further particulars apply to
CUBA RAILROAD CO., 52 William St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville. LONDONDERRY
Cameronia..April 5, 9 AM | Caledonia..Apr. 19, 8 AM
California..Apr. 12, 11 AM | Columbia....Apr. 26, noon
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
Sailing List for 1913 now ready.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

AUSTRO-AMERICAN LINE
MEDITERRANEAN ADRIATIC
VIA SOUTHERN TRACK
Between New York and ALGIERS, ITALY, GREECE, AUSTRIA, MARTHA WASHINGTON, May 3, June 14, July 26. KAISER FRANZ JOSEPH I. (new), May 14, June 21. Laura, Alice, Argentina, Oceania. Sailings usually Wed. or Sat.
PHELPS BROS. & CO., G. A. 17 Battery Pl., N. Y.

ALWAYS SOUTHERN ROUTE
FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, Etc.
Weekly sailings (approx.) Write for Literature.
1st class rate, $75.00 & up. 2nd class $55.00.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

Holland America Line
PARIS—LONDON—ROTTERDAM.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tuesday, 10 A. M.
†New Amst'd'm....Apr. 1 | †Ryndam.........Apr. 15
*Noordam.........Apr. 8 | †Rotterdam..........April 22
*Via Boulogne. †Plymouth & Boulogne.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

LLOYD ITALIANO
TO ITALY IN 11 DAYS.
Mendoza, Mch. 25, May 3. Taormina, April 16.
Rates $65, $70, $75, $80 and up.
C. B. RICHARD & CO., 31 B'way, N. Y.

EUROPE Steamship tickets for all lines. Choicest berths; lowest rates. Int'l Sleeping Car Co., 281 5th Ave., N. Y.

FLORIDA
New S. S. LENAPE and other palatial steamers, New York DIRECT to JACKSONVILLE
34.80 WED. SAT. 43.30 TUES. FRI.
Round Trip, including meals and berth; return limit, 6 mos.
TEXAS
Circle Tours, New York to Galveston, with choice of rail lines returning, including meals and berth on ship, $75.00.
CLYDE-MALLORY LINES
A. W. PYE, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
Pier 36, North River, N. Y.
City Ticket Offices {290 Broadway. {958 Broadway.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Departures Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Touraine......April 3 | *La Provence.......April 24
*La Lorraine......April 10 | *La Touraine.......May 1
‡France (new)....April 17 | *La Lorraine.......May 8
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
‡ROCHAMBEAU (new)..................April 5
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

EUROPE
All Expense Independent and Conducted Tours, visiting France, Germany, England, Scotland, Switzerland, and Italy.
29 Days and longer. $190 and up.
Tours and tickets everywhere
Send for Itineraries.
FRANK TOURIST COMPANY,
396 Broadway. Franklin 4530.

Great Western Railway of England
The "Holiday Line." Illust'd booklets of tours and useful Map of Great Britain—FREE.
T. Kateley, Gen. Agt., 501 5th Ave., New York.

EUROPE (40 Tours) March to August. Send for booklet. Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

Bankruptcy Notices

NO. 17,903.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS LAMCHICK and JACOB LAMCHICK, co-partners trading as LAMCHIK BROS., Alleged Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of March, A. D. 1913, a petition in bankruptcy was filed against the above-named alleged bankrupts, and that said alleged bankrupts have filed schedules of their property and a list of their creditors as required by law, which schedules may be examined at this office.

And you are further notified that after the alleged bankrupts have been examined in open court, the said alleged bankrupts propose to offer terms of composition to their creditors of 35 per cent., payable 10 per cent. in cash and 25 per cent. in notes, payable 10 per cent. on September 15, 1913, 10 per cent. on November 15, 1913, and 5 per cent. on May 1, 1914, the first two notes to be indorsed, and that a special meeting of the creditors herein will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Special Master, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the alleged bankrupts, act upon the composition proposed by the alleged bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before the said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY, Special Master.

Dated New York, March 29, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AMERICAN INFUSION STEEL PROCESS COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No 17,670.

To the creditors of American Infusion Steel Process Company, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the first day of March, A. D. 1913, the said American Infusion Steel Process Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the ninth day of April, A. D. 1913, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HENRY JANOWITZ, Bankrupt.—No. 17,240.

To the creditors of Henry Janowitz of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the twelfth day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Henry Janowitz was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

NO. 17,552.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS GOLDSTEIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Morris Goldstein of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1913, the said Morris Goldstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,

March 29th, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE ROTHSCHILD CO 25 CENT DEPARTMENT STORES, Bankrupt.—No. 17,306.

To the creditors of The Rothschild Co. 25 Cent Department Stores of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the eleventh day of March, A. D. 1913, the said The Rothschild Co. 25 Cent Department Stores was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 24, 1913.

NO. 17,694.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—HARRY WHEELER POWELL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Wheeler Powell, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated March 28, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 5th, 1913, at 10:30 A. M. and then and there show cause if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, March 29, 1913.

NO. 17,231.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LA VOGUE NEGLIGEE COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of La Vogue Negligee Company, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of November, A. D. 1912, the said La Vogue Negligee Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Bldgs., No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,

March 29, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT OF the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 17,876.

In the matter of SCHILDWACHTER CARRIAGE COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Schildwachter Carriage Company of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on the tenth day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Schildwachter Carriage Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the ninth day of April A. D. 1913, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York, March 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,239.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACK WIENER, also known as JACOB WIENER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Jack Wiener, also known as Jacob Wiener, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of February, A. D. 1913, the said Jack Wiener, also known as Jacob Wiener, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,

March 27th, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,742.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MARY HOOS, doing business as CASANOVA MARKET, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Mary Hoos, doing business as Casanova Market, of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Mary Hoos, doing business as Cacanova Market, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,

March 27th, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BRUNSWICK LAUNDRY CO., Bankrupt.—No. 17,810.

To the creditors of Brunswick Laundry Co. of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the tenth day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Brunswick Laundry Co. was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Bankruptcy Notices

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of EDWARD T. TORBET, Bankrupt.—No. 17,930.

To the creditors of Edward T. Torbet, of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Edward T. Torbet was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ESTHER HARRIS, Bankrupt.—No. 17,939.

To the creditors of Esther Harris of the City, County, and State of New York, and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 21st day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Esther Harris was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

NO. 16,723.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM L. WILLICH, doing business as C. & W. LUMBER COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of William L. Willich, doing business as C. & W. Lumber Company, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of February, A. D., 1913, the said William L. Willich, doing business as C. & W. Lumber Company, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,

March 29, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 17,865.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALEXANDER LINET, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Alexander Linet of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Alexander Linet was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375, Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, City and County of New York, on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1913, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,

March 29, 1913. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOTHAIR FRANKL and WILLIAM STEINHACKER, individually, and firm of FRANKL & STEINHACKER, Bankrupts.—No. 17,796.

To the creditors of Lothair Frankl and William Steinhacker, individually, and firm of Frankl & Steinhacker, of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Lothair Frankl and William Steinhacker, individually, and firm of Frankl & Steinhacker were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at one o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB A. MILLHAUSER, Bankrupt.—No. 17,916.

To the creditors of Jacob A. Millhauser of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Jacob A. Millhauser was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL SHEINBERG, Bankrupt.—No. 17,888.

To the creditors of Samuel Sheinberg of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the eleventh day of March, A. D. 1913, the said Samuel Sheinberg was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the tenth day of April, A. D. 1913, at twelve o'clock noon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

ASSIGNEE SALES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER MADE BY Honorable Francis K. Pendleton, and filed in the office of the Clerk of New York County on September 27th, 1912, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having claims against Joseph F. Bogner, lately doing business at No. 244 Greenwich Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, under the name of J. F. Bogner Coffee & Tea Company, that they are required to present their claims with the vouchers therefor, duly verified, to the subscriber, the assignee of said Joseph F. Bogner, for the benefit of creditors, at his office, No. 280 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 19th day of May, 1913.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1913.

FRANK R. GREENE, Assignee.

REED & PALLISTER, Attorneys for Assignee, 280 Broadway, New York City.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of HYMAN WEISSBERG, NATHAN WEISSBERG, and BENJAMIN G. GREENFIELD, trading as the STAR LEATHER GOODS COMPANY.

Take notice that, pursuant to the statute in such cases made and provided, Charles Shongood, auctioneer, will sell, under the direction of Max Cederbaum, assignee, for the benefit of creditors, all of the assets of this estate, consisting of leather goods, handbags, frames, fixtures, &c., at the auctioneer's premises, No. 539 Broadway, New York City, on the 31st day of March, 1913, at 10:30 A. M.

Dated New York, March 18th, 1913.

MAX CEDERBAUM, Assignee.

HERMAN H. OPPENHEIMER, Atty. for Assignee, 170 Broadway, New York City.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—LEON KRONOLD, Plaintiff, against ALICE KRONOLD, Defendant.—Action for divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, February 15th, 1913.

LOUIS B. WILLIAMS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 949 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Alice Kronold, the above-named defendant:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Vernon M. Davis, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 25th day of March, 1913, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1913.

Dated New York, March 27th, 1913.

LOUIS B. WILLIAMS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 949 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City, State of New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

IN PURSUANCE OF AN ORDER OF HON. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons having claims against JACOB KOCH, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, No. 28 Nassau Street, in The City of New York, on or before the first day of October next.

Dated, New York, the 17th day of March, 1913.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,

ELLA D. KOCH, Executors.

STETSON, JENNINGS & RUSSELL, Attorneys for Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 15 Broad Street, New York City.

EISMAN, LEVY, CORN & LEWINE, Attorneys for Ella D. Koch, 135 Broadway, New York City.

REALTY AUCTION SALES THIS WEEK

City and Suburban Property to be Offered at the Vesey St. and Bronx Borough Salesrooms.

MONDAY, MARCH 31.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

14th St, 329 East, n s, 323 ft e of 2d Av, 25x103.3, six-story tenement and stores; Rosehill Realty Corporation against Gaetano Collina et al.; M. S. Borland, attorney; M. A. Friendman, referee; due, $19,161.60; taxes, &c., $1,049.52.

By J. H. Mayers.

123d St, 107 West, n s, 164.10 ft w of Lenox Av, 20.1x100.11, three-story dwelling; Rose Wolf et al. against M. E. Deery et al.; W. I. Haber, attorney; C. P. Bull, referee; due, $2,258.55; taxes, &c., $387; subject to prior mtg of $13,000.

By Samuel Marx.

123d St, 444 East, s s, 133.4 ft w of Pleasant Av, 33.4x100.11; five-story tenement; John Aspinwall et al., executors, against Metropolitan Holding Co., et al.; James, S. & E., attorneys; Benno Lewinson, referee; due, $33,323.85; taxes, &c., $402.85.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Henry Brady.

Jerome Av, 3,022, e s, 108.5 ft n of 199th St, 28.6x165.11x25x152.3, three-story tenement and one-story rear building; Alfred Barth et al., trustees, against H. J. Vanderminden et al.; H. H. Carpenter, attorney; J. A. Foley, referee; due, $5,867.22; taxes, &c., $1,157.50 and $200.

TUESDAY, APRIL 1.
AT 14 VESEY ST.
By Joseph P. Day.

116th St, 312 East, s s, 190 ft e of 2d Av, 21.6x100.11, five-story tenement; Martha Gregg against J. G. Andriaccio and others; Baylis & S., attorneys; A. A. Tausky, referee; due, $16,335.45; taxes, &c., $358.

By Henry Brady.

142d St, 231 West, n s, 350 ft e of 8th Av, 25x99.11, one-story garage; W. W. Johnson and others against V. I. Whisten and others; Merrill & R., attorneys; J. A. Lynch, referee; due, $8,112.09; taxes, &c., $231.93.

AT 3,208 THIRD AV.
By Joseph P. Day.

174th St, East, n s, 110.5 ft e of Webster Av, 40.3x99.5x47x100.8, vacant; Tremont Mills against R. M. Coyle and others; E. L. Jacobs, attorney; Ely Rosenberg, referee; due, $1,953.45; taxes, &c., $487.79.

175th St, 498 East, s w corner of Bathgate Av, 34.5x103.4, three-story building; J. H. Ives against K. L. Watkins and others; E. R. Vollmer, attorney; W. E. Sengens, referee; due, $3,907.21; taxes, &c., $765.02.

By J. H. Mayers.

Longfellow Av, 881, w s, 100 ft n of Seneca Av, 25x100, two-story dwelling; Charles Spillner against George Costar and others, Action 1; C. A. Furthman, attorney; Harry Bijur, referee; due, $6,518.83; taxes, &c., $43.

Perry Av, s corner of 209th St, 125x100, vacant; Tax Lien Co. against F. C. Thyson and others; William Lustgarten, attorney; Harry Bijur, referee; due, $1,876.75; taxes, &c., $725; foreclosure of tax lien.

By Henry Brady.

Eastchester Landing Road, n e s, 514.7 ft s e of Boston Post Road, contains 5.15 acres; C. E. Watson against Joseph Tesoro and others; W. D. Cameron, attorney; Alex Thain, referee; due, $7,690.23.

By James L. Wells Company.

Cambreling Av, 2,484, e s, 177.6 ft n of 189th St, 18.9x107, two-story dwelling; Samuel Campbell against C. T. Bell and others; Smith Williamson, attorney; C. E. Moore, referee; due, $2,811.28; taxes, &c., $429.69.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Broadway, n w corner of 52d St, 100.11x100.3x100.5x89.6, six and four story buildings; voluntary sale.

29th St, 4 East, s s, 120.6 ft e of 5th Av, 20x98.9, four-story building; voluntary sale.

87th St, 340 West, s s, 220 ft e of Riverside Drive, 20x100.8, three-story dwelling; executor's sale, estate of Richard Cummings, deceased.

West End Av, 346, e s, 62.2 ft n of 76th St, 19.10x90, four-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

By Joseph P. Day.

Elm St, 28, w s, 51 ft s of Pearl St, 24.4x60.3x25x69.3, seven-story loft and store building; also

4th Av, 423 to 427, n e corner of 29th St, 66.2x80, two four-story tenements and stores and three-story tenement and store; also

Cooper St, n s, 150 ft w of 207th Street, 50x100, vacant; C. H. Fiske, Jr., against Protective Realty Co. et al.; R. K. Brown, attorney; C. L. Schurz, referee; due, $36,742.84; taxes, &c., $500; subject to mtgs aggregating $296,100.

By Samuel Marx.

Madison Av, 1,980, w s, 60 ft n of 126th St, 20x85, four-story dwelling; New York Savings Bank against C. L. Thomas et al.; Webber & W., attorneys; J. S. Bernstein, referee; due, $13,259.03; taxes, &c., $555.61.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Grand Av, 2,288, s e corner of Evelyn Place, 50x100, two-story dwelling; A. B. De Witt against M. A. McCormick et al.; C. A. Hitchcock, attorney; J. Z. Lowe, referee; due, $6,835.65; taxes, &c., $2,815.39.

By George Price.

242d St, East, n s, 25.2 ft e of Disbrow St, 75.4x97.3; C. C. Hill against William Lechnyr et al.; George Hill, attorney; C. L. Hoffman, referee; due, $3,318.65; taxes, &c., $120.60.

THURSDAY, APRIL 3.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

28th St, 240 East, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 27.6x98.9, six-story flat with stores; voluntary sale.

107th St, 13 and 15 and 17 and 19 East, n s, 110 ft w of Madison Av, two six-story flats, each on plot 40x100.11; voluntary sale.

Jackson Av, 600 and 602, e s, 98.6 ft s of 151st St, 50x104, six-story flat, with stores; voluntary sale.

149th St, 236 and 238 West, s s, 260 ft e of 8th Av, 40x99.11, six-story flat; voluntary sale.

5th St, 629 and 631 East, n s, 293.10 ft w of Avenue C, 46.3x97, six-story flat with stores; voluntary sale.

Washington Av, 1,170 and 1,172 and 1,174 and 1,176, e s, 65 ft n of 167th St, two six-story flats, each on plot 41.6x128; voluntary sale.

Pearl St, 277, w s, 83.4 ft s of Beekman St, 24.10x101x irregular, five-story loft building; voluntary sale.

Amsterdam Av, 1,105 and 1,107, e s, 40.11 ft n of 114th St, 40x100, six-story flat, with stores; voluntary sale.

Bryant Av, 1,429, w s, 250 ft s of Jennings St, 50x100, five-story flat; voluntary sale.

Hamilton Place, 90 to 96, n w corner of 141st St, 20.7x120.8x80.1x99.11, seven-story elevator apartment house; voluntary sale.

76th St, 167 West, n s, 140 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 20x102.2, four-story dwelling; C. C. Bull and others against T. W. Russell and others; Howard Hasbrouck, attorney; George Burnham, referee; due, $31,560.96; taxes, &c., $594.15.

7th St, 213 and 213½, n s, 249.8 ft w of Avenue C, 33.4x97.6, two five-story tenements and stores; Lambert Suydam against Mary Krasnoff et al.; W. R. Adams, attorney; E. D. Dowling, referee; due, $27,441.77; taxes, &c., $433.

115th St, 17 West, n s, 270 ft w of 5th Av, 28.6x100.11, six-story tenement; M. E. Schleiermacher, executrix, &c., against Gussie Farowich et al.; G. A. Logan, attorney; J. A. Cantor, referee; due, $4,451.81; taxes, &c., $879.

Park Av, 1,631 to 1,637, s e corner of 116th St, 100.11x25, five-story tenement and stores; Eliza Livingston, executrix, against J. J. Smith et al.; Weekes Brothers, attorneys; J. J. Rooney, referee; due, $50,561.35; taxes, &c., $3,800.

5th Av, 2,155, e s, 50 ft s of 132d St, 24.11x99, five-story tenement and stores; Germania Life Insurance Co. against C. J. Smith et al.; Dullon & R., attorneys; J. A. Hodge, referee; due, $21,351.55; taxes, &c., $351.10.

By William P. Rae.

Hester St, 89, n s, about 65 ft e of Allen St, 21.10x100, five-story tenement and stores; also Mott St, 143, w s, 80 ft s of Grand St, 24.4x100x25.7x100, five-story tenement and stores and five-story rear tenement; Daniel Jacob et al. against Emma Miller et al.; A. B. Bever, attorney; A. E. Richardson, referee; partition.

By D. P. Ingraham Company.

142d St, 56 West, s s, 262 ft e of Lenox Av, 37.6x99.11, six-story tenement; H. F. Schwartz, trustee, &c., against Kane Construction Co. et al.; Rounds, H., D. & D., attorneys; Albert Ritchie, referee; due, $33,083.51; taxes, &c., $634.85.

142d St, 60 West, s s, 225 ft e of Lenox Av, 37.6x99.11, six-story tenement; H. F. Schwartz against Kane Construction Co. et al.; Rounds, H., D. & D., attorneys; Albert Ritchie, referee; due, $33,091.01; taxes, &c., $634.85.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Lyon Av, 2,317, n s, 55 ft w of Parker Av, 25x100, Westchester; Martin Cafisch against F. B. Glover et al.; F. D. Arthur, attorney; M. P. Breen, Jr., referee; due, $1,812.06; taxes, &c., $714.92; subject to first mortgage of $4,000.

FRIDAY, APRIL 4.
AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Bryan L. Kennelly.

7th Av, 245-251, n e corner of 24th St, 86.11x79.2, 12-story loft building; S. S. Terry against 24th St. and 7th Av. Corporation et al.; T. N. Ripsom, attorney; Leighton Lobdell, referee; due, $46,024.54; taxes, &c., $121.20; subject to four mortgages aggregating $462,892.

By Henry Brady.

Water St, 433, s e corner of Market St, 26x80, five-story tenement and store; J. F. Kernochan et al., commissioner, against Emanuel Kapelsohn et al.; H. F. Miller, attorney; J. A. Foley, referee; due, $29,273.26; taxes, &c., $845.10.

By Joseph P. Day.

172d St, 508 West, s s, 173.4 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 48.4x95, five-story tenement; William Hastorf against M. I. Hennen et al.; House, G. & V., attorneys; C. G. Ludvigh, referee; due, $12,085.45; taxes, &c., $200; subject to first mortgage of $38,000.

99th St, East, s s, 125 ft e of 5th Av, 75x100.11, vacant; Windham Realization Co., Inc., against A. C. Bachman et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; C. H. Ayres, referee; due, $36,166.69; taxes, &c., $4,332.57.

By Henry Brady.

148th St, 502 and 504 West, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 41.8x99.11, five-story tenement; Sigmund Ashner against Harris Friedmann et al.; Goldfogle, C. & L., attorneys; R. F. Wagner, referee; due, $10,087.35; taxes, &c., $1,305.70.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By Joseph P. Day.

Wendover Av, 544, s s, 137.6 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x131, five-story tenement; Equitable Trust Co. against Hattie Kaufman et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; H. M. Stevenson, referee; due, $35,196.41; taxes, &c., $1,181.23.

Wendover Av, 540, s s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 37.6x131.9x37.6x132.5, five-story tenement and stores; Lawyers' Manufacturing Co. against Hattie Kaufman et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; H. M. Stevenson, referee; due, $35,198.80; taxes, &c., $1,180.55.

Brook Av, 1,220, e s, about 95 ft s of 168th St, 25x95, one-story dwelling; Bessie Ronginsky against M. M. Overington et al.; Joshua Haberman, attorney; J. A. Warren, referee; due, $575; taxes, &c., $325.

139th St, 495 East, n s, 866.8 ft e of Willis Av, 16.8x100, two-story dwelling; E. N. Tailer, trustee, against W. J. O'Gorman et al.; Cary & C., attorneys; Verne Boyle, referee; due, $5,006.95; taxes, &c., $226.87.

By D. P. Ingraham & Co.

Starling Av, 2,106, s s, 50 ft e of Olmstead Av, 25x105, Unionport; C. B. Lambert against Starling Realty Co. et al.; Hedges, E. & F., attorneys; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $1,948.78; taxes, &c., $36.26; subject to first mtg of $4,000.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON FIRST AND SECOND MORTGAGES AT PREVAILING RATES.

F. R. WOOD, W. H. DOLSON CO.

MAIN OFFICE, COR. BROADWAY & 80TH ST.
BRANCH, 27 LIBERTY ST.

4½ and 5%
MORTGAGE MONEY
H. H. HAZELTON & C. R. LEVY
35 LIBERTY ST.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

BUILDINGS, STORES, LOFTS
AND OFFICES TO LET
ANYWHERE DOWNTOWN AND ON ALL THOROUGHFARES

Wm. H. WHITING & Co.
41 PARK ROW TEL. 5500 CORT.

REAL ESTATE.

PORTABLE BUNGALOWS FOR SALE

Two-room, $150; three-room, $225; four-room, $300; five-room, $375. Call or write for illustrated catalogue. McCourt Brothers, office and factory, 6,300 to 6,307 5th Av., Brooklyn.

Referees' Sales

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—JAMES R. STRONG, Plaintiff, against JAMES LISTA and others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 10th day of March, 1913, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 3208-3210 Third Avenue, in the Borough of the Bronx, City of New York, on the 16th day of April, 1913, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

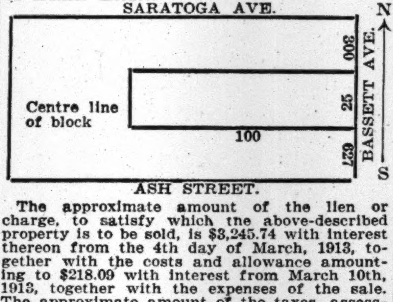
All that certain lot, piece or parcel of land with the building thereon situate, lying and being in the Borough of the Bronx, in the City, County and State of New York, which on a certain map entitled "Map of 327 lots, known as the Hunter Estate, property of the Hudson P. Rose Company, situated in the Borough of the Bronx, New York City," surveyed by Peter Elbert Nostrand, C. E. and City Surveyor, dated New York, June 6th, 1906, which map was filed as No. 1130 in the office of the Register of the County of New York, on the 14th day of June, A. D. 1906, is known and designated as and by the lot number forty-eight (48.) Said premises being the same which were conveyed to James Lista by deed from Hudson P. Rose Company, dated September 14th, 1908, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, on October 3rd, 1908, in Liber 81, Annexed District, page 154.

Dated, New York, March 24, 1913.

EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

McGUIRE, HORNER & SMITH, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 16 Exchange Place, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold. It is designated as Lot 48 on map of Hunter Estate.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $3,245.74 with interest thereon from the 4th day of March, 1913, together with the costs and allowance amounting to $218.09 with interest from March 10th, 1913, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the Referee, is $324.12 and interest.

Dated New York, March 24th, 1913.

EDWARD L. PARRIS, Referee.

Bankruptcy Sales

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of LEOPOLD HAMMEL and MAX HOFMANN, copartners carrying on business under the firm name and style of L. HAMMEL & CO., Alleged Bankrupts.—No. 17,909—1913

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of this court the assets of the above-named alleged bankrupts in the possession of the receiver herein, consisting of a stock of slippers, belts, buckles, caps, raw material, patterns, machinery, fixtures, &c., located in the premises 106 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, will be sold at private sale to the highest bidder, pursuant to the rules of this court, on written competitive sealed bids to be submitted to Milton M. Sittenfield, receiver, at his office, No. 27 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, which bids will be opened by the receiver at his office on the 31st day of March, 1913, at 1 o'clock in the forenoon.

All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check to the order of the receiver, for at least ten per cent. of the amount of the bid. All bids submitted are to be marked "Bids in the matter of L. Hammel & Co., alleged bankrupts." The receiver reserves the right to reject all bids submitted, unless they amount to at least seventy-five per cent. of the appraised value. The successful bidder will be required to pay the balance of the purchase price to the receiver in cash or certified check, not later than forty-eight hours after his said bid shall have been accepted by the receiver, and unless said balance is paid as above stated the amount so deposited by the successful bidder will become the property of the receiver.

The said property may be inspected at the premises 106 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, any day between the hours of 10 o'clock in the morning and 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

In the event that said receiver shall reject all of the bids submitted, said property will be sold through Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the premises 106 Seventh Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 3d day of April, 1913, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, pursuant to the rules and regulations of this court.

MILTON M. SITTENFIELD, Receiver.

LAWRENCE B. COHEN, Attorney for Receiver, 64 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of SAMUEL LIVINGSTON, Alleged Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this court, Leon Lauterstein, Esq., receiver herein, offers for sale the fixtures of the alleged bankrupt, consisting of a large-size National cash register, several counters, desks, shelving, etc., together with any notions or underwear that may remain on the premises. The property may be inspected at the premises, 23 Orchard Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, every day between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., until the day of sale. Bids for the said property will be received and opened by the receiver at the bankrupt's premises, 23 Orchard Street, New York City, on Saturday, April 5th, 1913, at 11 A. M. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or cash for ten (10%) per cent. of the amount of said bid.

Dated, N. Y., March 29th, 1913.

LEON LAUTERSTEIN, Receiver.

LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Receiver, 809 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BRUNSWICK LAUNDRY CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, April 7, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 3,489 Third Ave., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of complete equipment for an up-to-date laundry, including washing machines, manglers, starching machines, collar and cuff machines, wringers, copper kettles, tools, steam plant, furniture, fixtures, etc.

WILLIAM LANGFELDER, Receiver.

JULIUS B. BAER, Attorney for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KANN & CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, March 31st, 1913, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 138 West 25th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of raw and dressed furs and skins, partitions, safe, filing cabinet, fixtures, &c.

WILLIAM LESSER, Receiver.

HENRY H. SILVER, Attorney for Receiver, 291 Broadway, New York.

REAL ESTATE—MANHATTAN.

Joseph P. Day

REAL ESTATE
31 Nassau Street.

BUSINESS ESTABLISHED JULY, 1847.

BRYAN L. KENNELLY

REAL ESTATE AUCTIONEER, BROKER AND APPRAISER.
156 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Telephone Cortlandt 1547.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

West Side.

WEST END AVE. CORNER

MODERN WHITE STONE HOUSE
Cost $155,000 five years ago.
WILL SELL FOR $140,000.

17 rooms, five baths and passenger elevator. Decorations and draperies most modern and expensive.

Would lease for $7,500 yearly.

W. H. MOFFITT REALTY CO., 34th ST. & MADISON AVE., NEW YORK

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kinko Private-Houses

At Brooklyn Ave. & St. John's Pl.

A Kinko home of nine large rooms, one or two baths. Strikingly artistic. With or without private garage; $10,500 to $11,500. Inspection solicited by

KINGS & WESTCHESTER LAND CO.
350 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Beautiful Brick Houses FOR RENT 25.00 AND 30.00 IN BROOKLYN

Semi-detached brick and stone; 7 rooms and bath; parquet floors, hardwood trim; elegantly decorated; electric lights, water, sewer, and gas; located in Park Section of Brooklyn, on lines of elevated and new subway; 5c. fare to New York; send for booklets and photos. Special Manager, 60 Liberty St., N. Y. 'Phone 5528 Cortlandt.

$3,500. Flatbush Gem

$100 down, $27 per month, 1-family cottage, 6 rooms and bath, steam heat, parquet floors; laundry in cellar. C. E. WILLIAMS, 1,945 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

JAMAICA HOUSES

For Sale, Rent & Exchange.

H. B. PEARSALL, JR.

376 Fulton St., Jamaica, N. Y.

AT BAYSIDE,

On the Crown of the Hill. Boating, Bathing and Fishing.

ATTRACTIVE HOMES Just Completed.

$5,000 TO $7,500. TERMS TO SUIT.

John Dayton Corporation, Bayside, L. I.

WATER FRONT PRIVILEGES.

Owner must sell highly restricted building plot, 80x100, overlooking Long Island Sound; refined neighborhood; only 23 minutes from New York City; big bargain; terms to suit; for pass to inspect, address A 300 Times Downtown.

Handsome Home on the Sound.

Beautiful cottage, 8 rooms; hardwood trim, &c.; strictly up to date; sewer, gas, electricity; also use of dock and club; 25 minutes out; fine shade; $300 cash needed; balance, $25 a month or deed. Rabus, 52 Times.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

CEDAR KNOLLS

at Bronxville,

"THE HOME OF ARTISTS"

Among the beautiful Gramatan Hills. Unequalled surroundings for artistic dwellings.

Villa Sites

Can be procured at attractive prices in this highy restricted and modernly developed property.

Illustrated Booklet on Request.

FIRST MORTGAGE & REAL ESTATE COMPANY

165 Broadway.

Tel. 4397 Cortland.

STUCCO HOUSE AT

SOUTHFIELD POINT

ON THE SOUND.

Price, including large grounds, $14,000.

Living room 17x23 feet; dining room 17x19 feet; butler's pantry, kitchen with extra pantry; laundry in cellar. Four master's rooms and two baths. Two servants' rooms and bath. City water, gas, sewerage and electric light. Unobstructed view of Sound, convenient to bathing beach, private dock, Yacht, Golf and Tennis Clubs. 50 minutes from Grand Central Station. 115 Electric Trains Daily. Call or write for Booklet "B."

BADGLEY, JONES & GOOD, Selling Agents, 505 FIFTH AV., at 42d St., NEW YORK CITY.

Telephone 710—Murray Hill.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ATLANTIC BEACH FIRE ISLAND

Reduce Your Vacation Expense—Bungalow Sites $200 and up.

Buy your plot now. We will have your bungalow ready by June 1st. Atlantic Beach is outside sewerage pollution zone. Absolutely healthy. Magnificent views in every direction. The place for you and your family; ideal surroundings; always cool. Fine bathing beach, splendid boating and fishing. Write to-day for full particulars.

Atlantic Beach Realty Co., Marbridge Building, Broadway & 34th St., N. Y.

12½ Acres for $1750

$20 DOWN; Balance $20 Monthly.

Just suited for chicken raising.

$2,500 Yearly Can Be Made

Buy this bargain now. Nail it now.

1,500 people live there.

CENTER MORICHES

South Shore of L. I. Near the Bay.

This property will sell for double in the next 5 years.

See it now. Apply at once.

W. H. MOFFITT REALTY CO.

34th St. and Madison Av., New York City

City Comforts Covert Park Country Homes

A restricted Long Island property for desirable people; 30 minutes from Pennsylvania Station or Flatbush Av.; substantially built houses, with large plots, $5,000-$8,500; easy terms; close to three express stations and trolley; latest improvements — not ordinary speculative houses.

F. W. MEYSENBURG,

Tel. Gram. 2836. 200 5th Av., New York.

SUMMER HOME

NORTH SHORE OF LONG ISLAND

For Sale or Rent.

Ten rooms, three baths, five open fireplaces, all modern improvements, 2½ acres of shaded lawn, private beach rights.

JULIAN S. DILLON,

Room 59, 11 Wall St., N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

THE TIMES BUILDING is unique in many ways.

THE TIMES BUILDING is as well known as any office building in the country.

THE TIMES BUILDING has light and air on all sides.

THE TIMES BUILDING is never closed. Elevators always running.

THE TIMES BUILDING is accessible and convenient.

THE TIMES BUILDING would be a fine location for your office.

THE TIMES BUILDING should have your careful consideration.

THE TIMES BUILDING has some offices for rent. Inquire of agent in

THE TIMES BUILDING
Times Square, New York City

ATTRACTIVE NEW BUILDING
STORE & LOFTS
SUITABLE FOR
HIGH CLASS TRADE
56 WEST 46th ST.
BETWEEN 5TH & 6TH AVS.

41 Park Row & 147 Nassau St.

Junction Park Row, Spruce and Nassau Sts. Opposite City Hall Park.

OFFICES TO LET. Bldg. 16 stories high. 3 sides open on 3 streets.

Modern Building. Continuous Service

Apply E. A. TREDWELL, on premises.

Large Light Offices
TO LET
N. E. Cor. 68th St. & B'way
APPLY
Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 NASSAU ST. 'PHONE 8125 Cort.

30,000 Sq. Ft.

6 LIGHT LOFTS, 50x160.

Immediate possession. LOW RENTALS. Close to Jay St. terminal Manhattan and Brooklyn Bridges. Apply GEO. J. PATTERSON, owner, 308 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

33 WATER ST.,

NEAR BROAD ST.

Entire Building to let, five story and cellar; size 28.7x80; rent reasonable; possession at once.

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Lasanno Court
307 West 79th Street

8 Rooms, 2 Baths *6 Rooms, 1 Bath*	*Light Apartments* *$1000 to $2000*

Reasonable Rents

Convenient and Select Neighborhood!

George Rosenfeld
of M. Morgenthau Jr. Co.
95 Liberty St. Tel. 1884 Cort.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON

318-328 West 51st Street.

Attractive appartment, six and eight large, light rooms and bath, elevator, all modern improvements.

ALEXANDER WILSON, 489 5th Av.

West Side.

Above 110th Street and Washington Heights

HAWARDEN HALL,
N. W. Cor. 5th Av. and 129th St.

DESIRABLE LOCATION.
Convenient to "L" road and all car lines.

TO SUBLET
at Reduced Rents.
6-7-8 Rooms, $60 to $100.

NO REASONABLE OFFER REFUSED.
REPRESENTATIVE ON PREMISES.

PORTER & CO., 159 West 125th St.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE MANHATTAN
244 East 86th St.

Apartments of four and six rooms and bath for housekeeping; all improvements and conveniences; elevator service; "L" station. Apply

Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St. 'Phone 8125 Cortlandt.
OR ON PREMISES.

6 and 7 Rooms
2nd Ave., 86th and 87th Streets.

Large rooms. "L" Station, 86th St., 2d Ave. Rents, $21 to $34. Apply

Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St., or 244 East 86th St.

1589 3D AVE.

Near 89th Street.,

5 Rooms and Bath; steam heated; hot water supply; new plumbing. Apply

Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St., or 244 East 86th St.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Gentleman's Country Home

Colonial house, occupied 3 months, 14 rooms, 4 baths, immense porches; represents the highest type of hollow tile faced with tapestry brick, fireproof construction. Located in select residential park; sewers, artesian water, electric light; sidewalks, macadam roads, and private police protection; boating, bathing, golf, and tennis courts; 7 minutes' walk to station or water. I built this house under my own supervision for a permanent home. Unexpected developments make necessary its immediate sale; will not rent. The sacrifice price at which it is offered makes it a *distinct bargains.* Will show by appointment; no brokers. Address Owner, Y 67 Times.

6-ROOM HOUSE—$4,250

If you are interested in a new house of this size and cost, obtainable on most reasonable terms, please call or write to me: I have a beauty, 3 minutes from station, 1 block from school, at Hillsdale; close to the city, with excellent train service; all improvements; also a stunning 5-room house, $3,500, and 6-room bungalow, $4,250.

W. J. Rich, 802 Singer Bldg.

A Beautiful Home, $3,900.

On restricted, parked property at station; 10 miles out; new 6-room house, on plot 60x120; every city improvement; suitable terms. W. D. Boggs, Times Building, New York.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

COUNTRY PROPERTY RENT OR SALE.

Long Island, Westchester, Connecticut, &c. Lists of everything worthy of note.

S. OSGOOD PELL & CO.

Telephone Bryant 5610 542 5th Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

BROOKLYN.

THE ADLON

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS, 7TH AV AND 54TH ST.

This 14 story high class fireproof apartment house contains

SUITES OF 3 and 4 ROOMS

Large foyer & reception hall; parquet floors; abundance of closets; exclusive apartment house. References of the highest character absolutely indispensable.

SUPT. ON PREMISES OR ADLON CONSTRUCTION CO., 501 5TH AVE.

—MAPLE COURT—

29 East 17th St., Flatbush,

Between CHURCH and CATON AVS., Near Church Av. Station Brighton "L"

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS on following:

2 APARTMENTS OF 6 ROOMS
1 APARTMENT OF 3 ROOMS

Best in Flatbush for the least rent. Apply to Superintendent on Premises.

Apartments: Bachelor or Housekeeping.

295 Schermerhorn St., near Nevins St.

$35 to $37.50; two rooms, bath and kitchenette; maid service; heat and hot water; minute to Subway; housekeeper on premises.

306 Livingston St., Opposite Montauk Theatre.

$22; 1 room and bath; maid service; heat, water.

GEO. E. LOVETT & CO., 306 Livingston St.

256-260 GATES AV.

4, 5, and 6 room apartments.
RENTS, $36 TO $52.
Shower Baths.
A telephone in each apartment.
HALLBOYS DAY AND NIGHT.
Z. D. BERRY,
184 Joralemon St. Tel. 7551 Main.
Or janitor on premises.

"ST. MARK'S,"

665 ST. MARK'S AV., bet. Bedford and Nostrand.

1st Apt.	$62.50	8 large light rooms, steam heat, hot water supply, freight elevator, basement, laundry; hall service.
2nd Apt.	$70	
4th Apt.	$60	

GEO. E. LOVETT & CO., 306 Livingston St.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

HOUSES TO LET

305 E. 86th St., 9 rooms and bath
330 E. 87th St., 10 rooms and bath
307 E. 87th St., 9 rooms and bath
145 E. 89th St., 11 rooms and 2 baths
149 E. 89th St., 10 rooms and 2 baths

"L" stations, 86th St. & 2d Av., 89th St. & 3d Av.

Rhinelander Real Estate Co.,
31 Nassau St. Phone 8125 Cortlandt.
Or 244 East 86th St.

Dwelling Houses for Rent.
$720 to $2,200.
Spring List Now Ready.
PORTER & CO.,
159 W. 125th St. Phone 958 Morningside.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

Seaside Cottages for Rent
LONG BRANCH—WEST END
"HOLLYWOOD COTTAGES,"
MONMOUTH BEACH, N. J.'S
CHOICEST SEASIDE
FURNISHED COTTAGES IN VARIETY.
4 TO 20 ROOMS.
RENTS $200 TO $3,500.
Plans and photographs at
S. deWalltearss & Hull
20 West 34th St., New York City.

CALIFORNIA—FOR SALE.

Make Big Profits In California

Buy an Irrigated Farm in the Sacramento Valley. You can raise corn, alfalfa, tomatoes, peanuts, prunes, or chickens, hogs, cattle—in fact everything that will grow. Thousands are here and doing these things. The same opportunity is open to you. A fortune awaits you if you act quickly. Easy payments place this within the reach of all. Write for beautifully colored booklet explaining our proposition.

Kuhn Irrigated Land Co.,
Dept. A.—501 5th Ave., N. Y.

Real Estate.

Real Estate at Auction.

FORECLOSURE SALE
123 WEST 61ST STREET.

Four-story and basement paying furnished-room house. Auction April 11th, at 14 Vesey St. For full particulars address C. C. Scott, Guardian, 312 West 137th St.

Manhattan—For Sale.

BARGAIN.

FOR SALE.

12-story store and loft building, all rented.

Same has been taken in exchange lately in a large deal by a builder.

Cash sale only considered; no exchange.

Builder, E 107 Times.

West Side.

Real estate for sale, 50x100; three blocks from Penn. R. R.; or exchange on property in Long Island City, vicinity of Queensboro Bridge. G 125 Times.

Queens—For Sale or to Let.

BUSINESS MEN, ATTENTION!

Beautiful home overlooking L. I. Sound; every modern improvement; highly restricted neighborhood; 8 minutes' walk to station and beautiful sandy bathing beach; only 23 minutes from Herald Square; must have $500 cash at once; balance easy terms. Address Shore Front, Box A 297 Times Downtown.

$100 DOWN, $18 PER MONTH.

House, 7 rooms; just completed; all modern improvements; near station and trolley; select neighborhood; only 29 minutes out. Address Perfect Title, 243 West 34th St. Phone 1760 Greeley.

For Sale—At Winfield, six-room, two-story frame house on Thompson Avenue Boulevard; cheap; trolley passes door; 15 minutes to 59th St. and 2d Av.; 5c fare. Smith, 98 East 120th St.

JAMAICA PROPERTY EXCLUSIVELY.

Acreage, lots, houses.

BENJAMIN H. SWEET,

324 Fulton St., Jamaica, New York City.

BEAUTIFUL MODERN COTTAGE.

Upper and lower porches; old trees; view of bay.

NICHOLS, Elliott Manor, Corona.

Beautiful home, with water-front rights, on Long Island Sound, 26 minutes out, at a sacrifice; must have $350 cash. Van T., 60 Times.

For Sale—Three lots at Locust Avenue Manor, Jamaica, near New York Av. and Far Rockaway trolley; cheap for cash. Smith, 98 East 120th.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or to Let.

$300 down, $15 monthly will buy a nice cottage home at New Dorp Manor, S. I. Call between 10 and 12 A. M. at music store, 25 Ann St., near Nassau St., New York.

Westchester—For Sale or to Let.

For rent, furnished, beautiful house; 10 rooms, 3 baths; restricted section; garden, tennis court, river view; all improvements. Address Lock Box 82, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

Houses for sale and to let in Hudson River section, Westchester County. Address Greenburgh Realty Co., Agt., Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

For Sale—12-room stone house; all improvements; view Hudson; private park. Lock Box 82, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

The New York Times

Censored Want Advertisements

"Only advertisements fit to print."

There is a business way of going about the securing of a better position if you are a worker and find that advancement is impossible in your present place—plan a little Want campaign of your own. Tell your experience and your ability; outline plainly and concisely what you are capable of doing, and tell something of your experience. If you have ability and perseverence, Times Censored Want Advertisements will find for you a better position.

The type used for "Wants" is called agate. By counting six average (seven short) words to the line in small type or four words if set in capitals, you may readily estimate what your advertisement will cost by consulting the following table:

Classification.	Per Agt. Line.
Help Wanted Situations Wanted	..15c
Boarders and Board Wanted Rooms to Let or Wanted	..20c
Apartments to Let or Wanted Agents Wanted Country Board Employment Bureaus Real Estate Horses and Carriages Houses to Let or Wanted	..25c
Business Notices Automobile Exchange Business Opportunities Lost, Found, Rewards Purchase and Exchange	..30c
Public Notices	.40c

Real Estate.

Long Island—For Sale or to Let.

DISTINCTIVE HOME, BARGAIN, QUEENS, will sell on reasonable deposit and $40 monthly or will rent with option to purchase; large living room, with tapestry brick fireplace, parquet floors, special hardwood trim; asphalt street, gas, electricity; tennis courts; refined community; 30 minutes from Manhattan. P. P. Edson, 1 West 34th St. Tel. 6546 Greeley.

WISHING to sell my brick house of 8 rooms and bath; all large rooms and fireplace; gas, electric and hot-water heat; large sleeping porch; plot 50x125; 25 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; will sell very cheap to quick buyer. Howe, 59 Times.

Good Ground.—Five lots, 20x100 each, suitable for a bungalow or camping site or for an investment; price $25 for all; no other charge; a rare bargain; title guaranteed; to advertise. Smith, 98 East 120th St.

Handsome new house, beautifully decorated and furnished; most desirable location; 10 rooms and 3 baths; all improvements. Key at office, Long Beach, or owner, 304 Washington Av., Brooklyn.

FOR SALE, AT HICKSVILLE,
a plot 94x236; small payment down and $7 per month; only 5 minutes from station. Address Quin, 54 Times.

Chicken farm, 10 acres, buildings, orchard, $1,000 complete; Coram, centre pine belt, Long Island. Fisk, 140 Nassau St., N. Y.; no agents.

LONG BEACH.
For sale, plot 40x100, all improvements, in best location; will accept offers. Y 69 Times.

Fort Washington.—New stucco home, 8 rooms, modern $6,200; $250 cash, bal. monthly; request photos. Frind, 47 W. 34th St. Greeley 2060.

Real Estate.

New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

$3,900 will buy artistic, well-built home on 3 lots; every improvement made; no assessments; title guaranteed; high and healthy; refined surroundings; 25 minutes from Manhattan; 10c fare; a reasonable deposit and $35 per month will give you a home worth while. A. B. Fisher, 511 Times Building. Tel. 1123 Bryant.

For Sale.—Newark, N. J., 69 Mt. Pleasant Av. Comfortable house, fine condition, twelve rooms, two baths, 75-foot frontage. Lawn, flowers, shrubs, good neighborhood. Five minutes from school and station. Appraised $13,500. Bargain to close estate, $10,000. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

8-room house at beautiful Hillsdale, in hills of Northern Jersey; close to city; excellent train service; near station and school; plot 50x112; parquet floors; tiled bath, with shower; white enamel bedrooms; open fireplace; concrete cellar; beam ceiling in dining room; $6,000; easy terms. Miller, 801 Singer Building.

ARCHITECT'S HOME, NEW JERSEY,
9 ROOMS, 2 BATHS;
LOT 75x130;
SACRIFICE.
A. T. REMICK, 103 PARK AV., N. Y.

Bargain.—Comfortable house, nine rooms; good condition; lot, 40x120; good neighborhood; eight minutes to Lackawanna station; terms to suit buyer. Apply to owner, now at 87 Chestnut St., East Orange, N. J.

A 7-acre village farm; 7 rooms, bath; modern improvements; barn, hennery, 200 fruit trees, 700 feet grape arbor, berries; convenient, attractive; reasonable price. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

159-acre farm, $2,950; rich trucking soil; good orchard; running stream; 7-room house; large buildings; good condition; ¼ mile stores. Louis Schlesinger, Inc., Newark or Blairstown, N. J.

Suburban houses and lots in the finest sections of New Jersey and Long Island; write for agent to call, with plans and photos. Address Select, 130 Times.

For Rent.—Newark, N. J., 132 Belleville Av., five minutes from station, brick dwelling, eight rooms and bath. Rent Thirty-five dollars. Tomkins Brothers, 200 Fifth Av., New York.

Lots only $25; easy payments; within commuting distance of New York; write for agent to call before advance in price. Address Bargain, 132 Times.

N. J. Coast Real Estate.—Furnished cottages, river and ocean front properties, farms. Write your wants. Arthur Holtson, Long Branch, N. J.

Residence, ½ acre, 35 minutes city, $6,500; easy terms. Herrich, 459 Fifth Avenue Bldg.

JERSEY SHORE REAL ESTATE.
H. A. ROUNDS, 115 BROADWAY, N. Y.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Two lots in Crestwood, Yonkers; good location; sacrifice; $1,600. F. S. Kichline, 160 Manhattan Av.

New England—For Sale or to Let.

Water front plot, 80x100, at Harbor View Beach, South Norwalk, Conn., L. I. Sound, for sell or to lease, cheap; fine sandy beach. Kretsch, 534 Southern Boulevard, 149th St.

Inexpensive, accessible farms, orchards, acreage, country homes, laundry; illustrated catalogue. F. D. Dibble, Ansonia, Conn.

Farms.

For Sale—An 80-acre farm in Florida, with 30 acres having 1,600 full bearing orange trees in highest state of cultivation; splendidly situated as to railroad and marketing; caretakers' and tool house on premises; price $20,000; will positively guarantee a $5,000 crop this year. For further particulars, W. W. Wood, Honesdale, Penn.

NEW ENGLAND FARMS.
None better considering the advantages; WE HAVE THE BEST MARKETS IN THE WORLD; write your wants.
Hawley & Locke, Established 1894,
419 Main St., Springfield, Mass.

Delaware farms for sale in a healthy climate, suited for grain, grass, stock, poultry, and fruit; fish and oysters plentiful. No stones or rock. No tornadoes or floods. Send for free catalogues. Slaughter & Baker, Dover, Del.

Real Estate for Exchange.

We will exchange 84 lots at Port Washington for loft building between 23d and 42d Sts., west side, New York; first mortgage not to exceed $100,000; principals only. Hessels-Dashiell Co., Bayside, L. I. 'Phone 1113 Flushing.

Want lots, Brooklyn or Queens, in exchange for a brand new 6-family apartments, excellent section Long Island City, rented; equity, $7,520; principals only. James B. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

Long Island City; 13 lots, including two corners, near Bridge Plaza; exchange for high-class apartment, Manhattan; equity, $30,000. James B. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., L. I. City.

We can match any property for exchange; send particulars of your property and what you are looking for. Hessels-Dashiell Co., Bayside, L. I. 'Phone 1113 Flushing.

Have $86,500 equity in 46 new six-family brick apartments; good section Long Island City; what am I offered. Thomas, 420 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

Mortgage Loans.

FOR SALE—SECOND MORTGAGES, FROM $2,000 UP; INTEREST 6%; PROPERTY SITUATED 26TH WARD, BROOKLYN; PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED. H. S. DAVIS, 516 SUTTER AV., BROOKLYN, REAL ESTATE OFFICE. 'PHONE 919 EAST NEW YORK.

Abundance estate moneys to loan on bond and mortgage in any amounts. Estates, 320 Times Downtown.

Real Estate.

To Let for Business Purposes.

ATTRACTIVE DOUBLE STORE,
with or without living apartment in the back of the store.
Suitable for all kinds of business; rent reasonable.
At 2023 Seventh Ave., near 121st St.
Inquire Agent,
WEISHOFF, on first floor on premises.

Lofts to lease, 42x95; long term; manufacturing or storage purposes; steam power and heat; light four sides; help plentiful. Joseph Hrouda & Co., 430 East 59th. Telephone Plaza 6478, or your broker.

DESK ROOM IN FINE SUITE OF ENGINEERING OFFICES; telephone and reception room; everything first class; modern building; best service; low rent. Suite 1,600, 2 Rector St.

LOFTS, 169 Mercer St., 25x95; elevator, heat; suitable light manufacturing; especially good light; $900 to $1,000. Superintendent, premises, or Joseph P. Day, 932 8th Av.

A rare opportunity for right party to secure desk space; good equipment; excellent service; opportunity for solicitors. Meacham Co., 149 Broadway.

N. E. CORNER BROADWAY AND 110TH, Subway corner, 20x40; large show windows, suitable office or salesroom. Apply AVEDON, on corner.

Desk room, with telephone and girl attendant, $10 per month, or will take anything of value in exchange for rent. Burkhardt, Room 508, 108 Fulton St.

Colwell Building, Lafayette and Walker Sts.—A few very desirable lofts, light three sides; size 60x80; electric lights, steam heat, elevators.

STABLE, PRIVATE, 151 EAST
38TH ST., 3-STORY; 25x100.
WARREN & SKILLIN, 174 Fulton St.

19TH ST., 53 WEST, (near 6th Av.)—Nice parlor floor to rent; good for light manufacturing. Inquire in cafe.

972 1ST AV.—Large store and basement, suitable any business. WENNING, 966 1st Av. 'Phone Plaza 976.

For Rent—4th and 5th floors; together or separate; 33 Cortlandt St.; opposite entrance to Hudson Terminal.

$15 Up Month, 109 Broad St.—Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in modern fireproof building.

ONE-STORY BRICK BUILDING,
45x100. MULLER, 424 East 55th St.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA.
100 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av.
1, 2 AND 3 ROOMS.
Private bath, kitchenette; furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near "L" and Subway; references; special rate on lease.

Beautiful corner apartment, 200 CLAREMONT AV., (127TH ST.,) six large, finely furnished rooms, all facing street; delightful view of river and Palisades; high-class elevator apartment; excellent neighborhood; block Subway, Riverside. Morn. 211. Apt. 42.

69th St., 131 West.—In private residence; elegantly furnished suite two rooms and bath, electric light; all modern conveniences; suitable for one or two gentlemen; also large sized single room; reference. Telephone 30 Columbus.

223 FRONT ST.
ENTIRE BUILDING TO LET,
Four story and basement, size 16.8x60; rent reasonable; possession May 1
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Rare Opportunity.—Beautifully decorated, handsomely furnished six-room elevator apartment; $70 monthly; worth $100; furnished rooms, adjoining bath, kitchen, $4-$6 weekly. 343 St. Nicholas Av., corner 127th.

Two-room and bath; furnished or unfurnished; also three-room and bath apartment; at reasonable rates; with or without board. Hotel Earle, 103 Waverley Place.

119TH ST., 419 WEST.—Sublet until October, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; corner; light, airy, well furnished; new high-class house. Apartment 4—I.

72d St., 112 West.—To sublet, one room and bath, apartment, for one or two people; $50 per month. Hotel Hargrave.

Five rooms, elegantly furnished; piano; Washington Heights; near Subway; $55. Hewiston, 1,777 Broadway, (58th.)

Apartments of 1-2-3 rooms and bath, 26 West 43d St., and others. Apply D. R. Jamieson, Superintendent, 500 5th Av.

Furnished apartment; seven extra light rooms; seen between 11 A. M. and 4 P. M. Apartment 23, 233 West 83d St.

Completely furnished elevator apartment; 8 exceptionally large, light rooms. Kahn, 327 Central Park West.

Attractive, furnished two room and kitchenette apartment to let until September. Apply 601 Madison Av.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 van load; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. AMERICAN STORAGE CO., 604-608 West 48th St. Telephone 2667 Bryant.

West Side.

TO SUBLET—ELEGANT 6-ROOM ELEVATOR APARTMENT; BIG CONCESSION IF TAKEN AT ONCE. APARTMENT 65, 518 WEST 111TH, (NEAR BROADWAY.)

220 West 107th.—7 light rooms; elevator apartment; furnished or unfurnished; very reasonable. Call between 10:30 and 2 P. M. Koch.

16th, 5 West.—Bachelor apartments, skylight studios, or room and bath; all improvements; references required.

FIVE ROOM ELEVATOR APARTMENT; outside sunny rooms; $45; big concession. 547 West 123d, Broadway.

Housekeeping apartment; 3 rooms and bath; all-night service. Superintendent, 140 West 55th St.

47th St., 16 West.—Small kitchenette apartment; moderate rental; heat, hot water; all conveniences.

141st St., 221 West, (7th Av.)—Attention, 4-6 room elevator apartment, $32-$40; inducement.

Two connecting front rooms and bath in private house. Inquire, 254 West 88th St.

East Side.

RENTS $35 AND $45.
Single flats, seven large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; perfect order. No. 60 East 96th St. Apply Superintendent or Duff & Conger, Agents, Madison Av. corner 86th St.

130th, 10 East.—Exceptionally comfortable elevator apartment; eight large, light, outside rooms; $70. Superintendent.

3d Av., 362, (near 26th St.)—Four light rooms with range; rents $15.50-$16.50.

Bronx.

Fox St., 760 to 768, between East 156th St. and Longwood Av.; 4-5 light rooms, bath, steam heat, hot water, all improvements. Rent $18 to $24. Inquire janitors.

Unfurnished Apartments Wanted.

Six or seven rooms and bath, between 70th and 104th Sts., west side; rent not to be above $1,000. E 24 Times.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

24TH 258 WEST.—Three-story dwelling; 11 rooms and bath.

Country Houses to Let—Furnished.

Avon-by-the-Sea, New Jersey—A furnished cottage, 12 rooms, all improvements; one block from the ocean; rent $700. Apply C. D. Snyder, agent.

Country Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

For Rent—Beautiful, old-fashioned house in finest street in Port Jefferson, within two blocks of finest bay on Long Island; 10-room house; all modern improvements; reasonable. S. J. Powell, Port Jefferson, L. I.

Larchmont.—Detached, modern cottages; opposite golf grounds; 8 rooms; $40, $45 monthly by the year. Collins, 54 Franklin St., N. Y.

Business Notices

DRESSMAKERS—At notice; high class hand-sewed Parisian gowns, with original designs; your own material; moderate rates; also a few uncalled for gowns for sale. Mlle. MARIE, 529 West 138th St.

PAWN TICKETS CASHED
and your pledges saved for you. Full value paid immediately for all pawn tickets.
Pawn tickets, diamonds, pearls, all precious stones bought, sold, exchanged, and appraised.
M. A. FORGOTSTON, 1,432 Broadway.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.50; 1,000, $2; 10,000, $10; delivered promptly; addressing, mailing; samples submitted. Telephone 1332 Cortland. William Gray, 93 Nassau St.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8; work called for, delivered. Phone Weatherford, 5860 Morningside. 215 W. 116th.

ADDRESSING, typewriting, mailing multigraphed letters; high class work; reasonable prices. S. HORRIGAN, 206 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange

I pay the highest cash prices for furniture, bric-a-brac, paintings, rugs, pianos. Myers, 115 University Place. 2298 Stuyvesant.

Horses and Carriages

5 Senterling back dumpers, 4 express vans, delivery wagon. 1,161 1st Av. Phone 3095 Plaza.

Pianos and Organs

Steinway mahogany upright piano, in fine condition; sell for $125. Anguera, 316 W. 42d.

Steinway baby grand for sale cheap.
35 West 14th St.

Public Notices

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
Notice is hereby given that I will not be responsible for any debts which may have been or which may hereafter be contracted in my name by any person other than myself.
GEORGE G. HEYE.

Lost

LOST—Long Island Depot, Pennsylvania R. R., Long Beach, platinum bowknot pin, set with diamonds, attached to a heart shaped in diamonds with large pearl; suitable reward. 324 West 100th, Apartment 9A.

LOST.—Sunday night, between Astor Hotel and Bustanoby's, 39th St., man's gold watch. Owner earnestly requests return of pawn ticket; will ask no questions; reward. Y 66 Times.

LOST—A sterling silver drop earring, set with blue and white stones, outside of Church of Blessed Sacrament, Broadway, 71st St. Return to J. C. F., 420 West 116th St.; reward.

LOST—March 26, Masonic 32d degree emblem on string of gold beads, engraved "Henry Cratz, Toledo, Ohio"; reward. 714 Hotel Navarre.

LOST—Gold locket, probably on 116th, near Broadway. Finder please return to W. E. Henry, care New Jersey Zinc Co., 55 Wall St.

LOST—From auto, Saturday, Boston Post Road, overcoat. Return Balfour & Koch Co., foot East 30th St.; reward.

$250 REWARD.
LOST—A RUBY AND DIAMOND BRACELET. ON TUESDAY, 25TH, BETWEEN 71 PARK AV., LYCEU MTHEATRE. RETURN TO HOWARD & CO., 50TH ST. AND 5TH AV.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, Ave. A and 24th St., or to the receiving station at 37 East 135th St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

LOST—Black Cocker spaniel; reward; no questions. 40 East 29th.

Business Opportunities

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

Business men, professional men, organizing fruit company in Connecticut, need few responsible parties; shares $100, paid in installments within three years; unusual opportunity for principals to greatly increase income in short time; references rigidly demanded and exchanged. Lock Box 124, Greenwich, Conn.

Have you $50 to $400 to invest? We offer you a safe proposition with large profits within six months from present date. Ours is a unique selling plan. We are a corporation of unquestionable reliability. No broker's commissions. S 223 Times.

PARTNER OR CAPITAL
wanted for reliable, world-wide concern, established on a firm base, and needing only the necessary capital to enable it to do business on an extensive scale; unique opportunity for capable young man with from $25,000 to $50,000 capital. E 33 Times.

For sale, rooming and boarding house, 14 rooms; all rented at good prices; best location; straight lease. Apply to Owner, 40 East 29th St.

Parties seeking 6 per cent. investments secured by good mortgage, coupled with a share in the profits of a conservative and successful building corporation, address for interview, "Principal," Box 203 Times.

Successful Summer boarding house at Great Barrington, in the Berkshire Hills, for sale; 35 acres of land; stable, orchard, garden, tennis court, &c.; send for booklet and particulars. Geo. H. Cooper, Pittsfield, Mass.

Furnished 14-room house, 56th St., between 8th and 9th Avs.; best location in city; lessee going abroad; rooms all filled permanently; sell cheap. For particulars, Box G 130 Times.

BUILDER OR SPECULATOR.—BEAUTIFUL SITE FOR BUNGALOW PROPOSITION; RIGHT ON WATER; NEAR NEW YORK. PARTICULARS, HESSELS-DASHIELL CO., BAYSIDE, L. I. 'PHONE 1113 FLUSHING.

Moving Picture.—Good chance. Particulars on premises, 789 Gravesend Av., 16th Av. Station, Brooklyn.

Automobile Exchange.

A widow will sacrifice Matheson 1911 six-cylinder racy roadster; seats four; in perfect condition; equipped with demountable rims, shock absorbers, mohair top, Prestolite tank, wind shield, Klaxon horn, speedometer, &c.; overhauled and repainted in January at cost of $340; inspection invited; any demonstration given; can be seen at Hulse Garage Co., 518 West 145th St., half block from Subway.

Stoddard-Dayton.—Beautiful touring car; 5 pass., 35 H. P.; in perfect running order; guaranteed; just been painted and overhauled. Cowan's, 86 Columbus Av. Telephone Columbus 4702. No dealers.

POPE-HARTFORD USED CARS.

1911 Pope-Hartford 7-passenger	$1,100
1911 Pope-Hartford landaulet	1,200
1909 Pope-Hartford pony tonneau	450
1912 Hudson 5-passenger	850

POPE MOTOR CAR CO.,
1,694 Broadway.

GENTLEMAN'S PEERLESS TOURING
Seven passenger, 1911 model, fully equipped, many extras, little used. Absolute guarantee as to title and condition. Will be sold at sacrifice. Terms to suit advertiser. Inquire Metropolitan Garage, 2,182 Broadway, Cor. 77th St. Schuyler 4260.

KELLY 3-TON TRUCK,
1912 model, 40 H. P., chain drive; in excellent running order; cost $3,345; have no use for same; will sell $200. Klein, 654 Kosciusko St., Brooklyn. Phone Bush. 2428 or phone 8129 Spring.

PANHARD & LEVASSOR.

Owing to removal to other quarters, offer several used Panhard cars at attractive prices.
N. W. COR. BROADWAY & 62D ST.

AM. TRAVELER, 1911,
like new; cost $4,500; reverses compel immediate sacrifice; car has every equipment; also guarantee as to title and condition. J. H. Lehr, private garage, 305 West 79th St. Tel. 4058 Schuyler.

Pierce-Arrow limousine; rebuilt; newly painted; to trade for snappy roadster. Anderson electric Car Co., Broadway and 80th St.

For Sale—AUTO RENTING CO.; well established; large profits; very reasonable; $5,000. For appointment call at once, Murray Hill 5224.

1912 Stoddard-Dayton Roadster, full equipment, a bargain; ran 2,800 miles; no dealers. G. Beyer, 15 Crooke Av., Brooklyn.

I will buy any make automobile or truck, new or used, and accept monthly payments from you. Address Auto, E 221 Times.

Lancia, new "30" H. P., with Locke limousine body; exceptional bargain. F. Crebbin, Jr., 236 West 54th St.

SGV, slightly used town car; condition excellent; exceptional bargain. F. Crebbin, Jr., 236 West 54th St.

SGV, open car; used only few months; attractive price. F. Crebbin, Jr., 236 West 54th St.

Reo 1912; centre control; fully equipped; like new; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Premier six-cylinder; ran less than 1,000 miles; equipped; bargain. Reo, 19 West 62d.

Reo 1912, Model R; fully equipped; $600. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

Ford roadster, 1912; fully equipped; taken in exchange; bargain. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Fifty slightly used cars of all makes taken in exchange; $150 up. R. M. Owen & Co., 19 West 62d.

1912 Hupmobile, No. 32 touring, completely equipped. E. H. P., 61 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Hupmobile and Overland; fully equipped; $300 each. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

Maxwell touring car, $125; Oakland roadster, fully equipped, $350. Reo Co., 19 West 62d.

1911 Cadillac, completely equipped, E. H. P., 61 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Automobiles for Rent.

Private 7-passenger car, limousine or touring; almost new and very classy; own chauffeur, who has been with me for years; low rate by week or month. H. B. Burrows, 286 5th Av. Phone 5084 Madison Square.

For Hire.—Elegant Packard touring; hourly or monthly; owner drive. B. Verlangieri, 532 West 122d St. Phone 7670 Morning.

Packard limousine; late model; hour, day, month; reasonable. Folliot Co., 254 West 54th St. Col. 3422

Auto Painting

AUTO BODIES, TOPS, PAINTING.
Before placing orders see us. Work done well and reasonably. L. Biondi, 153 W. 56.

Automobile Instruction.

STEWART AUTOMOBILE ACADEMY, 233 W. 54TH ST.
Booklet explains WHY our course is best. Inspect our plant and be convinced.

Machinery

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos, bought, sold; also rented. GEO. BENDER, 82 Centre.

Yachts, Vessels, Etc.

Union Ferry Co.'s boat "Republic"; price $3,000; renovated and painted; ready for delivery April 1; may be seen at South Ferry, Brooklyn. Apply to Capt. Frank A. Martin.

Schools.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

Italian lessons; conversation by refined, experienced young teacher. Miss E. Buccini, 3,143 Broadway, (125th.)

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable, well furnished, single, double rooms; superior table; references; table guests.

5TH AV., 47.—Unusual accommodations; double and single rooms; private bath; table board.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, small rooms; steam heated; excellent table; phone; references.

53D ST., 37 EAST, (near Madison Av.)—Room, with board; table board; references.

58TH ST., 132 EAST.—Neatly furnished, large, sunny room, bath adjoining; all conveniences; respectable, private house; telephone; hall room, $2.

West Side.

7TH AV., 2,047, (122d.)—Airy, comfortable rooms; hot water supply; excellent cooking; fine location.

44TH ST., 258-260 WEST, (Alliance Hotel.)—Quiet place for quiet people, with home comforts, in the heart of New York City; single and double rooms; also suites with private baths; steam heat, elevator and telephone service; rooms and board optional; references required. 'Phone 6068—Bryant.

47TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large and small rooms; excellent table; telephone; all conveniences; references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites; private baths; telephones; superior table.

52D ST., 250 WEST.—A sunny second story square room; hall room; also back parlor; suitable for physician; references.

54 WEST 54TH ST.
Large and small rooms; references.

57TH, 351 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; southern exposure; good board; Subway; telephone; reference.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small; private bath; electricity; superior table; references.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms, board; private baths; families; convenient cars; reasonable.

68TH, 56 WEST.—Extra large front room, handsomely furnished; bay windows; electric light; private bath; dressing rooms; Southern cooking; attentive service.

68TH, 67 WEST.—Large and small rooms; running hot and cold water all rooms.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Third-story room, bath adjoining; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

71ST ST., 206 WEST.—Handsomely furnished double and single rooms; abundant table; location desirable for Spring and Summer; convenient Subway express; reasonable; references.

72D ST., 152 WEST.—Cultured home for girls studying music; single, double rooms; piano; references.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large and small rooms; southern exposure; board; parlor dining room; references.

78TH, 157 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent board; telephone; references.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.
NORECE HALL AND THE BONHEUR.
RESIDENTIAL HOTELS.
ATTRACTIVE—UNUSUAL—HOMELIKE.
SOUTHERN COOKING; WHITE SERVICE.
Out-of-town guests accommodated; references.
Write for booklet.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room, electricity, telephone; home environment; generous table; references.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; also private bath; business people. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D, 54 WEST.—Large room, second floor front; private bath; single room; table board.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large room, private bath; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms with board in private house; excellent cuisine; table guests; references.

95TH, 63-65 WEST.—Few desirable vacancies; first-class house; cuisine and service exceptional.

103D, 252 WEST.—Most attractive second floor, private bath; physician, dentist, bachelors. Riverside; Subway.

113TH ST., 625 WEST.—Small room; business gentleman preferred; excellent table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large, front room and bath; overlooking Columbia Campus; table guests accommodated.

122D ST., 156 WEST.—Well furnished large room; excellent table; reference; table guests; telephone; moderate.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Nicely furnished large, also single room, to let, with board.

137TH ST., 601 WEST.—Comfortable room; running water; American family; excellent board. Apartment 56.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Rooms; electricity; with, without private bath; meals optional; references.

149TH ST., 540 to 558 WEST, (near Broadway and beautiful Riverside, the Audubon.)—Few vacancies at our recently opened, newly furnished houses, 552 and 554; large rooms, including excellent board; $10 up for one, or $15 up for two; few smaller rooms, $7 to $8; every comfort, social surroundings; a real home. Tel. 2757 Audubon.

A.—A.—WHEELOCH MANSION,
158th St. and Hudson River, two blocks Subway station; unusually attractive rooms, overlooking Hudson; running water, showers; large private grounds; piazza 125x10 feet; telephone.

ACCOMMODATION for one month; elegantly furnished room and dressing room; exceptionally good food; references. Y 86 Times.

REFINED people may obtain superior rooms and board; exclusive home. Phone 5262 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (127th.)—Exclusive, refined home; excellent board; gentlemen. Phone 3753 Morning. Apartment 4B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 855, (two blocks north of 157th St. Subway.)—Beautiful grounds. Woodbury. Audubon 4412.

THE EVELYN LODGE.
Ocean traffic passing windows; 20 minutes Manhattan; charming residence; elegant, sunny rooms, suites; every luxurious convenience, superb dining room; excellent chef and service; separate tables; rates moderate; worth investigating. 71 Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 5.—Heights, subway; 5 minutes Manhattan; large, airy rooms; apartments, baths, river view; small rooms moderate; superior table. Main 905.

Country Board.

New England.

Gentleman and wife, no children, with refined home on Cape Cod; would care for infant or small child; best of N. Y. or local reference. Y 52 Times.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

21ST, 46 EAST.—Large room, adjoining bath; comfortable; accessible; excellent table; references.

30TH ST., 119 EAST.—Large, newly furnished room; private house; modern conveniences; electric light, telephone.

30TH ST., 44 EAST.—Choice two large rooms; gentlemen; reference; $7 and $10.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Sunny, square room; running water; single room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 81 EAST.—A beautiful room, suitable for one or two. Telephone 3800 Plaza.

125TH ST., 2,015 5th Av.—Pleasant, large, small rooms; running water; private house; all conveniences.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness. Wolcott Building.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private bath; telephone; board optional. Gramercy 1978.

MADISON, 527.—Large, agreeable, attractively furnished room adjoining bath; electricity, telephone; references.

MADISON AV., 1,187, (86th St.)—Elegant, heated rooms, suitable two, or light housekeeping; private house.

West Side.

12TH ST., 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, strictly clean, light rooms; modern conveniences; telephone.

19TH ST., 53 WEST.—Nice, clean, light, furnished room, bath and heat; good home.

42D, 322 WEST.—Nicely furnished; bath; $2 upward; telephone; men. Hughes, Number 322 only.

44TH, 102 WEST, (Hotel Litchfield.)—Single room; $1 per day; double room, $1.50 per day; room with private bath, $2 per day; parlor bedroom and bath, $2.50 per day.

47TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished front room, with private bath; also small room.

52D ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, second-floor, alcove room; all conveniences; breakfast; telephone; reference.

56TH ST., 56 WEST.—Dentist or doctor's office; modern equipment; use of reception room.

56 WEST 47TH.—Two nicely furnished single rooms; steam; electric; phone; also first floor, furnished or unfurnished, for business or living.

63D ST., 157 WEST.—Sunny front parlor and alcove; breakfast if desired. Loeser.

65TH, 15 WEST.—Neatly furnished parlor room; suitable for two; also single room. Stoney.

68TH, 70 WEST.—Beautifully appointed rooms, with dressing room, running water; telephone.

72D, 123 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent room, select bachelors only; furnished or unfurnished rooms or en suite; "L" and Subway.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Newly completed, one or two rooms, with bath, phone, electricity; convenient to Subway.

72D, 302 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large front room; bath and lavatory; also medium-sized room.

73D, 104 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; convenient to elevated and Subway; gentlemen only; references.

73D ST., 261 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large room, with bow window; southern exposure; bath adjoining.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Pleasant, large, small rooms; private house; telephone; reference.

74TH ST., 100 WEST.—Well-furnished, clean, light, homelike rooms; modern improvements; references required; good opportunity for persons looking for home comfort.

71ST, 261 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room; suitable for two gentlemen; electric light, all conveniences; private family.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsome, sunny, front room; also back room; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.
Nicely furnished rooms; scrupulously clean.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful, large room; southern exposure; twin beds; running water; reduced rates.

79TH, 225 WEST.—Unusually large room, with, without private bath; reduced rents; adjoins Subway.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Large, airy room; electricity; handsomely appointed house; choice Summer location; gentlemen.

80TH ST., 126 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; single or en suite; refined surroundings; all conveniences.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Newly decorated, large, small rooms, parlor floor; private bath, toilet; reasonable.

83D ST., 159 WEST.—Front hall room, $3; small room, $2; telephone; second floor. Stanton.

85TH, 128 WEST.—Large room, private bath, medium and small; telephone; reasonable; references.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Sunny, private bath suite; also small room; running water; near Subway, surface, and elevated cars; all conveniences; rates reasonable; table board. 'Phone 4560 Riverside.

87TH, 176 WEST.—Large, cozy room; refined home; near Subway, "L" station; $5. Bruns.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Medium-sized room; large closets; running water; suitable two. Riverside 9069.

92D, 204 WEST.—Large front room, three windows; also small room; 'phone; Subway. Possons.

93D, 35 WEST.—Cheerful, large, small, front rooms; running water; "L"; telephone; $6, $1.50.

96TH, 38 WEST.—Two handsomely furnished rooms, with every modern convenience; Subway express and other transit facilities. Telephone 1045 Riverside.

97TH ST., 256 WEST.—Private family; front room; lavatory; high-class apartment; breakfast optional. Grossman.

103D, 128 WEST.—Beautiful room, with dressing room; running water, bath; private house; elegantly furnished; also smaller room.

109TH AND BROADWAY.—Two handsomely furnished outside rooms; private family. 'Phone 6321 Riverside.

113TH ST, 606 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, light rooms, with every modern convenience, in strictly high-class apartment; rooms single or en suite, with running water and adjoining bath; Subway express and other transit facilities; home-cooked breakfast optional; references.

113TH ST., 556 WEST.—Small room; southern exposure; private family; for gentleman; reasonable.

113TH ST., 622 WEST, (near Riverside Drive.)—Attractive rooms, suite or singly; elevator. Apartment 31.

113TH, 541 WEST.—Attractive, medium-sized room, bath adjoining; homelike; moderate; gentleman. Apartment 3.

114TH, 611 WEST.—Large, beautifully furnished room; private family; board if desired; near Riverside.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large, front room and bath; overlooking Columbia Campus; table guests accommodated.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Large, double rooms, with lavatory; one minute Subway; breakfast; references. Wells.

116TH ST., 404 WEST.—Block Broadway Subway; light, attractive rooms, overlooking Morningside Park. Morse.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Excellent rooms; housekeeping suite; high-class elevator apartment. Apartment 21.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Well-furnished, large and medium rooms. Apt. 54. Morningside 4769.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Front suite; southern exposure; elevator; shower, electricity, telephone; reasonable. Apartment 32.

118THH ST., 414 WEST, (Morningside Heights.)—Rooms that are different; elevator, telephone service; reasonable. Smith.

119TH, 422 WEST.—Large and small, sunny front rooms; elevator; reasonable. Inquire Apartment 1.

122D ST., 540 WEST.—Attractive corner rooms; home atmosphere; elevated; telephone; references. Apply Apartment 51.

139TH, 602 WEST, (137th Express.)—Attractive, sunny room; elevator; private family; moderate. Apartment 19.

159TH ST., 481 WEST.—Front parlor; exquisitely furnished; corner elevator apartment; also smaller rooms. Apt. 17.

ALL THE COMFORTS OF HOME, WITH NONE OF THE WORRIES. SUITE OR SINGLY, WITH OR WITHOUT MEALS. MAGNIFICENT LOCATION, ADJOINING CENTRAL PARK WEST. TELEPHONE EACH ROOM; EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE. REFERENCES RIGIDLY DEMANDED. FIRST INSTANCE, P. O. 1716.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room; no other roomers; piano; telephone; reference. Fisher.

LADY having beautifully furnished corner apartment will rent front room; every convenience. Schuyler 8558.

LARGE, SUNNY BEDROOM, near Central Park West; elevator apartment; $5. Y 40 Times.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Cozy outside room; corner apartment; light housekeeping; Broadway Subway. Henry.

Unfurnished Rooms—To Rent

Physician wishes man and wife to share his 7-room apartment. Park West, Y 81 Times.

Furnished Room Directories.

FREE information regarding rooms and board; all investigated. Leland's, 4 West 33d. (25th year.)

Help Wanted, Female

ASSISTANT in doctor's office; salary, $10 a week; give particulars. Doctor, E 147 Times.

A WELL-EDUCATED WOMAN over 25, capable of earning $30 per week, to travel with and assist experienced woman in the interests of a child's course; salary and commission. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced saleswomen for their cloaks and suits, ribbons, millinery, shoes, and neckwear departments; steady positions to the right people. Apply to Superintendent, 4th floor, between 8:30 and 9:30 A. M., or after 5 P. M.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted, must be willing, in case of need, to show servants by example how to clean; must be economical; $70 month; meals supplied, but must provide own lodging; no contact with family, except formally with lady of house. Y 97 Times.

MAID AND SEAMSTRESS to take care of elderly lady; reference required. Apply from 10 until 1 o'clock, Hotel San Reno, 75th St. and Central Park West. Apt. 817.

STENOGRAPHER.—3 years' experience; competent, rapid typist; conscientious worker; $11. Phone 2105 Gram.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED ENGLISH INFANT'S NURSE WILLING TO GO TO ENGLAND FOR 3 MONTHS. CALL, WITH REFERENCES, MONDAY OR TUESDAY, BETWEEN 5 AND 7 P. M.,
140 EAST 65TH ST.

WANTED—In a large law office, a thoroughly competent legal stenographer; must have had long and varied experience; an excellent opportunity afforded the right person. E 248 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Nurse (white) for 16 months child; personal city reference from some former employer required. Apply 318 West 100th St., Apartment 15, between 9 and 10:30 mornings.

Instruction.

ARE your children doing the best they can in school? Is average satisfactory? Would you like to see them do better? If so, write E 136 Times for particulars.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES,
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Help Wanted, Male

A BROADWAY ostrich fancy feather house wishes to add a line of ribbons and velvets; needs an experienced buyer or one to invest some money and have an interest in this special line; state length of experience, age, and all particulars. E 69 Times.

A1 CLOAK AND SUIT HOUSE open for Southern representative; only those that command trade need apply. E 39 Times.

ALTERATION MANAGER
To take charge of workroom; first-class specialty cloak and suit store in St. Louis; steady position; state experience and salary desired. Address A. M., Box 210 Times Downtown.

A SALESMAN OF THE HIGHEST TYPE is offered an opportunity to connect with a business established thirty years ago in this city, and now the largest of its kind in the world, under methods insuring to a successful man a handsome present income and the foundations of a future competency. No "side line" men desired. This proposition is a BIG one, in every sense of the word, requiring the entire time, talent, and attention of the man who engages in it. Address Mr. T., P. O. Box 339, Madison Square Branch.

CHRISTIAN SEXTON WANTED—Married; good salary offered. Address "Baldwin," Sub Station B, City.

FREDERICK LOESER & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of thoroughly experienced salesmen for their silk department. Apply to Superintendent, 4th floor, between 8:30 and 9:30 A. M., or after 5 P. M.

INSURANCE MAN, you can make big connection selling Long Island lots from map; cheapest lots on the market. For full particulars write Smith, 98 East 120th St.

OFFICE MANAGER, fifteen years' experience official apacity with large corporation; competent take full charge; have highest credentials. E 208 Times Downtown.

REAL ESTATE SALESMAN WANTED to sell low-priced Long Island lots from map; big connections. Write for full particulars to Smith, 98 East 120th St.

ROOFER, with thorough experience in tin and copper roofing; wages $35 a month and board; state references. Y 88 Times.

SALESMEN.—A large corporation with branch offices in the leading cities and an extensively advertised line, desires to add to their selling force two first-class salesmen. Call on Sales Manager, 134 West 29th St., tenth floor.

SALESMEN wanted; no experience required; earn while you learn; write (or call) for list of positions open, paying $1,000 to $5,000 a year. National Salesmen's Training Association, 1,210 C, Flatiron Building, New York. Branches everywhere.

SALESMEN wanted by a large, reputable concern for the following States: Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia, and Kentucky, also for Far West and the coast. Only those with a large following may apply. E 68 Times.

SALESMEN wanted by a large reputable concern for the following States: Ohio, Indiana, West Virginia, and Kentucky; also for Far West and the Coast; only those with large following may apply. E 68 Times.

SPECIAL AGENTS and district managers to represent $2,000,000 accident company; something new in health and accident business; best money-making proposition on market. Superintendent, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

TOOL DESIGNERS capable of designing punches and dies and attachments for automatic feeding of parts in punch presses. write, stating experience, nationality, age, and salary expected. Designer, 90 8th Av.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States or men who have declared their intention to become citizens, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City, 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., 162 Newark Av., Jersey City, N. J., or any army recruiting station.

WANTED—Refined, well-dressed men, above 40, but still active, to sell a household necessity to the better class families in or outside of city; to such that qualify we shall prove that they will earn permanently at least $50 per week. Call 58 West 15th St., first floor.

WANTED—Three high-class special edition advertising men; only men able to make big money, who have a clean record, need apply; work available on one of the leading dailies in the East; good leads. Address Y 80 Times.

Instruction.

A.—A.—BOOKKEEPERS.
Any business or profession can best be taught by an expert active in that field. Theo. Koehler, C. P. A., prominent in accounts for 25 years, conducts
The NEW YORK SCHOOL OF ACCOUNTS,
1,133 BROADWAY, MANHATTAN.
Personal Attention; Individual Instruction in Bookkeeping, for C. P. A. Degree, Factory Costs. Write for booklets, curriculum, terms.

A.—THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Aeolian Hall, 27 West 42d St.—Secretarial course only; stenography, secretarial English, accountancy, and social amenities.
V. M. WHEAT, Director.

Employment Bureaus.

Domestic.

THE ALGONQUIN EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.—Efficient servants supplied. Phone Plaza 4961. 769 Lexington Av.

Situations Wanted Female

BOOKKEEPER.—Young, competent, thoroughly experienced manufacturing trimmings, reliable, capable of taking full charge, seeks similar position. Trustworthy, 278 3d Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, stenographer; anxious to work, capable, conscientious, industrious; $6; reference. B., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. 'Phone 660 East New York.

BOOKKEEPER—Experienced, capable; qualified to assume entire charge books; also stenographer; highest credentials. E 6 Times.

CARETAKER for man, wife. Call, write Mrs. Jeffreys, 325 West 52d St., care of Rice.

CHAMBERMAID.—Neat young girl wishes place for chamberwork or housework to work alone; good plain cook; wages $28-$30; only in good family. Grabinger, 399 East 151st St.

DRESSMAKER.—Tailored suits, afternoon and evening dresses; reasonable. Mme. Juliette, 126 East 12th St. Stuyvesant 408.

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKER and TAILORESS.—Out by day; city, out of town. E 137 Times.

MANAGING HOUSEKEEPER.—Private family; city or country; excellent testimonials. G 135 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER.—Intelligent girl; beginner; two years high school; graduate business school; rapid, accurate; American; no agency; $7. E 264 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, confidential assistant office manager, age 25; normal education; executive ability; $15. A 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, private secretary; academic education, experienced; can assume responsibilities; salary $15. E 231 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; good speller; understands all detail office work; operates switchboard; accurate, punctual; reference; $12. E 227 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Assistant Bookkeeper.—Understands billing; exerienced; best references. Newman, 1,696 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, educated, intelligent, up-to-date American girl, needs position. Efficient, E 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; rapid, accurate, neat; satisfaction assured; $6. S., 127 Lowell St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter and bookkeeper; reliable, trustworthy; highest references; salary moderate. Dawson, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, and assistant bookkeeper; six years' experience; reference; $15. E 209 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (21.)—Competent beginner; good speller; accurate; reference; $8. Desirable, E 238 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, insurance, brokerage, commercial. E 215 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER; college graduate; 7 years' experience; neat appearance; $18. A 312 Times Downtown.

SWEDISH WOMAN wishes position in the country as nurse to invalid, lady or child; good masseuse. Address Holmberg, 529 Lexington Av., New York City.

TYPIST, expert copyist; dictaphone operator; experienced; reference; $12. E 207 Times Downtown.

TWO Germans, intelligent, desire positions as nurse, governess; good references. Write, 306 East 57th St.

Situations Wanted Male

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, audited, written up, systems installed, financial statements, &c., prepared; investigations, work confidential; rates moderate; personal service. C. P. A., Room 702, 132 Nassau St. Phone 2730—Beekman.

ACCOUNTANT.—MONTHLY AUDITS that show conditions, inexpensive systems installed, investigations, partnership and corporation auditing, dissolutions, reorganizations. Newman, 429 6th Av. 'Phone Mad. Sq. 8322.

ACCOUNTANT, certified public, desires executive position with industrial concern; considerable experience in corporation accounting, systems, and organizations; excellent references. E 146 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, books opened, disentangled, systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 621 Broadway, Room 632. Telephone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT, CERTIFIED.—Books opened, closed, written up, audited, systematized; $5 monthly up; trial balances; financial statements. Friedlander, 878 B'way, 4376 Gramercy.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 33 Union Square. Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, 27, earnest worker, planner, thinker, advertising assistance, desires connection legitimate concern; results assured. E 61 Times.

ASSISTANT bookkeeper or clerk; brainy young man; good penman; exceptional figurer; three years' experience; excellent record. I. F., 843 Park Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, (23,) wishes position with mercantile house; 6 years experience; handle large number of accounts; highly recommended. E 148 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, (23;) stenographer, office man, correspondent, controlling accounts, desires permanent position; ambitious. E 28 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert accountant, 9 years' experience, is desirous to connect with good house; best references. Expert, E 211 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, SECRETARY.—Party taking financial interest. Machinery Manufacturer, third floor, 1,544 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, (24,) thoroughly experienced; take entire charge of books; highly recommended; dependable. E 16 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT (22) desires position with chance of advancement; $12. E 88 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, Stenographer, Typewriter.—Young man; best references; $10. 1,891 2d Av. Sam. Stern.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert, wants work for spare time. G. A. Dale, 12 East 33d St.

BOY, school graduate, honest, neat, ambitious; five months with Harpers. Paul, E 233 Times Downtown.

BOY, (17,) energetic, clean cut, school graduate, position with advancement; experienced. E 212 Times Downtown.

CARETAKERS.—Married couple desire care of furnished or unfurnished home for season or longer. Call or address Reliable, 950 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, German, speaking French, English, Italian, wishes position; has driven New York, Paris, London; traveled all Europe. Julius, 210 East 32d St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, strictly sober, honest; shop and private; references; wishes position; private. Bravo, Garden City, Long Island.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC.—32; married; speaks English, French, German; 12 years' references; seeks first-class position; any car. Halliner, 968 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position; mechanic; careful driver; salary moderate; best references. Dunlop, 255 West 55th.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, sober; good references. Address P. G. Bravo, Garden City, Long Island.

COLLECTOR of rent, 17 years' experience; small repairs without charge; highest testimonials; moderate compensation; real estate or surety bond. M. S., 127 Powell St., Brooklyn.

EDUCATED GENTLEMAN will call at residences when required to attend to correspondence, write up books, draw and typewrite contracts. D 163 Times.

ENGINEER.—32; employed many years as second engineer in British India Steamship service; desires employment on land, here or elsewhere; fully capable taking charge of large plant or as assistant to chief engineer; capable inspector and appraiser; thorough knowledge mechanical engineering; very best references, character, experience, and ability. W. L., 265 85th St., Brooklyn.

GARDENER, married; life experience vegetables, fruits, flowers, lawns, and drives; handy with carpenter's tools; wife high-class laundress; best references. T. Martin, 243 East 45th St., New York.

HARDWARE MAN, German, 27, knows the hardware and housefurnishing line thoroughly, good locksmith, wishes position. Chr. Droge, 331 East 18th St.

I HAVE FOLLOWING among little jobbing and other trade; wish manufacturers' line top skirts, waists, or anything in ladies' or children's wear to sell on commission; advance own expense; New York references given; only good manufacturers reply. Y 100 Times.

IMPORTER, SALESMAN, familiar with textile import, Germany, Austria, would represent house of good standing here, in Canada, or on the Pacific Coast. E 127 Times.

NURSE, attendant, masseur; long hospital experience; high references; private or sanitorium. E 85 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Am 35 years of age, married; have been owner of commission business; lack of capital forced me to discontinue; want to connect with reliable concern, where honest endeavor will be appreciated; salary secondary to opportunity. E 241 Times Downtown.

PORTER.—I want to get a job for porter, colored; assistant shipping clerk, general utility man; he has served me well and is excellent man; I am going out of business and want to place him. Address E 5 Times.

PRIVATE SECRETARY.—WELL EDUCATED and experienced; commercial and legal training; willing and adaptable; with one concern, commercial, as expert accountant and expert correspondent, trusted and confidential, ten years; last as secretary, trusted and confidential, for over ten years; highest references. E 244 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN desires waists as side line for Southwest; commission basis. A 296 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Five years' experience, capable of taking charge of city and out of town traffic, desires position with opportunity for advancement; excellent references. E 98 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—SECRETARY.—A1 credentials, who can "deliver the goods"; salary, $125 month. E 139 Times.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER.
American, 21, experienced, accurate; best credentials. Guidice, 401 West 48th St.

YOUNG MAN with extensive experience in the fancy leather goods line wishes to connect with reliable house; capable of taking charge of business end; A1 references. D 310 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) eight years' business experience, desires office or inside sales position with reputable house; comes highly indorsed. G 128 Times.

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

COMPETENT stenographers, bookkeepers, shipping clerks, &c., furnished free of charge. Miss M. S. Walter Agency, 60 Liberty St. Telephone 6817 Cortl.

Domestic.

A.—FOR EXCELLENT colored servants 'phone Riverside 4375. Domestic Service Agency, 203 West 98th St.

COLORED HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat girls, experienced, good references, thoroughly investigated, want places; other Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 314 West 59th. Phone 4786 Columbus. Established 1899.

COMPETENT COLORED HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 1538 Riverside.

Competent colored help supplied; excellent references; male and female. Victoria Agency, 4747 Harlem.

COMPETENT HELP, short notice, procurable at Progressive Emp.; reliable. 34 West 131st St. 5370 Harlem.

EMPLOYERS—Capable boys supplied; phone your wants; prompt, efficient service, free. Children Aid Society Free Employment Bureau, 1,704 Murray Hill.

FIRST-CLASS SERVANTS.—Berta Carlson's Employment Agency, 2,494 Broadway, corner 93d. Tel. 9527 Riverside.

GENERAL HOUSEWORK—Neat, willing girl; good cook, excellent laundress; finest reference; colored; city or country; $25. Pearson's Agency, 5049 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. Phone Orchard 2508.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 183d St. Tel. 6916 Morningside.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

ADDING MACHINES
rebuilt, all styles and makes; Burroughs, Comptometers, Wales, &c., for sale or rent, from $40 up; guaranteed for one year.
ADDING MACHINE INSPECTION & SALES CO.
Phone 6739 Cort. 220 Broadway, N. Y. C.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 months for $5 and upward.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., Inc.
345 Broadway at Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.
956 Broadway at 23d St.
10 Barclay St., Tel. 6353 Cortlandt.

Have just purchased an entire broker's office, consisting of roll, flat, typewriter desks, chairs, tables, hat trees, telephone booths, partitions and railings, oak and mahogany. Quick & McKenna, 6 Reade St., New York.

For Sale—Water power, sawmill, small factory, barn, house, land, &c.; all or part; on New York Central, with siding; 5 hours from New York; owner must retire; ill-health. Address Box 300 Groton, N. Y.

DESKS Some new—others almost as good as new—also chairs, tables, filing cabinets, and sectional bookcases; all at prices that will interest you. Office Furniture Trading Co., 4 and 6 White St.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressograph, partitions. Nathan's, 102 Worth, near Broadway.

Multigraphs, typewriters, all makes, $10 to $65; extensive assortment of high-grade rebuilt machines at attractive prices. Eagle Typewriter Co., 312 Broadway; branch store, 147 East 23d St.

ELKS LODGES.
Mounted elk for sale, exceptional specimen; write for photograph and price. 120 Grand Av., Portland, Ore.

150 typewriters, costing $100 each new, now $3 and up; 25 drop-leaf typewriter cabinet desks; selling out. 393 Broadway.

TIMES SQUARE'S NEED OF EXPRESS STATIONS

Business Associations Offer Plan to Prevent Congestion in That Territory.

SUB-GRADE PLAZA PREFERRED

This Would Enable Passengers to Take Either Interborough, B. R. T. or Steinway Tunnel Trains.

Among the most difficult problems which the Public Service Commission and the railroad companies have to face in the lay-out of the dual subway system is the arrangement to be made in the Times Square region. Here is one of the most densely populated centres of the city; here great thongs gather during a longer period of each twenty-four hours than in any other district, and here the two great rapid transit systems, the Interborough and the B. R. T., come close together.

From the purely engineering point of view it is a most complicated task to devise some plan by which the B. R. T. Broadway line shall cross beneath the present Interborough tracks, the Interborough Seventh Avenue line shall hitch up with the uptown Broadway line, and the Steinway Tunnel line, which is to find its terminus to the south of the Times Building, shall be fitted in. But apart altogether from the engineering problems are the questions connected with the provision of such facilities as shall be of most service to the greatest number of people.

The plan finally to be adopted is still only in process of formation, and the engineers of the Public Service Commission and of the two companies are in close study of all the possibilities from both the engineering and the financial points of view. Certain civic bodies, moreover, have taken a deep interest in the matter. The Broadway Association and the Times Square Association, realizing that the steps to be taken in the next few months never can be retraced, have given their best attention to the question, and have employed engineers on their own account to arrive at the best possible solution of the problem.

They were considerably disturbed by what they could learn of the ideas of the Public Service Commission from the tentative list of stations put forward for public discussion. From these it appeared that while the Interborough would have an express station at Forty-second Street and Seventh Avenue, the B. R. T. preferred to place its express station at about Forty-eighth Street and Seventh Avenue, and to trust to serving the busy southern section of Times Square by a local station running down Broadway from Forty-second Street to Fortieth. This seemed to the two associations to mean that the natural convergence of the two great rapid transit lines would be permanently dislocated, and that the chance of creating a traffic centre would be absolutely thrown away.

Business Association Plans.

The members of the Broadway Association and the Times Square Association, living and doing business in the district named, had a very lively conception of what traffic conditions were in it. They realized that the sidewalks were congested and that week by week and month by month new buildings of the largest size were going up, which added more and more to the throngs. The streets also are crowded by automobiles and trucks, and as the evening comes on and the theatre crowds assemble there are certain crossings which can never be faced by a pedestrian without the exercise of the utmost care.

Consequently the associations prepared a plan, which they submitted to the Public Service Commission, for such an arrangement of stations and the provision of such communication between them as they thought would meet the necessities of their neighborhood. It is founded on two great principles, and these will be brought again before the commission in the hope that they will be accepted as representing the best thought of those most intimately acquainted with the problem.

In the first place, the associations recognize that the part of the district to which most people wish to go has as its centre Forty-second Street and Broadway. The development of the entire region has been rapid, and it has been natural to speak especially of the great improvements of Times Square. But, as a matter of fact, below Times Square, between Broadway and Sixth Avenue and about Fortieth and Thirty-ninth Streets, within the last few months there has been a very marked building of skyscrapers, and the erection of Aeolian Hall and Stern's new department store in Forty-second Street, east of Sixth Avenue, shows how soon there will be a new shopping centre developed there.

Consequently, it seemed to the Broadway Association and the Times Square Association that it was most important that the express stations on both the B. R. T. and the Interborough lines should be constructed as near Forty-second Street and Broadway as possible. By this means the crowds which daily want to reach that point would not be obliged to change from an express to a local train at either the B. R. T. Thirty-fourth Street or Forty-eighth Street express station, which would involve the same congestion of platforms at certain hours of the day that now prevails through a similar change on the Interborough at Seventy-second Street and the Grand Central stations.

To change from one train to another by merely crossing the platform, of course, is a small thing, but experience has shown, the associations believe, how irritating the matter can be and how really dangerous crowds can collect at the transfer point if there is the slightest delay in the arrival of the train in which the passengers wish to continue their journeys. So they have asked the Public Service Commission and the B. R. T. to reconsider their plans and move the B. R. T. express station from its original site at Forty-eighth Street a good deal further south.

Sub-Grade Plaza Suggested.

In the second place, the associations put forward the idea of a great sub-grade plaza, something after the fashion of the concourse at Greeley Ssquare built for the McAdoo tubes. A design was prepared by Henry G. Opdycke, consulting engineer of the Broadway Association, which showed that it was perfectly feasible to unite by this plaza the Brooklyn Rapid Transit, the Interborough, and the Steinway Tunnel lines. It would spread far beyond the limits of the stations of any of these companies, and would permit passengers arriving at Times Square to walk underground, sheltered from the heat or the cold, the rain or the sun, and saved all the annoyance and danger of dodging the vehicular traffic, a considerable distance before they came up again to the surface of the street. This plaza would be so designed, as a railroad man put it recently, that "by going into any hole you would reach any rapid transit line."

It would be easy to establish such ticket-taking arrangements as to prevent a passenger who had paid his nickel to the Interborough from taking a Brooklyn Rapid Transit train, or vice versa, and it would be to the advantage of everybody that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit lines, for example, could be reached from near the Hotel Astor by a subterranean connection, which would remove the need of crossing the street, and in the same way the Interborough's Seventh Avenue line could be reached by a stairway opening out in front of the Knickerbocker.

Mr. Opdycke suggested in his plan that the Brooklyn Rapid Transit express station should be placed immediately beneath the present Times Square station of the Interborough, and should communicate with the plaza by a single flight of stairs. The Steinway Tunnel would have a terminus just south of the Times Building, and the Seventh Avenue express station of the Interborough would be carried down Seventh Avenue from about Forty-second Street to Fortieth Street. The plaza would extend over its tracks as a mezzanine, and by it access would be gained to the Interborough's express trains by stairs from the mezzanine, as at Grand Central Station, and not by passage beneath the tracks, as at Ninety-sixth Street.

The ideas of the Broadway and Times Square associations have been laid before the Public Service Commission with such arguments as could be drawn from traffic conditions and with statistics showing the importance of the lower end of Times Square from the railroad man's point of view. What solution the commission, in consultation with the engineers of the companies, will reach is not, of course, known as yet. It is believed, however, that, unless the expense should turn out to be absolutely prohibitive, the idea of the underground plaza will be adopted, and it is hoped that it will be carried out in the most effective manner by placing the Brooklyn Rapid Transit express station alongside the express stop of the Interborough. In this way the associations believe the needs of the city and the particular district will be met in the most convenient fashion, and a great traffic centre will be created to the advantage of the greatest possible number of citizens.

BAILEY IS SKEPTICAL.

Ex-Senator Doubts If Any Real Currency Reform Is Coming.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Ex-Senator Joseph W. Bailey has little faith that the Democratic Party will give the country any real currency reform legislation. He said so last night in a striking speech at the Raleigh Hotel, where he attended the annual banquet of the Washington Chapter of the American Institute of Banking.

"The trouble is," said Mr. Bailey, "there is not one man in ten in Congress who knows anything about it. I used to think when I was a boy that to be a Congressman was the sign of a man's wisdom and ability. Since I have come to be a man I have learned that it is more often a sign of volubility than of real ability. They act one way at home and talk a very different way on the stump. And you may as well put out of your minds any expectation of currency reform by the next Congress."

Mr. Bailey asserted that the present currency system was not quite so bad as some people believed. He thought that if the Government were to take measures to prevent panics and provide funds with which to fill the void in every solvent bank caused by the modern Shylock's withdrawal of his money in financial depression, the present system would be found to work all right.

"I would advise Congress and the President," said Mr. Bailey, "not to have anything to do with the currency question until it has put some good tariff laws on the books. Importation and manufacturing are held in check waiting for the new laws. The special session of Congress should enact its tariff laws and then adjourn, to give the country time to recover from the shock which will inevitably follow. This is of the greatest importance, because if Congress waits until Fall to put these tariff laws on the statute books 1,000,000 men will be walking American streets without work."

FAVORS HEARING FOR WOMAN.

But Rabbi Schulman Says She Is Wrong in Demanding the Ballot.

At the close of the services at Temple Beth-El yesterday morning the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman delivered a lecture on "The Woman's Sphere, and Suffrage as a Phase of It." He said in part:

"Woman may be mistaken in her demand for the ballot, but she should get a fair hearing. I am sure that she is mistaken because of the peculiar phenomenon that so many wise, beneficent, cultured, refined women positively refuse the ballot and are aggressively working against obtaining it.

"It is remarkable how, despite the universal education of the women, they have very little interest in politics. Politics do not seem to attract them, because I believe woman's instinct is not for ruling, but for influencing the so-called rulers. In the nobler sense, the power behind the throne has been the power of the woman.

"The mere fact that so many cultured, beneficent, educated women refuse to participate in government, ought to make men stop and consider. Why do they refuse? Because of their just insight into the true functions of womanhood. Now the unit of life is not at all individual, and it is the individual that underlies the whole movement for suffrage. The unit of civilized life is not an individual man or an individual woman, but it is man and woman united in family life. That is the unit of society and of civilization. In such a unit there can be no talk of inferiority or superiority. There can be no talk of different functions, different services. Woman presides in the home, using home in the most comprehensive sense, and man is the ruler in the outside world.

"We deliberately take high ground and say, not because woman is not worthy of the ballot, but because she is too good to vote, that we oppose giving her the suffrage. Let her not enter the arena of political life."

DR. WISE OFF FOR A REST.

Free Synagogue Anniversary Turned into Godspeed Service.

The observance of the sixth anniversary of the Free Synagogue was converted yesterday into an aufwiedersehen service because Dr. Stephen S. Wise is about to leave for a trip through Egypt and Palestine. He will be gone for six months, and Dr. Frank Oliver Hall of the Church of the Divine Paternity was on hand to wish him God-speed, and tell how badly Dr. Wise needed and how thoroughly he deserved his coming rest.

"And," said Dr. Hall, "there are others in the city, notably a high official, who think the same. What chance has a politician when a man like Wise insists upon applying the moral law to politics?"

Dr. Hall said it would be no more than brotherly for the Mayor of New York to warn the Mayor of Cairo what was coming. In his own brief speech, Dr. Wise said he was not enlisted against orthodox Judaism. He said:

"The orthodox and liberal Jewish Churches have a common foe, and that is faithlessness. In this place we are simply trying to make the synagogue a place of life. We do not want the synagogue to be a city gateway to a country cemetery."

INVITED TO MEET CARDINAL.

Ladies of Columbus Hospital Fund Giving Him Reception at Hotel Savoy

Under the immediate direction of the Countess Anna Leary, Mrs. F. Burrall Hoffman, Mrs. Michael J. Mulqueen, and Mrs. Edward H. Hawke, Jr., the Ladies' Building Fund Committee of Columbus Hospital have invited their friends to meet Cardinal Farley in the Hotel Savoy at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

This reception to the Cardinal is in appreciation of his co-operation in the coming twelve days' campaign by a committee, headed by John D. Crimmins, Lloyd C. Griscom, Dr. Ramon Guiteras, Dr. A. Pisani, and Dr. Lorenze Ulle, to raise $100,000 or more for the purpose of erecting a new hospital building. Thus it will be necessary to average more than $8,000 a day.

On the Reception Committee are: Mrs. August Belmont, Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran, Mrs. Robert Collier, Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, Mrs. Gerald Borden, Mrs. Thomas C. T. Crain, Mrs. Cortlandt Penfield, Mrs. William Sheehan, Mrs. James A. O'Gorman, and many others.

THE REV. MR. COX RESIGNS.

Former New York Pastor, Now in Philadelphia, Going to Australia.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—The Rev. Sydney Herbert Cox, pastor of the Central Congregational Church in this city, tendered his resignation to-day to become effective on July 1. His health has not been the best, and he will go to Australia, where he formerly resided.

The Rev. Mr. Cox has been pastor of the Central Congregational Church for three years. He came to America in 1894, and in 1895 became associated with the Rev. Thomas Dixon while pursuing his studies at the Union Theological Seminary, New York. In 1897 he was ordained pastor at the Jersey City Tabernacle. At the end of 1898, Mr. Cox went to the Lee Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, and later to the Broadway Tabernacle, New York, where he was associated with Dr. Charles E. Jefferson. Some years later Mr. Cox went to East Flatbush and organized the Church of the Evangel, where he preached until he went to Philadelphia.

WISE ENDS TERM AS FEDERAL ATTORNEY

$5,500,000 Recovered in Customs Cases and Illegal Entry Practice Broken Up.

MANY SHERMAN LAW CASES

Notable Convictions for Sugar Weighing and Stock Frauds—Continues in Office for Short Time.

United States District Attorney Wise's term of office expires to-day. Appointed by President Taft on April 1, 1909, his four years terminate at midnight to-night. It is, however, probable that he will hold over for a week or two longer, as the Washington authorities seem undecided whom to put in his place. Among those mentioned to succeed him have been George Gordon Battle, W. Snowdon Marshall, both of whom are partners in the law firm of Senator O'Gorman, and President Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen. Of these Mr. Marshall seems the most likely candidate.

However, even if Mr. Wise holds over, he will at once begin the private practice of the law. He has formed a partnership with Ernest A. Bigelow, and they will practice at 15 William Street under the firm name of Bigelow & Wise. Mr. Wise is likely to appear in many cases in the Federal Courts, but he cannot represent the Government in any of its suits for a year. By a law passed by Congress after Henry A. Stimson had been retained as a Special Assistant District Attorney soon after he had left the District Attorney's office, it is provided that twelve months must elapse from the time that a Federal District Attorney retires before he can accept a Government retainer.

Mr. Wise, before he took charge of the office in the Southern New York District, had served as an assistant under Gen. Burnett and Mr. Stimson. During Mr. Stimson's administration he had charge of many important prosecutions against railroad companies and the American Sugar Refining Company rebate cases. He also assisted Mr. Stimson in the preparation and trial of Charles W. Morse.

The first big case which Mr. Wise had as District Attorney was the prosecution of F. Augustus Heinze, on the charge of misapplying the Mercantile National Bank funds. Though this was unsuccessful, it established an important principle. It was necessary to obtain the books of the United Copper Company, and Sanford Robinson, counsel and Director of the company, was subpoenaed before the Grand Jury. He declined to answer, pleading the privilege of counsel. Mr. Wise contended and was upheld by the courts in his assertion that a lawyer, when he became a Director of a company, of which he was also counsel, could not plead his professional privilege to escape disclosing what he knew as a Director.

"Sleeper Trunk" Frauds.

Customs frauds then took up much of Mr. Wise's time, and especially the famous "sleeper trunk" cases. Then there was the American Sugar Refining Company weighing frauds by means of a secret spring, and a whole batch of cases dealing with importers of Mediterranean products followed. The revelations showed an almost uniform system of defrauding the Government on all classes of merchandise imported to this port.

One of the first cases of this kind was that of Antonio and Philip Musica, who were charged with conspiring with certain Government weighers concerning the entry of figs and cheese. Philip Musica was sent to Elmira for a year, and both were compelled to pay in restitution $18,000. A number of comparatively small cases against Greek importers followed, and resulted in terms of imprisonment. More than thirty dressmakers were convicted in connection with the sleeper trunk conspiracy, and were let off with fines, but one of the former Government employes, who assisted them, was sent to jail.

The indictment of the Duveens, the Rosenbergs, and the Lichtensteins on similar charges followed. The Duveens were forced to pay $1,200,000, the Rosenbergs about $100,000, and the Lichtensteins $120,000, but when criminal charges were preferred against them they pleaded guilty and were not sent to jail. They got off with fines. For about three years the prosecution of smuggling and undervaluing cases was carried on actively, with the result that the Government recovered about $5,500,000, and the District Attorney's office believes that the practice of illegal entry has been broken up.

A similar crusade was carried on against passengers violating the customs law. Among those convicted for smuggling goods, which were forfeited, were ex-Gov. Rollins of New Hampshire, Mengo Morgenthau of this city, Mrs. Allen of Wisconsin, and Mrs. Adriance of Poughkeepsie, and Nathan Allen of Kenosha, Wis. It is generally believed, however, at the Federal Building, that what caused the cessation of smuggling by passengers more than anything else was the sentence of three days' imprisonment which District Attorney Wise induced the Judges to inflict on Mrs. Roberta Menges Hill of this city.

Sherman law prosecutions have also been a large part of Mr. Wise's work. The paper board pool, the nine different wire and horseshoe pools, the Kindling Wood Trust, the Retail Lumber Dealers' Association, the coffee pool, the Corn Products Refining Company, and various steamship pools have felt the weight of his hand. Particularly important was the trial of the Sugar Trust Directors, including John E. Parsons, for charges in connection with the closing of the Philadelphia refinery of the Pennsylvania Sugar Refining Company. This ended in the disagreement of the jury, and the prosecution was dropped.

The Railroad Rate act has also afforded a number of other prosecutions, and then there have been the cases arising from the sale of worthless stocks to the public. The most important of these cases have been the prosecutions of the officers of the United Wireless Telegraph Company and the Collins Wireless Telephone Company, and the proceedings against the Burr Brothers. Julian Hawthorne and his associates, William Wintemute, and other men engaged in similar enterprises. Altogether under Mr. Wise's administration there have been twenty such cases involving frauds on the public of more than $25,000,000. At first the Judges imposed on conviction terms of from one to two years' imprisonment, but lately they have realized more fully the gravity of the offense and have been imposing sentences of from three to five years.

In addition to these cases, which from their importance have attracted public attention, Mr. Wise and his staff of twenty assistants have been busy continuously with such matters as the prosecution of counterfeiters, offenders against the pure food laws, and for the last two years against the white slave law. Among these matters, which form the daily routine of the District Attorney's office, stood out in 1910 the conviction of Lupo, Morello, and six others for counterfeiting. Lupo and Morello got thirty years each, and their friends from fifteen to twenty years.

BENEFIT FOR ST. JOSEPH'S.

Entertainment at Cort Theatre to Aid Far Rockaway Hospital.

A benefit for St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, was held last night at the Cort Theatre, and a good-sized audience was in attendance. The object was to raise $1,500, which the institution must pay as interest on a mortgage on April 1.

There was a long list of volunteers. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. Carter de Haven, the Krusadas, Alice Hanson, Waldimiro Dorio, Florence Mulholland, Charles Mason, Willie Weston, and Mike Bernard, Ruth Helen Davis, Jerome Uhl, Ben Greet and George Vivian, George Norman, Edna Whistler, Jennie Newgarden, Josef von Schlenczynski, Ben Welch, Archer Gibson, the Musical Maids, Marie Montrose, Warren and Arrolzioni, and Richard Mentos. Those identified with the charity who sold flowers were the Misses Florence Jacoby, Nellie Boag, May C. Madden, Gene Pickerill, Frances Burns, and May Silver.

MOSS SORRY FOR GUNMEN.

Rosenthal Slayers Victims of Bad Conditions, Says Whitman Aid.

Assistant District Attorney Moss has a son who will receive his first charge as a Methodist minister from the New York Conference, which is to meet this week. He is the Rev. Arthur Moss. He spoke last night at St. James's Methodist Church, Harlem, while his father spoke at St. Paul's Church in West End Avenue. The topic of the father was "The Relation of the Church to the Criminal Classes."

Assistant District Attorney Moss said that his sympathies were with the four Rosenthal gunmen awaiting death in Sing Sing Prison, not that he disagreed with the sentence meted out to them, but he felt they were victims of ignorance and surroundings in this city, which were bound to produce criminals. He also scored men of wealth and power who did not scruple to use ignorant and powerless people to further their ends.

"In the death house at Sing Sing," he said, "are four young men waiting to expiate a great crime by being put to death. The community seems to approve this step and the usual comment is, 'Well, they ought to die.' I say not. I do not agree with that sentiment. I say they ought not to die. I do not mean by that to disagree with the penalty imposed, but by the word 'ought.' I mean that the condition which put those boys where they are should never have been permitted to exist. The great criminal in that crime is the lethargic spirit of the community, of the people of this city. The great criminal influence responsible for the crime for which those boys are to die is the deadly disinterest of good people and the laxity of public officials."

The Rev. Arthur Moss went to Columbia University some years ago to study law. While at Columbia he changed his mind, and instead of going to Columbia Law School he went to Drew Seminary.

THROWN FROM AUTO.

Girl Told Police Man with Whom She Took a Ride Attacked Her.

Marie Gaglivil, a waitress, of 274 Seventh Avenue, who told the police she was induced by a man she didn't know to take an auto ride, complained that she was attacked after having ridden a few blocks and thrown from the auto as it neared Madison Avenue in East Twenty-seventh Street last night. The man, who said he owned the motor car, and the chauffeur then sped away, she said.

According to the woman's story, she was standing in front of Guffanti's restaurant, where she was employed, when a large automobile stopped. A young man, who, she said, sat beside the driver, asked her to take a ride around the block with him. The girl consented, she said. Then the chauffeur, she asserted, started at top speed east in Twenty-seventh Street.

As the auto passed Sixth Avenue, the waitress told the police, the man attempted to throttle her. She screamed and struck him in the face. As the auto neared Madison Avenue the chauffeur slowed up at a command from her assailant, and she said she was thrown out.

A woman who saw the girl thrown from the auto, but refused to give the police her name, called Policeman Sullivan of the West Thirtieth Street Station from fixed post at Twenty-eighth Street and Madison Avenue, and the girl, who had a bruise over her right eye, was taken to the Seventeenth Street Station, where she told her story.

Detectives were assigned to the case, and at once started to hunt for the owner of the auto. The number of the car was told by the woman who saw the girl thrown from it.

DIES IN POLICE STATION.

Capt. Hemstreet, Found in Street, Expires Before Doctor Arrives.

Capt. Eugene Hemstreet, who for years was well known as a sailing master about the Staten Island waters, died without medical attendance in the Tottenville, S. I., police station yesterday afternoon after he had been picked up by a policeman near the station.

Capt. Hemstreet, who was 55 years old, lived with his wife and two children at Tottenville. A policeman found him lying in the street unconscious, and took him in. At the station the Lieutenant sent for Dr. Hubbell at the Smith Infirmary, twelve miles away, and soon an ambulance was on its way to Tottenville, but by the time the vehicle reached there Hemstreet was dead.

OLD BATTLESHIPS TO BECOME TARGETS

Indiana Expected to be the Next to be Riddled by the Atlantic Fleet.

HELPED WIN AT SANTIAGO

Of Early Types Oregon Is the Only "Spanish War Veteran" Likely to be Saved.

Within a few years all of the first-class battleships that fought in the Spanish-American war, with a single exception, probably will have been destroyed by the shells of the great dreadnoughts and superdreadnoughts of the present Atlantic fleet. The Texas, which Commander Philip caused to fight gloriously, has met her doom already in this way, and now there is a well-founded report that the battleship Indiana, which was one of Sampson's first-line ships at Santiago, is to be dismantled of her guns and towed to some convenient spot where she can be used as a target for the newer and mightier ships of the Arkansas, Delaware, Michigan, Florida, and Connecticut types.

For almost two years, off and on, the battleships of the Atlantic Fleet have been firing at the hull of the old Texas until to-day there is little of the Texas that could be made use of as a target, and the officers in charge of the naval target work are looking about for something to take the place of that famous ship of 1898. And it is said that they have about decided that the Indiana, to build and equip which the Government spent $5,983,371, has been tentatively selected as the next ship that will be offered as a sacrifice to show what the gunners of the great Atlantic Fleet can do.

Twenty-two years ago the keel of the Indiana was laid and the newspapers printed long articles descriptive of the mighty offensive and defensive power of the ship that was then dubbed "the coming queen of the seas." Four years later the Indiana was finished and turned over to the Government. The following April, 1896, the Indiana steamed for the first time into the Harbor of New York, and went to the New York Navy Yard, where she was visited by thousands, all of whom "looked, marveled, and admired the wonderful floating fortress."

Then followed the Massachusetts and the Oregon, the last named being the ship referred to as probably the only one which will not meet the fate of the Texas. All America rejoiced and boasted of their country's possession of what was then believed to be the finest fighting trio on any sea.

But the Indiana has long since become obsolete, and when she goes to her last anchorage to await the bombardment of the ships of the Atlantic Fleet, she probably will go under a name other than Indiana, just as did the Texas, which was riddled under the name of the San Marcos when the name Texas had been given to the mighty superdreadnought Texas, a sister ship of the New York, two vessels which are nearing completion, and either of which is equal in battle efficiency to a dozen vessels of the old Texas type. Indiana undoubtedly will be the name given to one of the superdreadnoughts that will be authorized during the Wilson Administration.

When the Indiana is wrecked beyond use for target purposes no one will be surprised to see the Massachusetts and the Illinois and the Iowa follow her into oblivion via the target route. Like the Indiana, all these ships are obsolete survivors of the battle of Santiago.

Kennedy
12 Cortlandt St.
Spring Soft Hats
$1.50 & $1.90
Elsewhere $2 & $3
The new high crown, bow at the back.
Olive, brown, and gray.
Rich Black Felt.
Good wearing qualities.
No middleman's profit.

BELASCO West 44th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
Years of Discretion
"SUPERB CAST."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun. Lyn Harding, Bruce McRae, Herbert Kelcey, E. M. Holland, Effie Shannon, Robert McWade, Jr., Grant Mitchell, Alice Putnam, Mabel Bunyea.
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Tues., Wed. & Sat., 2:10.
MATINEE TO-MORROW.
A Good Little Devil

Palace THEATRE OF N. Y. B'way 47th St. M'g'ment of Mr. Frank Thompson. Ev.,$1.50 to 25c. Daily Mat.$1 to 25c
Frank Keenan & Co., Elizabeth Murray, The Belle Family, Paul Dickey & Co., Piatov and Novatna, Connelly & Wenrich, Thurber and Madison, Swor and Mack, Rayno's Bulldogs, Ota Gygi, London Palace Girls, and
LA NAPIERKOWSKA
In "The Dance of the Bee."

Academy of Misapplied Art
First annual exhibition.
111 East 59th St. Open to-day and until April 5, inclusive, 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Admission 25 cents.

Aeolian Hall, To-Day at 3.
First Appearance of the Italian Pianist,
PASQUALE TALLARICO Tickets, 75c to $2.00 at Hall.

OPERA TICKETS For All Operas. Seats for CARUSO in MANON & AIDA. Office in Kaiserhoff Dining Rooms. Opp. Metropolitan Opera House. B'way & 39th. Tel. 3663-3850 Bryant.

OPERA TICKETS. Tel. 3026 Greeley. Choice seats for all theatres and operas. Normandie Hotel, Broadway & 38th St.

BIJOU B'way and 30th St. Eves. 8:30 MATINEE EVERY DAY. 2:30.
PAUL J. RAINEY'S AFRICAN HUNT

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque Mat To-day.
JOLLY FOLLIES

MURRAY HILL. Evs.8.15. Mat.To-day, Burlesque
QUEENS OF PARIS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20 Last 2 Weeks
Liberty Hall WITH John Mason
KNICKERBOCKER, Broadway & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2.
JULIA SANDERSON in THE SUNSHINE GIRL. with JOSEPH CAWTHORN
EVE. WORLD SAYS: "A RECORD BREAKER IN THRILLS — SENSATIONAL SUCCESS."
H. B. WARNER THE GHOST BREAKER
LYCEUM 45th St., B'way. Eves., 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
"MORE VIVID THAN WITHIN THE LAW." World, Eve. Sun, Alan Dale.
The Conspiracy
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Robert Hilliard in "THE ARGYLE CASE."
HUDSON W. 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
The Poor Little Rich Girl
EDMUND BREESE IN THE GREATEST PLAY OF HIS CAREER
HARRIS EVES 8:30 POP MAT. THURS
THE MASTER MIND
FULTON 46th St., W. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
What Happened to Mary
with OLIVE WYNDHAM.
New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
OH! OH! DELPHINE
The Last Word in Musical Comedy.
GAIETY B'way & 46 St. Eves. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
FOR LAUGHING PURPOSES ONLY.
"STOP THIEF" A Farce by Carlyle Moore.
EVE. SUN SAYS: "AUDIENCES LAUGH AND SCREAM AND CARRY ON LIKE THE DICKENS."
H. B. WARNER THE GHOST BREAKER
LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
GLOBE SPECIAL MAT. WEDNESDAY. MONTGOMERY & STONE, ELSIE JANIS, THE LADY OF THE SLIPPER.

B. F. KEITH'S UNION SQ. Owen McGiveny & Co., Catherine Countiss & Co., Violet Dale, 12 Topliners.
B. F. KEITH'S COLONIAL ANNIVERSARY WEEK. 12 Star Acts. Curtain 1:45 & 7:45.
B. F. KEITH'S HARLEM Opera House 125th St. nr. 7 Av. Mat. Daily. Stock Co. in "The Rosary" Vaudeville between acts.

HAMMERSTEIN'S Ev.50,75c,$1. D'ly Matinees 25 & 50c. Pauline, Bessie Wynne, Six Cuttys, Bert Leslie, Frank Fogarty; 13 others.
☞ NOTE: Three newspaper men, unknown to Pauline, the hypnotist, yesterday concealed somewhere within six blocks of the Victoria Theatre an object unknown to him. Pauline will start blindfolded from the Victoria Theatre at 11 A. M. to-day to find the object.

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. 55 West 23d St. CINEMATOGRAPH Each Hour. GEORGE HOLDEN in Magic at 3 and 9.

Why Pay $40 If $25 Is Enough?
Is there any reason why a man should pay $40 elsewhere for a suit when its equal can be bought here for $25? Call and see more than a thousand Spring novelties and staple patterns which we will make to your measure for $25. You'd pay as much for ready-to-wear garments and much more for equally well-made and styled made-to-measure garments elsewhere.
Suits and Overcoats, $25.
Book of style suggestions and samples on request.
Broadway & 9th St.
Arnheim

PARK THEATRE, 59th St. Columbus Circle | Prices, 25c to $1.00; Matinees, 25c-50c Evening at 8:15; Matinee Every Day at 2:15
LAST WEEK—THE GIRL THE WHOLE WORLD LOVES
EVA TANGUAY
AND EIGHT NEW VOLCANIC VAUDEVILLE FEATURES EVERY ACT A SENSATION
MISS TANGUAY WILL SING HER NEW SONGS AND WILL PRESENT
Her Version of SALOME with Stage Investure of Oriental Opulence Augmented Orchestra

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN
NOW SHORT SEASON. TWICE DAILY, 2:15-8:15. DOORS OPEN ONE HOUR EARLIER.
BARNUM AND BAILEY CIRCUS
And Entirely New Edition Beautiful
CLEOPATRA
CIRCUS SENSATION OF CENTURY
BIG FREAK EXHIBIT A HIT.
Admission to Everything 25c & 50c Reserved Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Private box seats, $2.50. Children under 10 half price afternoons. Box office open 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
BRANCH TICKET OFFICES
(Same Price as at Madison Square Garden.)
BROADWAY OFFICES 1460 Broadway (near 42d St.) Lehigh Valley Ticket Office.
Gimbel Bros. Store and John Wanamaker's Store.
DOWNTOWN: World Travel Bureau, World Bldg.
HARLEM OFFICE 121 W. 125th St. (near Lenox) N. Y. Central Ticket Office.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
To-Night at 8, Manon. Farrar; Caruso, Gilly, Rothier, Segurola, Reiss. Con., Toscanini.
Tues. at 8, Special Perf'ce, Magic Flute. Gadski, Hempel, Alten; Jorn, Braun, Goritz, Reiss, Griswold. Cond., Hertz.
Wed. at 8, Aida. Destinn, Homer; Caruso, Amato, Didur, Rossi. Cond., Polacco.
Thurs. Extra Mat. at 2, Butterfly. Farrar, Fornia; Martin, Scotti, Bada. Con., Toscanini.
Thurs. at 8, Tannhaeuser. Destinn, Fremstad; Urlus, Braun, Buers, Reiss. Con. Hertz.
Fri. at 8, Cyrano. Alda; Martin, Amato, Reiss, Griswold, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.
Sat. Mat. at 2, Don Pasquale. Bori; Macnez, Scotti, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Toscanini.
Sat. at 7:45, Pop. Prices, Lohengrin. Fremstad, Homer; Urlus, Witherspoon, Buers. Cond., Hertz.
Next Mon. at 8, Boris Godunoff. Homer, Case, Maubourg; Didur, Althouse, Segurola, Rothier, Bada. Reiss. Con., Toscanini.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. To-nig't at 8:20
First time of the New Play ANN BOYD
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.50. Wed. Mat. 25c, 50c, $1.
JOSEPH AND HIS BRETHREN Eves. 8 on the minute. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2 on the minute.
at the CENTURY THEATRE 8th Av. & 62d St.
CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Tel. Bryant 46 Eves. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Laurette Taylor 'Peg o' My Heart.'
ELTINGE West 42d St Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
WITHIN THE LAW
GEO. M. COHAN'S THEA., B'way & 43. Eve. 8:20 Popular Mat. Wed., 2:30.
MAY IRWIN in the Farce WIDOW BY PROXY Hear her sing "Two-Lip Salve," "Over the Garden Wall" and "Days and Days."
ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 3. POP. WED. MAT.
"If people would take this lesson home we could have clean society and pure politics all the time."—Rev. C. H. PARKHURST.
A MAN'S FRIENDS
GRAND 23d St. & 8th Av. THE COUNT OF LUXEMBOURG Mat. Wed.
Ad. Philipp's 57 St. Thea., nr. 3 Av. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Sat., 2:15. Auction Pinochle

Century Theatre. To-mor'w, (Tues.), 1:30
THEATRICAL MANAGERS AND DRAMATIC PROFESSION'S
Annual Benefit Actors' Fund
NEW PLAYS, BURLESQUE SPECIALTIES, THE USUAL GREAT ANNUAL BILL.
GOOD SEATS.........AT..............50c
GOOD SEATS.........AT.......75-1.00-1.50
GOOD SEATS AT $2 | BOXES..........25.00
MANAGEMENT OF DANIEL FROHMAN.

LAURIE MERRILL — EDMOND CLEMENT
VIOLINISTE (His Farewell Appearance)
WALDORF-ASTORIA
THIS AFTERNOON AT 3:30
Seats $3, $2. Boxes $25, $20. AT TYSON'S, WALDORF-ASTORIA

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY PLAYERS
OFFENBACH "THE BRIGANDS"
HOTEL ASTOR Week of Mar. 31. Saturday Matinee. Tickets now on sale

F. F. PROCTOR'S N. Y. THEATRES
5th AVE. B'way 28th St. Mat. 25c. Ev. 25c-$1. CARTER (The Wizard Wonder,) Jas. & Bonnie Thornton, Louise La Gal, Arthur Dunn & Cath. Hayes, others & Edison's Talking Pictures.
23D ST., nr. 6th Av. 58TH ST. & 3d Av. 125TH ST., Lex. Av. Wonderful Kinemacolor Pictures in natural colors, in addition to the World's best Vaudeville at Modest Prices. Continuous Daily 11 A. M. to 11 P. M.

WILLIAM MORRIS' N. Y. THEATRE B'way, 45 St. 10c.-15c.-25c.
Continuous 1 P. M. to 11 P. M. Kinemacolor & photo plays, Mlle. Vera Sabrina & Co., 8 others.
WONDERLAND—ATOP N. Y. THEATRE
OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 1260 Stuy. Mat. To-day. Seats 25c. Thurs.—Amateur Night. Friday—Country Store. The AMERICAN BEAUTIES.

Aeolian Hall, Wed. Aft., April 2nd, at 3.
CECILE M. BEHRENS . Pianist
LUDWIG HESS . . . . Tenor
Assisted by Sara Gurovitch, 'Cellist, the Hess Soloists Ensemble. Grace Anderson, Accompanist. Tickets 75c to $2 now on sale at Hall.

Visit the KODAK EXHIBITION
Carnegie Music Hall
April 1st to 12th.
(Except Sunday)
Open from two to ten p. m., with illustrated lectures and motion pictures at three and eight p. m.
Complimentary Tickets at any Kodak D...

CHARITIES.
SPECIAL PERFORMANCE
Magic Flute
for The Legal Aid Society
Metropolitan Opera House
Tuesday Evening, April 1st.
Hempel, Gadski, Alten, Braun, Jorn, Goritz in principal roles.
Illustrated Souvenirs
Regular Prices.

HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
GYPSY LIFE. NEW CIRCUS PLUNGING HORSES
In addition to the Great Spectacle.
UNDER MANY FLAGS
FOR THE FLOOD SUFFERERS!
NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT Under the auspices of His Honor MAYOR GAYNOR
Greatest and Most Wonderful Bill Ever Given on any Stage in the World.
SEATS NOW 50c. to $2.00.

WINTER GARDEN HONEYMOON EXPRESS GABY DESLYS OLSON
Matinee To-Morrow, 50c to $1.50.
Playhouse 48th, E. of B'way. Beginning T'm'w.Eve.
GRACE GEORGE In Sardou's DIVORCONS.
48TH ST. THEA. Beg'g Wed. Eve. Seats Now.
The Lady from Oklahoma with JESSIE BONSTELLE
WEBER & FIELDS' 44th St. Thea., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15 Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
Nine Star Revival THE GEISHA
CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evenings 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
STAR CAST in THE BEGGAR STUDENT
PRINCESS 39th, bet. B'way & 6th Av. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
COMEDY AND THRILLS. THE FAD OF NEW YORK'S SMART SET.
39TH ST. Theatre, near B'way Evs 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
THE FIVE FRANKFORTERS
LYRIC 42d St., W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
Last Week SAM BERNARD ALL FOR THE LADIES.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30.
ROMANCE
William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:15.
FANNY'S FIRST PLAY
MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 34th St. & 8th Av. Evs. 8. Mats. at 2.
Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1.50. THE WHIP Wed. Mat. 25c. to $1.
500 ORCHESTRA SEATS AT $1.
WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
WILLIAM COLLIER in NEVER SAY DIE.

LYCEUM THEATRE
Piano and Violoncello Recital
Carolyn Beebe, Pianist
Paul Kefer, Violoncellist
TUESDAY, APRIL 1ST, 3:45 P. M.

Carnegie Lyceum, 57th St., 7th Av., 25c to $1.00. Twice Daily, incl. Sundays, 3:15 & 8:30 P. M.
PANAMA CANAL—BALKAN WAR
and THE PRESIDENTIAL INAUGURATION IN KINEMACOLOR.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
MAJESTIC Matinees Wednesday and Saturday $1.00
WEBER & FIELDS' BIG CO.
Next Week—SAM BERNARD in "All for the Ladies"
ORPHEUM MATINEE DAILY, 25c. Maurice, assisted by Florence Walton, Marie McFarland and Madame? Harry Gilfoil and others.

HOTELS.
HOTEL GERARD
WEST 44TH STREET,
Bet. B'dway and Sixth Ave.
Within One Block of Ten Theatres.
SINGLE ROOMS..$1.00 per day up
ROOM AND BATH
(2 people).... 2.50 per day up
RESTAURANT
Table d'Hote Lunch..50 cts.
Table d'Hote Dinner..75 cts.
Also a la carte.............Music

HOTEL
Bretton Hall
BROADWAY 85th to 86th St.
Between Riverside Drive and Central Park.
Large rooms, large closets and all comforts of the best New York Hotels at one-third less price. Within ten minutes of shopping and theatre centres. Subway station at the door.

HOTEL ABERDEEN
32d St., Bet. B'way & 5th Av.
300 ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATH,
$1.50 & $2.00 PER DAY.
PARLOR, BEDROOM, AND BATH,
$2.50 & $3.00 PER DAY.

HOTEL PIERREPONT
32nd Street near Broadway.
Large rooms with private bath, $1.50 per day; parlor, bedroom and bath, $2.50 per day.

RESTAURANTS.
Fleischmann's
Vienna Cafe and Restaurant
First Class Cuisine
Best food values in the City
Visit New Place At
Duane St. and Broadway
Uptown (Established 1876)
Eleventh St. and Broadway
Luncheon Specialties—Dinner a la Carte.
Open 7 A. M. to 8:30 P. M.

Kaiser-Hof
B'way & 39th St.
High-class German Kitchen
Luncheon Daily in A...
60 CENTS
Table d'Hote Dinners Sundays Only
6 to 9 P. M., $1.00

HOFBRAU HAUS
QUAINTEST PLACE IN AMERICA
BROADWAY AND 30TH ST.

LOBSTER PALACE
47th ST. & 7th AVE.
CELEBRATED FOR ITS SEA FOOD
UNIQUE CABARET,
JOHN CRUSE, Mgr. FORMERLY OF ATLANTIC CITY